

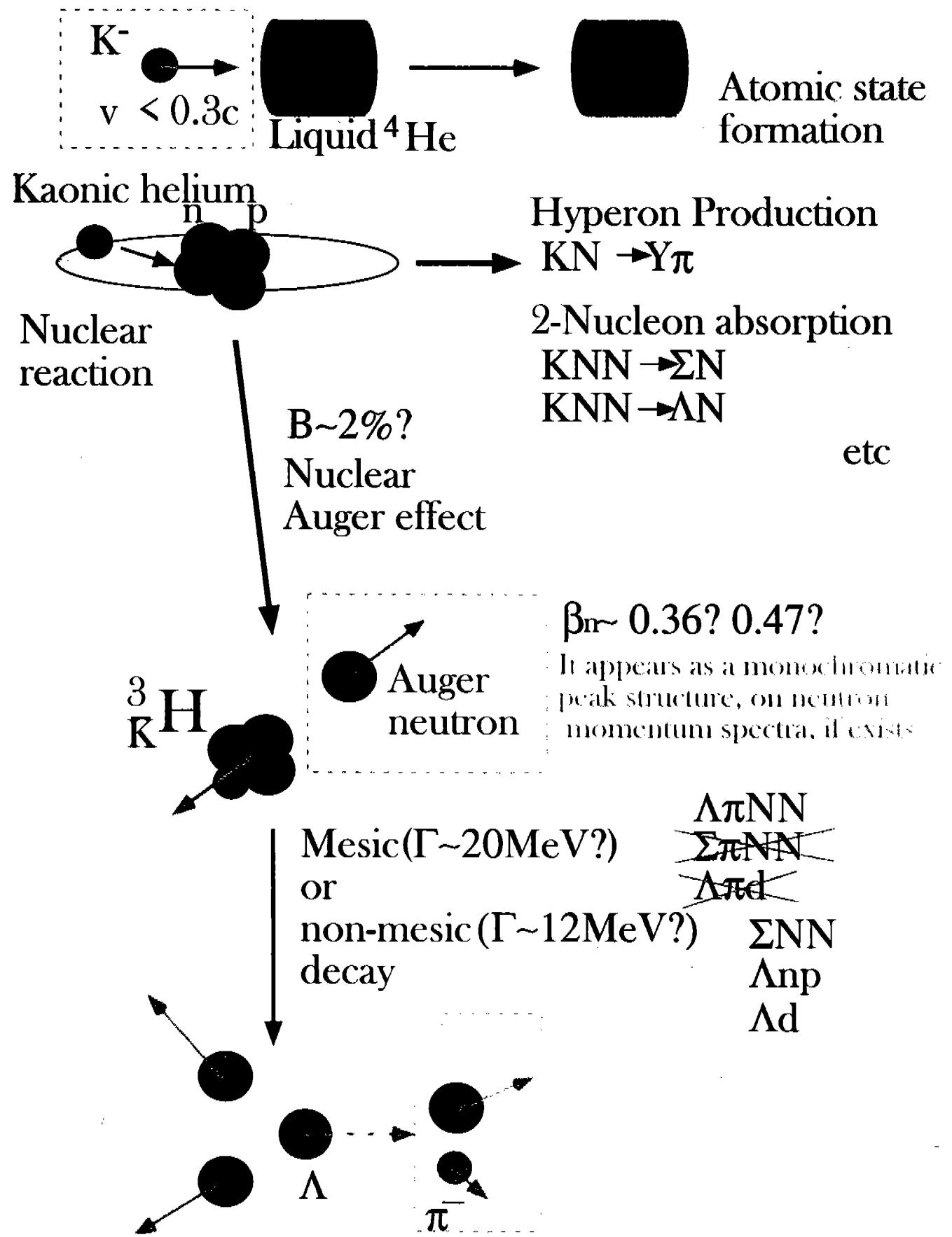
# A Search for Deeply Bound Kaonic Nuclear State

PLB submitted nucl-ex/0310018

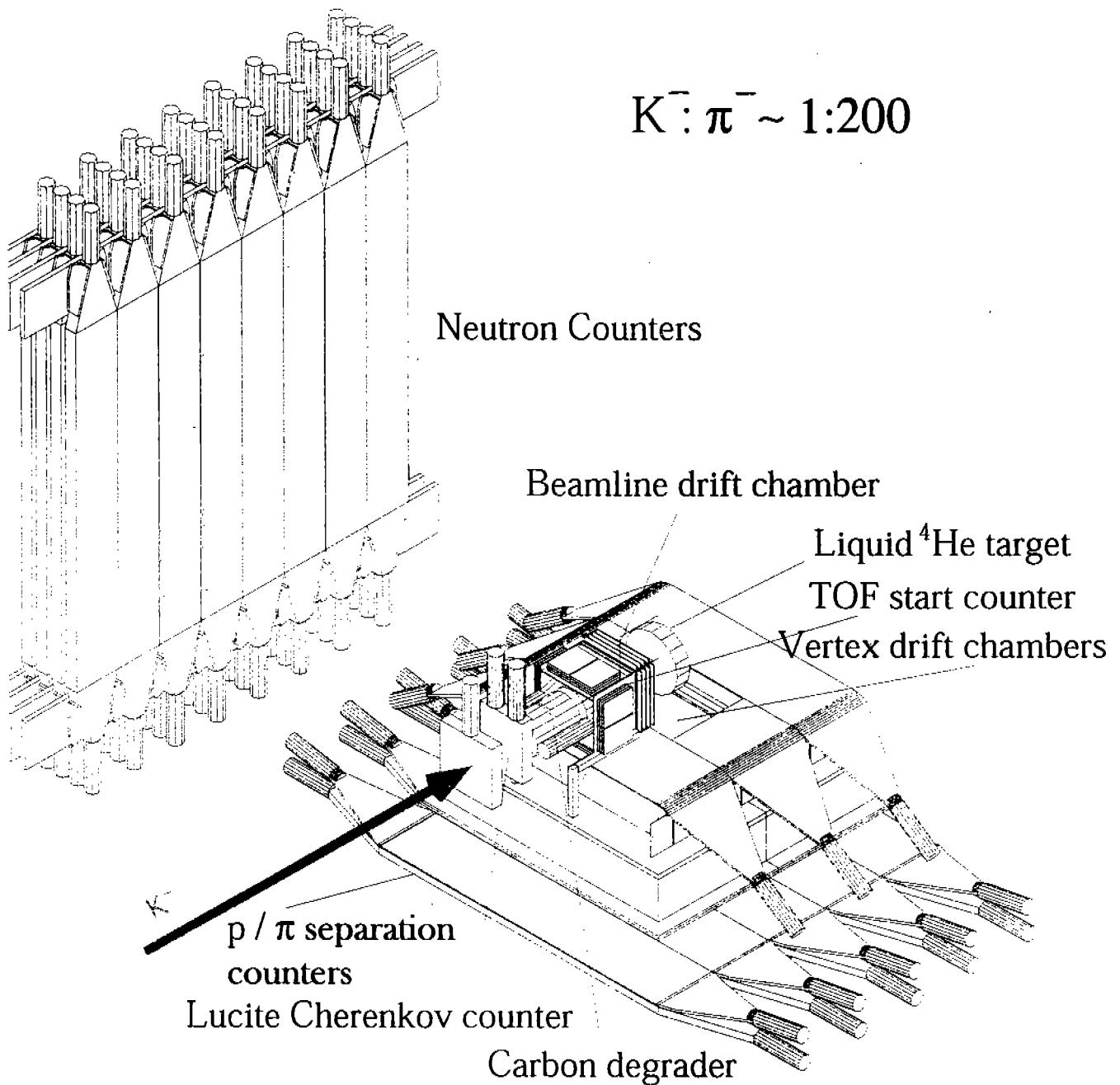
Takatoshi Suzuki and E471 collaboration

- \*Experimental principle and set up
- \*Neutron momentum spectra and their interpretation
- \*Conclusion and future plan

# Deeply-bound kaonic nuclear state --- Formation and decay



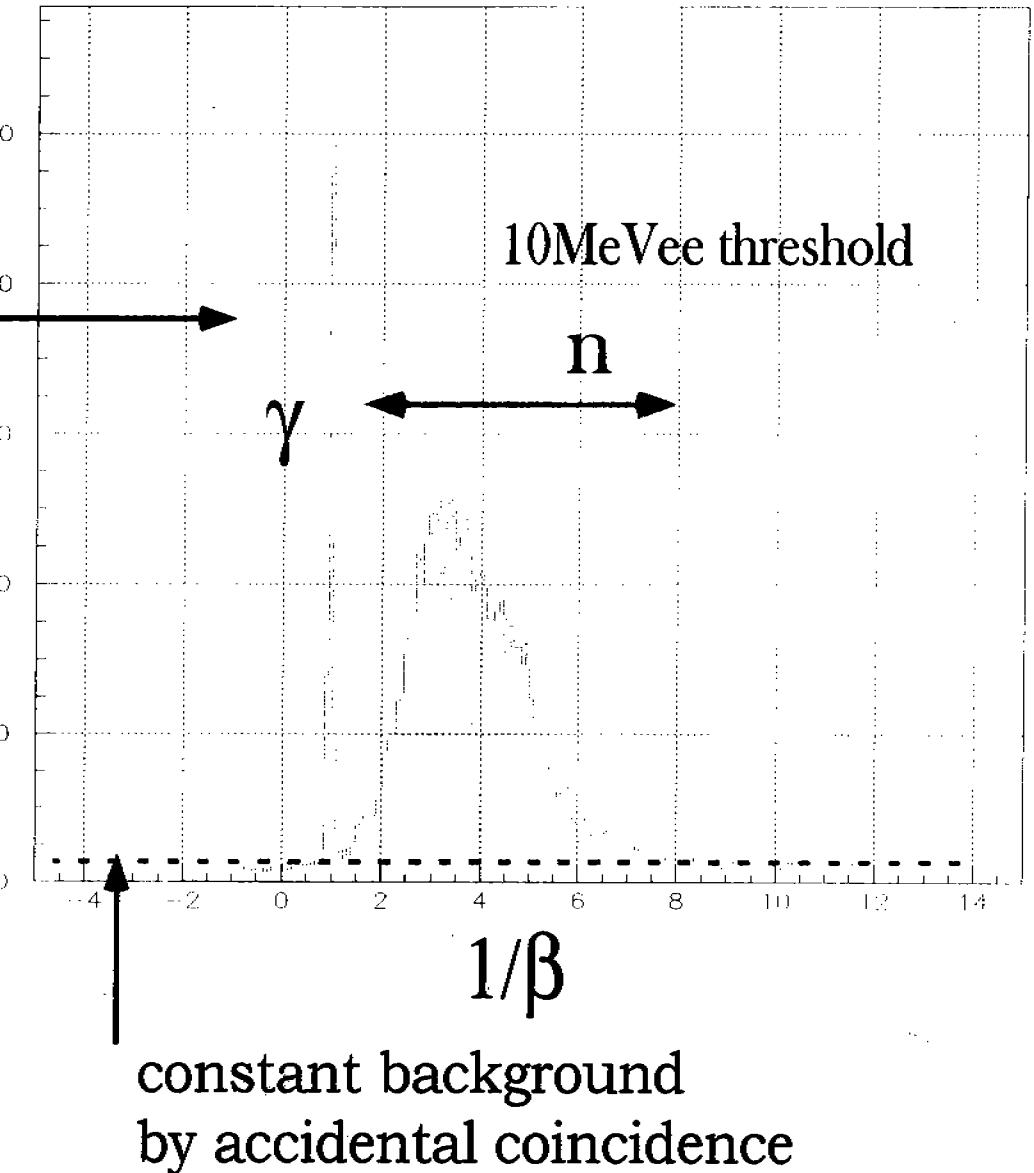
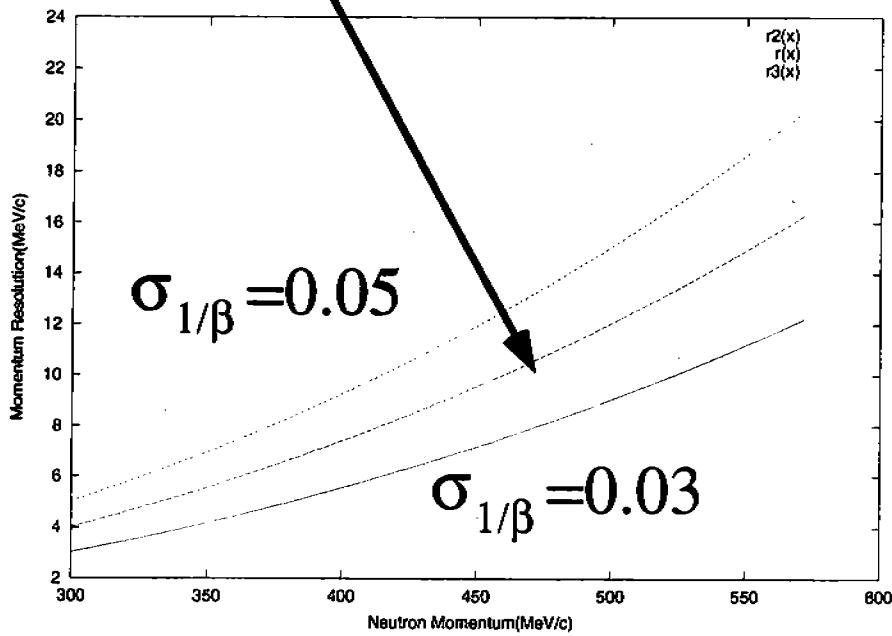
# E471 experimental setup



# Neutron TOF and momentum resolution

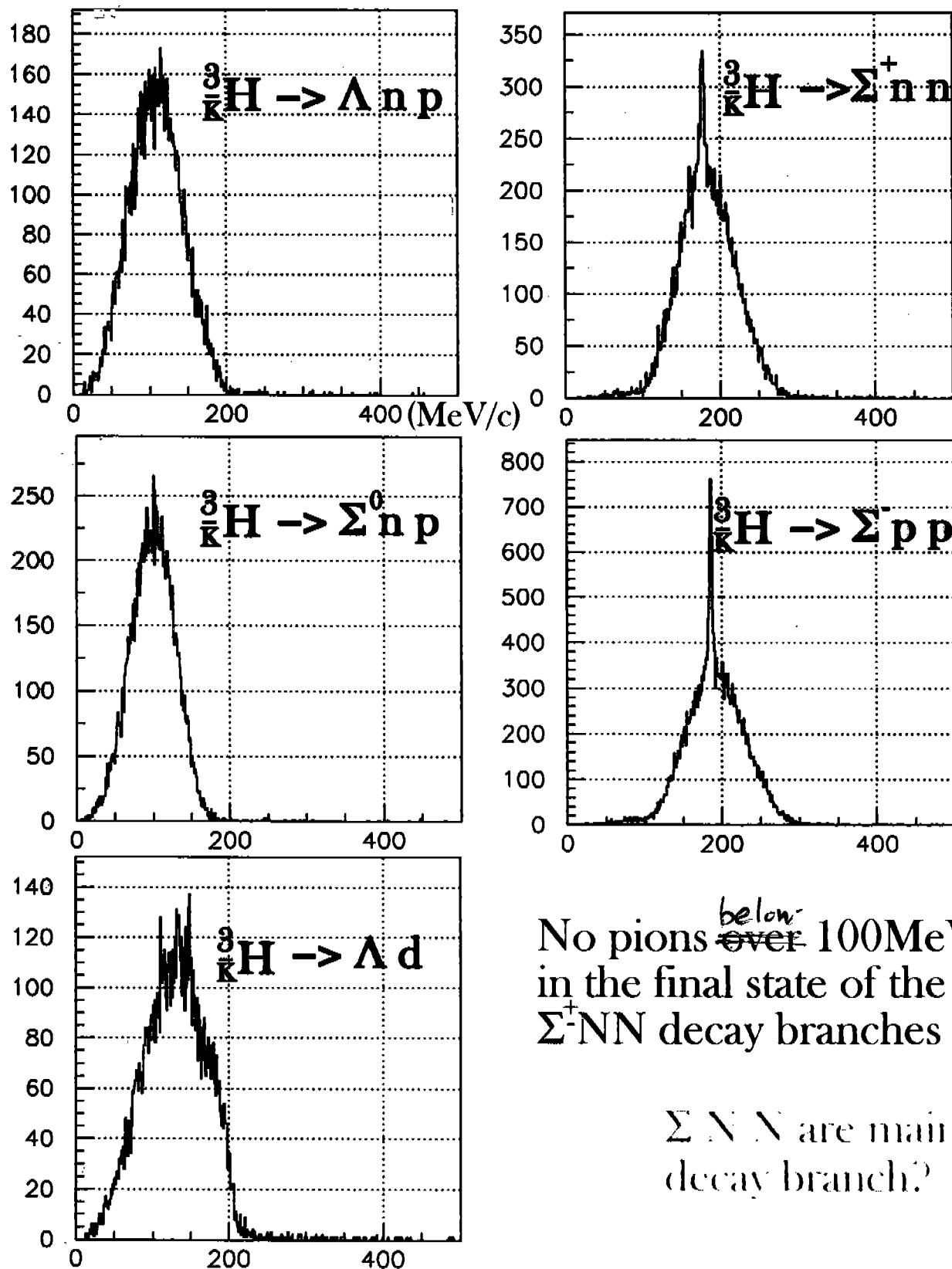
$\sigma_p$ : 7 MeV/c (400 MeV/c)  
 $\sim 11$  MeV/c (500 MeV/c)

$$\sigma_{1/\beta} \sim 0.04$$



# Simulated $\pi$ – momentum spectra for each non-mesic decay channels

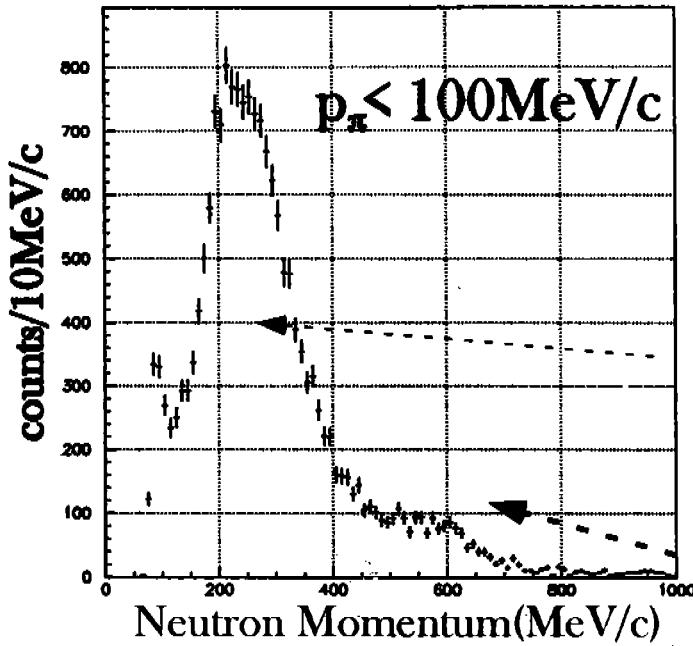
165MeV B.E. is assumed



No pions <sup>below</sup> over 100  $\text{MeV}/c$   
in the final state of the  
 $\Sigma^+ NN$  decay branches

$\Sigma^+ NN$  are main  
decay branch?

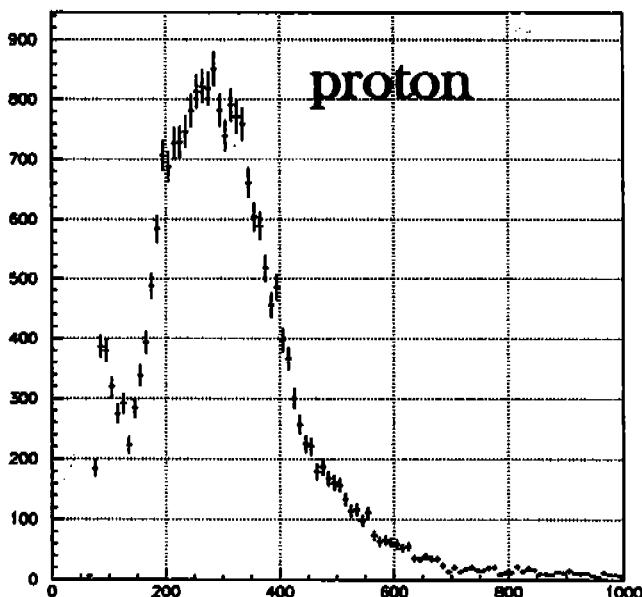
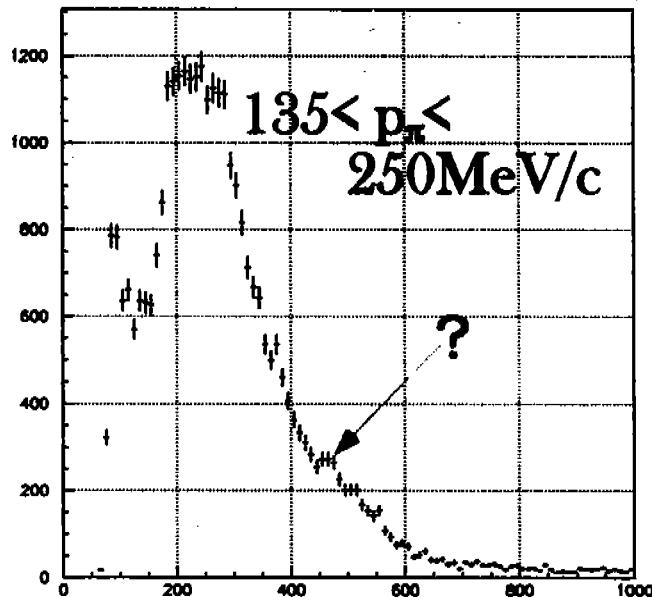
# Neutron momentum spectra



Selection of secondary charged particle changes spectrum shape....

The largest structure consists of  
 $\bar{\pi}^+ \text{NN}^- \rightarrow \text{NN}$   
or QF hyperon production

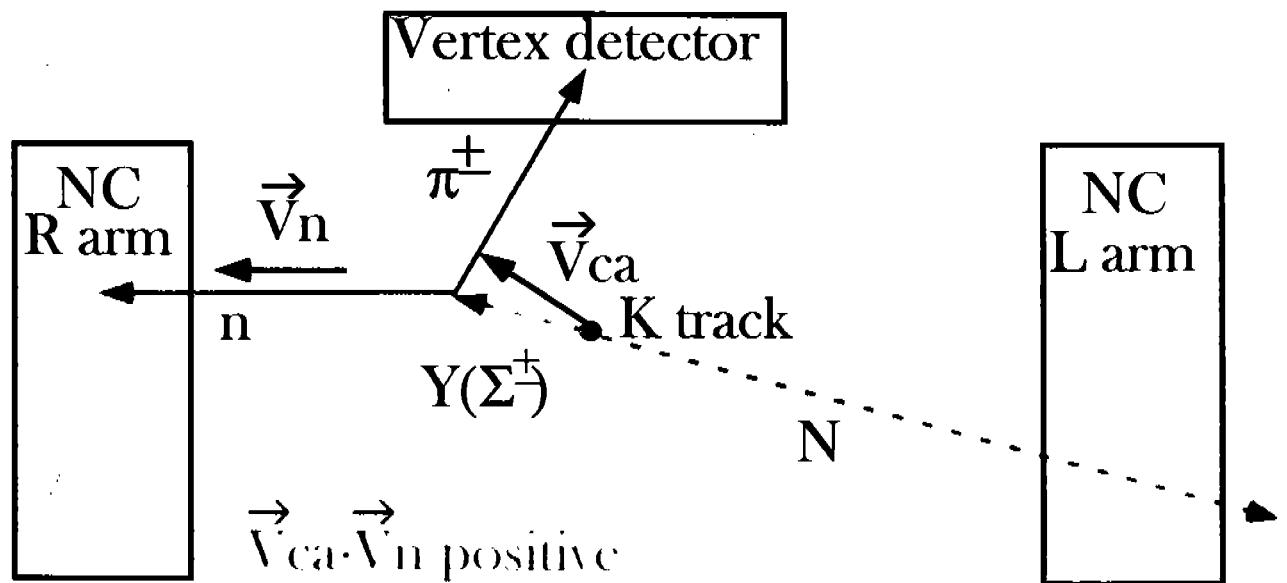
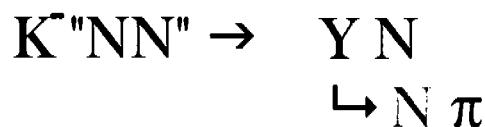
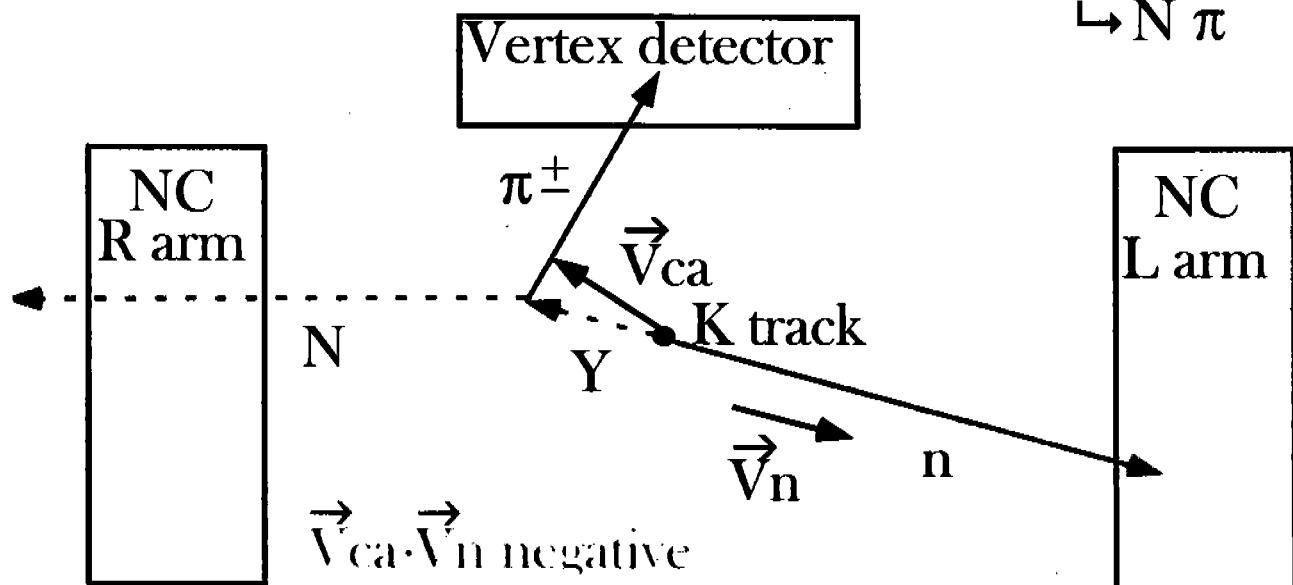
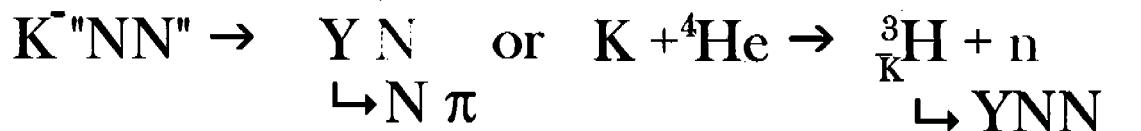
Second slope consists of  
 $\bar{K}^+ \text{NN}^- \rightarrow \text{YN}$



"Signals" are in second spectrum?

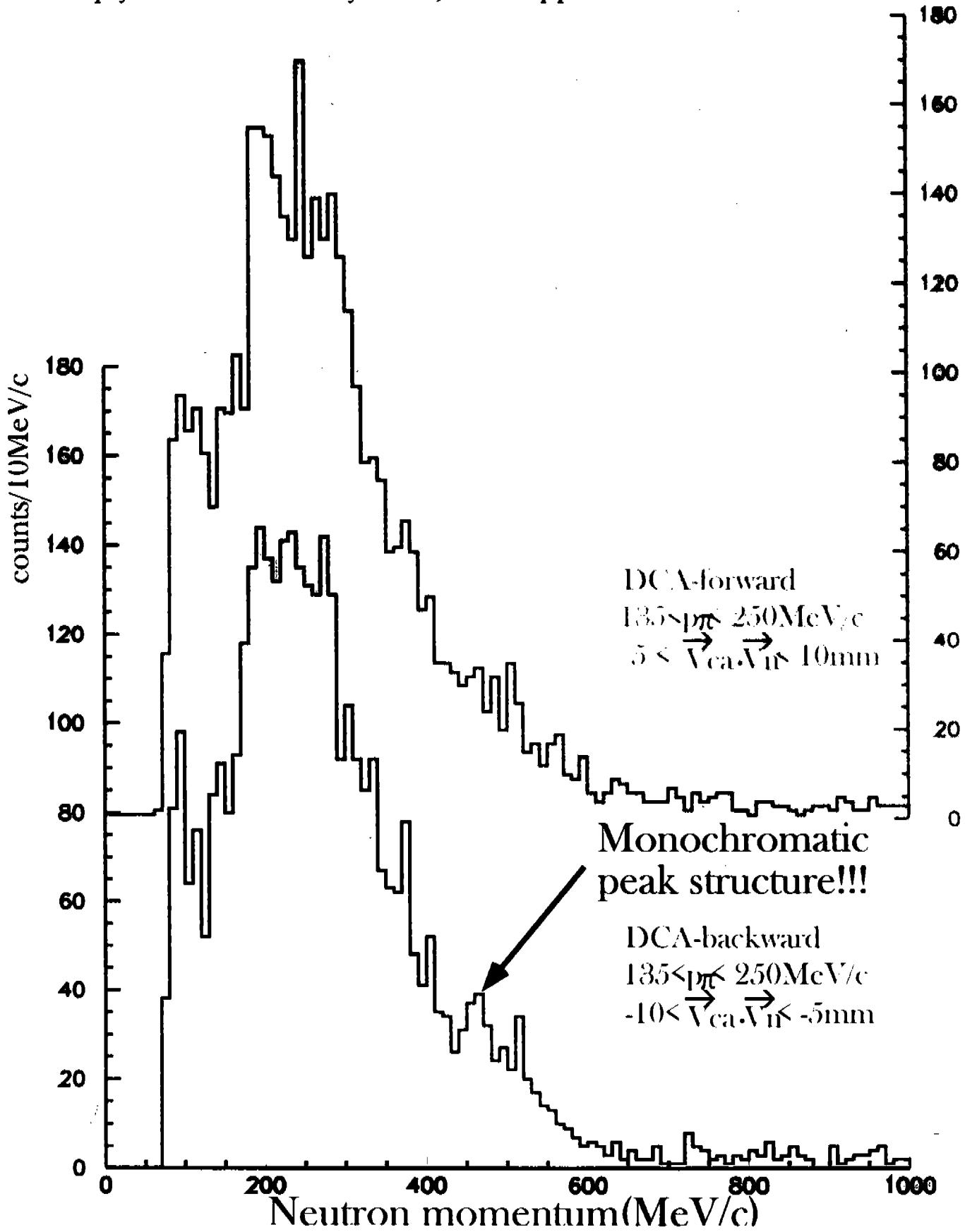
# $\vec{V}_{ca} \cdot \vec{V}_n$ and reaction topology

Now, we define  $\vec{V}_n$  as the unit vector along detected neutron motion...



# Comparison between "forward" and "backward"

If deeply bound state really exists, it will appear in "backward" event set....

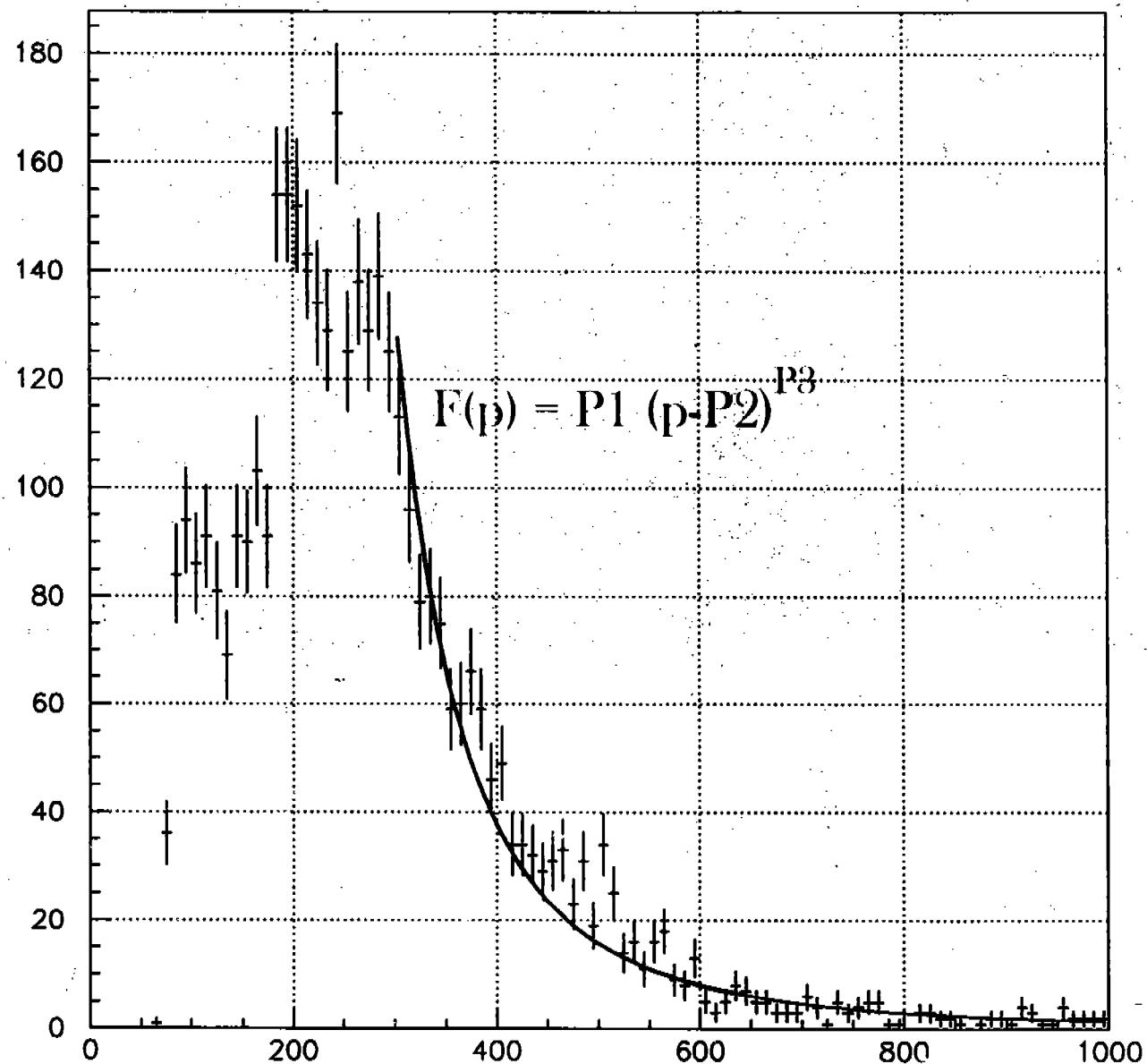


# Background estimation

We don't know the background shape correctly.....

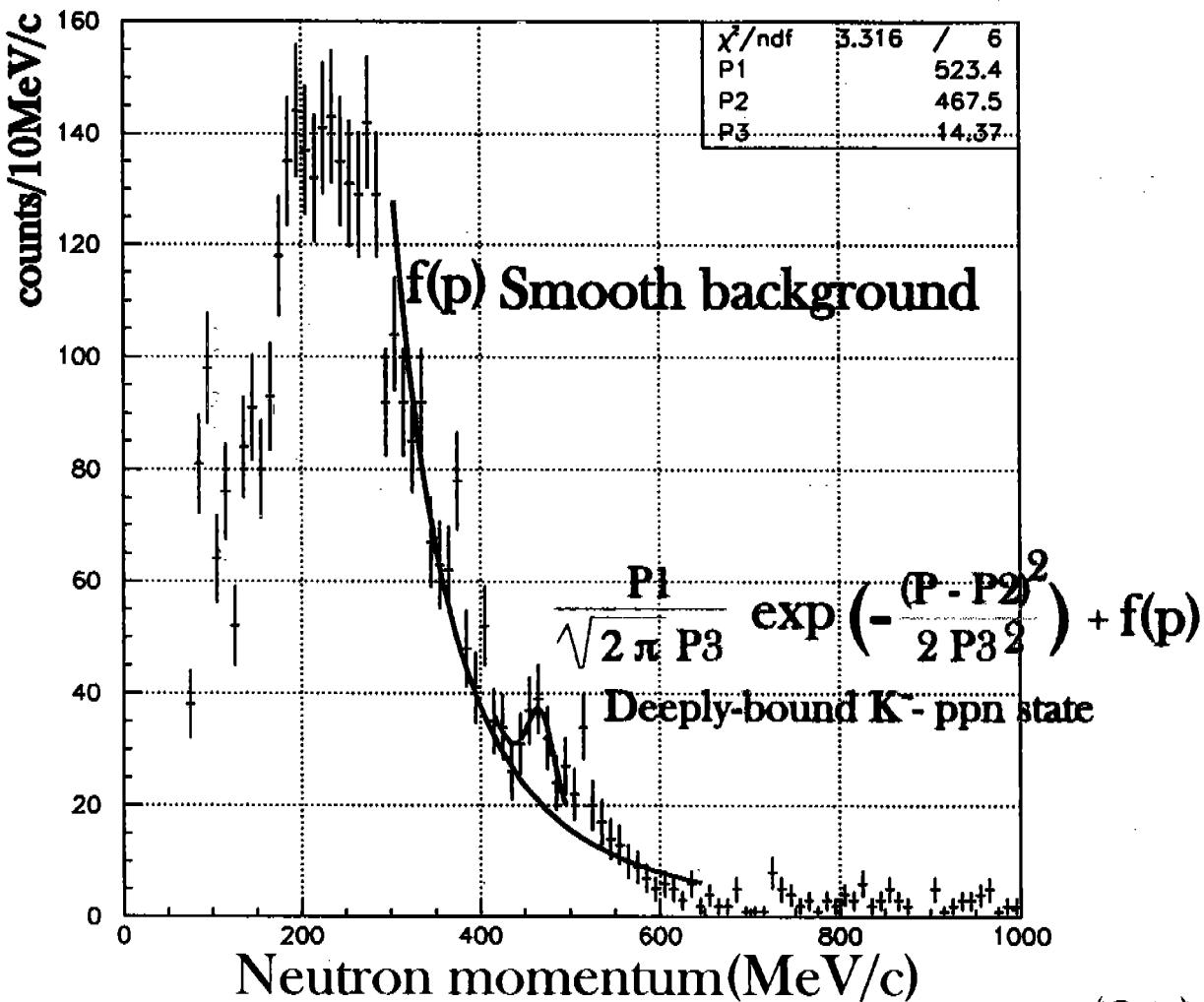
We use "forward" spectra as the background of "backward" spectra.

A global fit(300~800MeV/c) is performed, assuming a simple smooth function.



# Final momentum spectra and peak fitting

We adopt background function obtained by a global fit of the "forward" spectra with a smooth function, without any modification.....



Central momentum :  $467.5 \pm 3.5 \text{ MeV}/c$

Observed momentum width :  $14.4 \pm 3.7 \text{ MeV}/c$  ( $\sigma$ )

Event number in the peak :  $52.3 \pm 14.7$  events ( $3.6\sigma$ )

$$\Delta P(\sigma) = 10.7 \text{ MeV}/c$$

## Conclusion

We have performed an experiment to search for deeply-bound  $K^- - ppn$  states via stop  $K^-$  method, and almost finished the data analysis

As the result, we have found a peak structure around  $470\text{MeV}/c$  on the neutron momentum spectra

The peak structure is interpreted as the evidence of the formation of deeply-bound  $K^-$ -ppn state!

Binding energy and natural width are:

	B.E(MeV)	$\Gamma$ (MeV)
value	165.1 <small><math>M(K^-ppn) \approx 3132</math> MeV</small>	14.1
Statistical error	3.6	(<25.1)

There is no quantitative estimation of the formation branching ratio so far, but  $\Sigma NN$  is main decay channel