LD_2 Target Thickness Analysis for EG2

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Overview

The cell

- 2-cm LD₂ cell, 1.3 atm;
- Goal: thickness uncertainty < 1%.

Error Sources

- Density $\rho = \rho(P,T)$;
- Absolute cell length measurement;
- Thermal contraction of cell wall (Kapton);
- Endcap bulging;
- Beam position drifting;

References

- R. Prydz, NBS report on The Thermodynamic Properties of Deuterium, (1967);
- R.F. Barron, Cryogenic Systems, (1985);
- Tests done at JLab: S. Christo, D. Kashy.

Density

- Pressure sensor: dP = 0.005P + 50 mbar= 56.6 mbar @ 1.3 atm;
- Temperature sensor: dT = 50 mK (calibration);
- Subcooling:
 - From LD₂ test (with super insulation), observed no bubbling at 1.3 atm,
 24.49 K (interpolated), this means no subcooling needed;
 - Plan: 1 K subcooled (to be confirmed), i.e., condenser set at 23.55 K, hence dT = 0.5 K due to subcooling;
- From (P, T) to density (NBS report):
 - Two methods: equation of State, fit to data;

Method	ρ	$\partial ho / \partial T$	$\partial ho / \partial P$
	(g/cm ³)	(g/cm ³ /K)	(g/cm ³ /bar)
Eq. of State	0.1620 ×(1± 0.80%)	-0.0026	0.213
Fit to NBS data	0.1621 ×(1± 0.74%)	-0.0024	-0.285

- Take the larger value 0.80% as a conservative estimation of uncertainty in deuterium density due to dP and dT;
- Error in NBS data: 0.15% (typical).

Absolute cell length measurement

• $dL = 80 \mu m$, i.e., 0.4% to target thickness;

Kapton Thermal Contraction

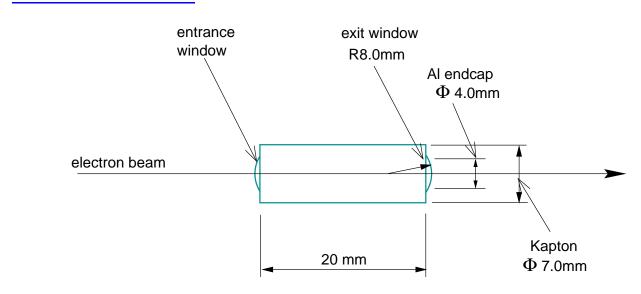
- Kapton thermal contraction coefficient from 300 K to 78 K:
 - 31.13 ppm/K measured at JLab;
 - 21.4 ppm/K from Dupont;
- From 78 K to 22 K (non-linearity of thermal contraction)
 - Data on Kapton not available;
 - Using existing data of various plastic materials;
 - Estimate total shrinkage from 300 to 22 K
 - $\approx (1.13 \pm 0.03) \times$ shrinkage from 300 to 78 K;
- Total:

 $\frac{L(300K) - L(22K)}{L(300K)} = (26.45 \pm 4.67) \text{ ppm} \times (300 - 78) \times (1.13 \pm 0.03)$ $= (0.667 \pm 0.135\%)$

 \Rightarrow contribute 0.135% to target thickness.

Endcap bulging

- Cell length (body + exit window) measured from 0 to 1.5 atm;
- Exit window average 0.206 mm;
- Error of the measurement: 3 μ m device, 5 μ m fluctuation $\Rightarrow \approx$ 0.01 mm;
- Assuming the same deformation for the entrance window;
- Contribute 0.1 % to target thickness.



• Take dL/L = 0.4%, corresponding to 1.13 mm drift from center.

Beam position drifting

Summary

Source	Uncertainty in Thickness	
dP and dT	0.823%	
$\rho = \rho(P,T)$	0.15%	
Absolute cell length	0.4%	
Kapton contraction	0.135%	
Endcap shape	0.10%	
Beam position	0.40%	
Local bubbling	0.00%	
Total	1.005%	