

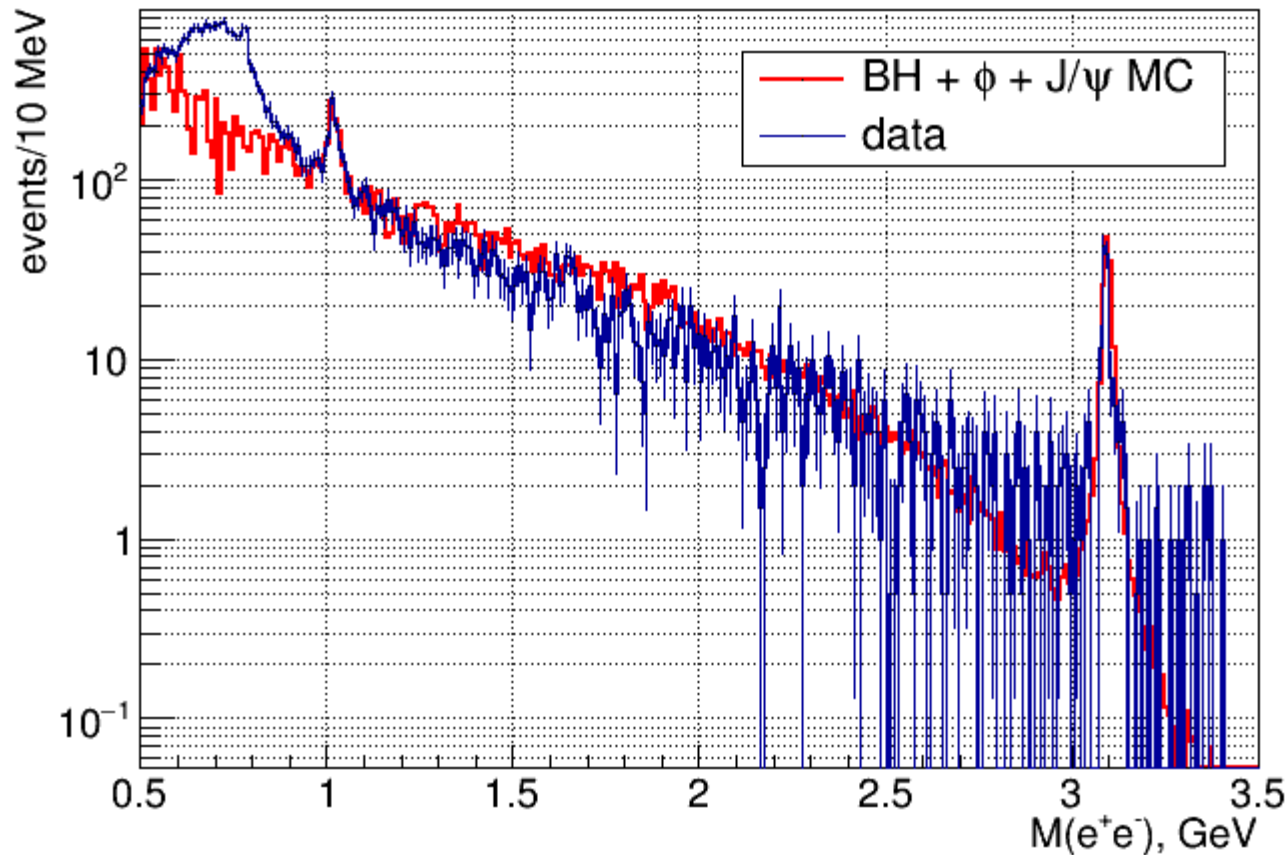
# J/ψ analysis status

- Exclusive reaction:  $\gamma p \rightarrow e^+ e^- p$
- Only 2017 (both LI and HI) data in this presentation
- New reconstruction/analysis:
  - Default analysis cuts
  - Kinematic fit with loose  $\chi^2$  cut ( $<5000$ )
  - Initial  $E/p > 0.7$  cut for electrons
  - Accidentals subtracted using one bunch peak on each side (so far)
  - All other cuts are discussed
  - Identical cuts used for data and MC
- Same version used for MC with random hits included
- Only Bethe-Heitler and J/ψ so far (using old  $\phi$  MC)
- In this presentation MC means: simulation results times cross-section times luminosity – NO NORMALIZATION to data

# Data vs MC: $M(e^+e^-)$

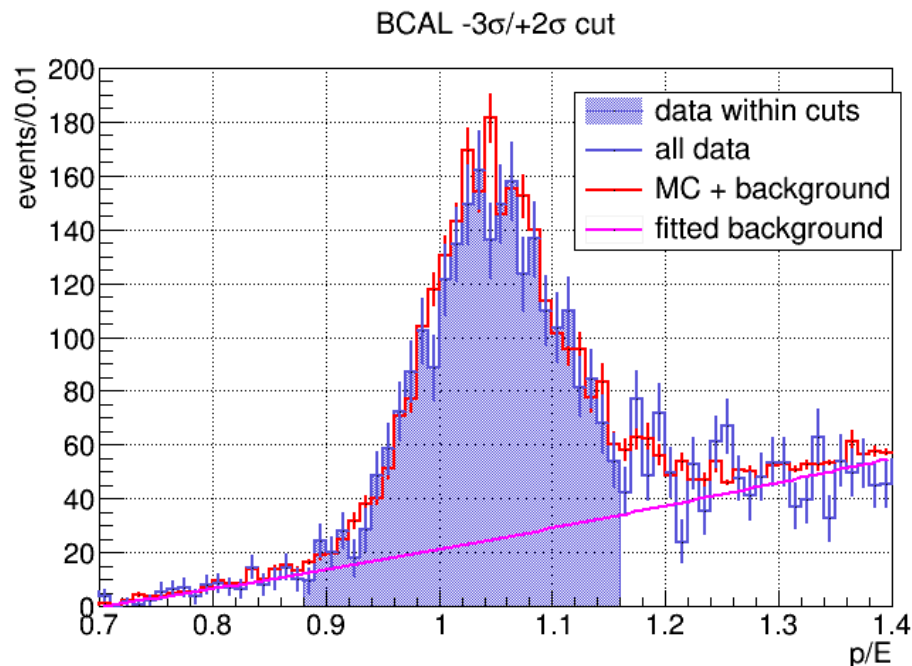
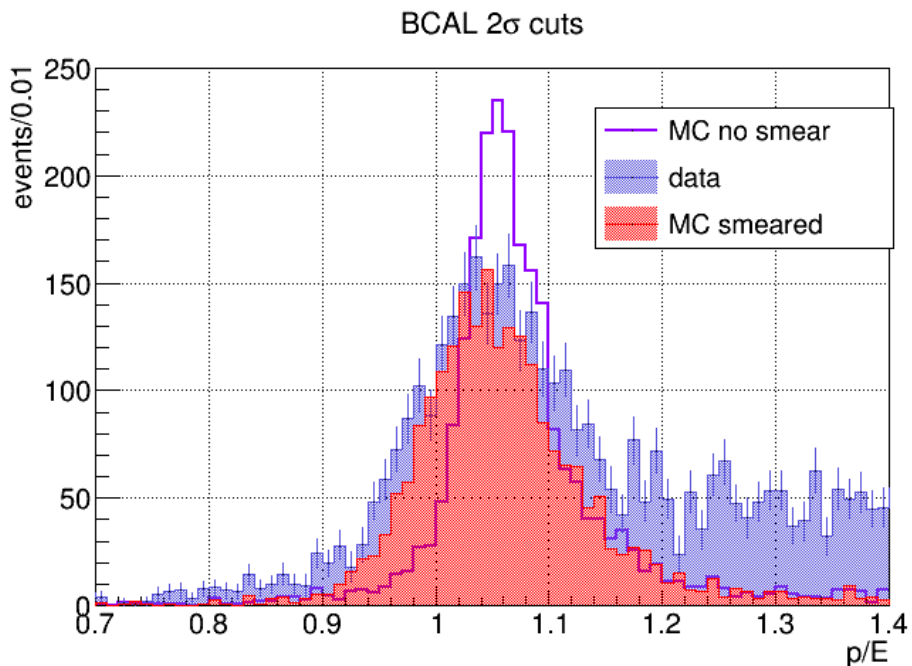
- Good agreement for  $M(e^+e^-) > 1$  GeV, over two magnitudes
- Only  $J/\psi$  cross-section fitted to the data
- $\sigma(\phi) = 550 \pm 70$  nb
- BH calculated (discussed later)

2017 data vs MC



# p/E cuts - BCAL

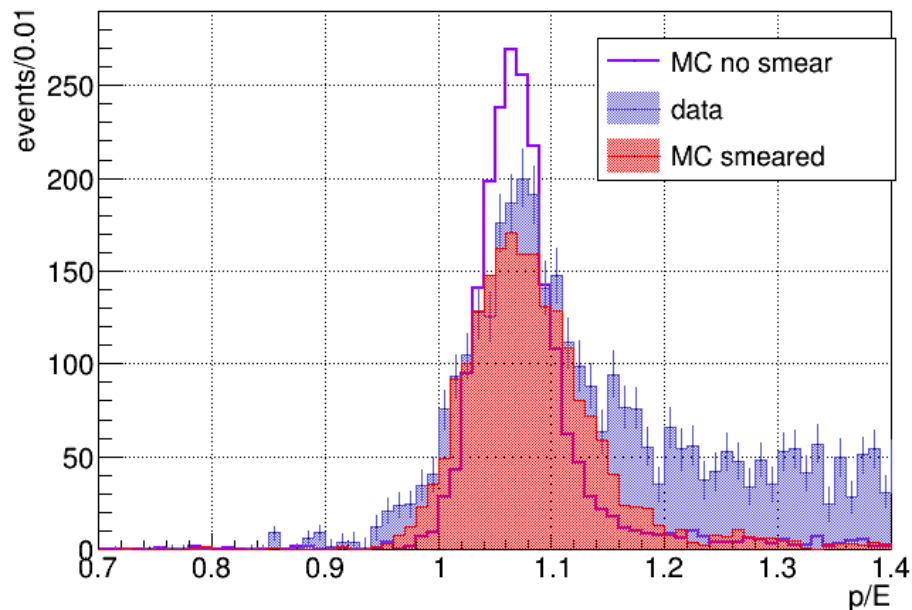
- Data vs BH MC simulations ( $M(e+e-) > 1.5$  GeV)
- Additional smearing (from 4.3 to 5.8%) applied to MC to match data width and mean
- All other cuts applied (discussed later)
- Background fitted with polynomial (quadratic)
- Estimated background contribution for  $-3\sigma/+2\sigma$  cut: 26%



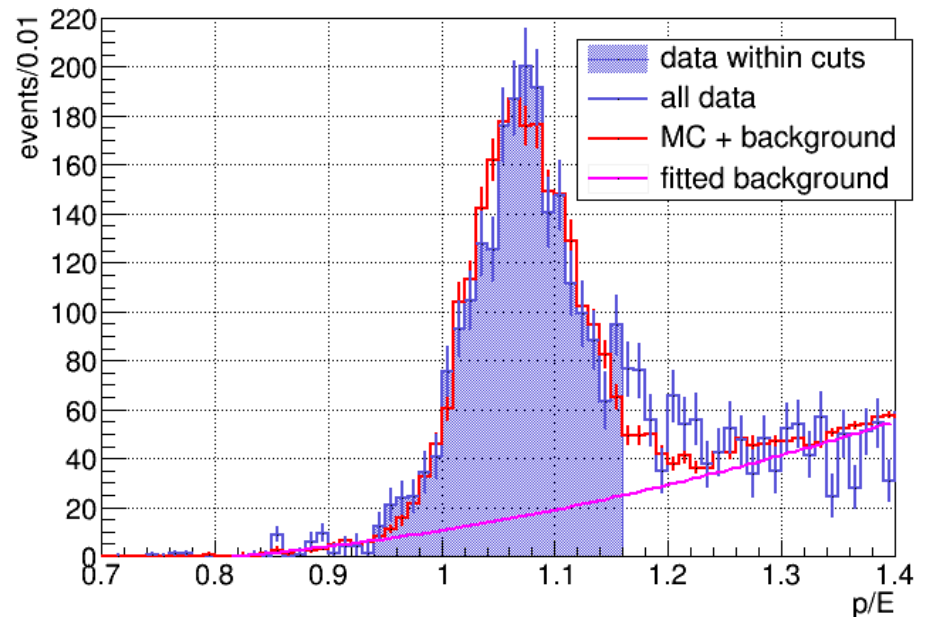
# p/E cuts - FCAL

- Data vs BH MC simulations ( $M(e+e-) > 1.5$  GeV)
- Additional smearing (from 3.2 to 4.5%) applied to MC to match data width and mean
- All other cuts applied (discussed later)
- Background fitted with polynomial (quadratic)
- Estimated background contribution for  $-3\sigma/+2\sigma$  cut: 16%

FCAL  $2\sigma$  cuts

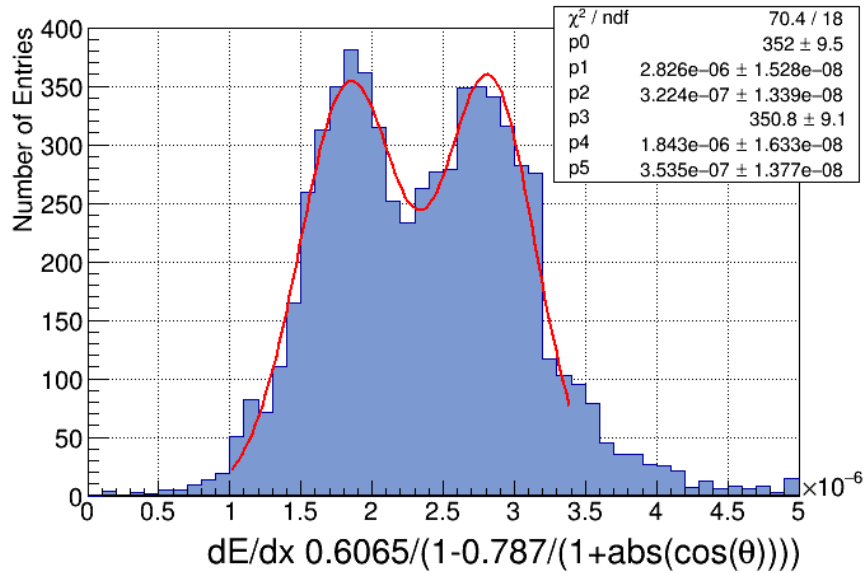


FCAL  $-3\sigma/+2\sigma$  cut

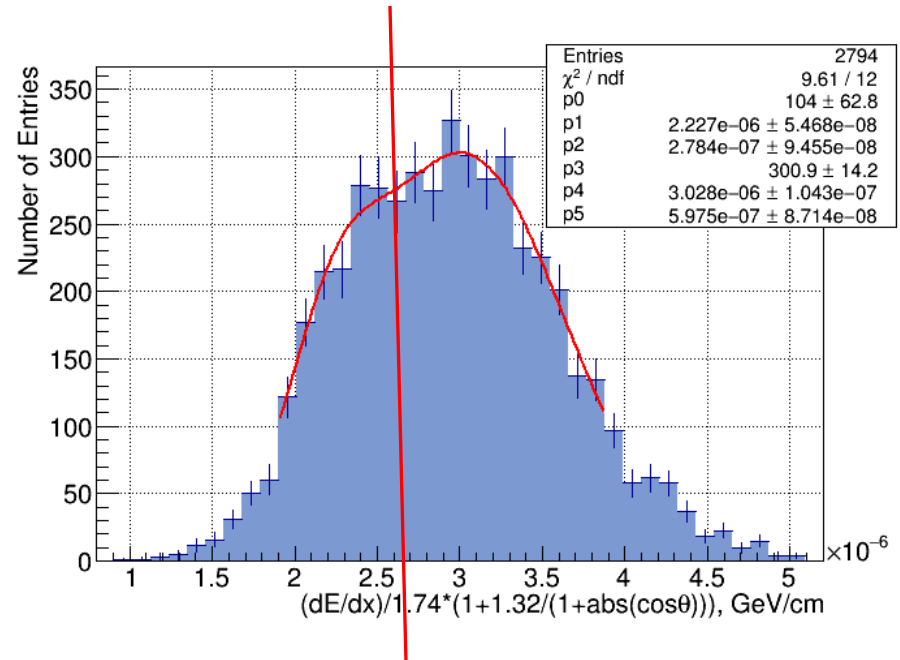


# CDC dE/dx cut

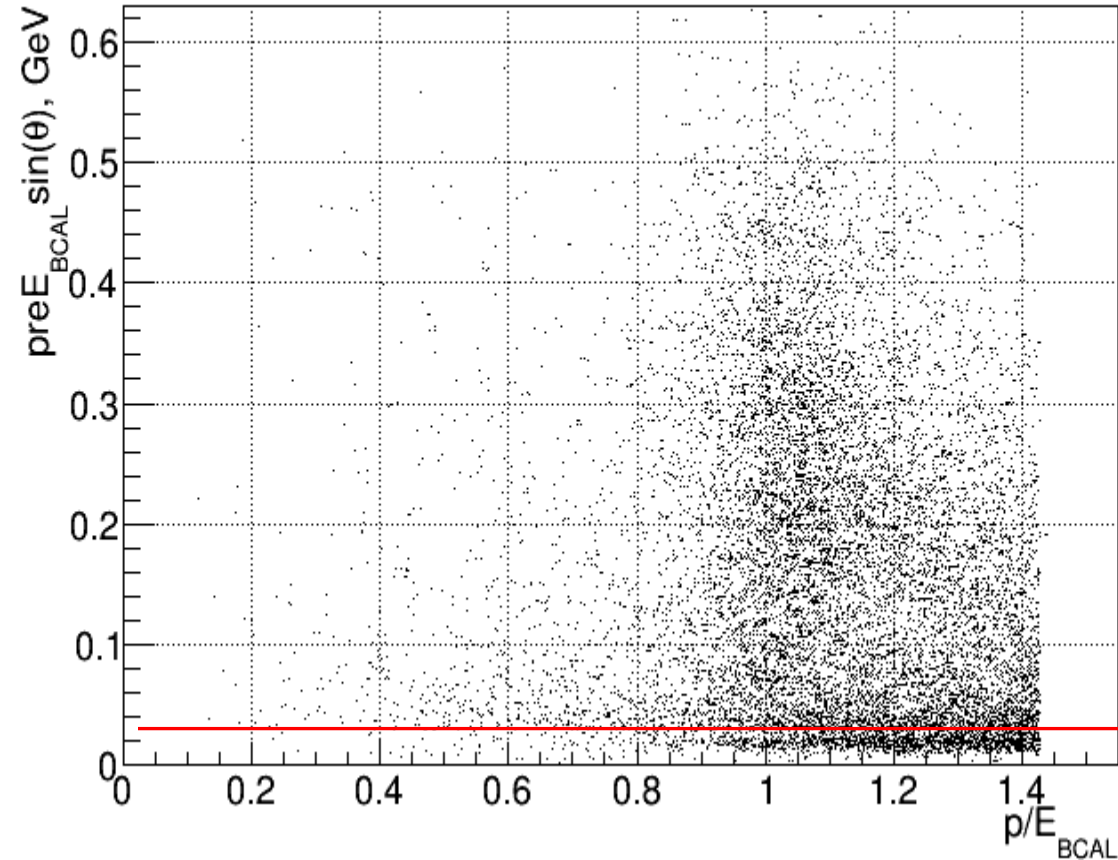
- Old analysis and using integral



- New analysis and using peak amplitude



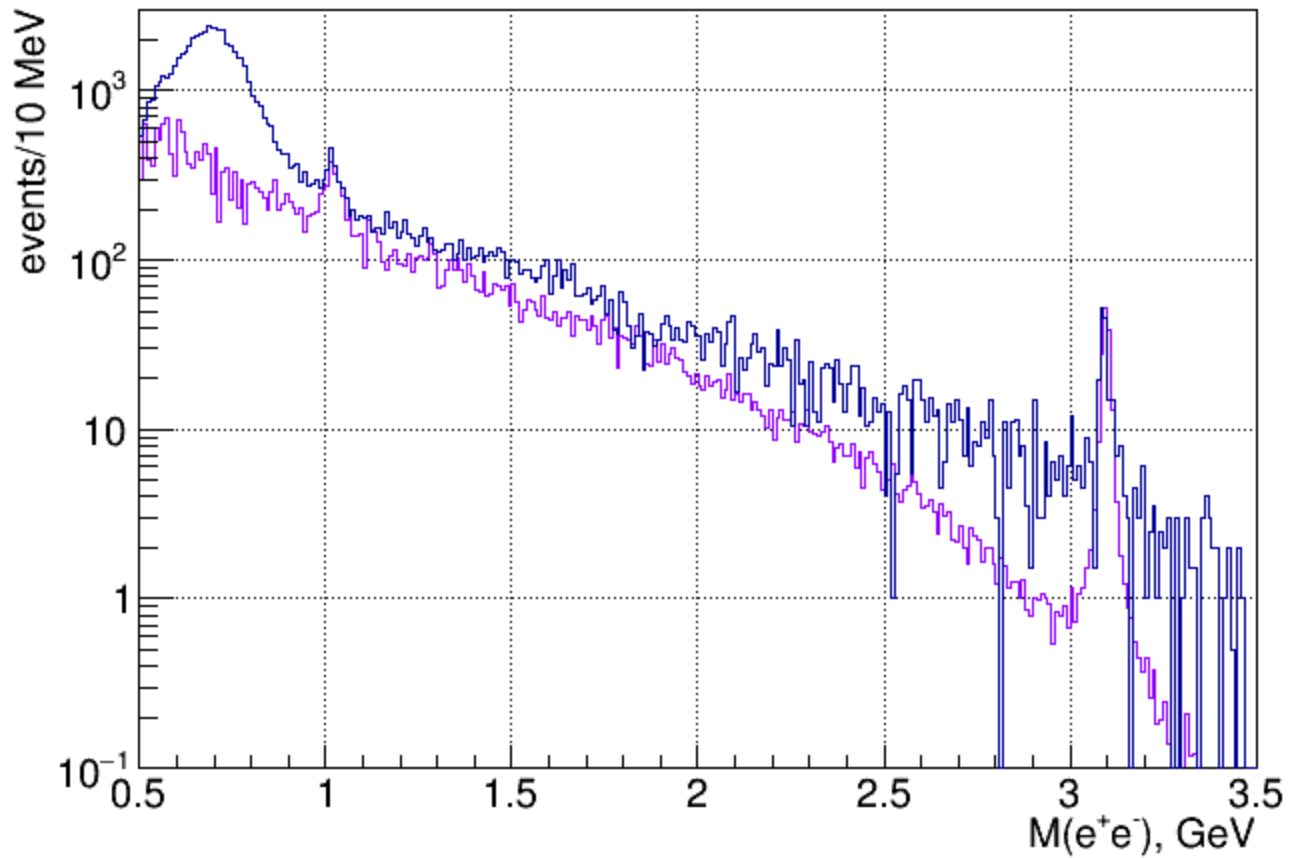
# BCAL pre-shower and other cuts



- $\text{BCAL presh.} * \sin(\theta) > 30 \text{ MeV}$
- $\theta(e^+, e^-) > 2 \text{ deg}$
- $p(e^+, e^-) > 0.4 \text{ GeV}$
- $\text{abs}(M(p, \pi^+/\pi^-) - 1.23) > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$

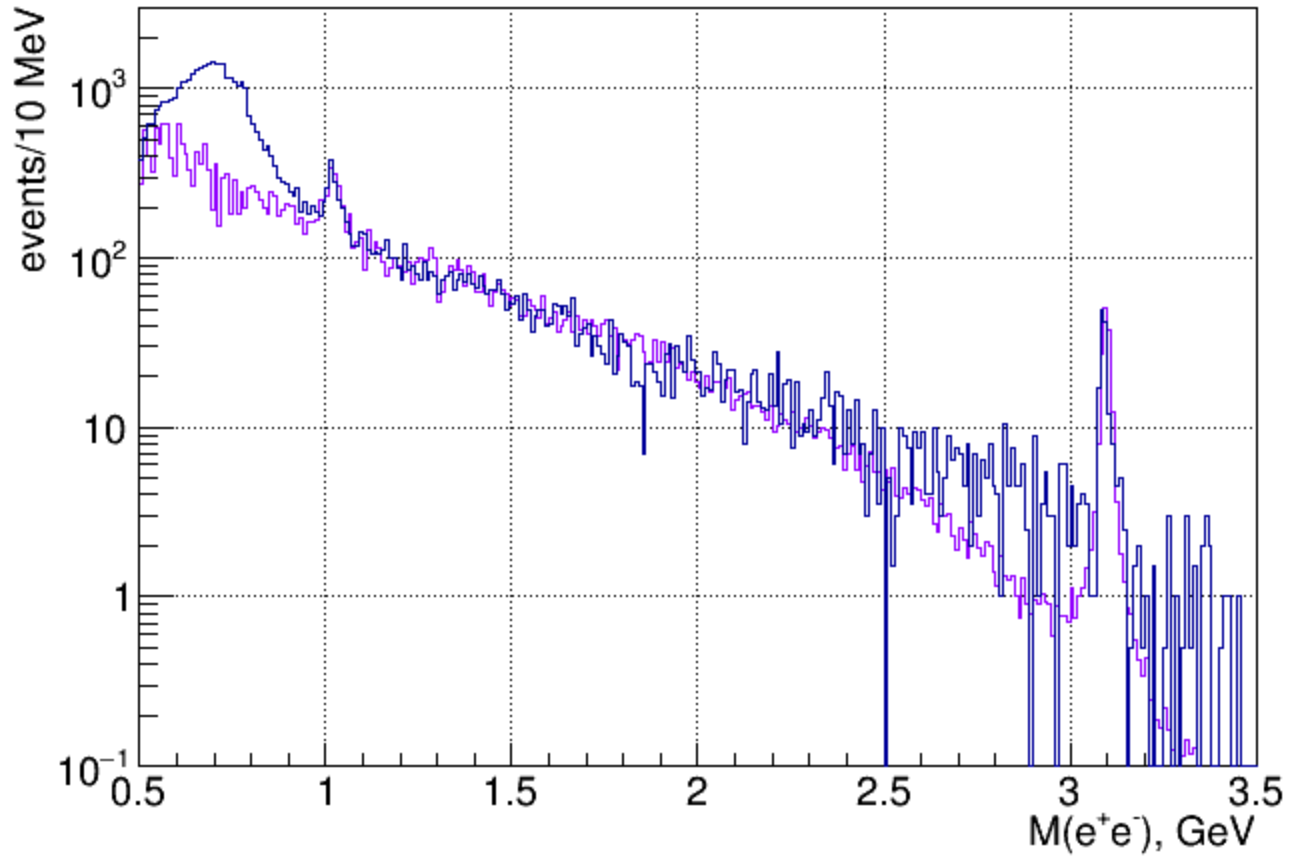
# Data vs MC for different p/E cuts

$6\sigma$  cut



# Data vs MC for different p/E cuts

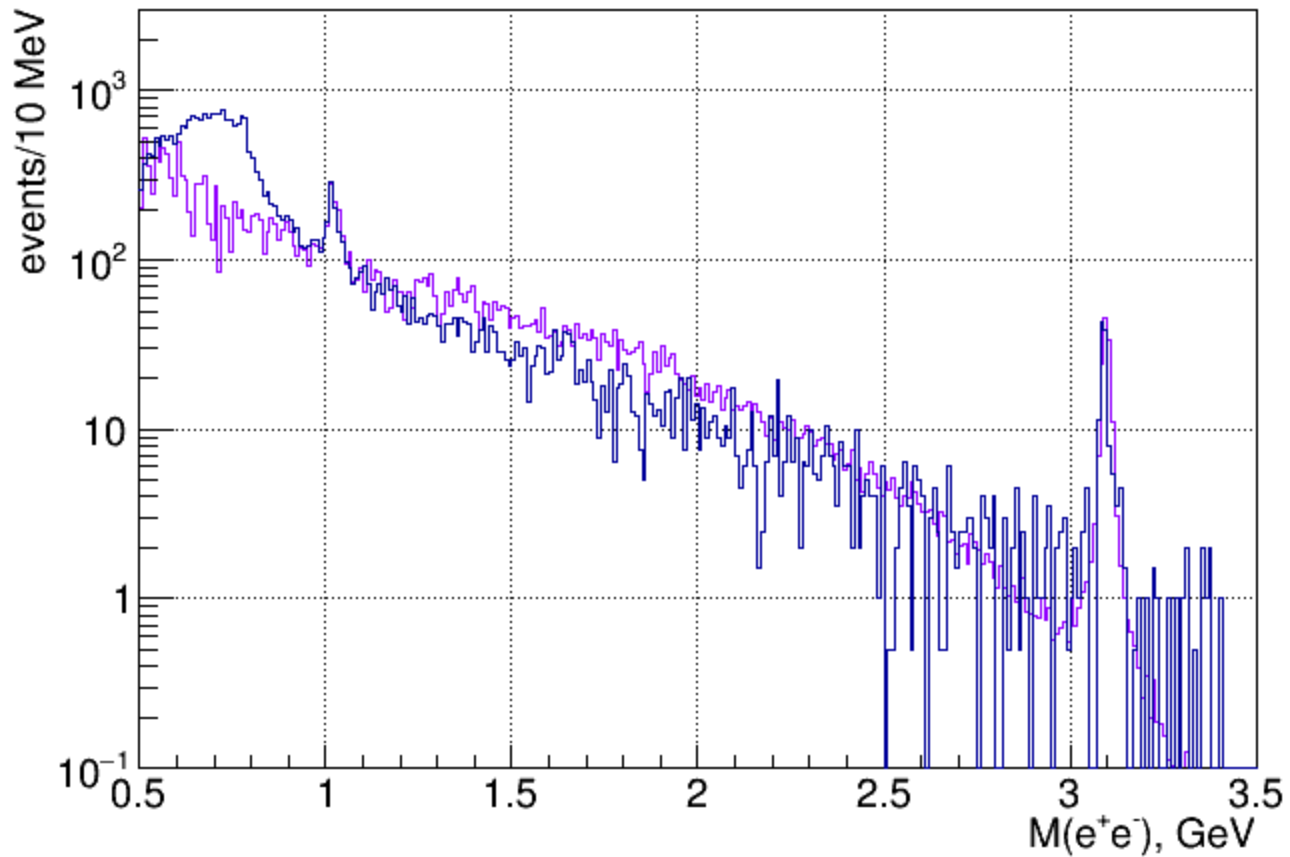
$4\sigma$  cut





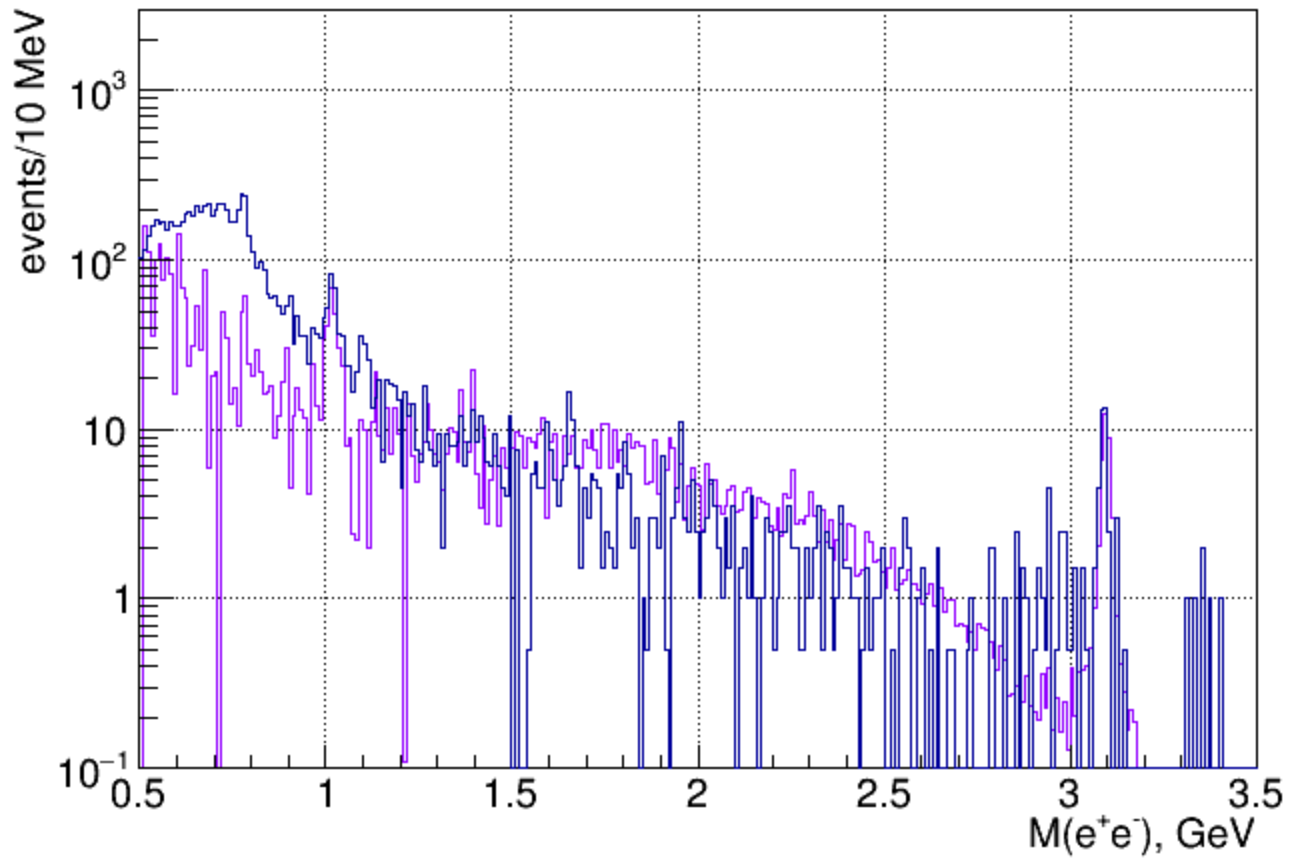
# Data vs MC for different p/E cuts

2  $\sigma$  cut



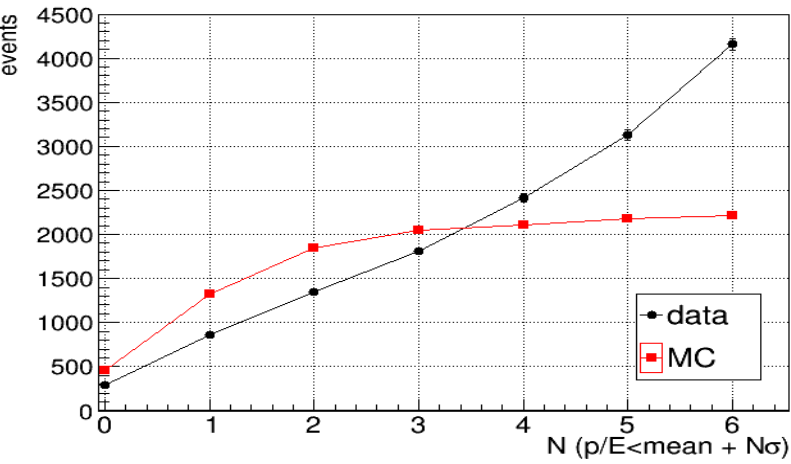
# Data vs MC for different p/E cuts

$0 \sigma$  cut

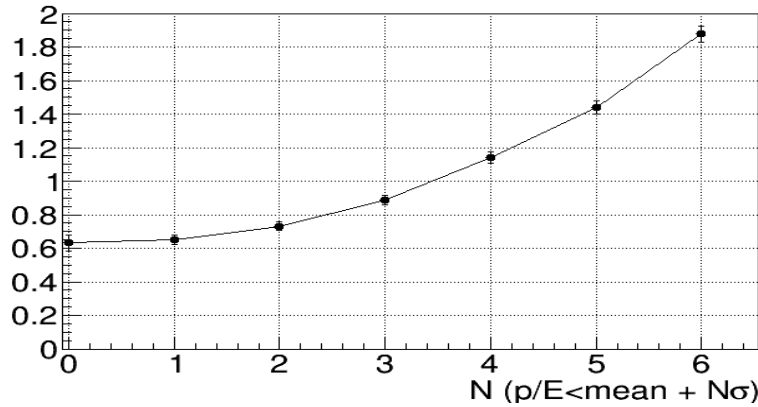


# Varying p/E cut

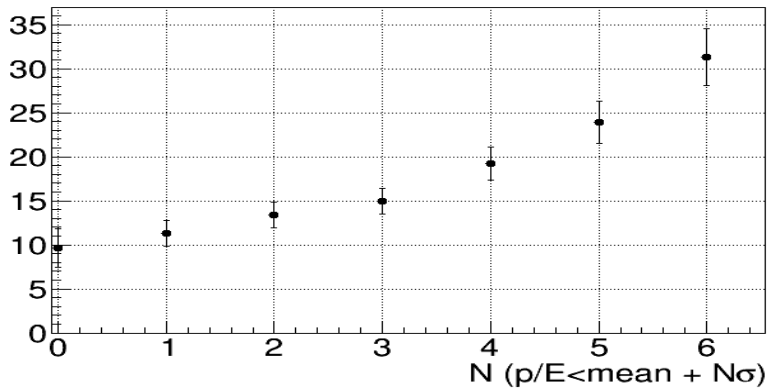
### BH yield 1.5-2.5 GeV



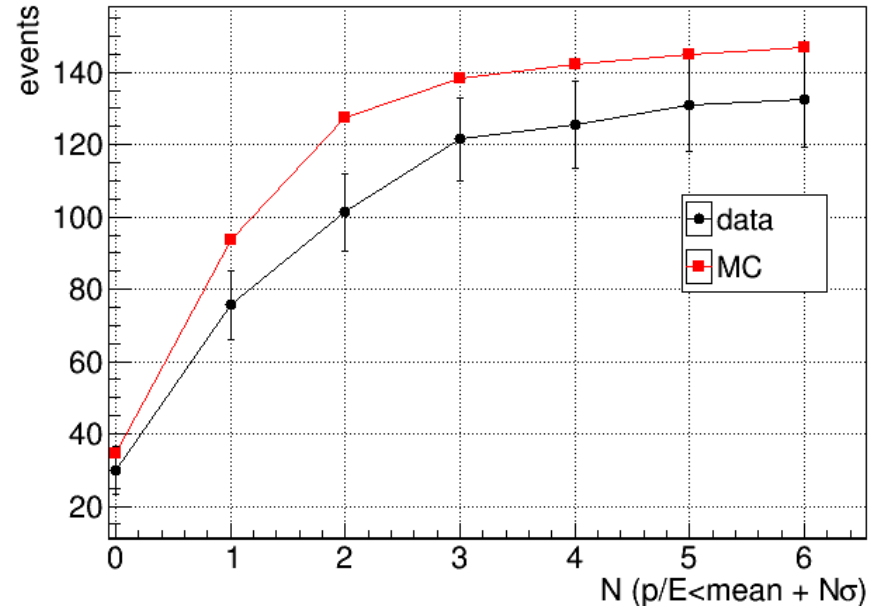
### BH data/MC ratio



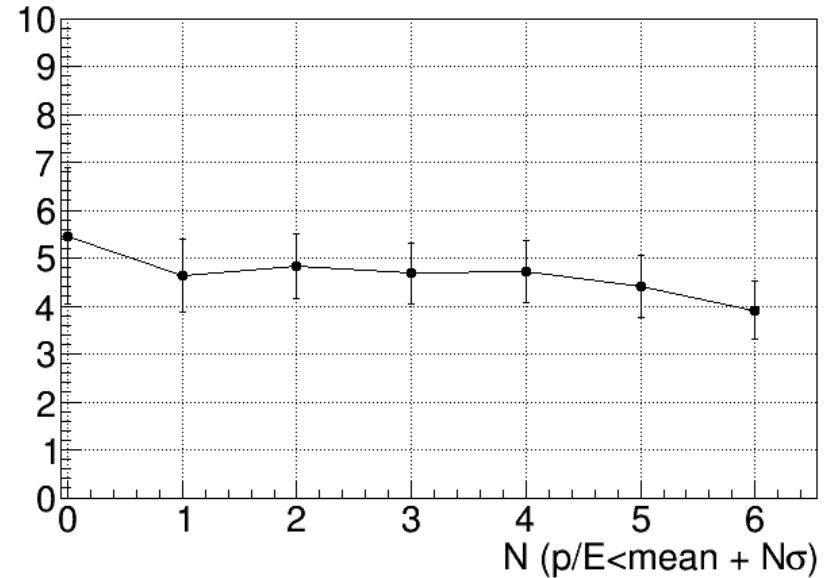
### BH/J/ψ data ratio



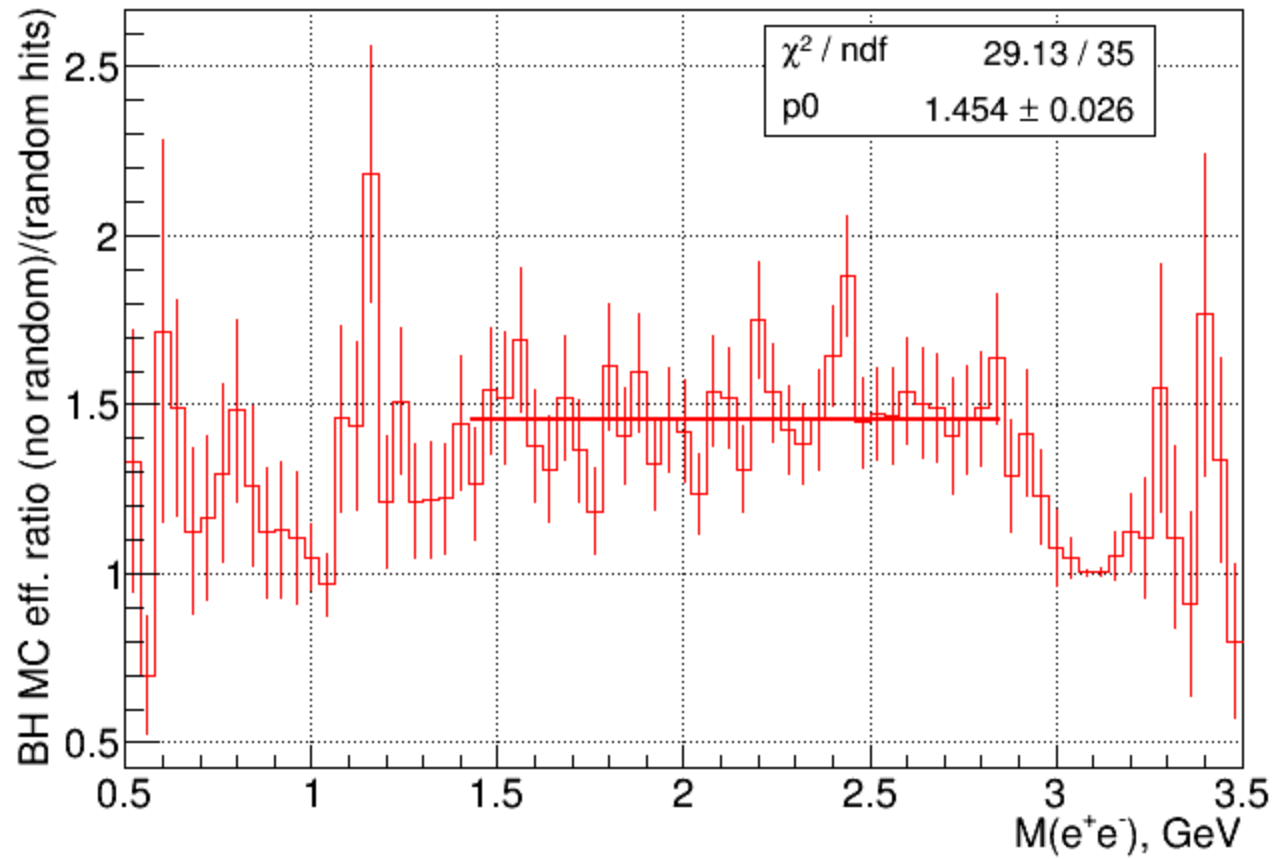
### J/ψ yield



### ϕ/(J/ψ) data ratio



# BH MC without/with random hits



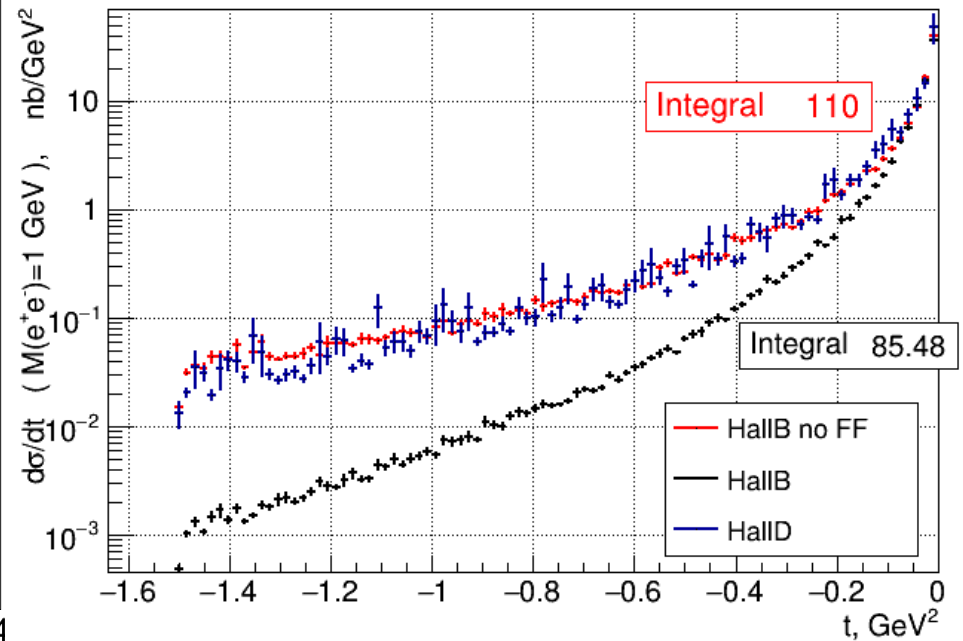
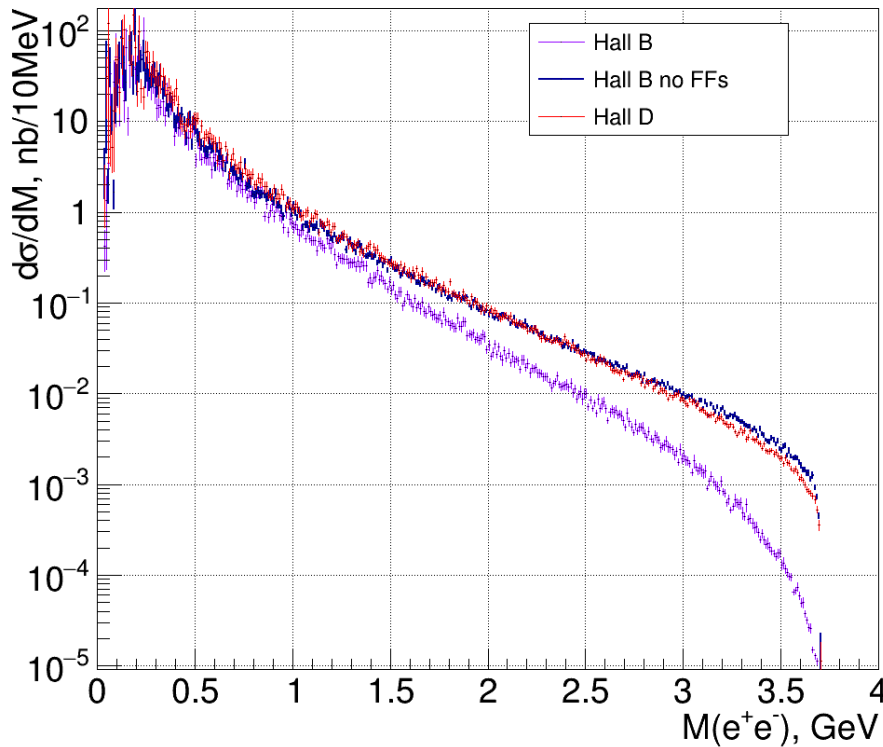
# Bethe-Heitler Simulations

Generator /author	Based on	Proton FFs	Phase space	Singularities	Implemeted for HalID
Rafayel Paremuzyan	Berger et.al* formulas	yes	flat	Acceptance cut	yes
Mike Dugger	Feynman diag. (numerical)	no	weighted	Propagator cut	yes
Richard Jones	Feynman diag. (numerical)	yes	weighted	Propagator cut	no
Marie Boer	Berger at.al* formulas?	yes	flat	Acceptance cut	no

\* Berger, E., Diehl, M. & Pire, B. Eur. Phys. J. C (2002) 23: 675.  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s100520200917>

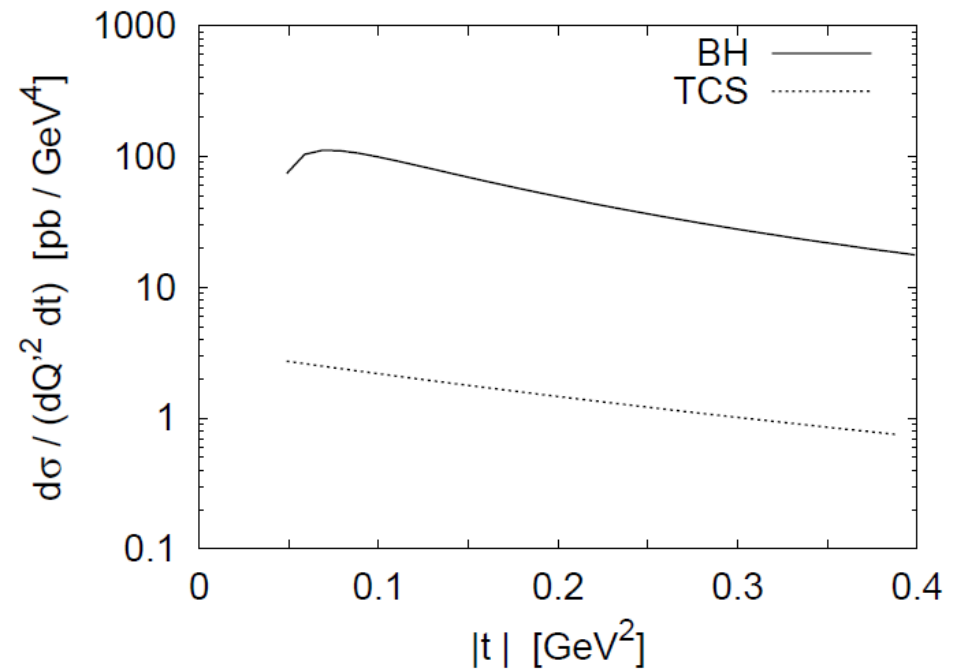
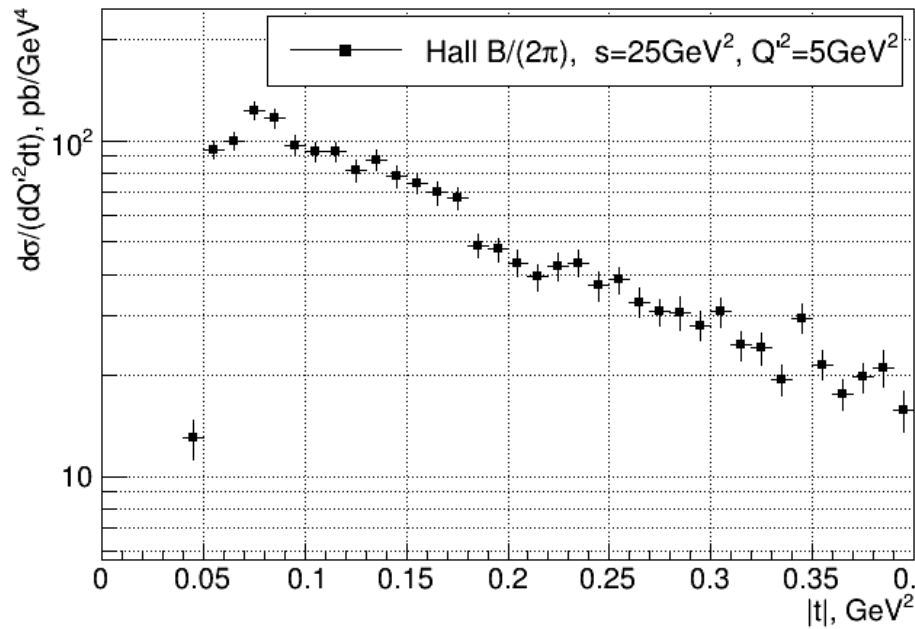
# Bethe-Heitler Simulations – proton FFs

- Hall B (Rafayel) vs Hall D (Mike)  $E_\gamma = 11$  GeV,  $\theta_e > 0.01$
- Proton FFs explain differences
- Right plot: t dependence at  $M(e^+e^-) = 1$  GeV
- $t_{\min}$  increases with  $M(e^+e^-)$



# Bethe-Heitler Simulations

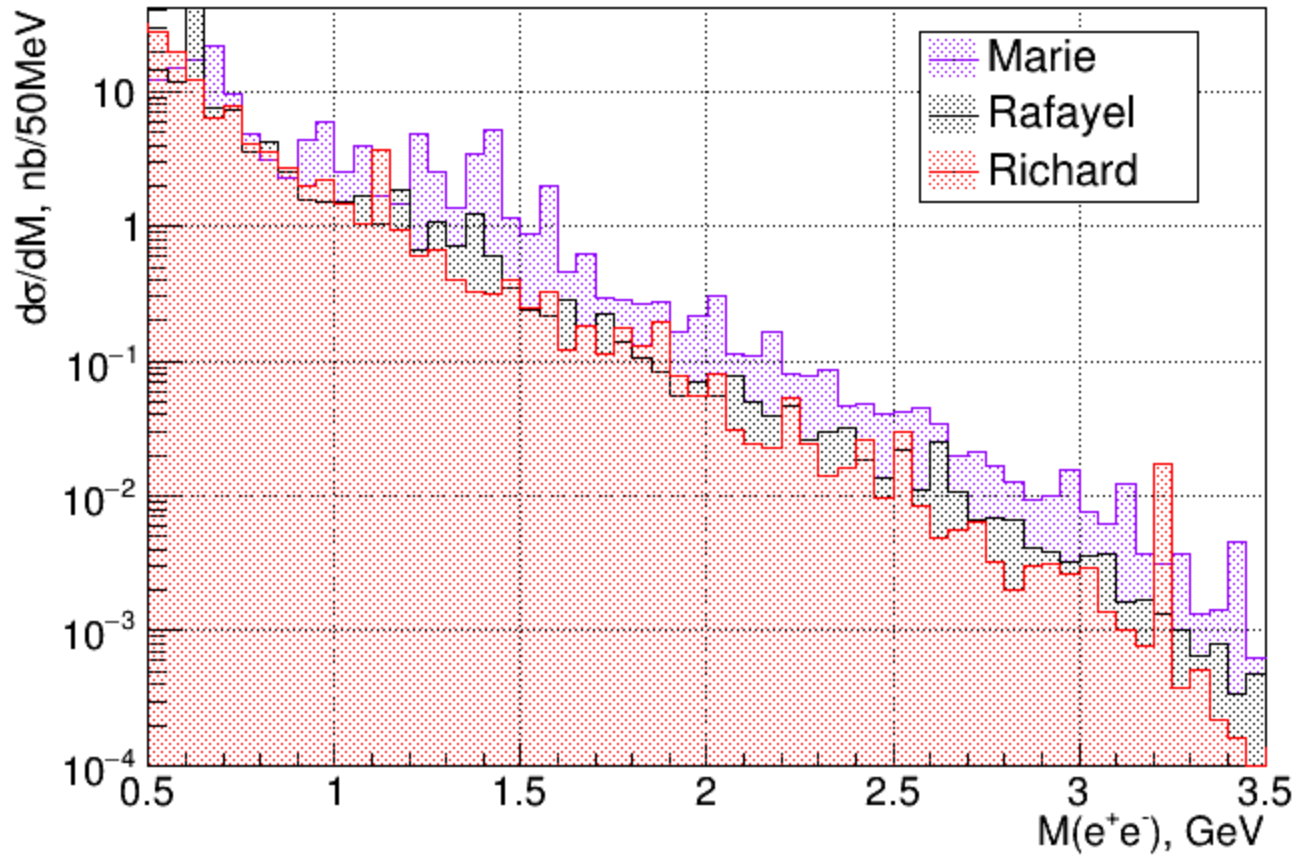
- Hall B vs Berger et.al paper



- $s = 25 \text{ GeV}^2$      $Q^2 = 5 \text{ GeV}^2$

# Bethe-Heitler Simulations

- Three BH generators: using dipole FFs



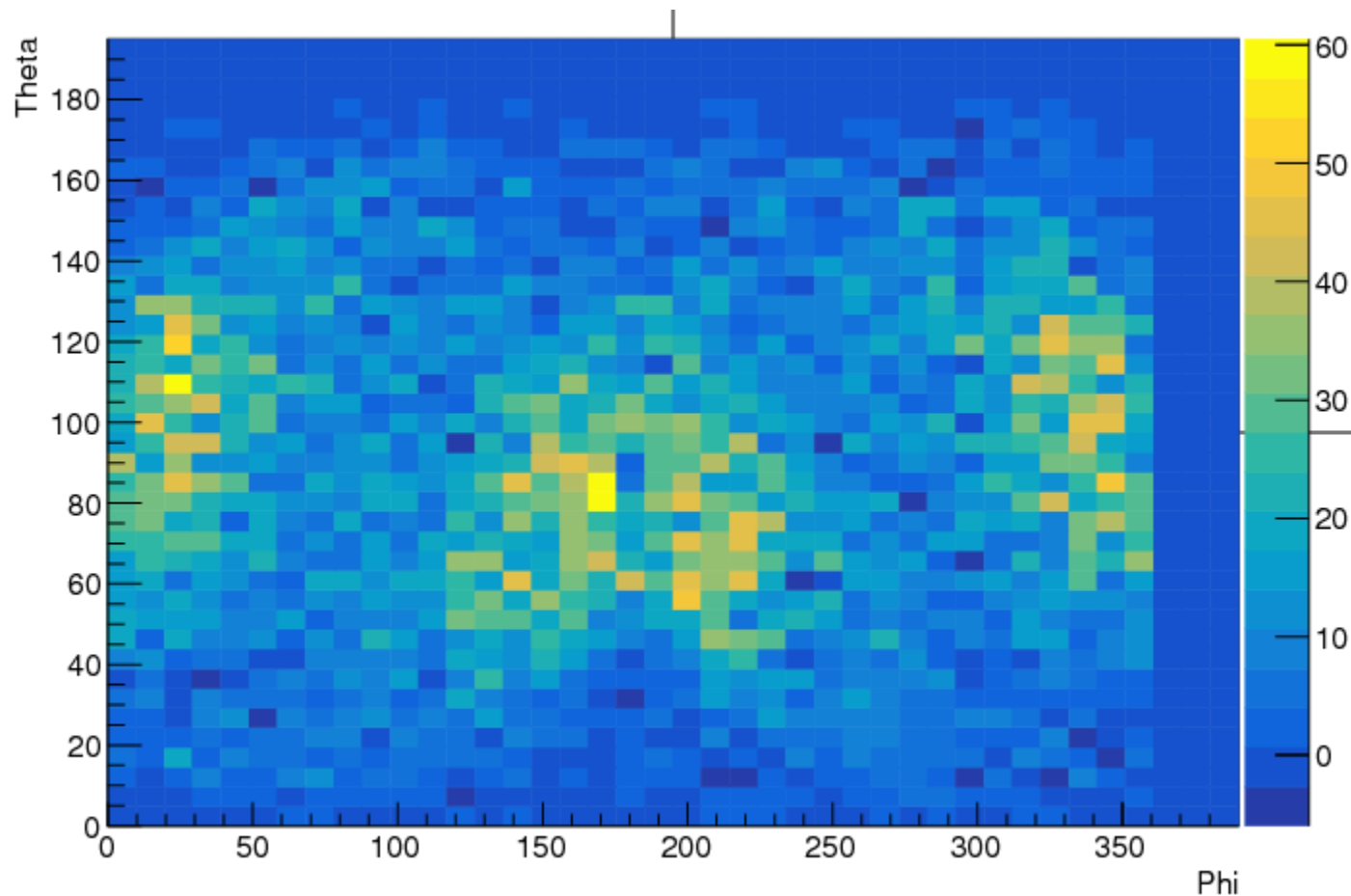
$$E_\gamma = 11 \text{ GeV} \quad 40 < \theta < 140 \quad 0.04 < |t| < 3.5 \text{ GeV}^2$$



# Bethe-Heitler Simulations - uncertainties

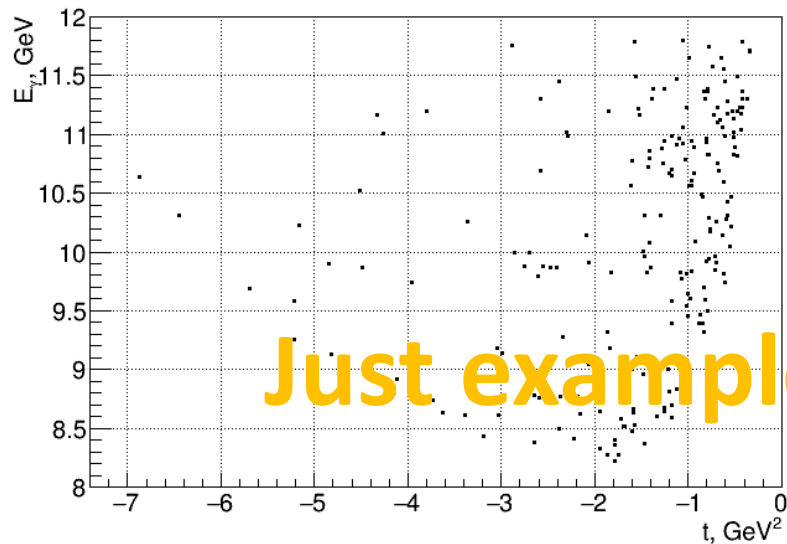
From Marie B.:

- Singularities for  $\theta_{\text{cm}(e+e-)} \rightarrow 0$  and  $\pi$
- Additional uncertainties from TCS contribution
- Estimated  $\sim 20\%$ (?) uncertainties

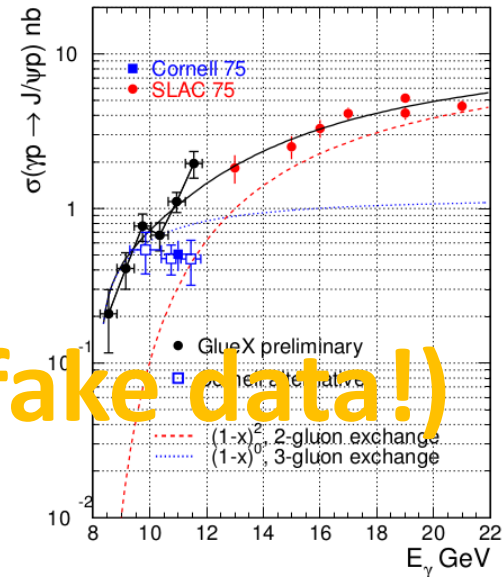


# Outlook

- BH is the only option we can do normalization in bins of energy (needed for the highest energy point!)
- Need to finalize cuts
- Run reconstruction/analysis over 2016 data
- Expect something like this:



Just examples (fake data!)



- Estimate the pentaquark BR limits
- Estimate systematics

# Model Fitting

- Want to test different production models and provide accurate determination of the confidence intervals of their parameters
- Implementing unbinned fitter
  - Performing toy MC tests to verify accuracy
- Plan: Finalize fitting code and extract expected limits before applying to data

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dt} \propto \frac{1}{E_\gamma^2} A^2 e^{2b(t-t_0)} \left( \frac{s-s_{\text{thr}}}{s_0} \right)^{2\alpha(t)}$$

with

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha(t) = \alpha_0 + \alpha' t & : \text{ Pomeron} \\ A & : \text{ Normalization} \\ b & : t - \text{ Slope} \end{aligned}$$

Total cross section:

$$\sigma = \int_{t_{\text{max}}}^{t_{\text{min}}} \frac{d\sigma}{dt} dt$$

JPAC Model via A. Austregeslio

From Sean

# Model Fitting

- Example: JPAC model
  - $N(J/\psi) = 300$
  - $M(P_c) = 4.45 \text{ GeV}$
  - $\Gamma(P_c) = 0.039 \text{ GeV}$
  - $\text{spin}(P_c) = 5/2$
  - $\text{Br}(P_c \rightarrow J/\psi + p) = 3\%$
  - Statistical uncertainties only

