## $J/\psi$ Photoproduction Near Threshold With CLAS12

Joseph Newton for the CLAS Collaboration



Tuesday, June 25, 2019



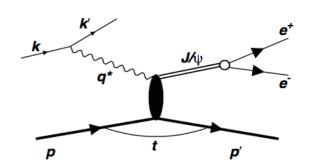
## **Experiment Overview**

#### Description

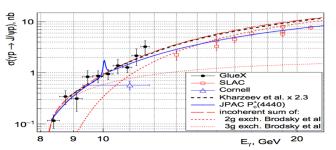
- Electrons accelerated by CEBAF scatter off a liquid Hydrogen target at low scattering angles through the exchange of a quasi-real photon at  $Q^2 \sim 0$
- Detect the recoil proton and the  $e^+e^-$  from the decay of  $J/\psi$
- Experiment 12-12-001 was approved for 120 days of beamtime on CLAS12 at a luminosity of 10<sup>35</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>.
  Approximately 40% of data has been collected.

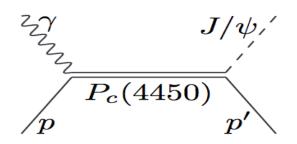
#### **Physics Goals**

- Probe the distribution of color charge in the nucleon
  - Measure the t-dependence of the differential cross section of  $J/\psi$  photoproduction
- Study the production mechanism of  $J/\psi$  near threshold
  - Measure the total cross section as a function of photon energy
- Verify the existence of LHCb pentaquark through schannel  $J/\psi$  production



GlueX Published Cross Sections of J/ $\psi$  Photoproduction (arXiv:1905.10811)







### Particle Identification and Event Selection

#### Particle Identification

- Protons: comparing measured  $\beta$  with expected proton  $\beta$  using Time-Of-Flight detector
- For e+e- with p < 4.9 GeV/c: Cuts on E/p in Electromagnetic Calorimeter and photoelectrons in the High-Threshold Cherenkov Counter
- For e+e- with p > 4.9 GeV/c: same cuts, but with additional shower profile analysis

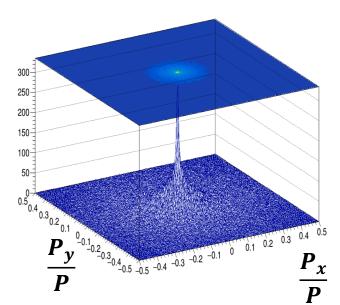
#### **Event Selection**

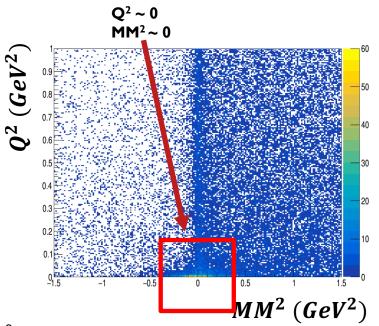
- Transverse missing momentum
- Q<sup>2</sup> and missing mass

$$ep \rightarrow e^+e^-p'X$$

$$X = e^{-}$$

#### **Small Fractional Momenta of the Scattered Electron**

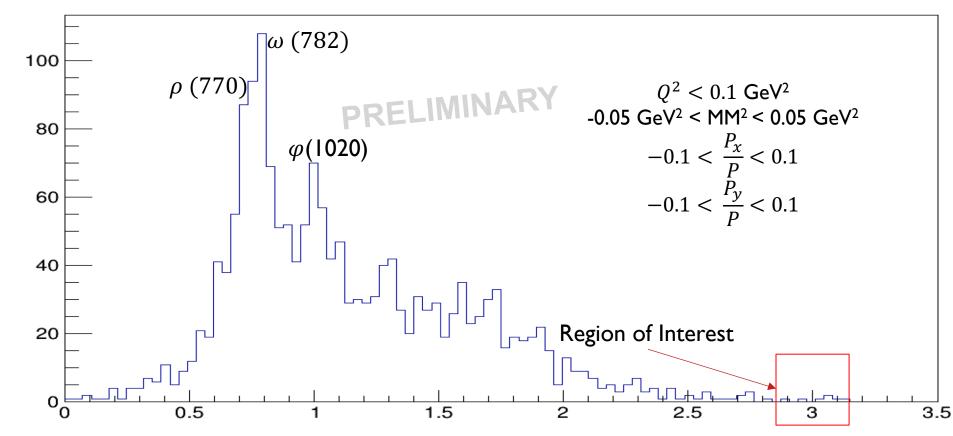






# **Invariant Mass Distributions From Available Data**

- Vector mesons are clearly visible in the invariant mass distribution of e+e- pairs after selecting quasi-real photoproduction events.
- The data sample accounts for ~ 1% projected total data.



e+e-Invariant Mass (GeV)



## **Current and Future Analysis**

- Improve particle identification, especially for positrons and electrons with p > 4.9 GeV/c
- Study fiducial cuts and momentum corrections
- Refine event selection criteria
- Study kinematic fitting approach
- Study acceptances and efficiencies using simulated data merged with background
- Develop fitting procedure to the invariant mass distribution to extract number of  $J/\psi$  events in each kinematic bin
- The goal for the next year is to analyze the full statistics and measure cross sections

