# N\* Physics with CLAS and CLAS12



- > γNN\* Vertexcouplings: A unique window into baryon and quark structure?
- > Analysis and New Results: Phenomenological but consistent.
- > Outlook: New experiments with extended scope and kinematics.
- > QCD based Theory: Can we solve non-perturbative QCD and confinement?

# Spectroscopy

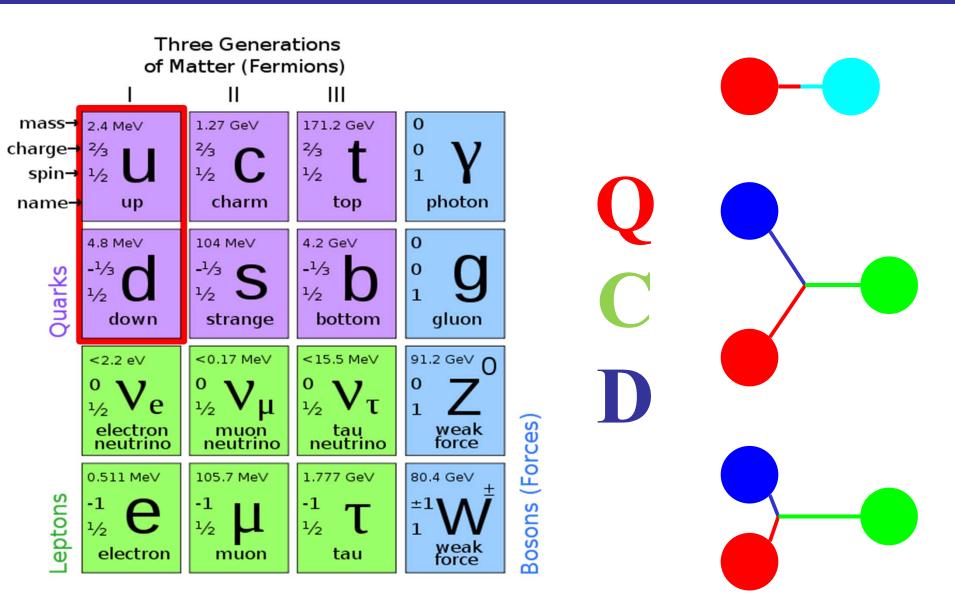








# Hadron Spectroscopy: Meson, Baryons, ...









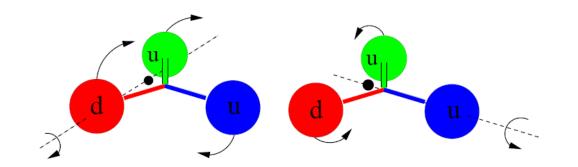




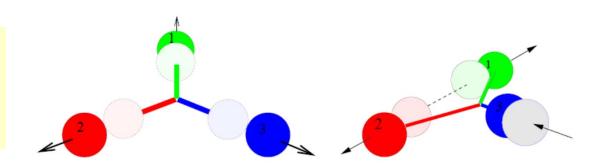
# N and Δ Excited Baryon States ...

Simon Capstick

Orbital excitations (two distinct kinds in contrast to mesons)

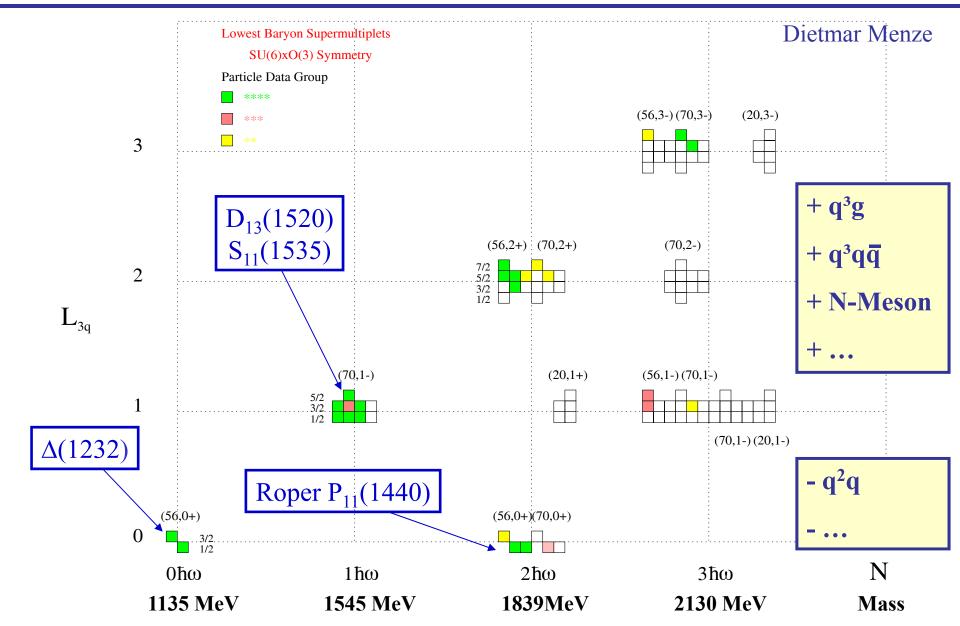


Radial excitations (also two kinds in contrast to mesons)







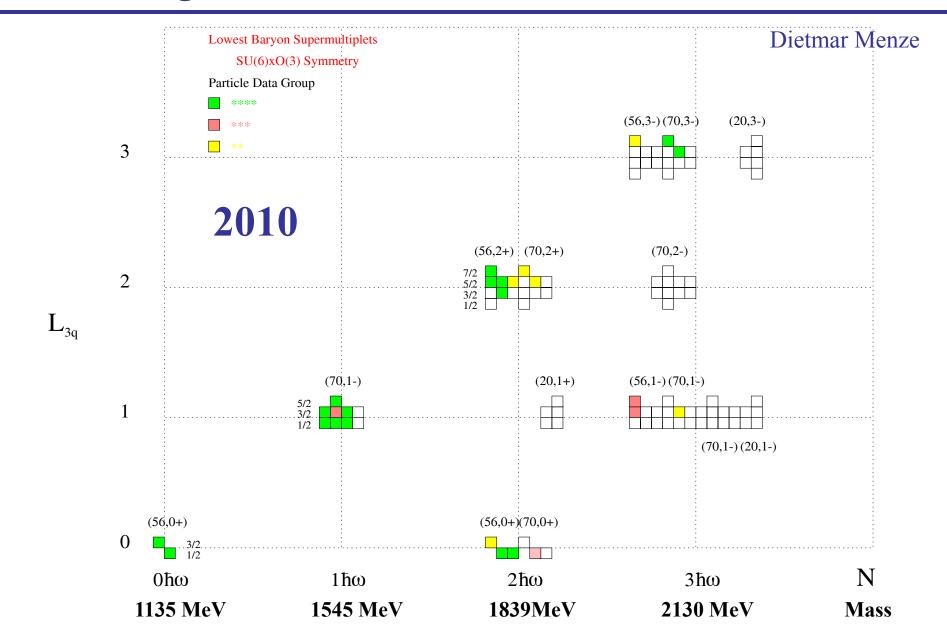














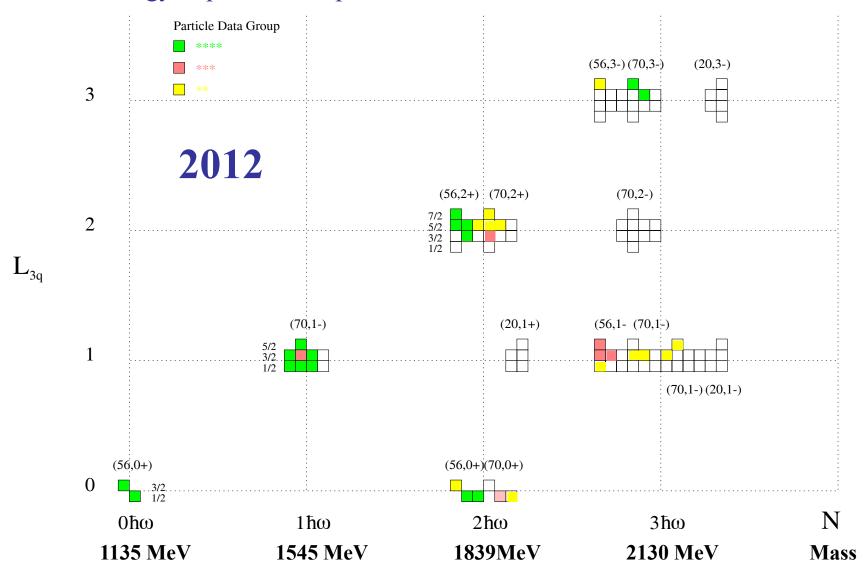


Ralf W. Gothe





BnGa energy-dependent coupled-channel PWA of CLAS  $K^+\Lambda$  and other data



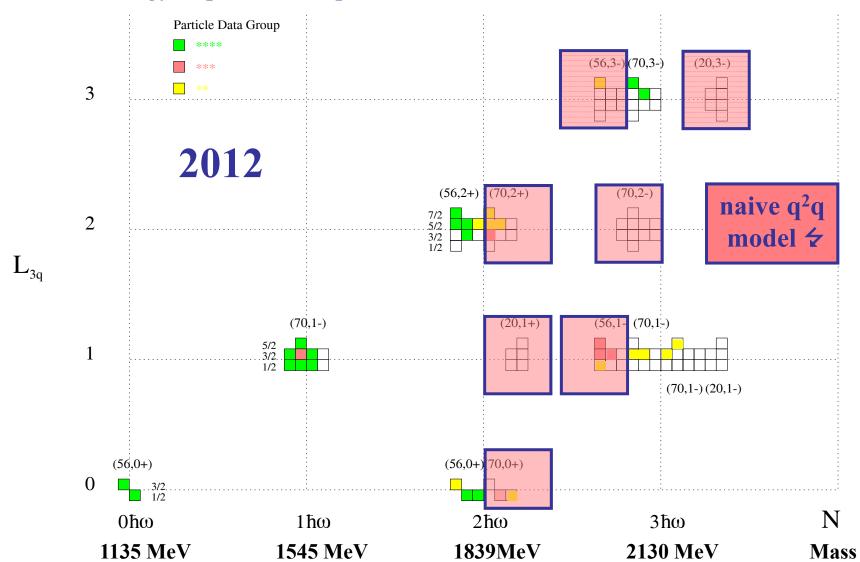




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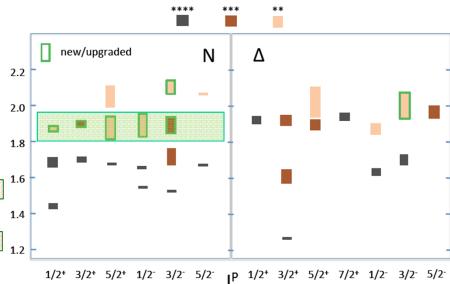




### N/Δ Spectrum in RPP 2012

$N^*$	$J^P (L_{2I,2J})$	2010	2012	Δ	$J^P (L_{2I,2J})$	2010	2012
p	$1/2^{+}(P_{11})$	* * **	* * **	$\Delta(1232)$	$3/2^+ (P_{33})$	* * **	* * **
n	$1/2^{+}(P_{11})$	* * **	* * **	$\Delta(1600)$	$3/2^{+}(P_{33})$	***	***
N(1440)	$1/2^{+}(P_{11})$	* * **	* * **	$\Delta(1620)$	$1/2^{-}(S_{31})$	* * **	* * **
N(1520)	$3/2^{-}(D_{13})$	* * * *	****	$\Delta(1700)$	$3/2^{-}(D_{33})$	* * **	* * **
N(1535)	$1/2^{-}(S_{11})$	* * **	* * **	$\Delta(1750)$	$1/2^{+}(P_{31})$	*	*
N(1650)	$1/2^{-}(S_{11})$	* * **	* * **	$\Delta(1900)$	$1/2^{-}(S_{31})$	**	**
N(1675)	$5/2^{-}(D_{15})$	* * **	* * * *	$\Delta(1905)$	$5/2^{+}(F_{35})$	* * **	* * **
N(1680)	$5/2^{+}(F_{15})$	****	* * * *	$\Delta(1910)$	$1/2^{+}(P_{31})$	* * **	* * **
N(1685)			*				
N(1700)	$3/2^{-}(D_{13})$	***	***	$\Delta(1920)$	$3/2^+ (P_{33})$	***	***
N(1710)	$1/2^{+}(P_{11})$	***	***	$\Delta(1930)$	$5/2^{-}(D_{35})$	***	***
N(1720)	$3/2^+(P_{13})$	****	****	$\Delta(1940)$	$3/2^{-}(D_{33})$	*	**
N(1860)	5/2+		**				
N(1875)	3/2-		***				
N(1880)	1/2+		**				
N(1895)	$1/2^{-}$		**				
N(1900)	$3/2^{+}(P_{13})$	**	***	$\Delta(1950)$	$7/2^+(F_{37})$	****	****
N(1990)	$7/2^+(F_{17})$	**	**	$\Delta(2000)$	$5/2^{+}(F_{35})$	**	**
N(2000)	$5/2^{+}(F_{15})$	**	**	$\Delta(2150)$	$1/2^{-}(S_{31})$	*	*
N(2080)	$D_{13}$	**		$\Delta(2200)$	$7/2^{-}(G_{37})$	*	*
-N(2090)	$S_{11}$	*		$\Delta(2300)$	$9/2^{+}(H_{39})$	**	**
N(2040)	3/2+		*				
N(2060)	5/2-		**				
N(2100)	$1/2^+ (P_{11})$	*	*	$\Delta(2350)$	$5/2^{-}(D_{35})$	*	*
N(2120)	3/2-		**	. ()	_ (= ) (= )		
N(2190)	$7/2^-(G_{17})$	* * **	* * * *	$\Delta(2390)$	, , , , , , ,	*	*
N(2200)	I	**		$\Delta(2400)$	, , , , , , ,	**	**
N(2220)	$9/2^{+}(H_{19})$	* * **	* * * *	$\Delta(2420)$	$11/2^+ (H_{3,11})$	* * **	* * **
N(2250)	$9/2^{-}(G_{19})$	* * **	* * **	$\Delta(2750)$	$13/2^- (I_{3,13})$	**	**
N(2600)	$11/2^- (I_{1,11})$	***	***	$\Delta(2950)$	$15/2^+ (K_{3,15})$	**	**
N(2700)	$13/2^+ (K_{1,13})$	**	**				

High-statistics and high-precision photoproduction data from JLAB, MAMI, ELSA, GRAAL



Are we observing parity doublets with the new states or not?

V. Crede & W. Roberts, Rep. Prog. Phys. 76 (2013)

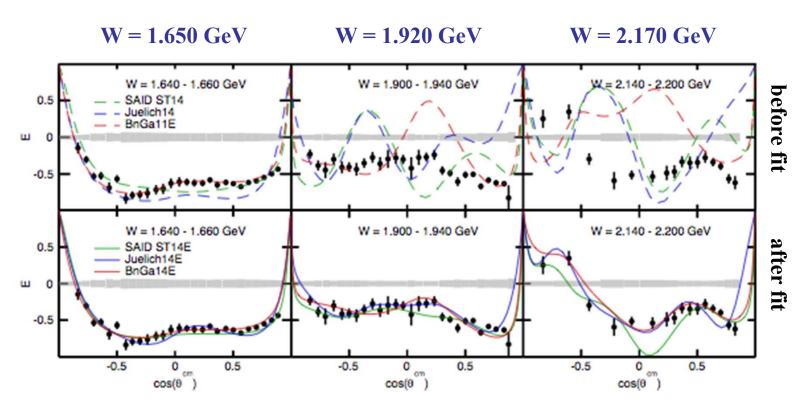








# New FROST Results from $\vec{\gamma}\vec{p} \rightarrow \pi^0 p$



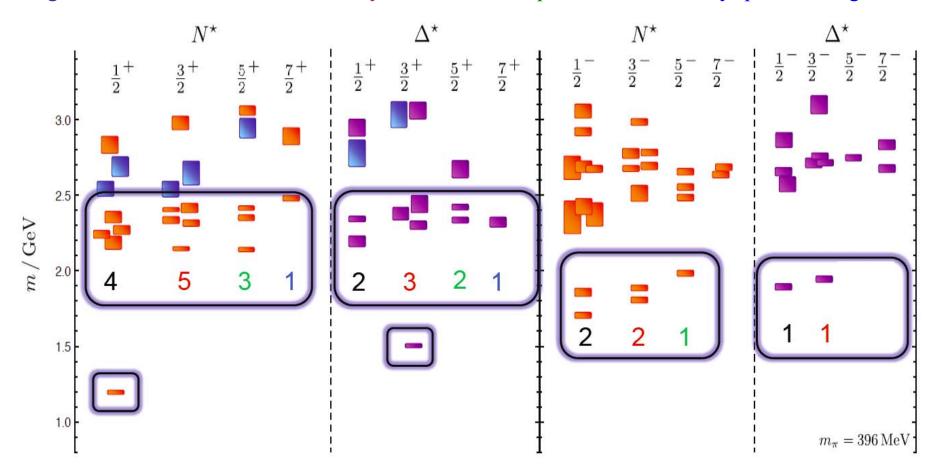
- FROST experiment produced 900 data points of the **double-polarization observable E** in  $\pi^+$  photoproduction with circularly polarized beam on longitudinally polarized protons for W = 1240 2260 MeV.
- Significant improvements of the description of the data in SAID, Jülich, and BnGa partial-wave analyses after fitting.
- New strong evidence found in this data for a  $\Delta(2200)7/2^{-1}$  resonance (BnGa analysis).
- S. Strauch *et al.*, arXiv:1503.05163 and A.V. Anisovich *et al.*, arXiv:1503.05774





# N\* Spectrum in LQCD

The strong interaction physics is encoded in the nucleon excitation spectrum that spans the degrees of freedom from meson-baryon and dressed quarks to elementary quarks and gluons.



LQCD predicts states with the same quantum numbers as CQMs with underlying SU(6)xO(3) symmetry.

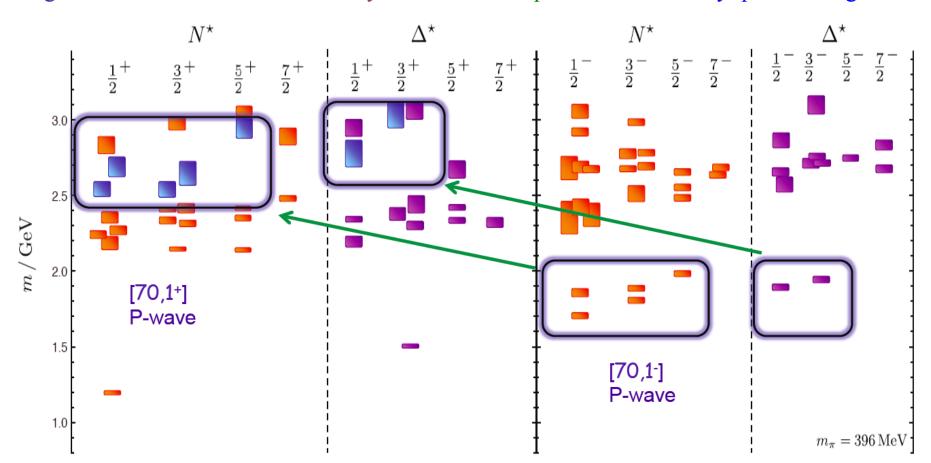
R. Edwards et al. arXiv:1104.5152, 1201.2349





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EMIN 2015, Moscow, Russia

LQCD predicts hybrid baryon states replicating the negative parity multiplet structure.

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# Transition Form Factors

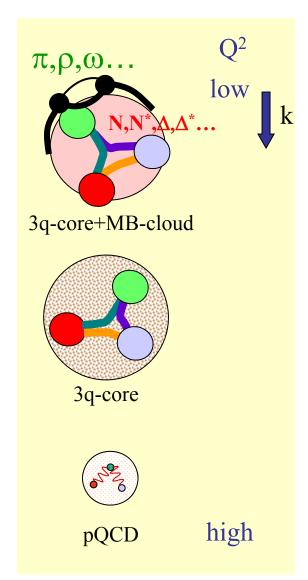




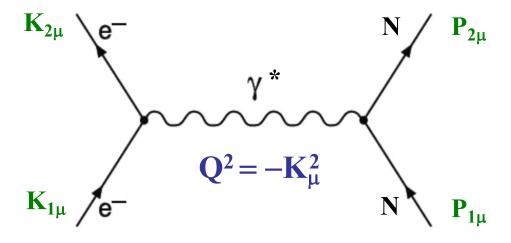




# **Hadron Structure with Electromagnetic Probes**



- Study the structure of the nucleon spectrum in the domain where dressed quarks are the major active degree of freedom.
- Explore the formation of excited nucleon states in interactions of dressed quarks and their emergence from QCD.



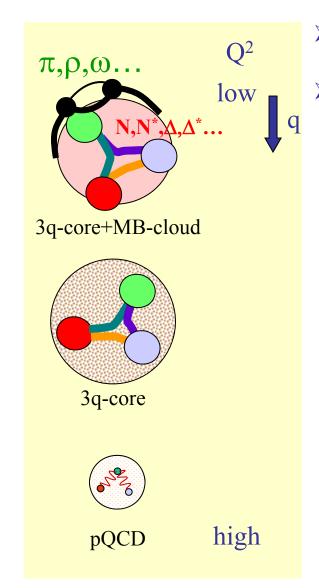




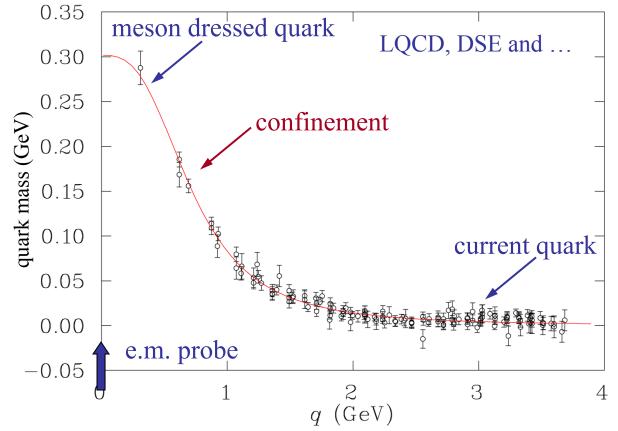




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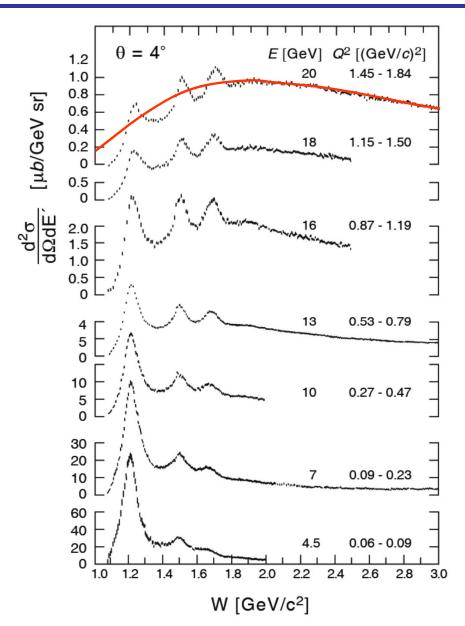




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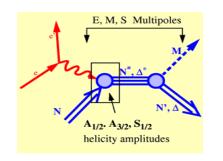


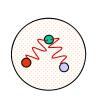
# Baryon Excitations and Quasi-Elastic Scattering



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hard and confined

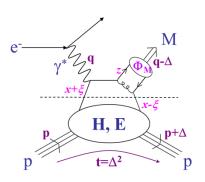




Elastic Form Factors

Transition Form Factors

hard soft





Deep Inelastic Scattering

S. Stein et al., PR **D22** (1975) 1884











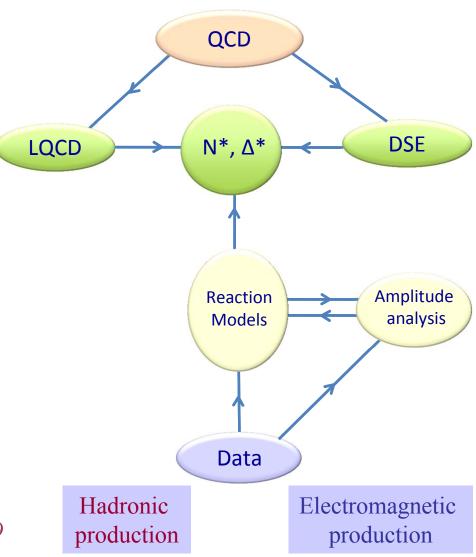
# **Data-Driven Data Analyses**

#### Consistent Results



- > Single meson production: Unitary Isobar Model (UIM) Fixed-*t* Dispersion Relations (DR)
- Double pion production: Unitarized Isobar Model (JM)
- ➤ Coupled-Channel Approach: EBAC ⇒ Argonne-Osaka JAW ⇒ Jülich-Athens-Washington BoGa ⇒ Bonn-Gatchina

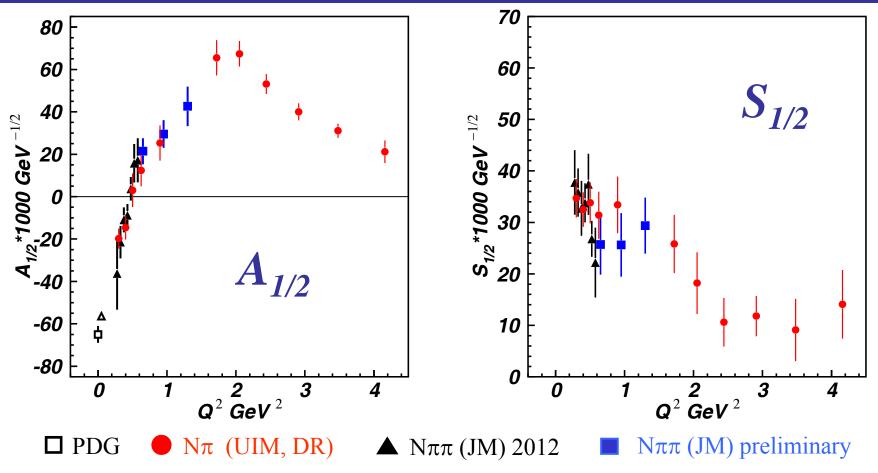
Int. J. Mod. Phys. E, Vol. 22, 1330015 (2013) 1-99







# **Electrocouplings of N(1440)P**<sub>11</sub> from CLAS Data



Consistent results obtained in the low-lying resonance region by independent analyses in the exclusive  $N\pi$  and  $p\pi^+\pi^-$  final-state channels – that have fundamentally different mechanisms for the nonresonant background – underscore the capability of the reaction models to extract reliable resonance electrocouplings.

Phys. Rev. C 80, 055203 (2009) 1-22 and Phys. Rev. C 86, 035203 (2012) 1-22

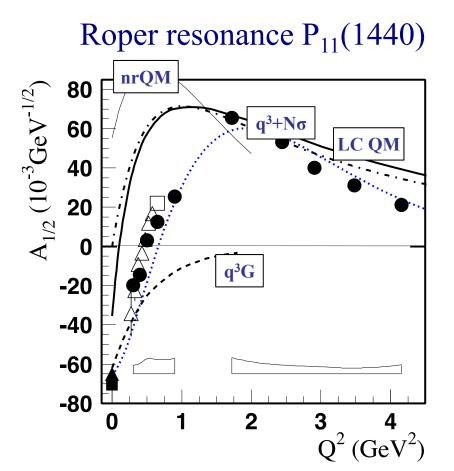




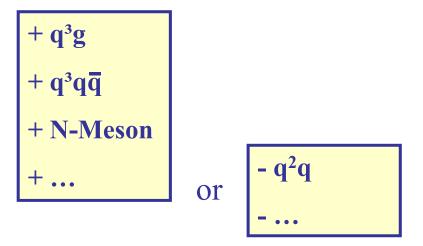




### **Transition Form Factors and QCD Models**



#### PDG 2013 update



... all have distinctively different Q<sup>2</sup> dependencies

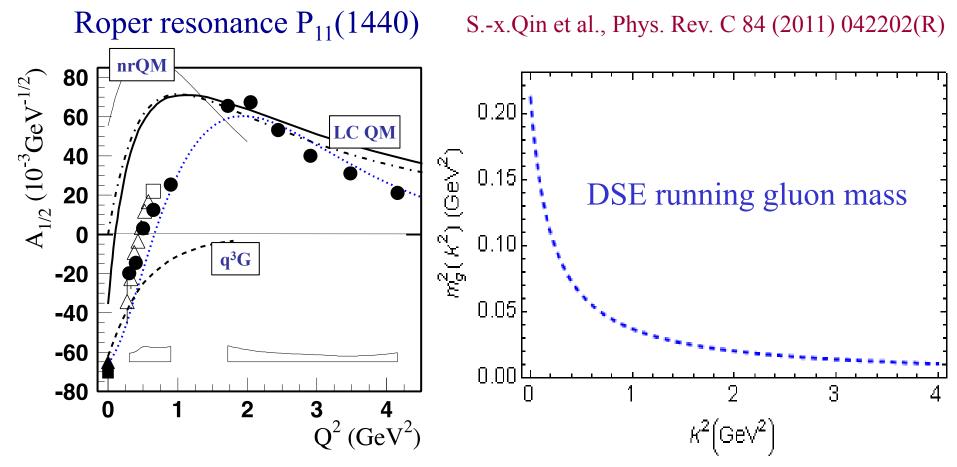
- $A_{1/2}$  has zero-crossing near  $Q^2=0.5$  and becomes dominant amplitude at high  $Q^2$ .
- Consistent with radial excitation at high  $Q^2$  and large meson-baryon coupling at small  $Q^2$ .
- Eliminates gluonic excitation (q<sup>3</sup>G) as a dominant contribution.







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New Letter of Intend on electroexcited gluon hybrids submitted to PAC43

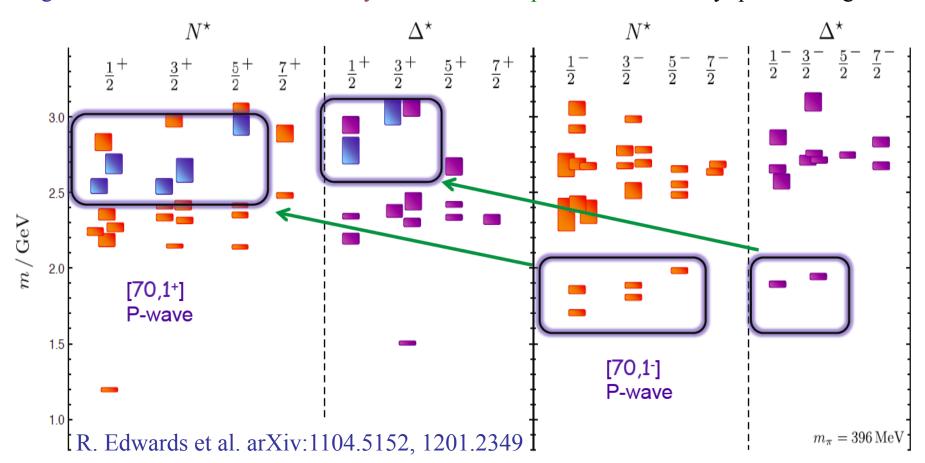




20

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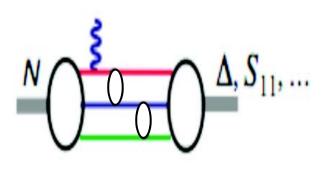






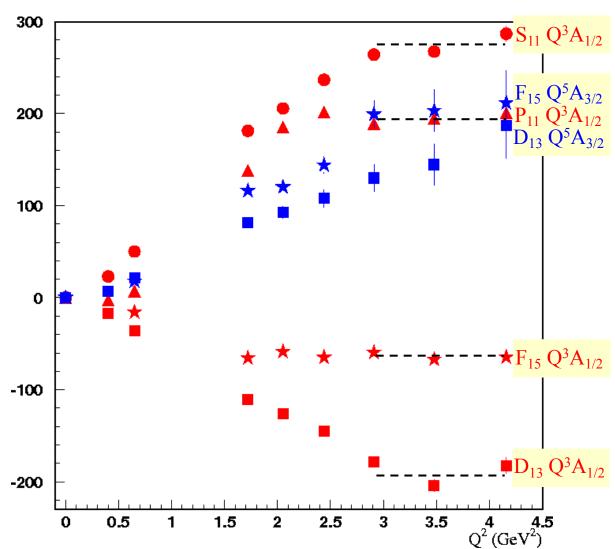


# **Evidence for the Onset of Scaling?**



- $> A_{1/2} \alpha 1/Q^3$
- $> A_{3/2} \alpha 1/Q^5$

Phys. Rev. C80, 055203 (2009)

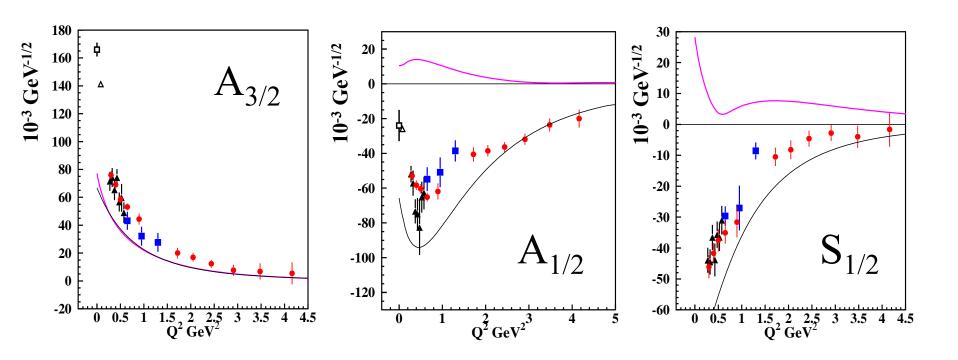






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# Electrocouplings of $N(1520)D_{13}$



EMIN 2015, Moscow, Russia

Argonne Osaka / EBAC DCC MB dressing (absolute values)

E. Santopinto, M. Giannini, hCQM PRC 86, 065202 (2012)

S. Capstick, B.D. Keister (rCQM) PRD51, 3598 (1995)







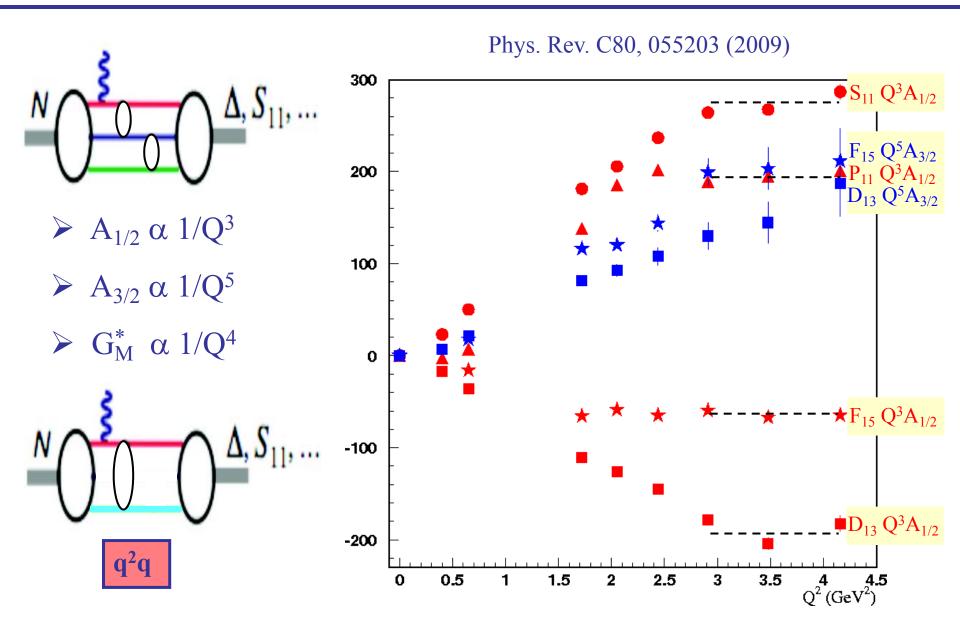








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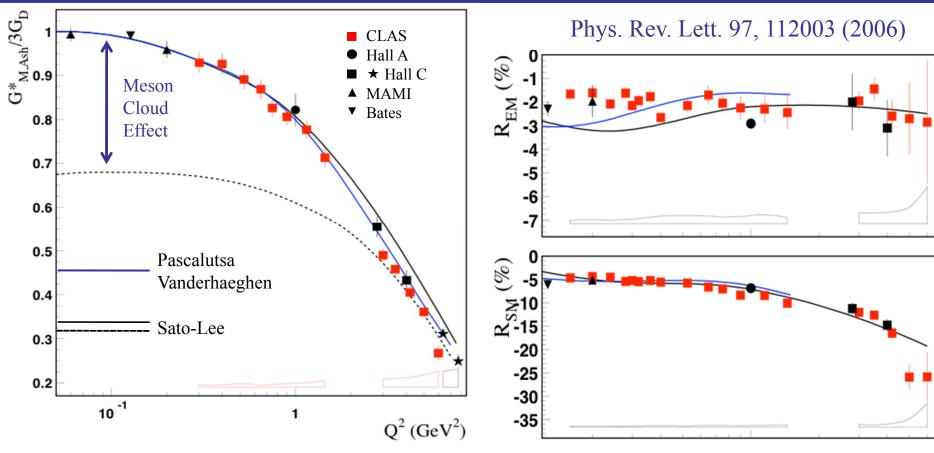
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# $N \rightarrow \Delta$ Multipole Ratios $R_{EM}$ , $R_{SM}$



➤ New trend towards pQCD behavior does not show up

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- $ightharpoonup R_{EM} \rightarrow +1 \qquad R_{SM} \rightarrow const$
- $ightharpoonup G_{M,J,-S}^* \rightarrow 1/Q^4 \quad G_{M,Ash}^* \rightarrow 1/Q^5$
- $\triangleright$  CLAS12 can measure  $G_M^*$ ,  $R_{EM}$ , and  $R_{SM}$  up to  $Q^2\sim 12~GeV^2$



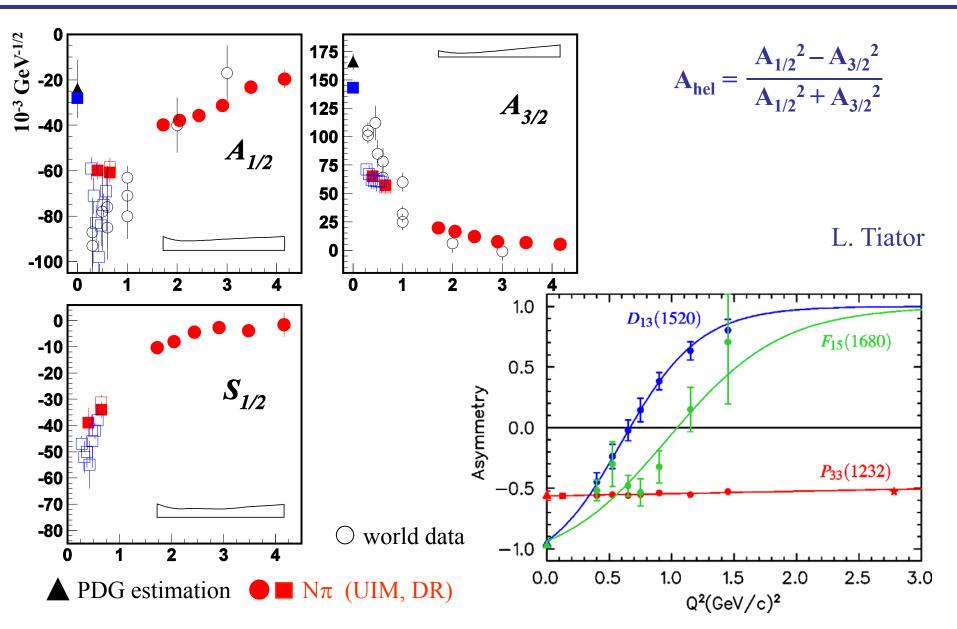






 $Q^2 (GeV^2)$ 

# N(1520)D<sub>13</sub> Helicity Asymmetry



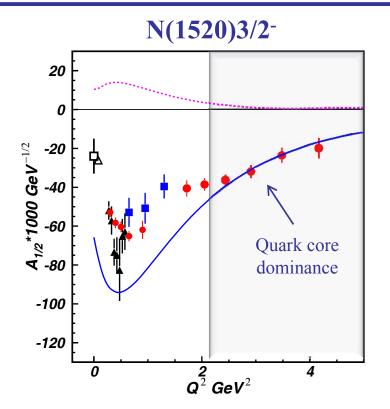


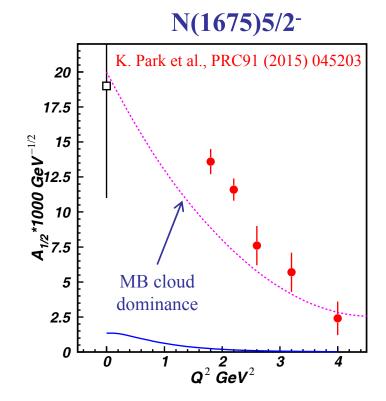


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#### Interplay between Meson-Baryon Cloud and Quark Core





Argonne-Osaka MB dressing (absolute values)

E. Santopinto and M. Giannini, PRC 86 (2012) 065202

#### The almost direct access to

- quark core from the data on  $N(1520)3/2^{-1}$
- meson-baryon cloud from the data on N(1675)5/2 sheds light on the transition from the confined quark to the colorless meson-baryon structure and its dependents on the N\* quantum numbers.











# New Experimental Results & Approaches

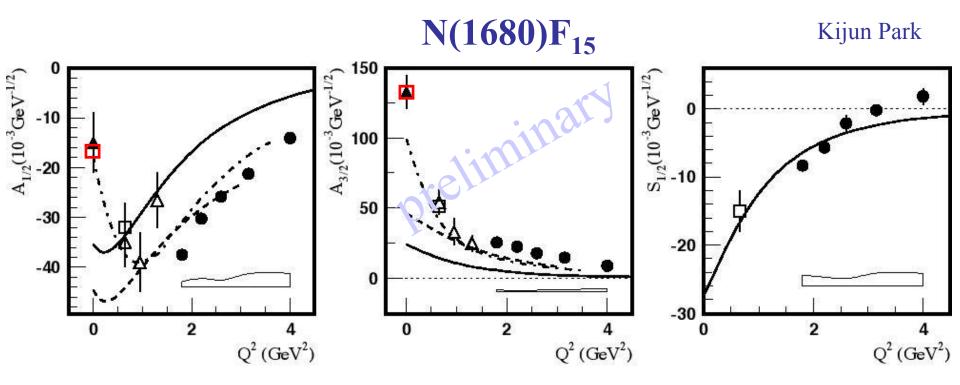








# **Higher-Lying Resonance Electrocouplings**



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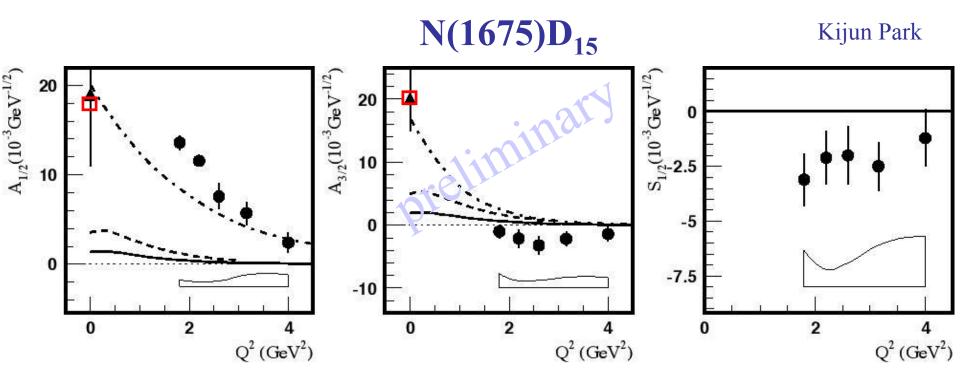
- ▲ RPP (PDG) Phys. Rev. D 86 (2012)
- ☐ M. Dugger Phys. Rev. C 76 (2007)
- ☐ I.G. Aznauryan, Phys. Rev. C 72 (2005)
- $\triangle$  N $\pi\pi$ : V. Mokeev (JM)
- N $\pi$ : I.G. Aznauryan (UIM & DR)

- --- D. Merten, U. Löring et al.
- · · Z. Lee and F. Close
- E. Santopinto and M.M. Gianini





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October 5-10, 2015

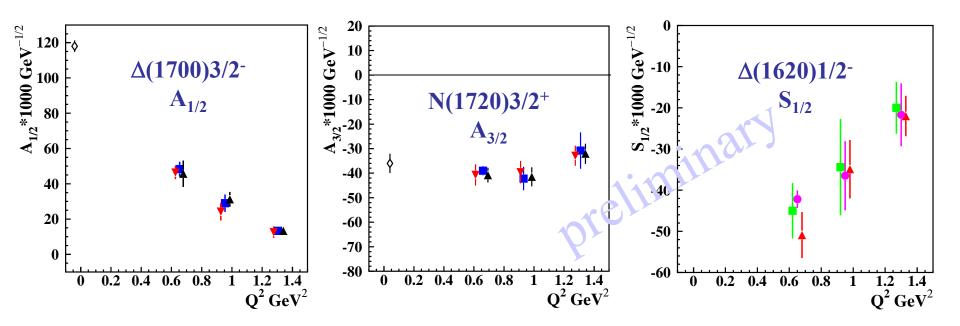
- B. Julia-Diaz, T.-S.H. Lee et al.
- E. Santopinto and M.M. Gianini







# **Higher-Lying Resonance Electrocouplings**



Independent fits in different W-intervals

green: 1.46<W<1.56 GeV

magenta: 1.56<W<1.66 GeV

red: 1.61<W<1.71 GeV

blue: 1.66<W<1.76 GeV black: 1.71<W<1.81 GeV The  $\pi^+\pi^-$ p electroproduction channel provides first preliminary results on the  $\Delta(1620)1/2^{-}$ ,  $N(1650)1/2^-$ ,  $N(1680)5/2^+$ ,  $\Delta(1700)3/2^-$ , and N(1720)3/2<sup>+</sup> electrocouplings with good accuracy.

result in consistent electrocouplings and hence offer sound evidence for their reliable extraction. Submitted for publication.









# New N'(1720)3/2<sup>+</sup> State and its Properties

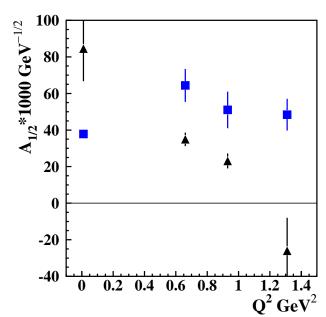
#### N\* hadronic decays from JM15 that incorporates N'(1720)3/2+

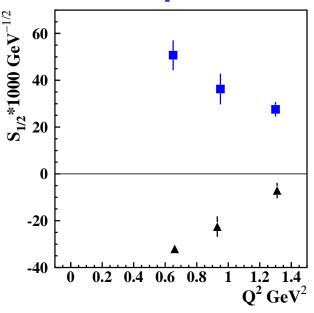
Resonance	ΒΓ(πΔ), %	<b>BF</b> (ρp), %
N'(1720)3/2 <sup>+</sup> electroproduction photoproduction	47-64 46-62	3-10 4-13
N(1720)3/2 <sup>+</sup> electroproduction photoproduction	39-55 38-53	23-49 31-46
Δ(1700)3/2- electroproduction photoproduction	77-95 78-93	3-5 3-6

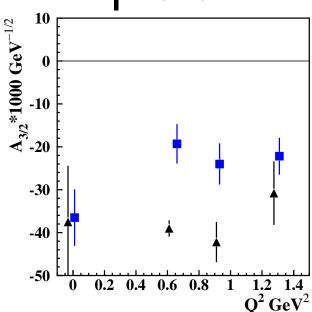
A successful description of  $\pi^+\pi^-p$  photo- and electroproduction cross sections at  $Q^2=0$ , 0.65, 0.95, and 1.30 GeV<sup>2</sup> has been achieved by implementing a new N'(1720)3/2+ state with Q<sup>2</sup>-independent hadronic decay widths of all resonances that contribute at W~1.7 GeV, that allows us to claim the existence of a new N'(1720)3/2+ state.

Mass: 1.715-1.735 GeV Width: 120 6 MeV N'(1720)3/2+

Mass: 1.743-1.753 GeV Width: 112 8 MeV N(1720)3/2+









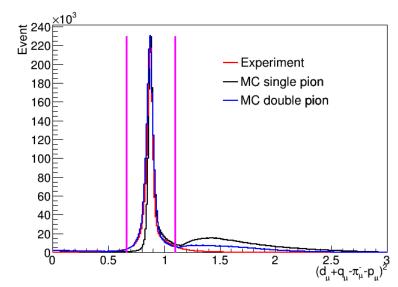


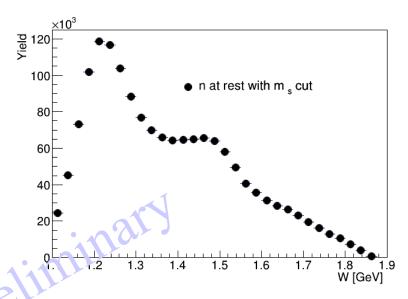
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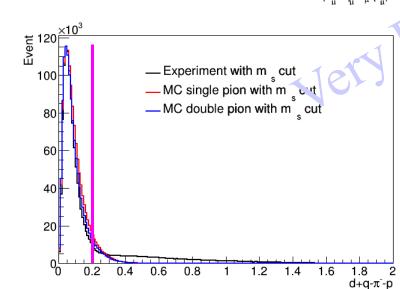


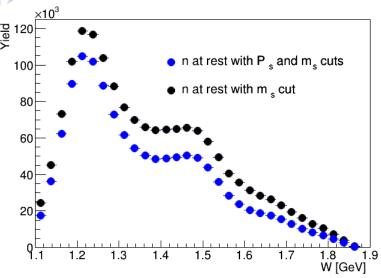
# Single $\pi$ Electroproduction off the Deuteron

#### Ye Tian













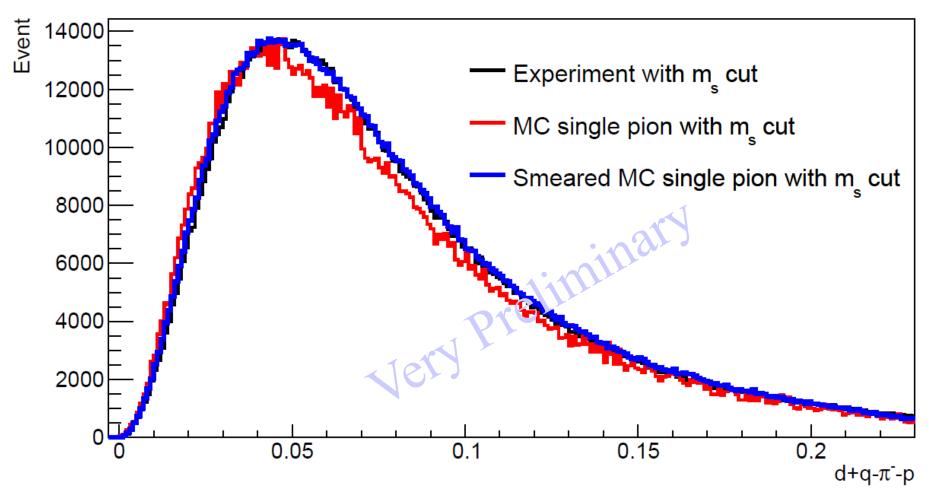


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# Single $\pi$ Electroproduction off the Deuteron

Ye Tian



Below a missing momentum of 0.2 GeV the **measured data** coincides with the **resolution** smeared theoretical Fermi momentum distribution.



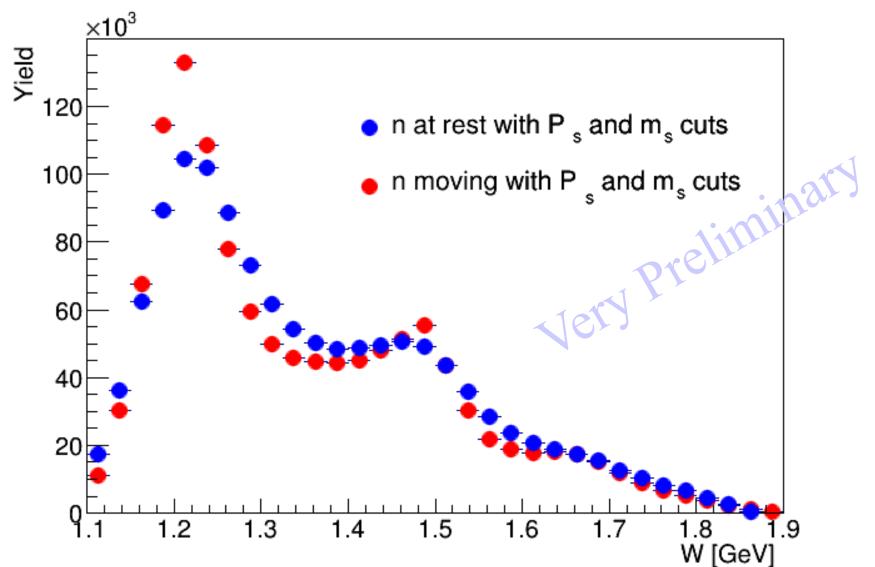






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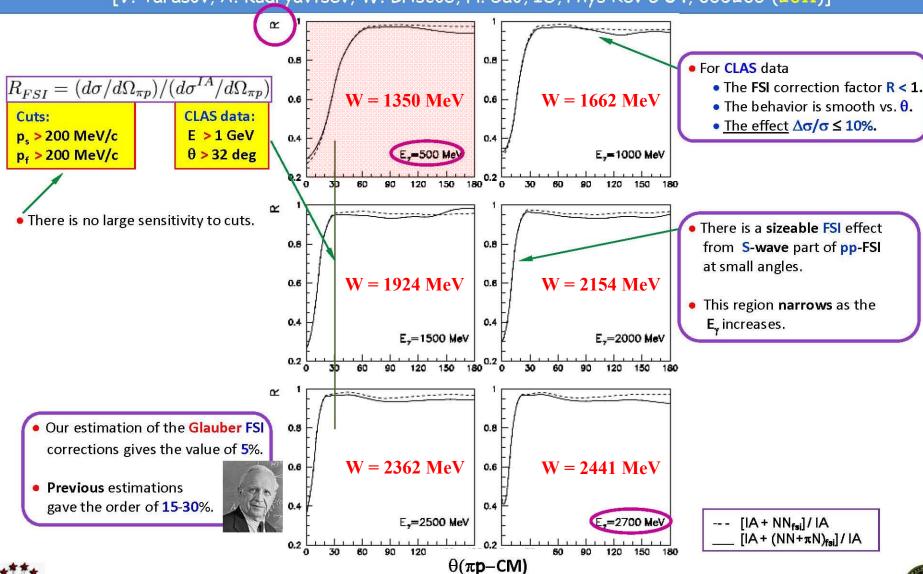


Ralf W. Gothe

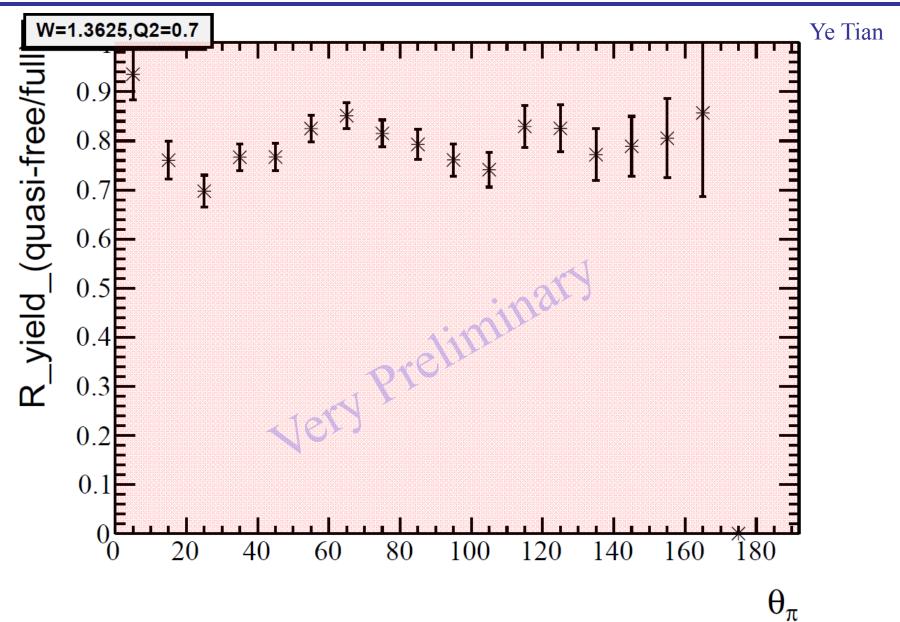


# FSI for $\gamma n \rightarrow \pi^- p$

[V. Tarasov, A. Kudryavtsev, W. Briscoe, H. Gao, IS, Phys Rev C 84, 035203 (2011)]



6/29/2014



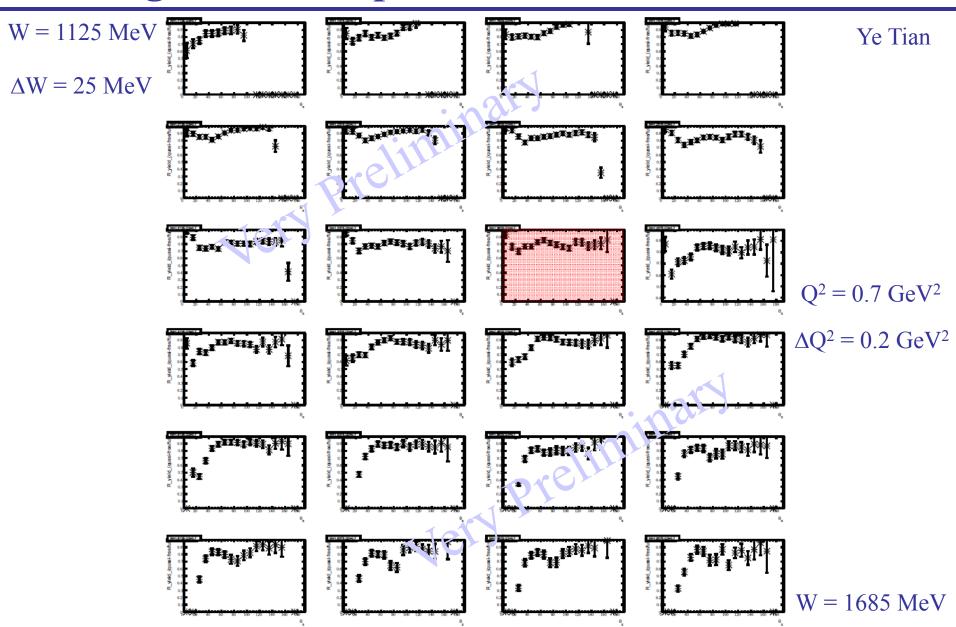
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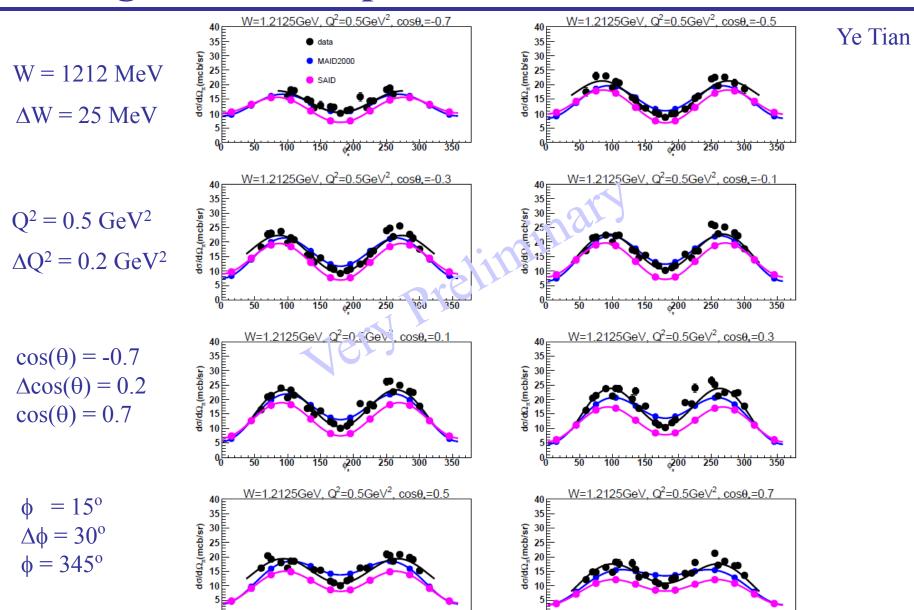










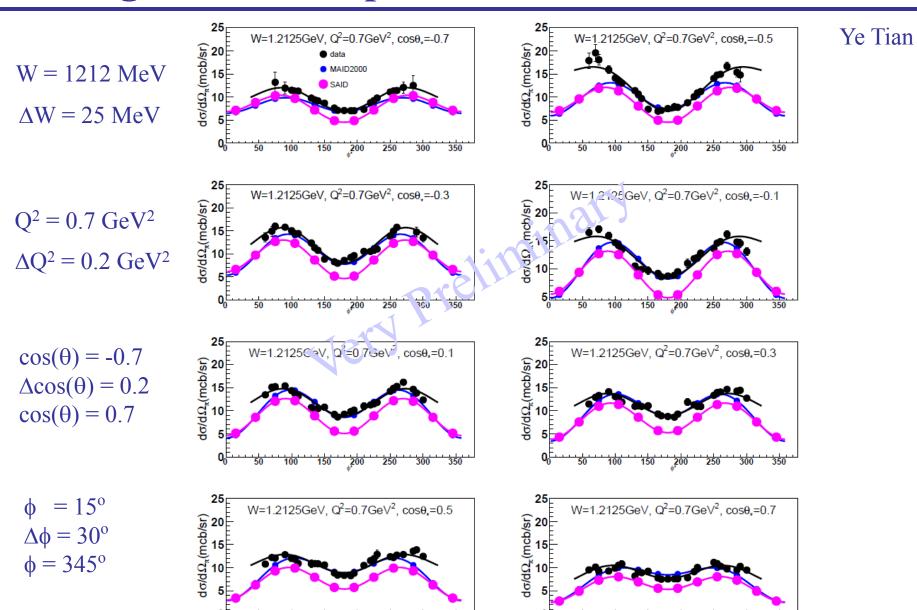








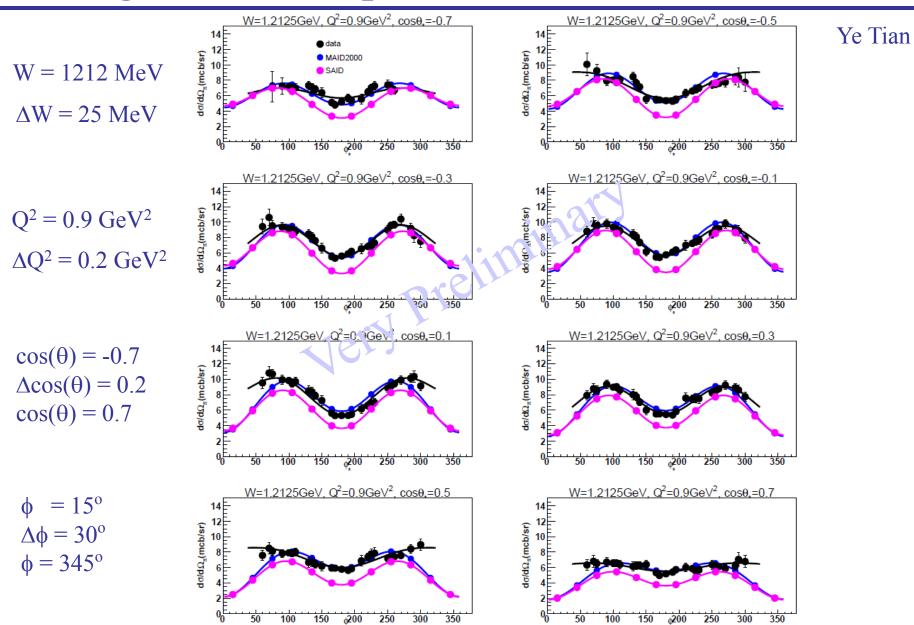
EMIN 2015, Moscow, Russia







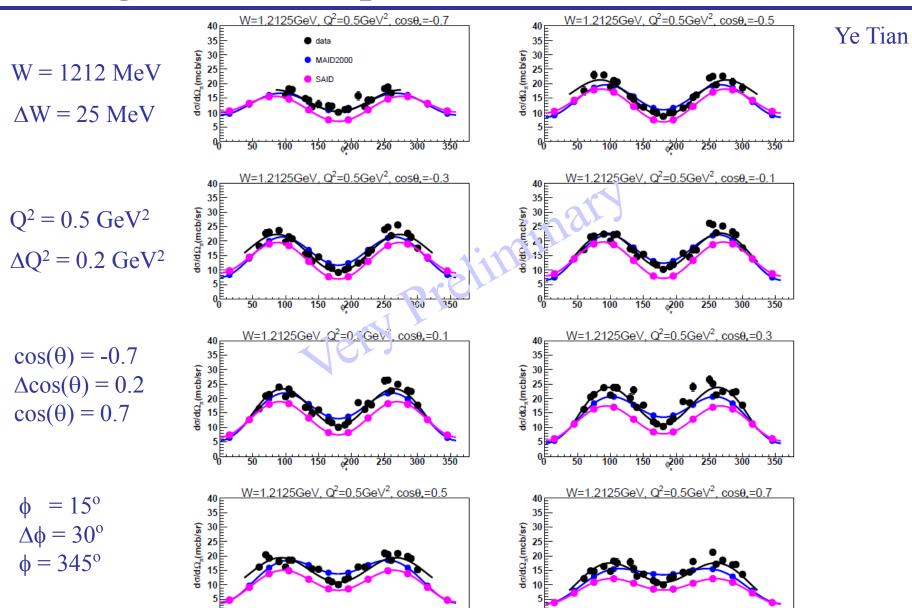
EMIN 2015, Moscow, Russia









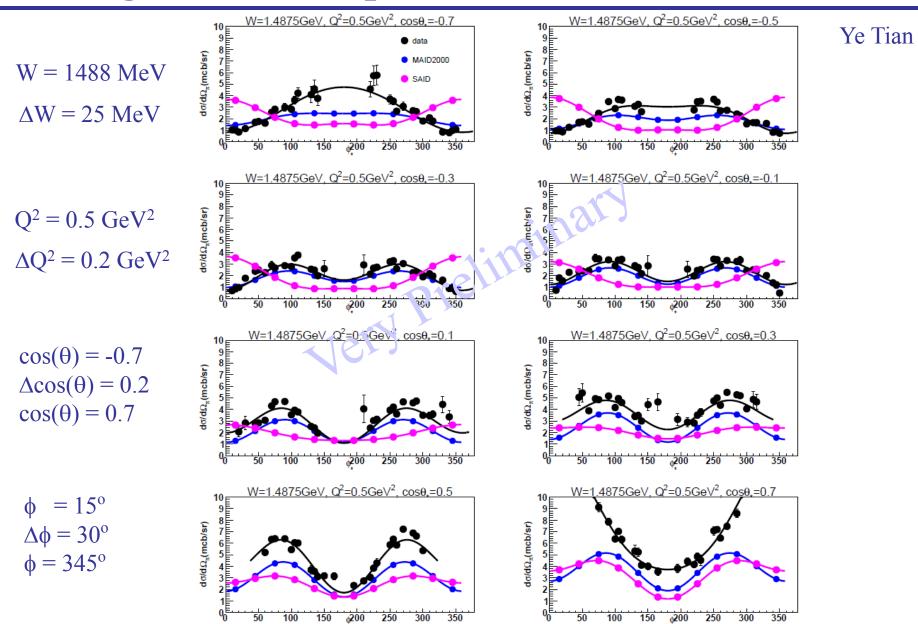






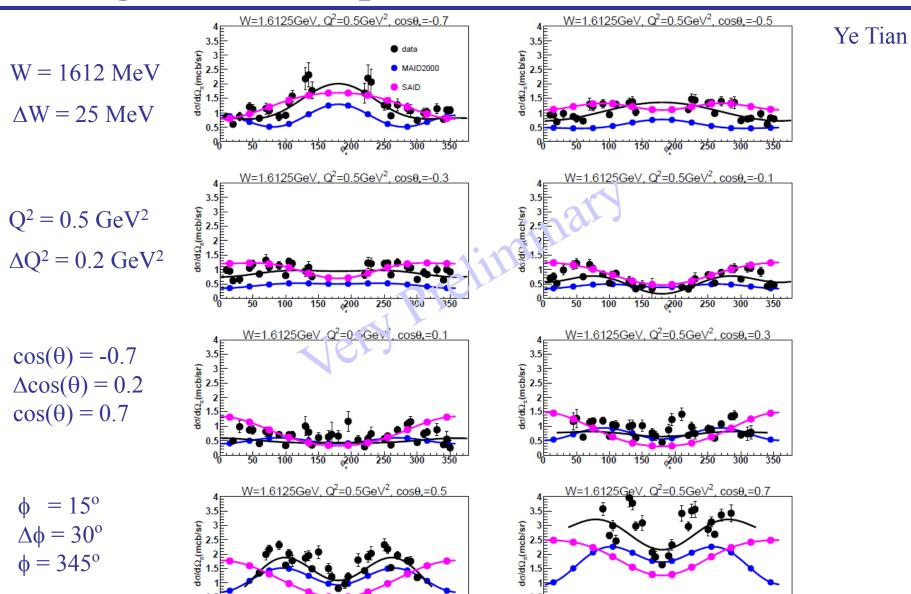


EMIN 2015, Moscow, Russia









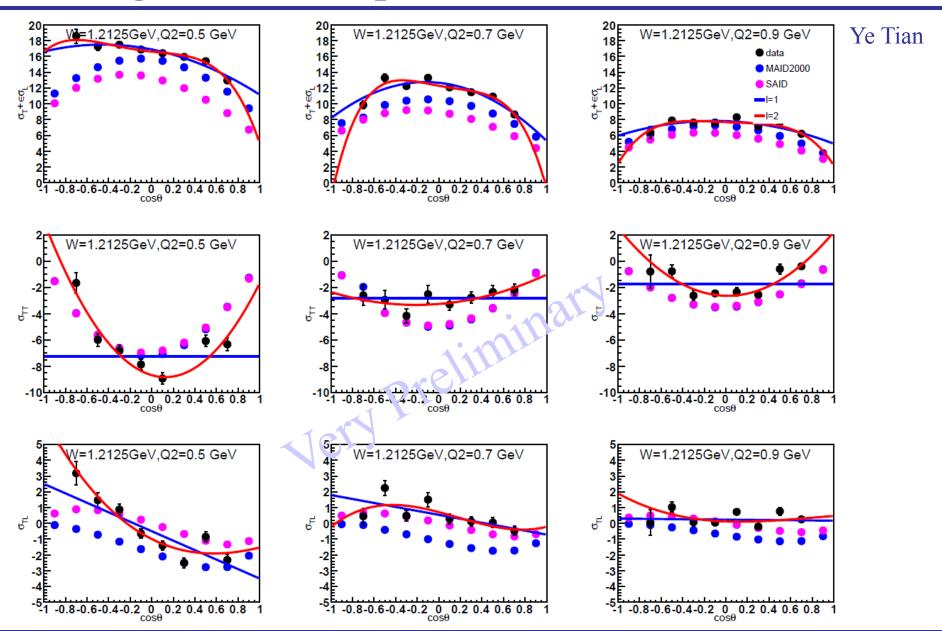






φ200

EMIN 2015, Moscow, Russia







 $Q^2$ , W bin = [1.25, 1.75) $GeV^2$ , [1.625, 1.650)GeV Arjun Trivedi Q2\_W bin=[1.25,1.75)\_[1.625,1.650) 5 1.2 1.25 1.3 1.35 1.4 1.45 1.5  $M_{p\pi^+}[\text{GeV}]$  $M_{\pi^{+}\pi}$  [GeV] M<sub>pπ</sub>[GeV]

φ-integrated

 $Q^2 = 0.425 GeV^2$ 

(deg)

Gleb Fedotov

α<sub>(Dr/p(Br+x))</sub> (deg)

46









 $\alpha_{[p,\pi^*][p\pi^*]}$ 

auralina (deg)

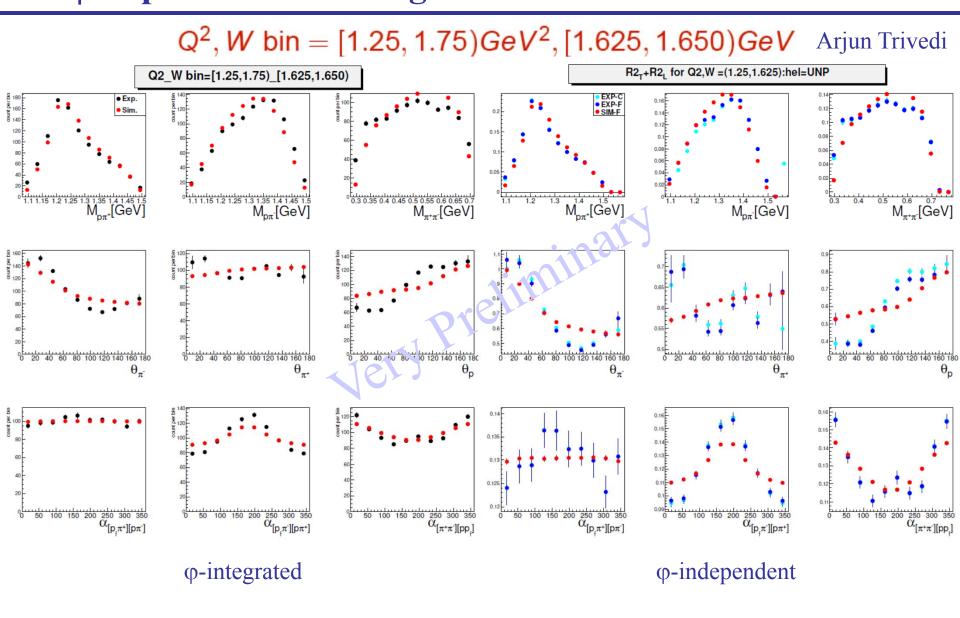
 $Q^2$ ,  $W \text{ bin} = [1.25, 1.75) GeV^2$ , [1.625, 1.650) GeV Arjun Trivedi Q2\_W bin=[1.25,1.75)\_[1.625,1.650) 1.2 1.25 1.3 1.35 1.4 1.45 1.5 M<sub>pπ+</sub>[GeV] M<sub>pπ</sub>[GeV]  $M_{\pi^*\pi}[GeV]$ 100 150 200 250 300 350 α[π+π-][pp<sub>i</sub>]  $\alpha_{[p,\pi^*][p\pi^*]}$  $\alpha_{[\mathsf{p},\pi][\mathsf{p}\pi^*]}$ (deg) auratra (deg) α<sub>(Dr/p(Br+x))</sub> (deg)  $Q^2 = 0.425 GeV^2$ Gleb Fedotov φ-integrated











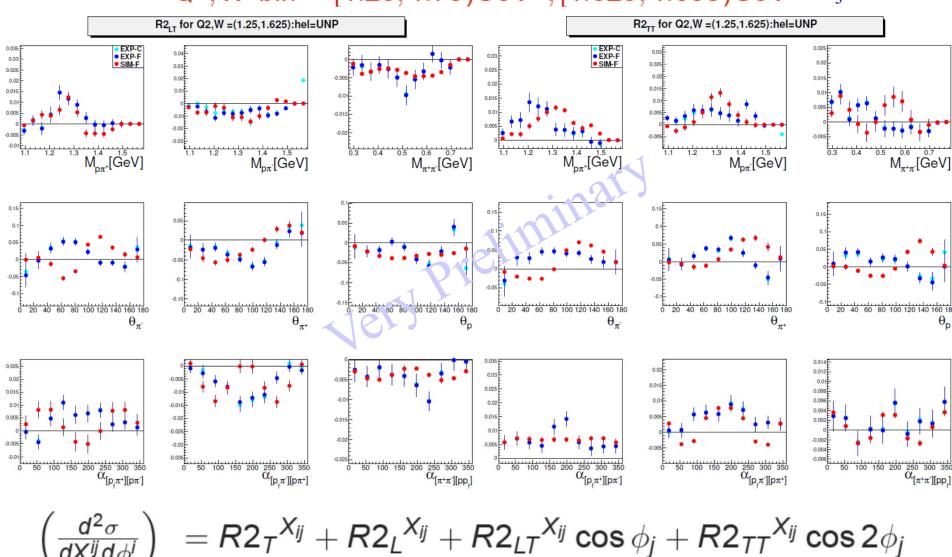








 $Q^2$ , W bin = [1.25, 1.75) $GeV^2$ , [1.625, 1.650)GeV





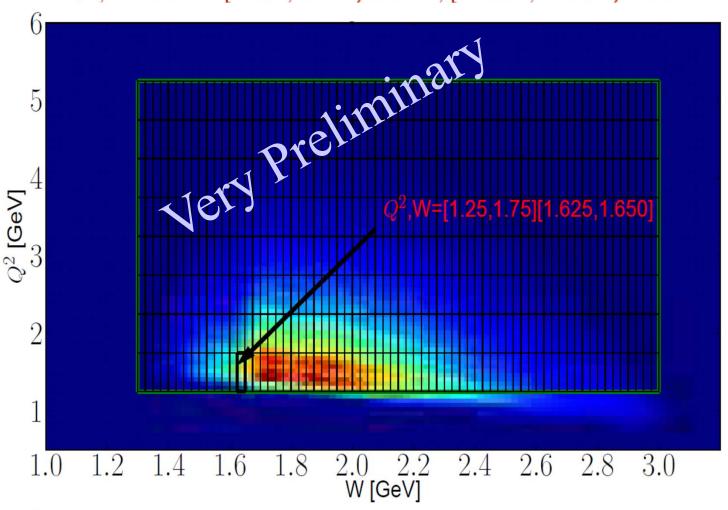






October 5-10, 2015

 $Q^2$ ,  $W \text{ bin} = [1.25, 1.75) GeV^2$ , [1.625, 1.650) GeV Arjun Trivedi



$$\left(rac{d^2\sigma}{dX^{ij}d\phi^i}
ight) = R2_T^{X_{ij}} + R2_L^{X_{ij}} + R2_{LT}^{X_{ij}}\cos\phi_j + R2_{TT}^{X_{ij}}\cos2\phi_j$$





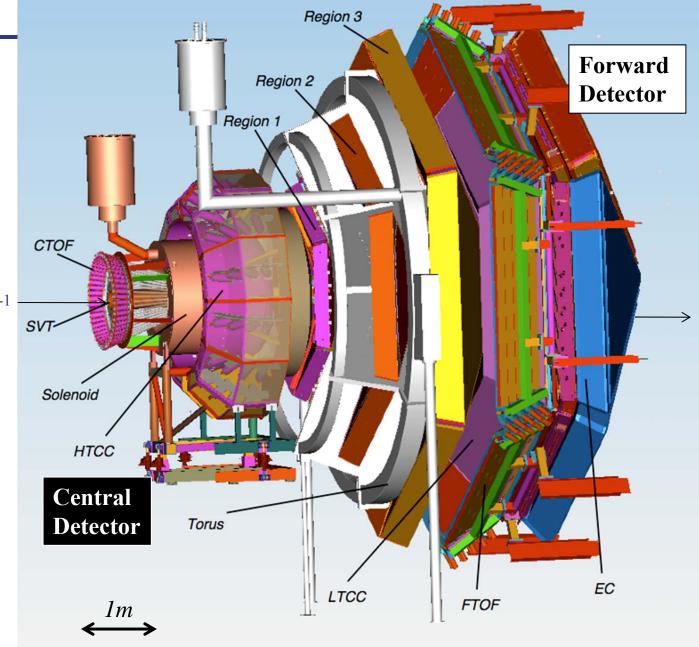




October 5-10, 2015

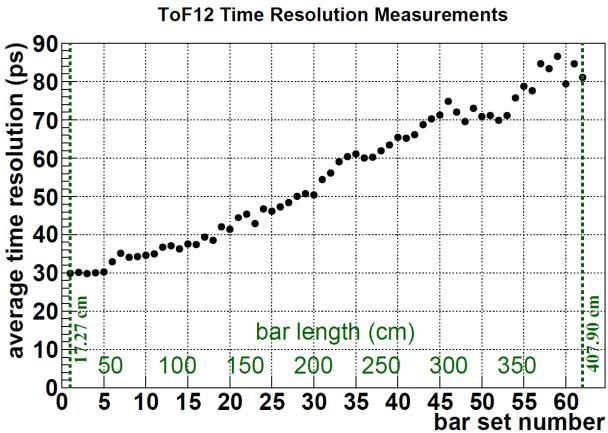
# CLAS12

- ightharpoonup Luminosity >  $10^{35}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>
- > Hermeticity
- **▶** Polarization
- ➤ Baryon Spectroscopy
- ➤ Elastic Form Factors
- ➤ N to N\* Form Factors
- ➤ GPDs and TMDs
- ➤ DIS and SIDIS
- ➤ Nucleon Spin Structure
- ➤ Color Transparency
- **>** ...





### **New Forward Time of Flight Detector for CLAS12**









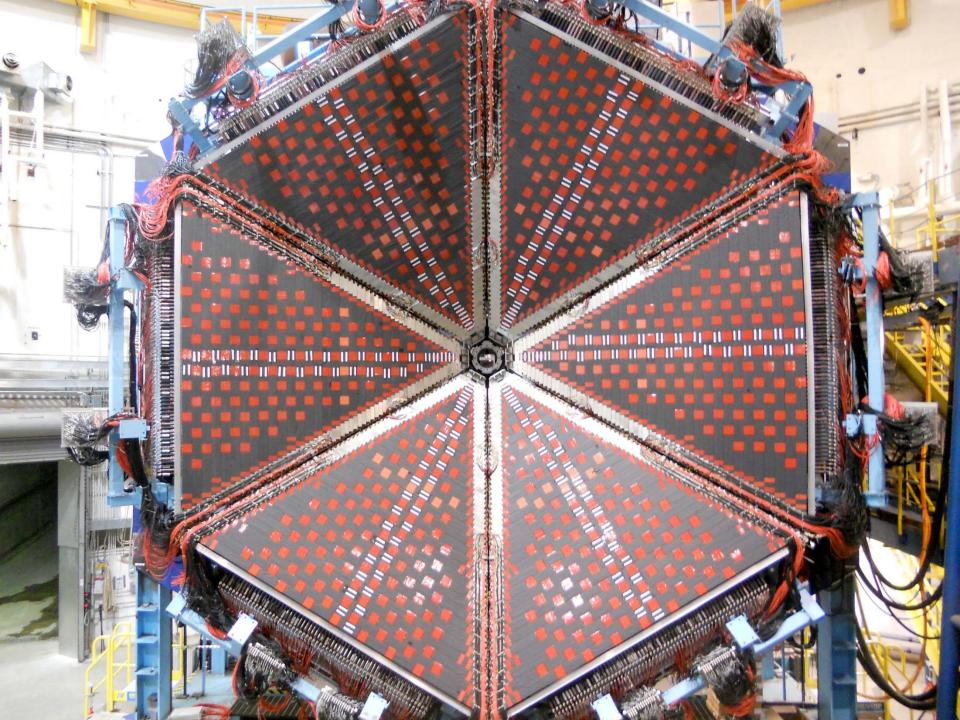




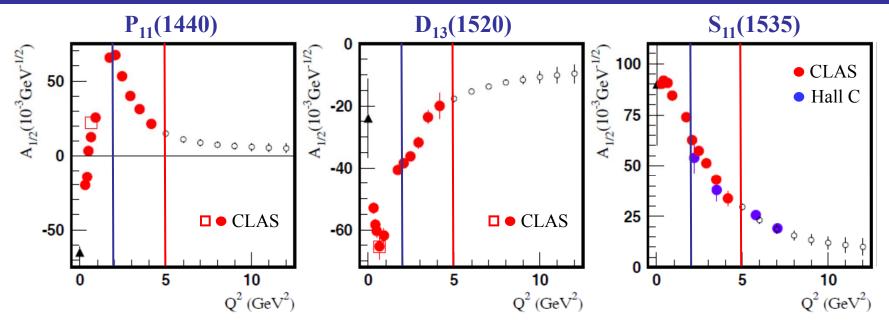








#### Anticipated N\* Electrocouplings from Combined Analyses of $N\pi/N\pi\pi$



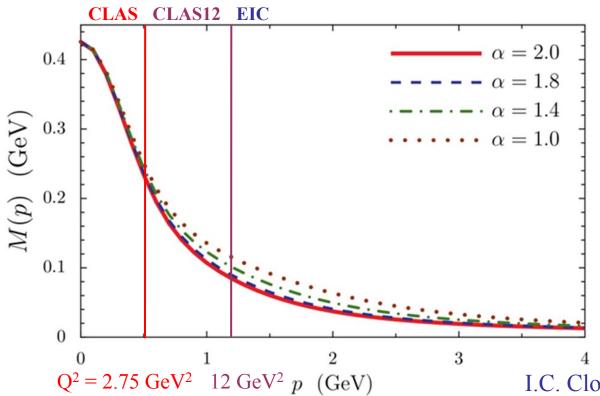
Open circles represent projections and all other markers the available results with the 6-GeV electron beam

- Examples of published and projected results obtained within 60d for three prominent excited proton states from analyses of N $\pi$  and N $\pi\pi$  electroproduction channels. Similar results are expected for many other resonances at higher masses, e.g. S<sub>11</sub>(1650), F<sub>15</sub>(1685), D<sub>33</sub>(1700), P<sub>13</sub>(1720), ...
- The approved CLAS12 experiments E12-09-003 (NM, N $\pi\pi$ ) and E12-06-108A (KY) are currently the only experiments that can provide data on  $\gamma_v NN^*$  electrocouplings for almost all well established excited proton states at the highest photon virtualities ever achieved in N\* studies up to Q<sup>2</sup> of 12 GeV<sup>2</sup>, see http://boson.physics.sc.edu/~gothe/research/pub/whitepaper-9-14.pdf.



### **Dyson-Schwinger Equation (DSE) Approach**

DSE approaches provide links between dressed quark propagators, form factors, scattering amplitudes, and QCD.



N\* electrocouplings can be determined by applying Bethe-Salpeter / Faddeev equations to 3 dressed quarks while the properties and interactions are derived from QCD.

Impact of a modified momentum dependence of the dressed-quark propagator.

I.C. Cloet et al., arXiv:1304.0855[nucl-th]

DSE electrocouplings of several excited nucleon states will become available as part of the commitment of the Argonne NL.

Int. J. Mod. Phys. E, Vol. 22, 1330015 (2013) 1-99

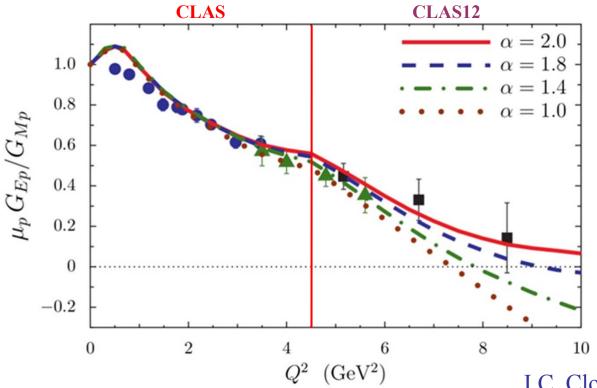






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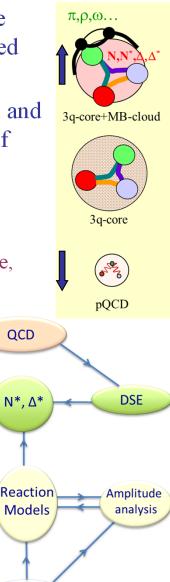






# Summary

- First high precision photo- and electroproduction data have become available and led to a new wave of significant developments in reaction and QCD-based theories.
- New high precision hadro-, photo-, and electroproduction data off the proton and the neutron will stabilize coupled channel analyses and expand the validity of reaction models, allowing us to
  - investigate and search for baryon hybrids,
  - > establish a repertoire of high precision spectroscopy parameters, and
  - measure light-quark-flavor separated electrocouplings over an extended Q<sup>2</sup>-range, both to lower and higher Q<sup>2</sup>, for a wide variety of N\* states.
- Comparing these results with DSE, LQCD, LCSR, and rCQM will build insights into
  - the strong interaction of dressed quarks and their confinement,
  - the emergence of bare quark dressing and dressed quark interactions from QCD, and
  - the QCD  $\beta$ -function and the origin of 98% of nucleon mass.
- A tight collaboration of experimentalists and theorists has formed and is needed to push these goals, see Review Article Int. J. Mod. Phys. E, Vol. 22, 1330015 (2013) 1-99, that shall lead to a QCD theory that describes the strong interaction from current quarks to nuclei. ECT\*2015 and INT2016.









Data

**LQCD**