

# Weak Production of $\Lambda$ by the $p+n \rightarrow p+\Lambda$ reaction

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# Collaboration

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# 1. Introduction

## ➤ $\Delta S=1$ Weak Baryon-Baryon Interaction

- Weak nonmesonic decay of  $\Lambda$  hypernuclei ( $p\Lambda \rightarrow pn$ ,  $n\Lambda \rightarrow nn$ )

Total decay width:  $\Gamma_{nm}$

Decay branch:  $\Gamma_p(p\Lambda \rightarrow pn) / \Gamma_n(n\Lambda \rightarrow nn)$

Decay asymmetry:  $\alpha_p$

- Inverse reaction:  $p+n \rightarrow p+\Lambda$

Free from FSI and mult. nucleon process

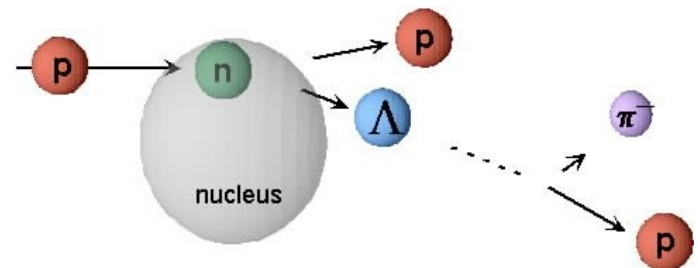
Energy dependence

Spin dependent observables (pol. p beam,  $\Lambda$   $a_{\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-} = 0.64$ )

H. Nabetani et al. Phys. Rev. C60 (1999) p017001

## ➤ $p+n \rightarrow p+\Lambda$ @ RCNP

- Beam proton 400MeV ( $E_{th} = 370\text{MeV}$ )
- Target nucleus
- Signal  $\Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^- \sim 64\%$ 
  - Decay vertex  $\beta\gamma c\tau \sim 4\text{cm}$
  - Invariant mass  $\sim 1116\text{MeV}$



## ➤ Observables

- Cross section  $\sigma_{pn \rightarrow p\Lambda}$   $(0.1 - 1) \times 10^{-39} \text{cm}^2$

T. Kishimoto, Proc. IV Int Symp. on "WEIN'95, World Scientific, (1995) 514

J.Haidenbauer et al., Phys. Rev. C52 (1995) p3496

A.Parreno et al., Phys. Rev. C59 (1999) p2122

T.Inoue et al. Nucl. Phys. A684 (2001) p478

H.Nabetani Ph.D. thesis Osaka university (2001)

- Analyzing power  $A_p = \frac{\sigma(h_p = 1) - \sigma(h_p = -1)}{\sigma(h_p = 1) + \sigma(h_p = -1)}$   $h_p = \sigma_p \cdot \hat{p}$

## ➤ Background

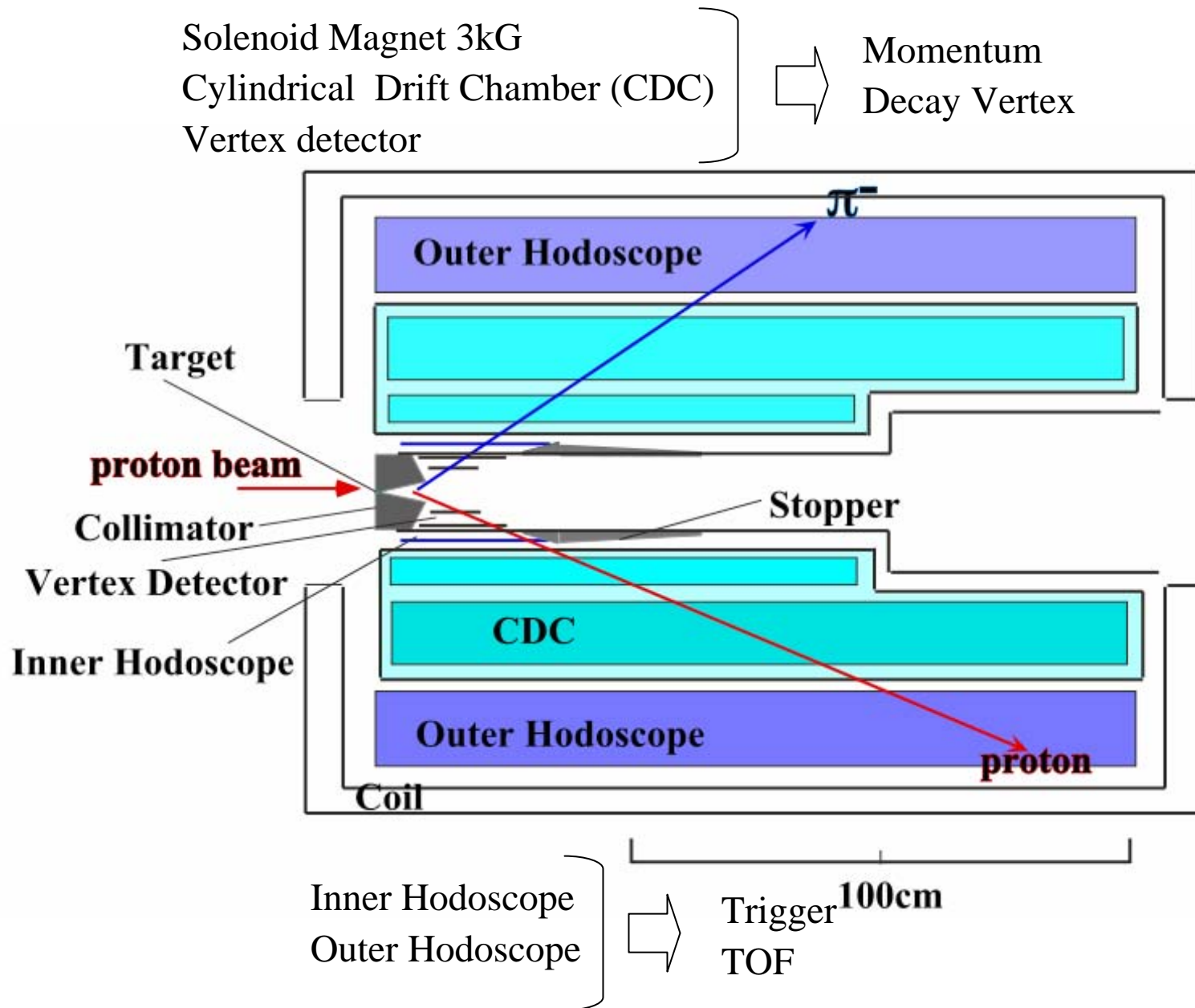
- $\Lambda$  by strong interaction :  $p+n \rightarrow n+K^++\Lambda$   $E_{\text{th}} = 1.6 \text{GeV}$
- Weak  $\Sigma$  production :  $p+n \rightarrow n+\Sigma$   $E_{\text{th}} = 540 \text{MeV}$
- Strong interaction :  $p+n \rightarrow p+p+\pi^-$   $\sigma \sim 50 \mu\text{b}$   
→ Collimator, Decay vertex

## ➤ Difficulty

Operation with Thick target (Beam intensity)

1. trigger rate → negative pion trigger
2. counting rate of each detector → collimator

## 2. Detector system



- Rough estimation of Yields

$$N_{event} = \sigma \times N_{target} \times N_{beam} \times \epsilon$$

- Cross section  $\sigma \sim 10^{-39} \text{cm}^2$
- Target  $N_{target} \sim 10^{24} \text{neutron/cm}^2$  (1cm Cu)
- Beam intensity  $N_{beam} \sim 10^{11} \text{proton/sec}$  (16nA)
- Efficiency  $\epsilon \sim 0.026$ 
  - Branching ratio of  $\Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^- \sim 2/3$
  - Acceptance of detector system  $\sim 0.05$
  - DAQ Live time  $\sim 0.8$

□  $N_{event} \sim \text{a few events / week}$

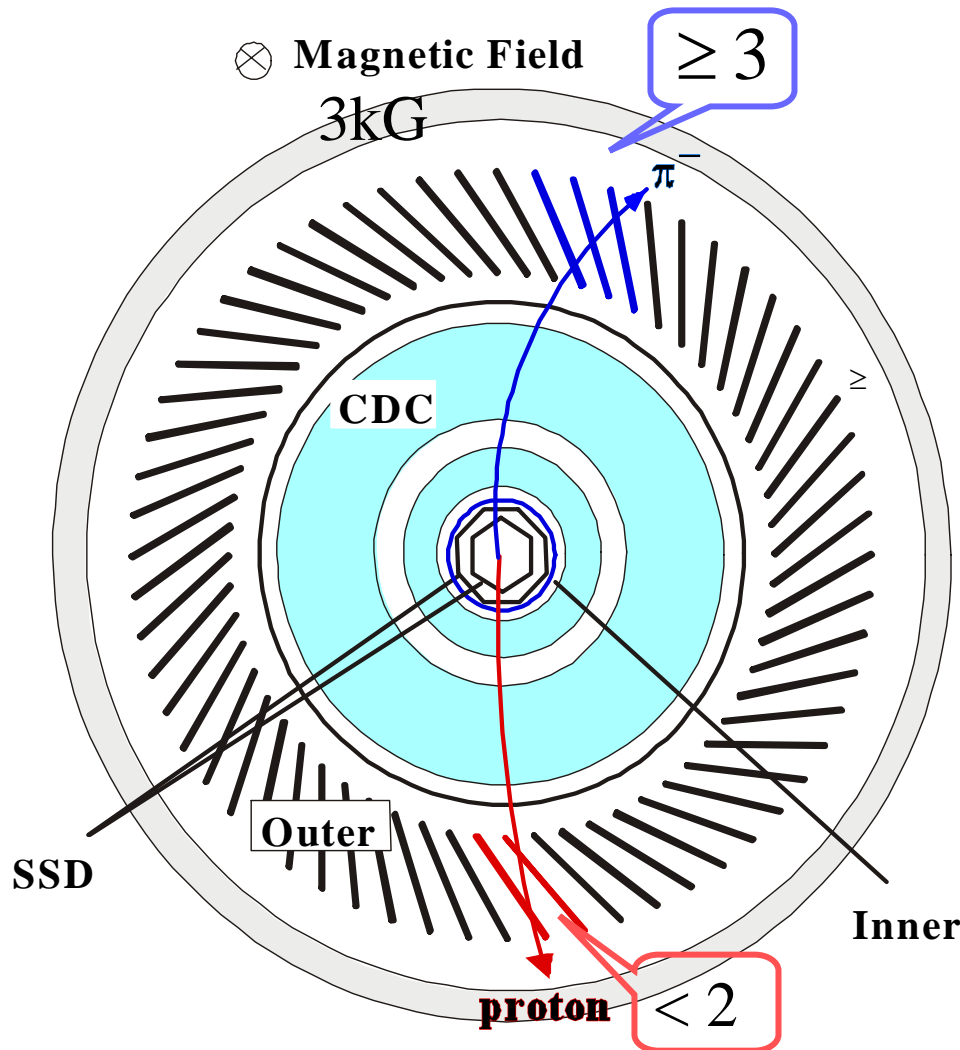
- Rough estimation of Counting Rate

- Beam  $10^{11}$
- Reaction at Target  $10^{10}$  (1/10)
- Detector Acceptance  $10^8$  (1/100)
- Collimator  $10^6$  (1/100)
- Single Rate of Counter  $2 \times 10^4$  (1/50) -- Trigger Rate  $1 \times 10^3$  (1/1000)

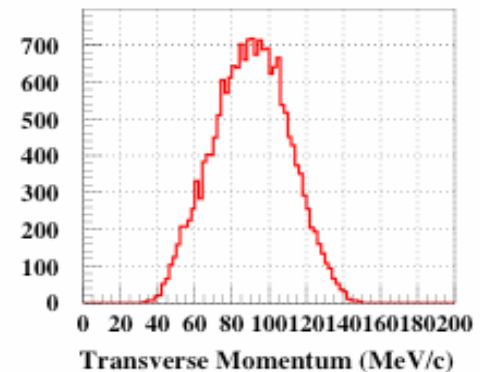
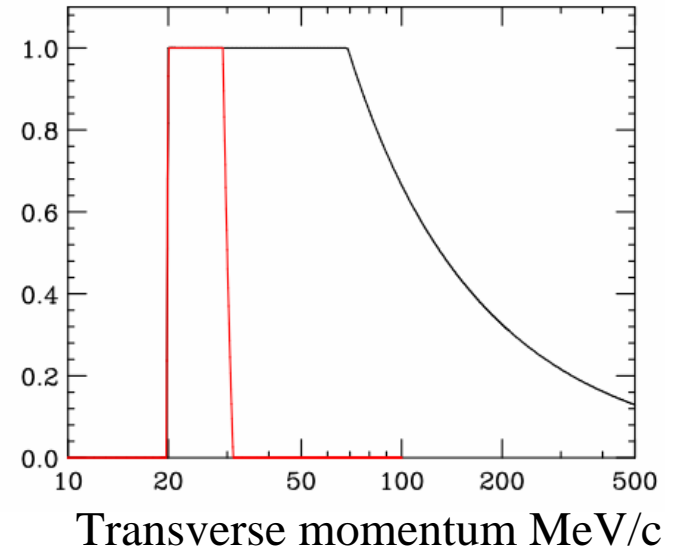
# 3. Trigger system -- Negative pion trigger --

Background - proton, neutron, gamma

Negative charge - Outer Hodoscope 3hit



## Efficiency by 3hit trigger

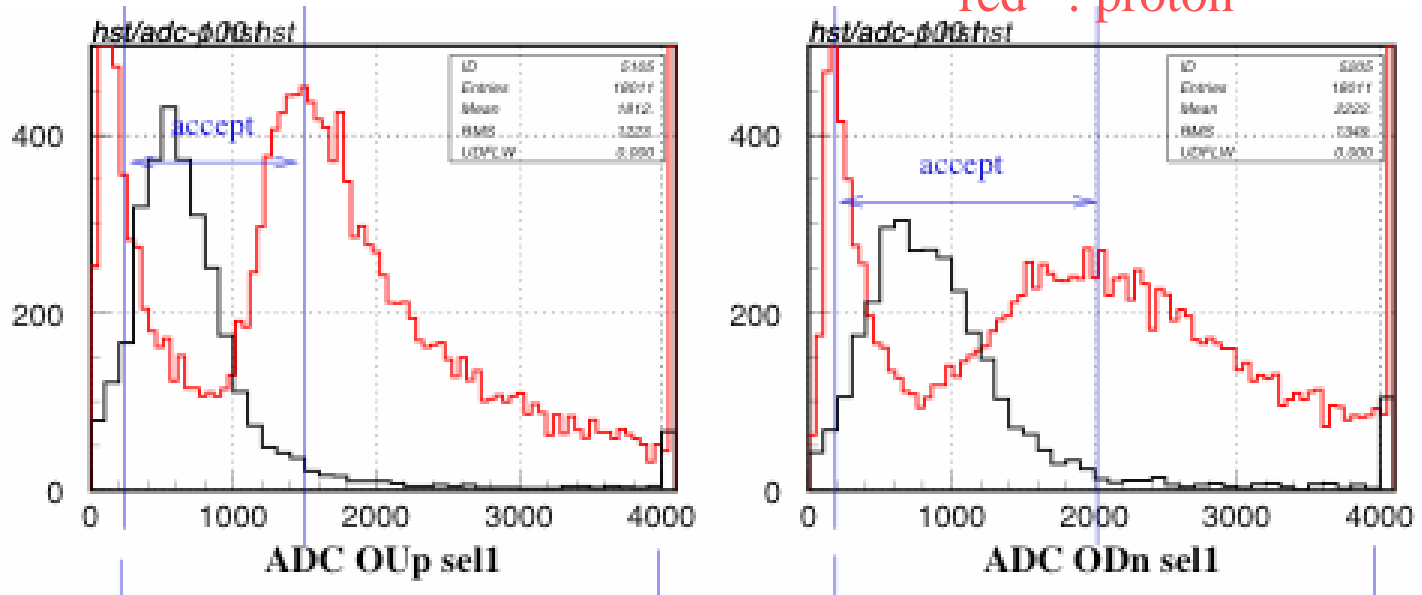


# Upper Threshold

Difference of Energy deposit ADC spectra

black: negative pion

red : proton



Negative pion trigger =  $HIT_N \& HIT_{N+1} \& HIT_{N+2}$

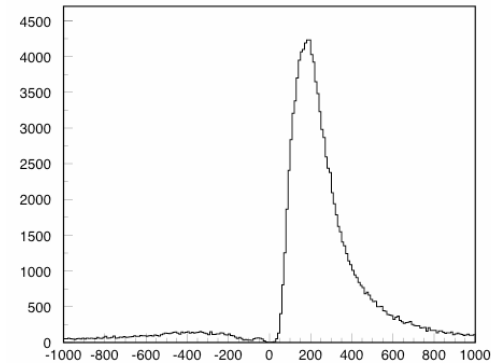
$HIT_N = (\overline{OUT-LowThres. \& OUT-HighThres})_{UpStream-N} \& (\overline{OUT-LowThres. \& OUT-HighThres})_{DownStream-N}$



# Trigger Rate by negative pion trigger

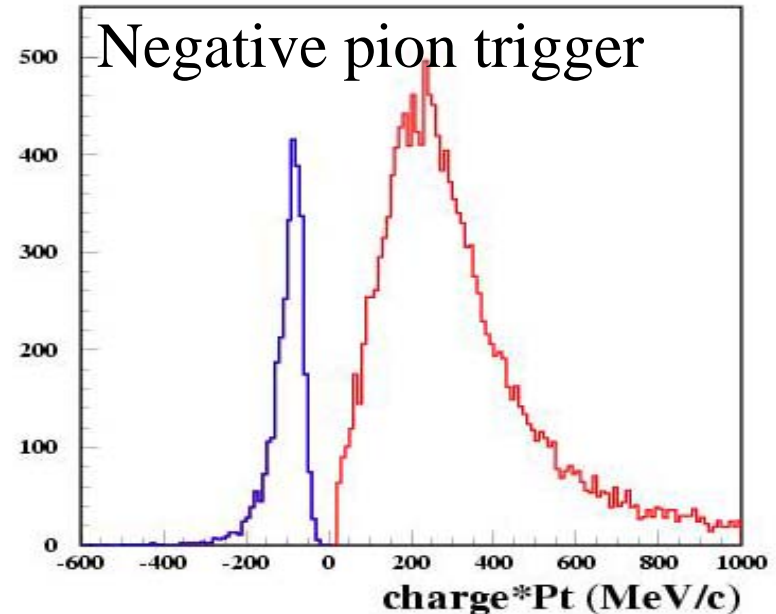
- $p+n \rightarrow p+p+\pi^-$
- Typical current - 0.2nA
- Target 50 Cu 50  $\mu\text{m}$
- Solenoid Magnetic field 3kG

IN.and.OUT2coin.

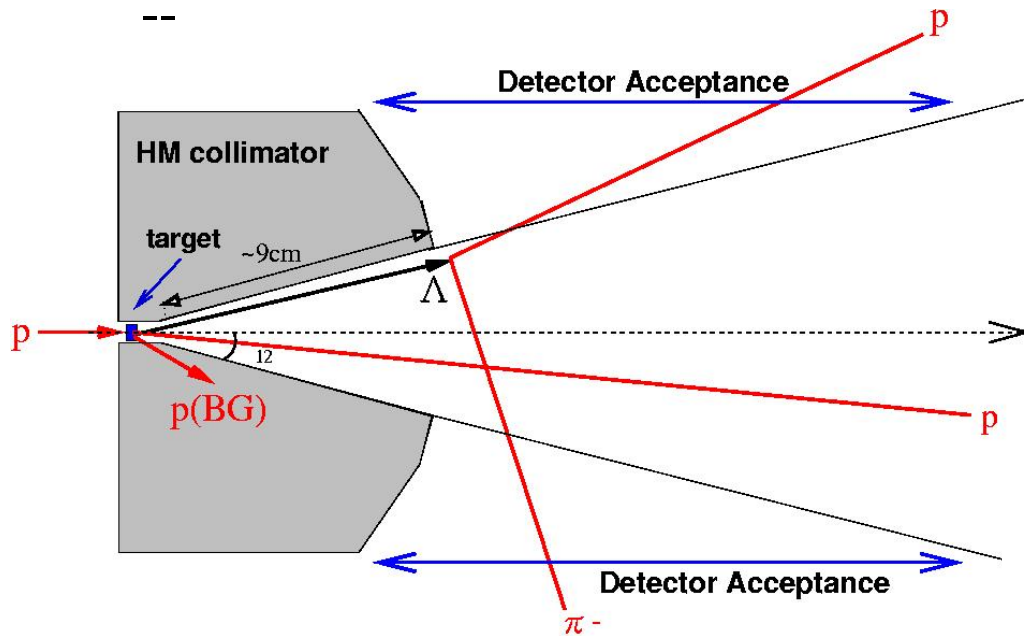


Trigger	Trig/0.1nQ	
IN.and.OUT	110k	100%
IN.and.OUT2coin.	38k	35%
IN.and.OUT3coin	1.5k	2%
Negative pion trigger	450	0.4%

$\pi^-$  / Triggered events ~8%



# 4. Collimator--to reduce counting rate of detectors

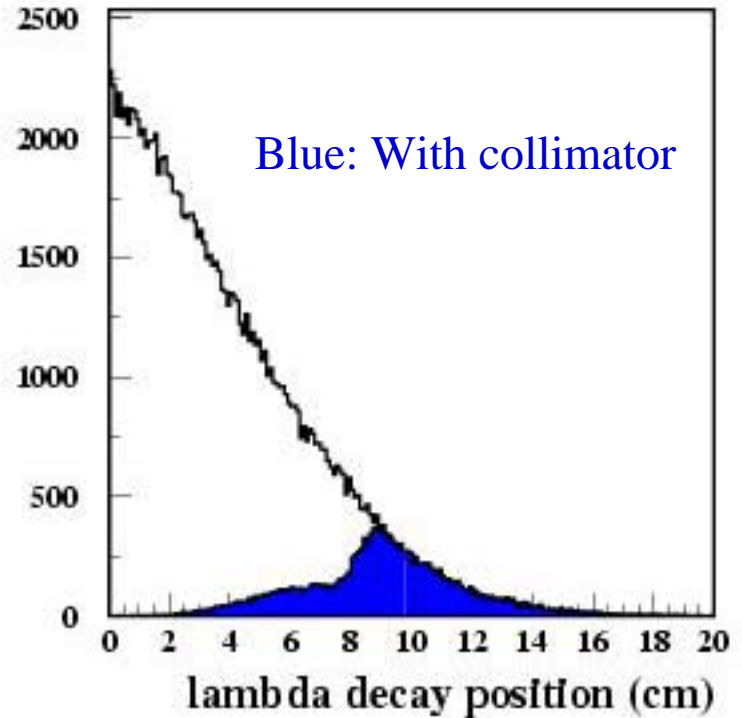


Heavy metal (Tungsten 95%)  
400 MeV/c proton  
→ < 1/1000

Hodoscopes < 50 MHz  
CDC < 500 kHz

$\Lambda$  detection efficiency

w/o collimator / w collimator ~ 13%



# Single rate with and without collimator

Single rate – counts/0.1nC

	Outer Hod	Inner Hod	CDC	Trigger
Target only (Cu 0.05mm)	78k	37k	245k	350
Collimator & Target (Cu 3mm)	199k	164k	362k	320

Single rate – counts/0.1nC / Cu 1cm

	Outer Hod	Inner Hod	CDC	Trigger
Target only	15520k	7460k	49000k	70k
Collimator & Target	360k	330k	820k	1.1k
ratio	2.3%	4.4%	1.7%	1.5%

Goal 16nA

- operation with 160 times higher beam intensity

Outer and inner hodosopes will be several 10s MHz → O.K.

# 4. Summary

- Experimental study of the  $p + n \rightarrow p + \Lambda$  reaction
- cross section - a few event/ weak
- Reduction of Trigger Rate by negative pion trigger

Estimation: 1/1000      Experiment : 0.4%

Reduction of single rate by collimator

Estimation: 1/100      Experiment: 1.7% - 4.4%

We got very close value to requirement.

What we have to do before physics run

- Further adjustment of detector system
- Study of background
  - $\pi^-$  produced by strong interaction (under analysis)
- Vertex detector - construction, test, etc.