

# Working toward XHV

Characterization and Improvements  
of the  
Vacuum System  
for a  
GaAs Photoemission Electron Source

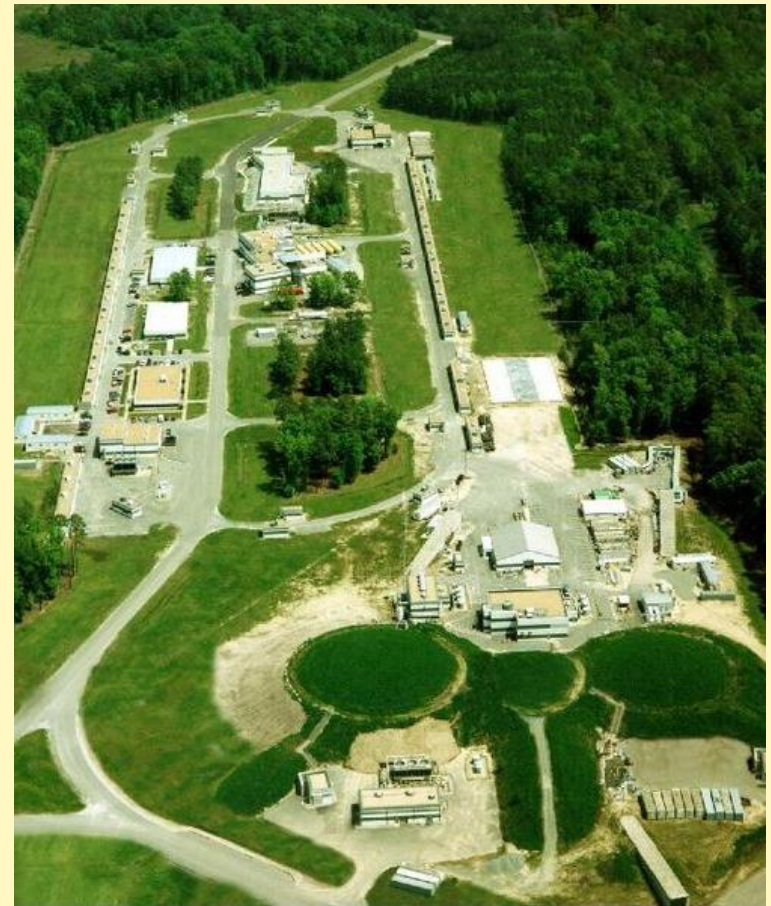
Marcy L. Stutzman

P. Adderley, J. Clark, A. Comer, S. Covert, J. Grames, J. Hansknecht, M. Poelker

Center for Injectors and Sources  
Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

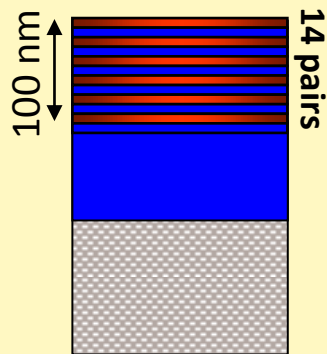
# Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

- 6 (12) GeV Electron accelerator for Nuclear Physics
- 85% polarization, up to  $\sim 200 \mu\text{A}$  beam to three experimental halls
- DC photoemission electron source
- Lifetime depends largely on vacuum
- Future accelerators (CLIC, EIC, ILC)  
higher current required

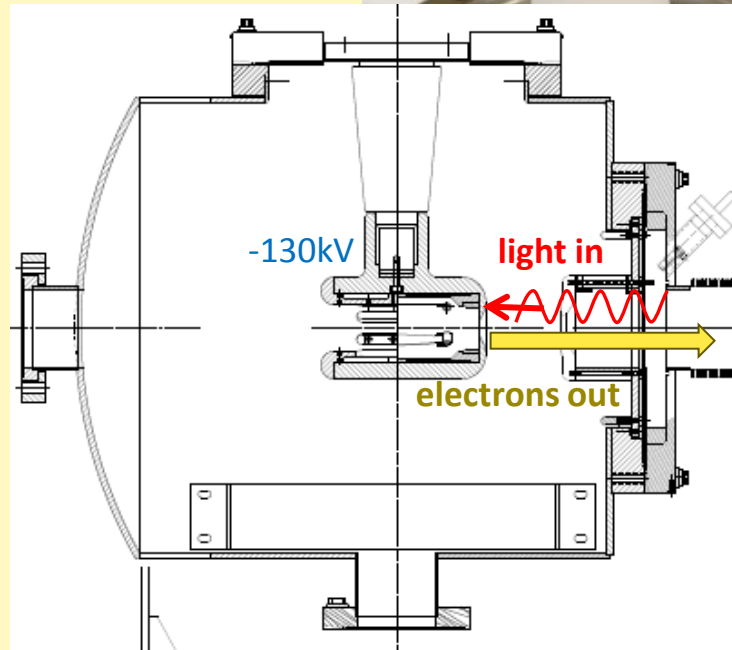


# Polarized Electron Source

- DC photoemission source
- Polished electrodes
- 100-130 kV
- Strained superlattice GaAs/GaAsP photocathode



Strained superlattice  
GaAs/GaAsP  
Bandwidth semiconductor  
QE ~ 1%, Pol ~ 85%



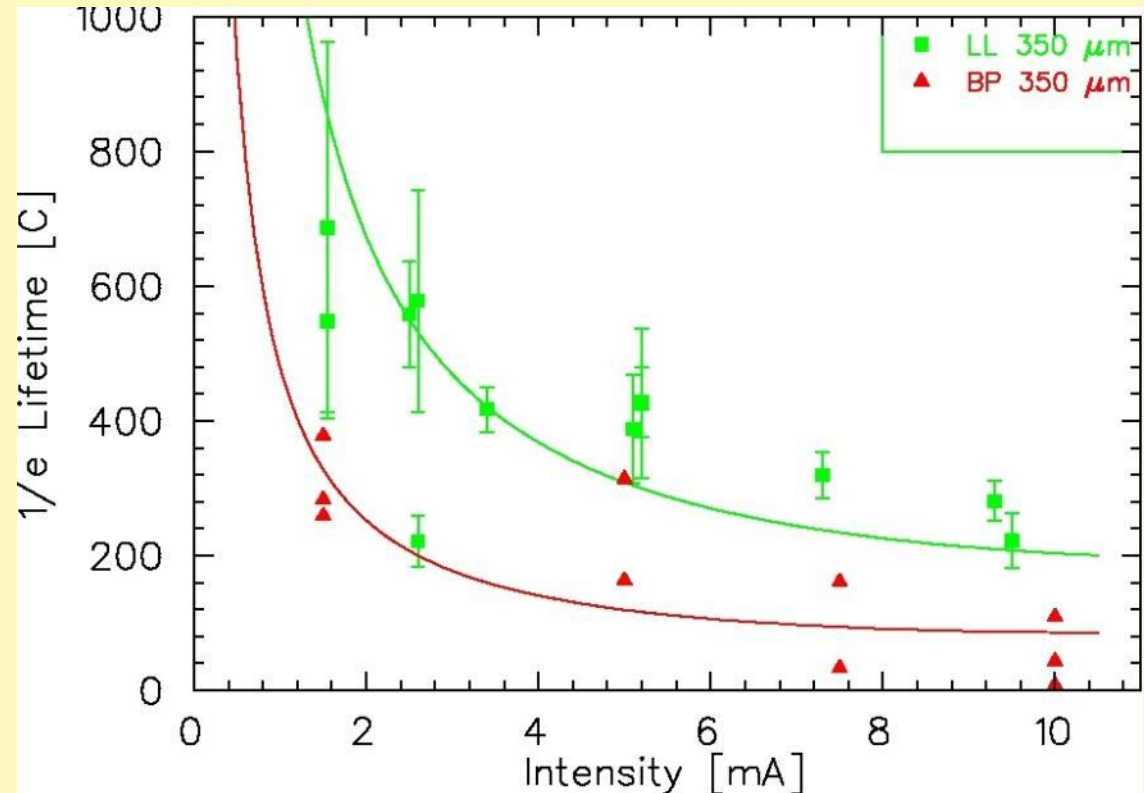
# Vacuum affects cathode lifetime

Poor Vacuum, lower  
photocathode  
lifetime (red)

Better vacuum,  
higher lifetimes

Other lifetime factors

- photocathode properties
- field emission
- beam handling



How to reach  $XHV \equiv P < 0.76 \times 10^{-12}$  Torr?

Less gas in

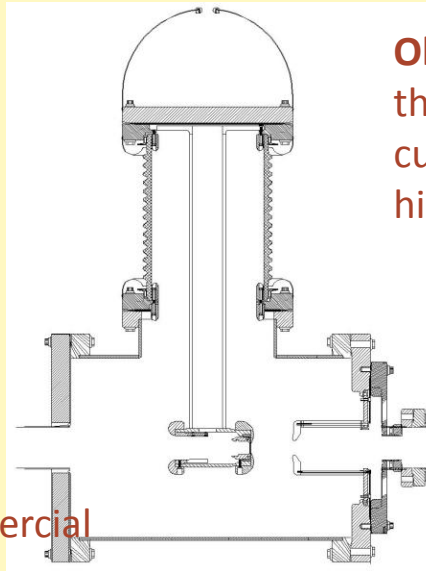
More gas out

Measure pressure



# Less gas in: reduce outgassing

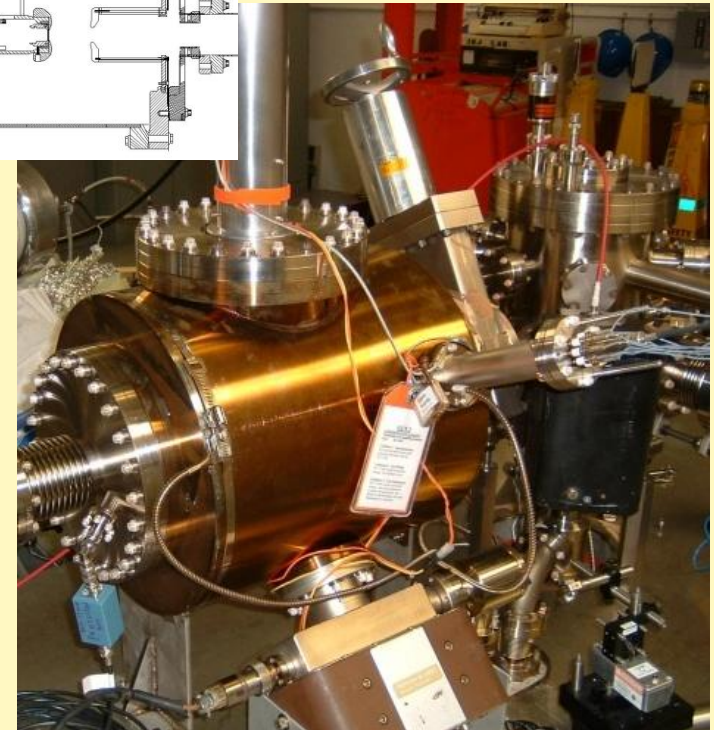
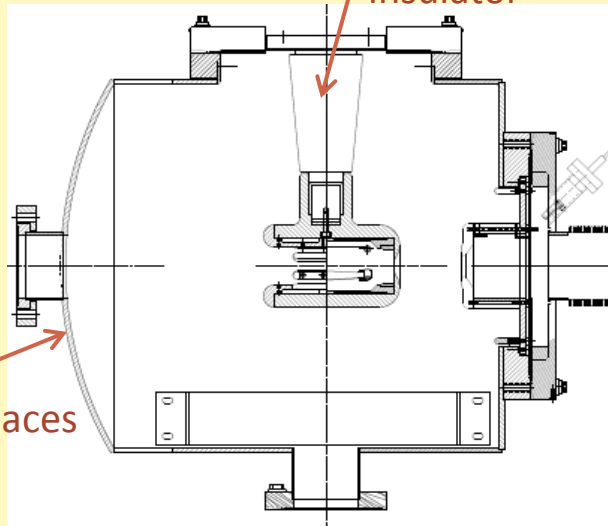
- Primary source in stainless system: hydrogen outgassing
- To reduce outgassing
  - reduce thick flange area
  - heat treatment
    - 400°C semi-vacuum bake
    - 10+ days



**Old design**  
thick flanges  
custom insulator  
high field points

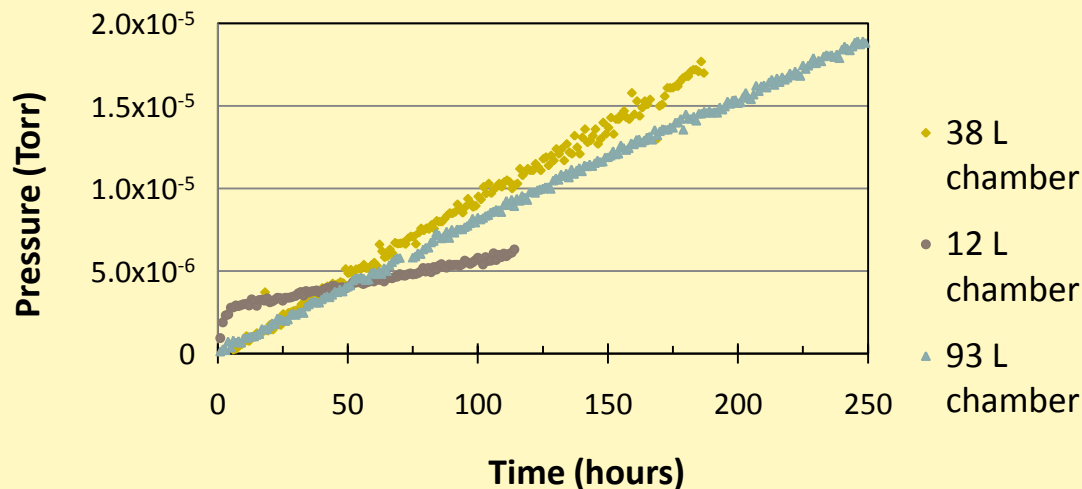
**New design**

thin dome replaces  
thick flanges



# Less gas in: reduce outgassing

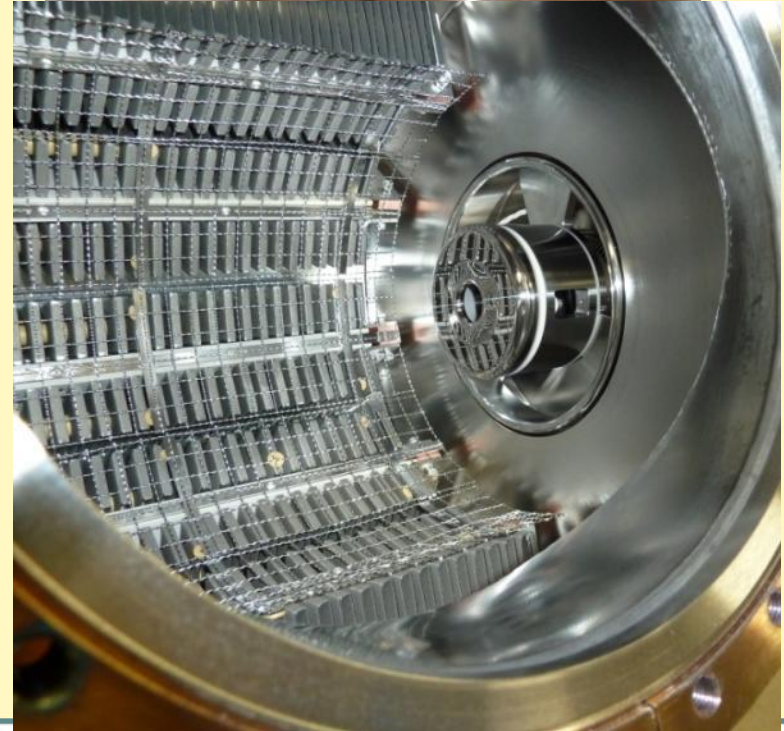
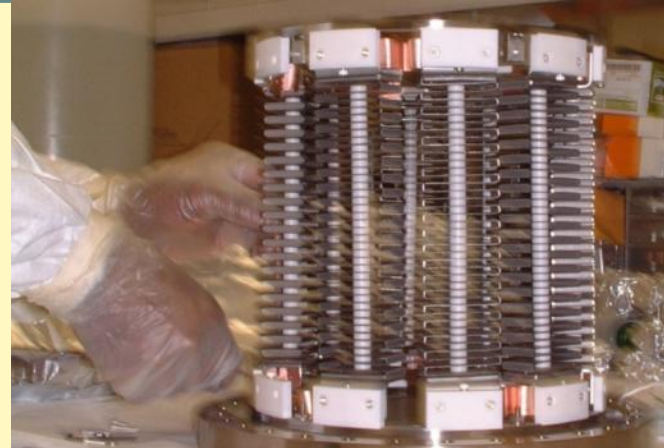
- Outgassing measured by Spinning Rotor Gauge rate of rise
- Semi-vacuum bake
  - Hot air outside
  - Vacuum inside



chamber	treatment	Q (Torr·L/s·cm <sup>2</sup> )
304	900°C 2 hours before welding	$9 \times 10^{-13}$
93 liter, 316LN EP	400°C, ~10 days	$1.5 \times 10^{-13}$
38 liter, 316, thin wall, EP	400°C, ~10days	$1.13 \times 10^{-13}$
12 liter, 304	400°C, ~10 days	$3.5 \times 10^{-14}$ ?

# More gas out: improve pumping

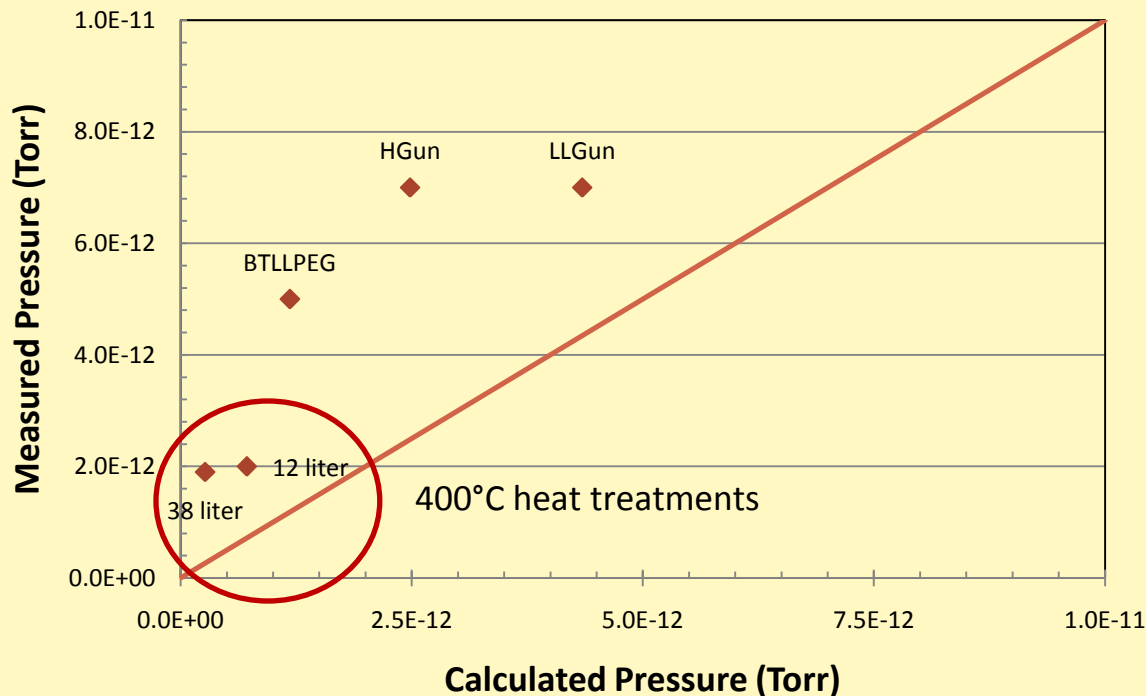
- Pump system combines
  - non-evaporable getters (NEG)
  - ion pumps
- Rotate NEG modules to eliminate line of sight from walls to cathode/anode gap
- Add  $\sim 400^{\circ}\text{C}$  activation during  $250^{\circ}\text{C}$  bake





# Pumping

Measured vs. Calculated Pressures



- $P_{\text{calc}} = QA/S$
- Approaching calculated pressures
- Heat treated chambers: closer to expected pressure
- All pressures nitrogen equivalent

Pressure still not as low as predicted

# Do ion pumps limit a chamber's ultimate pressure?

## System 1: 40 L/s ion pump (diode)

Flapper Valve	HV Chamber IP	Extractor Gauge
Open	0.1 nA	$8.8 \times 10^{-12}$ Torr
Closed	3.5 nA	$8.2 \times 10^{-12}$ Torr

Hurts!

Flapper valve between ion pump and NEG pumped chamber with extractor gauge

## System 2: old custom diode PE ion pump

Flapper Valve	HV Chamber IP	Extractor Gauge
Open	0.5 nA	$7.0 \times 10^{-12}$ Torr
Closed	1.8 nA	$7.8 \times 10^{-12}$ Torr
Open	0.3 nA	$7.6 \times 10^{-12}$ Torr
Closed	1.1 nA	$8.8 \times 10^{-12}$ Torr

Helps!

need more data

trying XHV option on Gamma ion pumps, no clear results yet

Reduce SIP size?

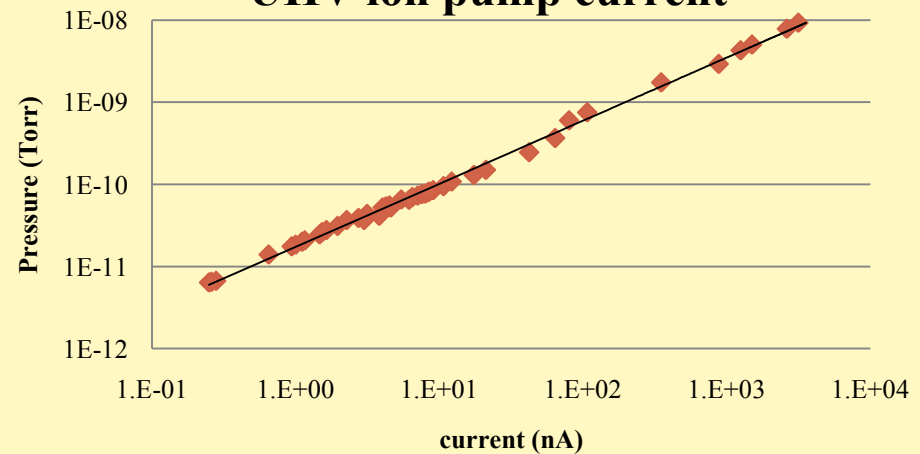
# UHV ion pump supplies

- UHV ion pump power supplies



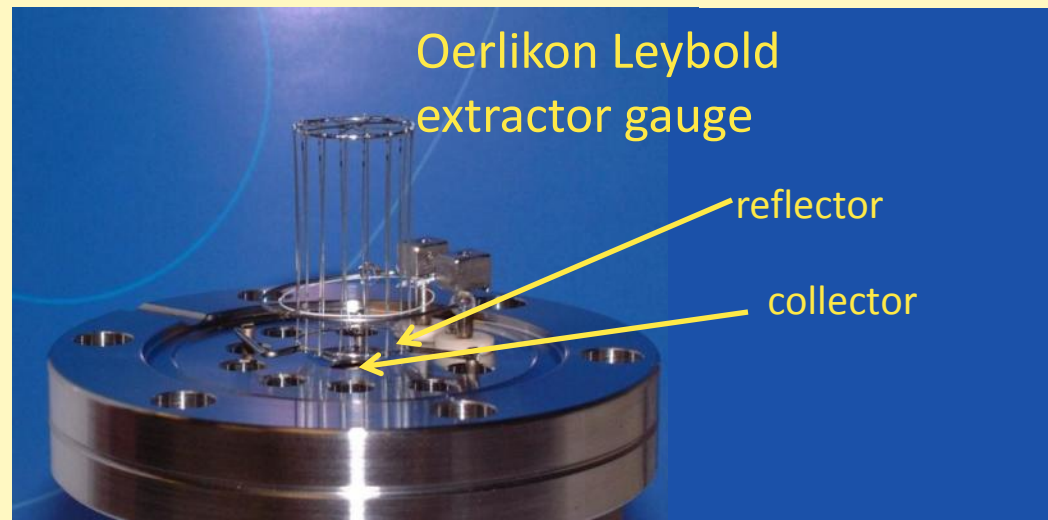
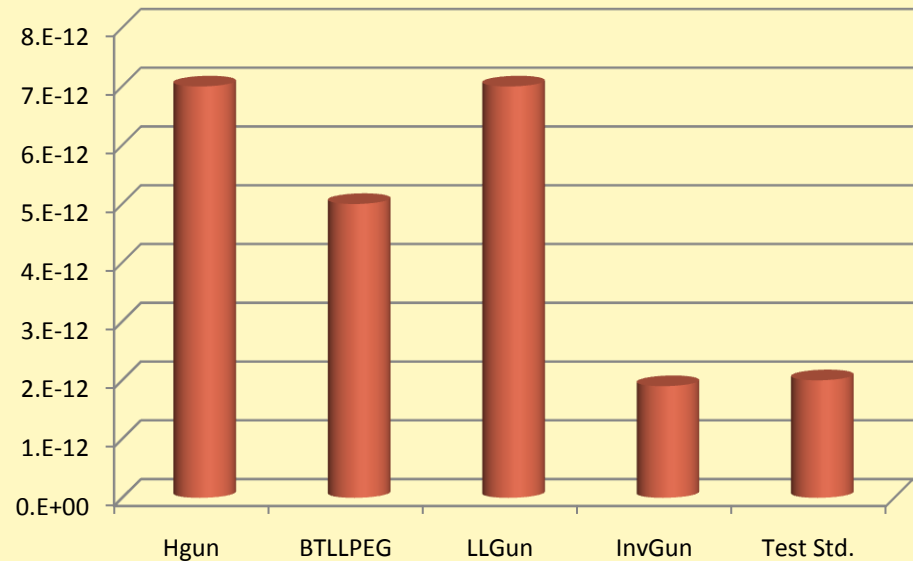
- power ion pumps once turned on
  - monitor current down to  $<1$  nA
  - sensitive relative pressure monitor
    - diagnose vacuum activity due to field emission without glowing filament
- Work in progress to extend lower measurement limit
  - Now can read 10 pA, see vacuum activity at that level

**Extractor gauge pressure vs.  
UHV ion pump current**

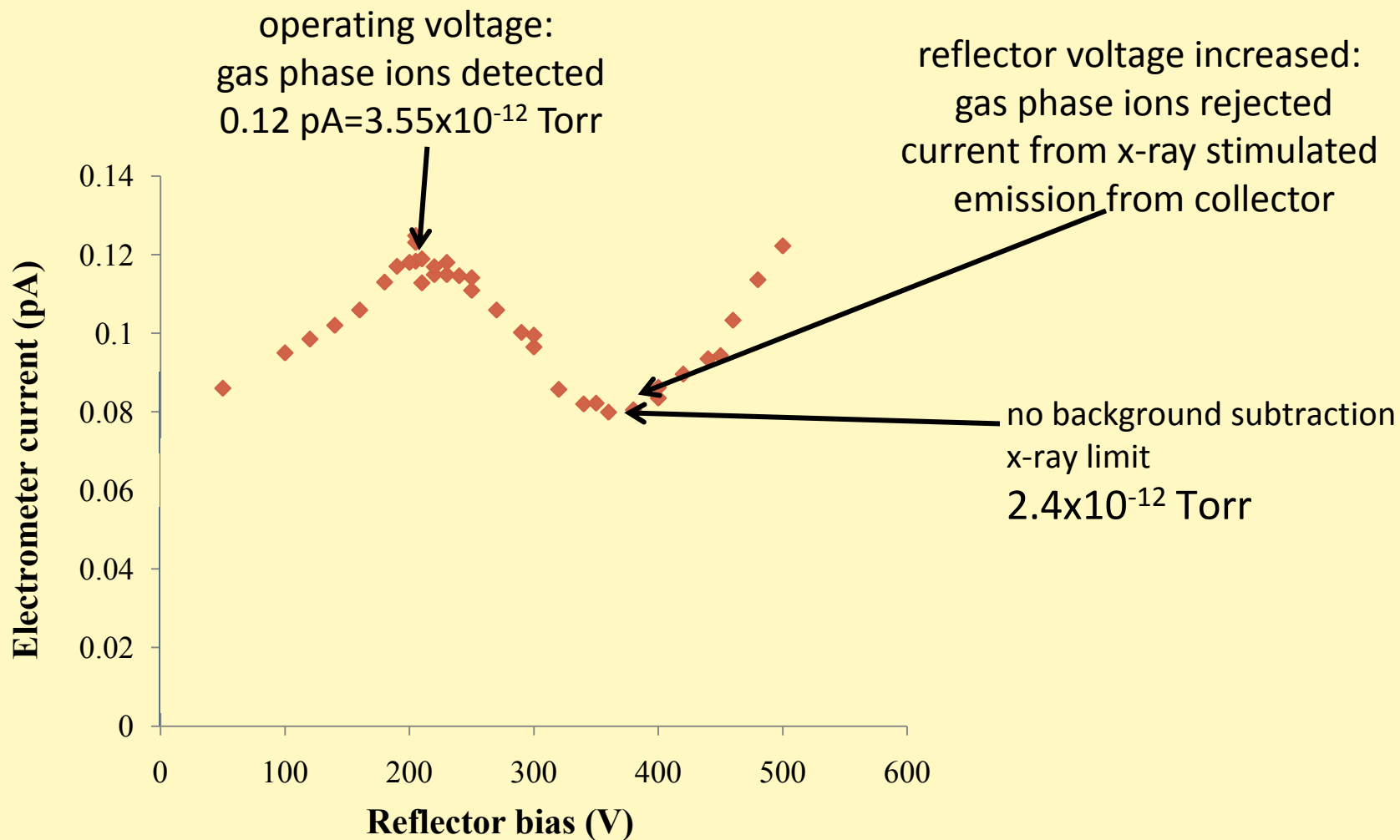


# Measure pressure

- $2 \times 10^{-12}$  Torr limit
    - Real pressure?
    - Gauge limitation?
  - Oerlikon Leybold extractor gauges
    - x-ray limit quoted  $< 0.76 \times 10^{-12}$  Torr
    - recessed collector
    - vary reflector voltage
- x-ray limit measurement



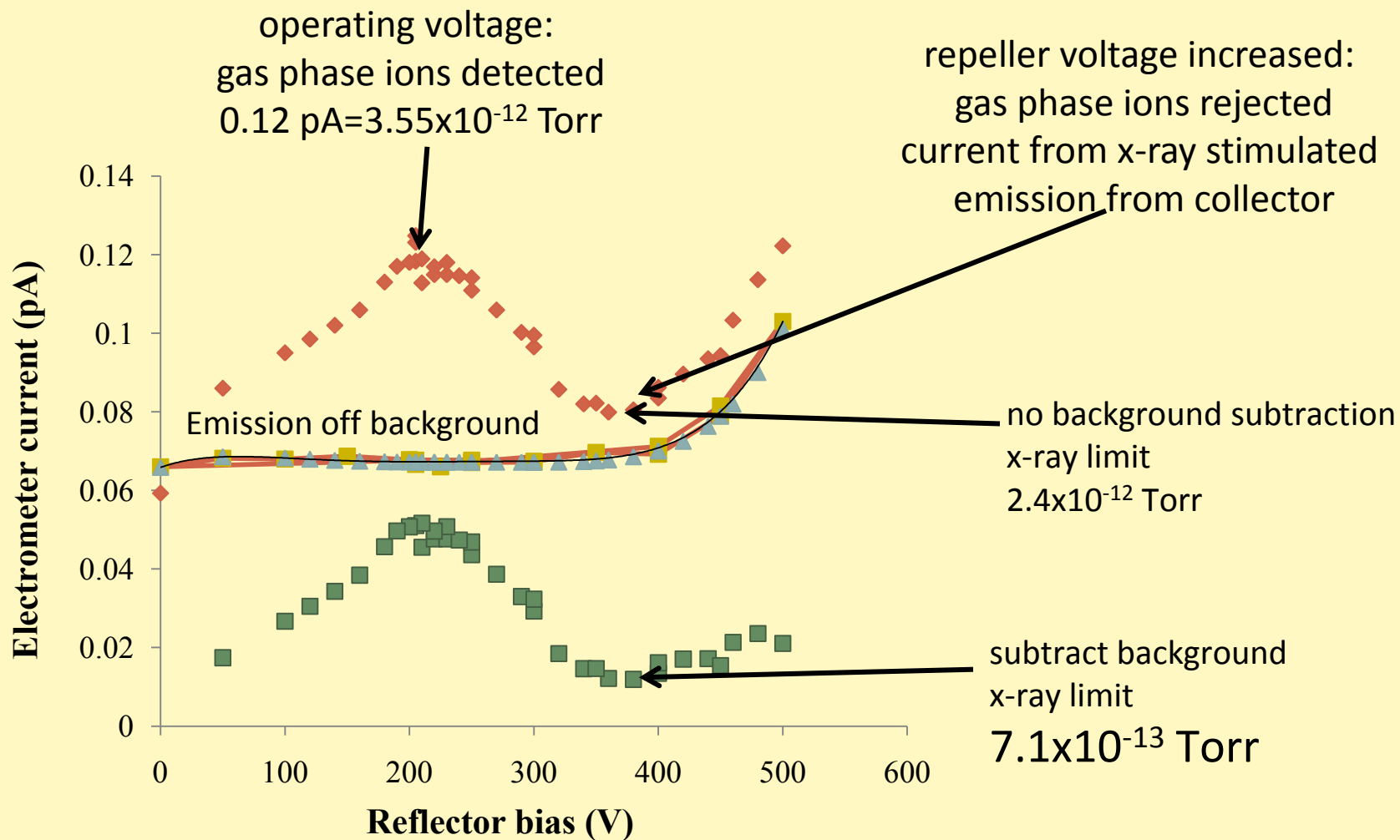
# Measure X-ray limit



method published by Fumio Watanabe,  
J. Vac. Sci. Technol. A **9**, 2744 (1991)



# Measure X-ray limit

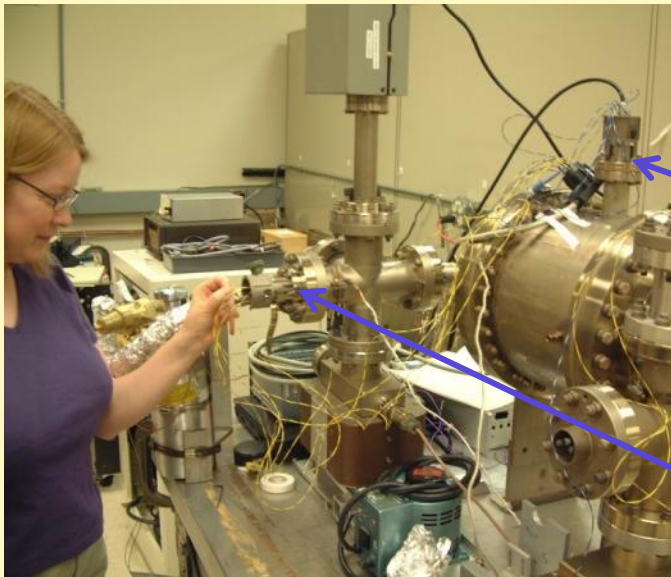
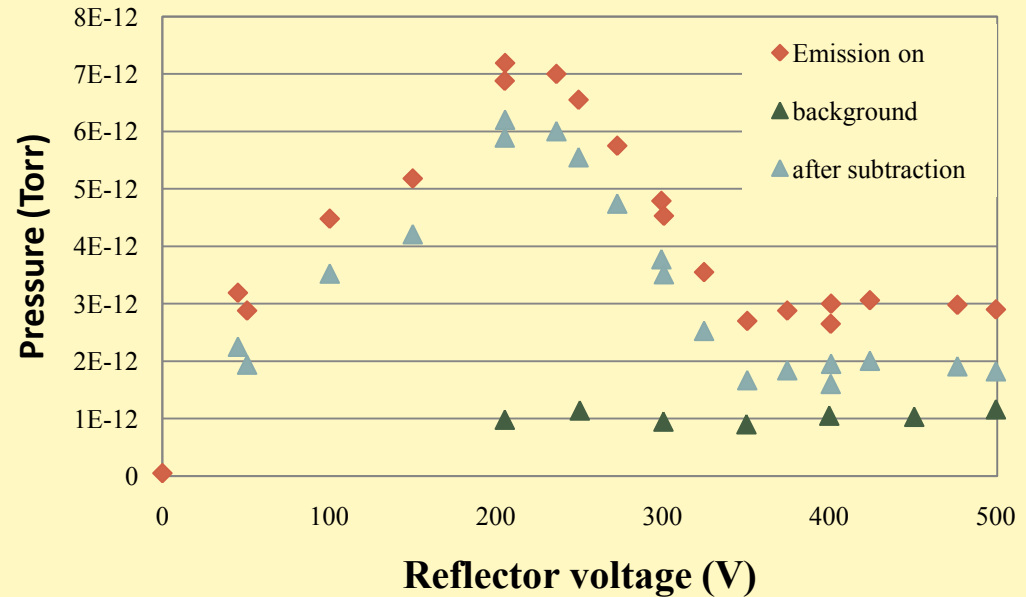


looks promising

method published by Fumio Watanabe,  
J. Vac. Sci. Technol. A **9**, 2744 (1991)

# Better background subtraction

Measure  
“emission off”  
background  
with gauge  
elements biased



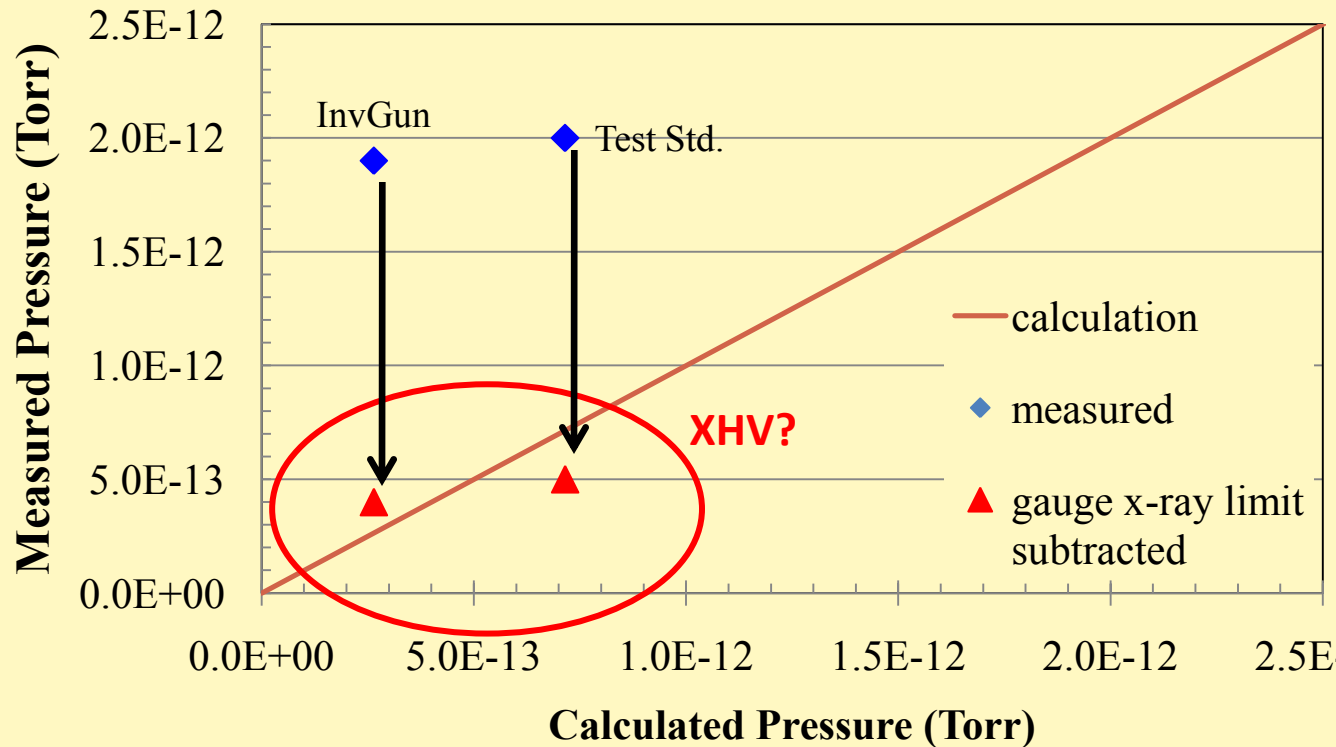
**First extractor:**  
biased, no emission  
current/pressure measured

**Second extractor:**  
biased, emission on  
no current/pressure measured

x-ray limit near  
 $2 \times 10^{-12}$  Torr  
as installed?

# X-ray limit subtraction

Measured vs. Calculated Pressures

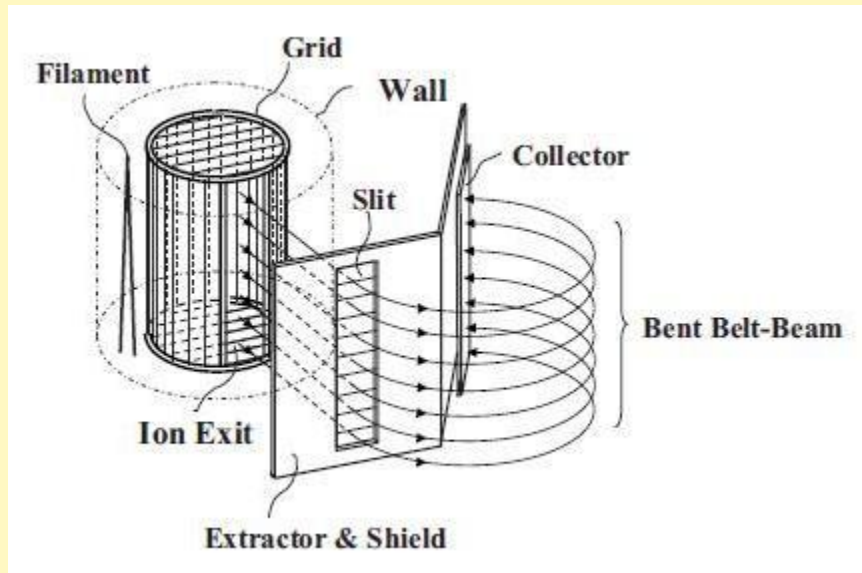


Subtract x-ray limit of gauge from measured pressure

Nitrogen equivalent pressure into XHV regime

Error bars huge subtracting similar numbers

# Watanabe BBB Gauge



Fumio Watanabe JVSTA 28(3) p.486 2010

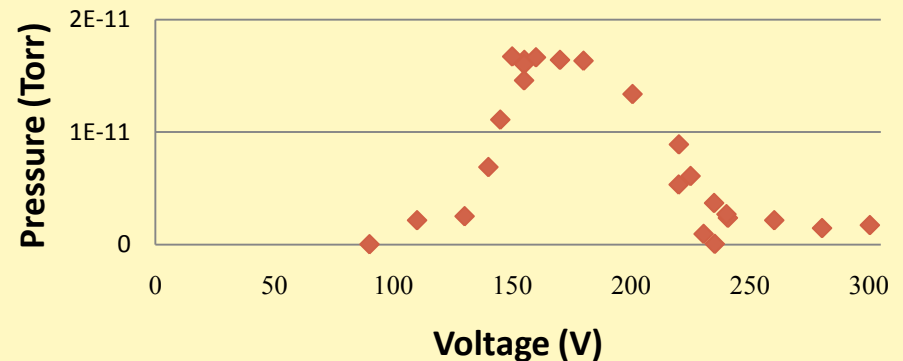
230° deflector, BeCu housing  
pressure measurement limit quoted

**$4 \times 10^{-14}$  Torr !!!**

Leybold IM540 controller + bias

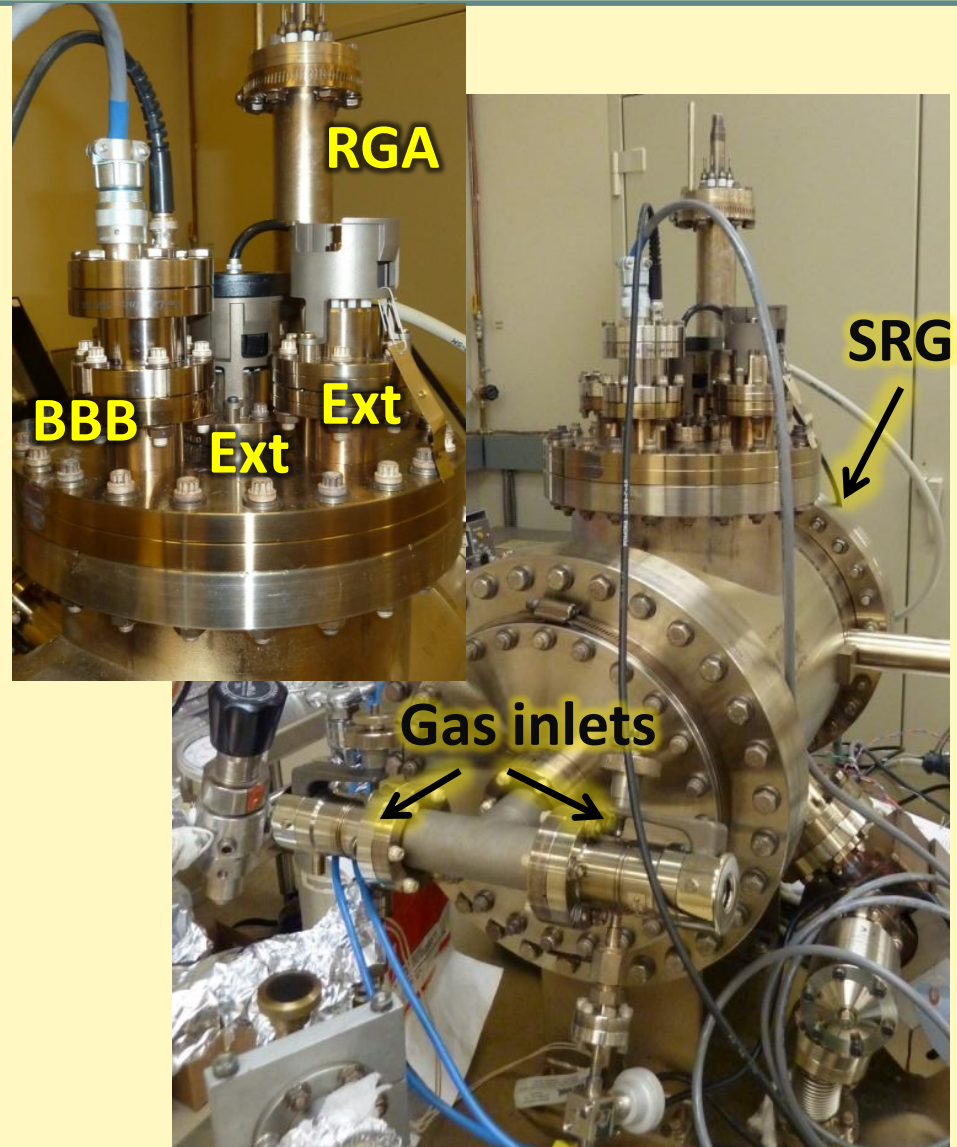


Deflector variation  
background below IE540 detection limits  
(use electrometer below  $1 \times 10^{-13}$  Torr)



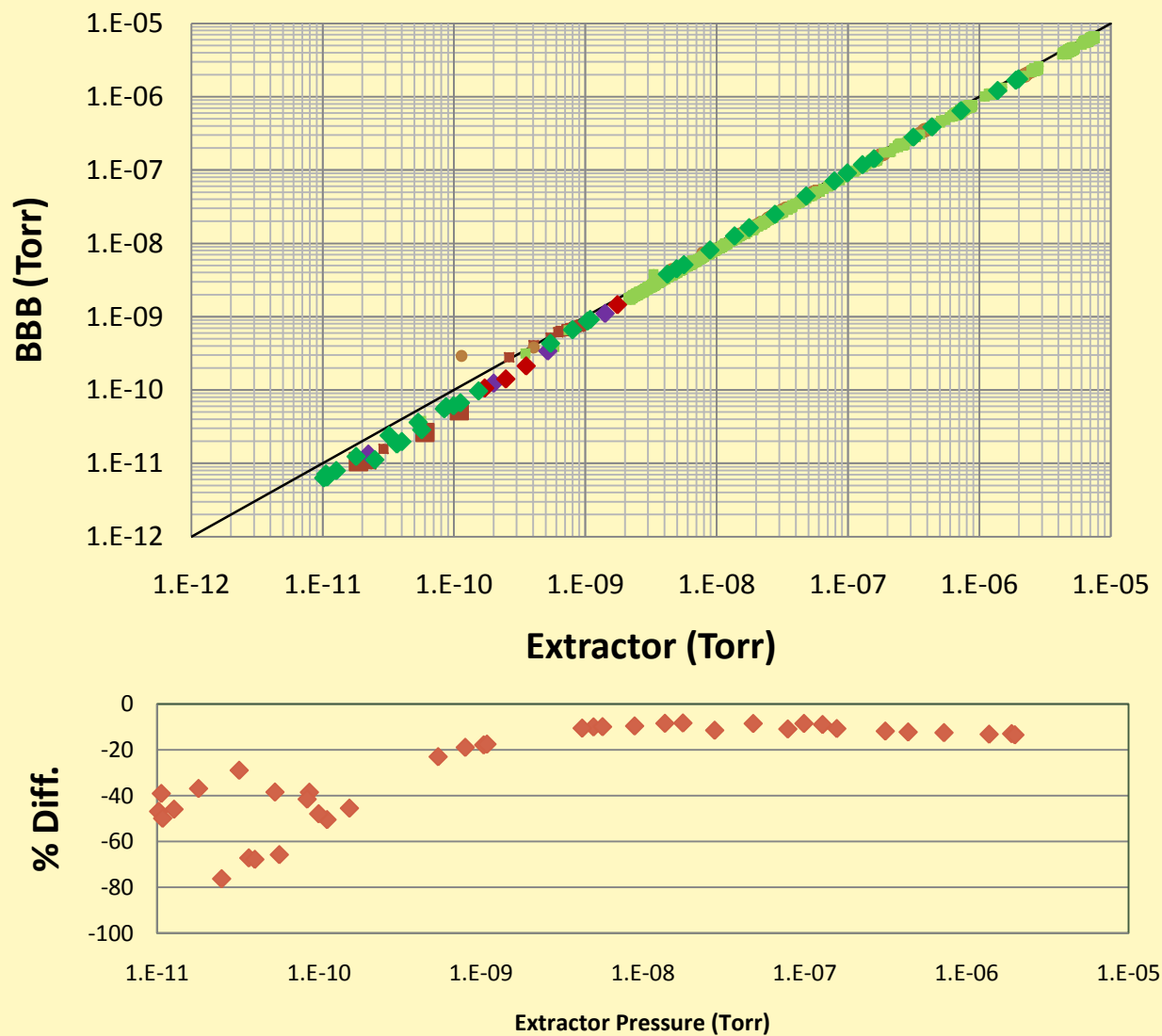
# Gauge comparison system

- Old gun chamber
- NEG module array
- 25 L/s SEM/XHV ion pump
- 2 extractor gauges
- 1 BBB gauge
- 1 device formerly known as RGA
- Spinning rotor gauge
- Two gas inlet manifold with leak valves
- Outgassing sub-optimal
- Pumps not optimally activated
- No gauges with traceable or up-to-date calibration



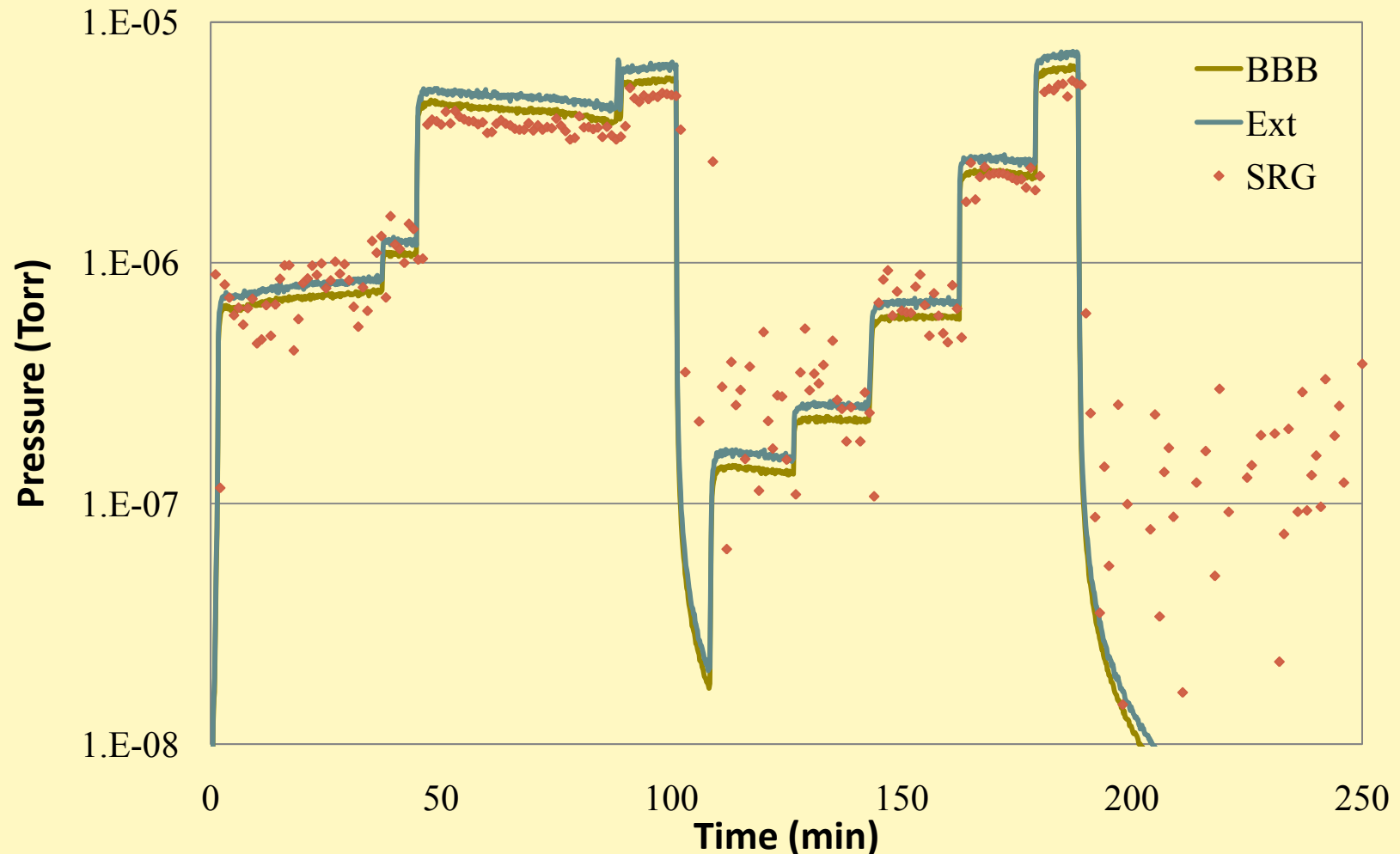


# First data: Gauge comparison



- Extractor and BBB recorded with hydrogen gas introduction
- Extractor readings slightly higher
  - calibration issue
- % difference increases at lower pressures
  - need more data
- Need data below  $5 \times 10^{-12}$  Torr
  - Better test chamber

# Spinning Rotor Gauge Comparison



# Threefold work toward XHV

- Outgassing measurably reduced
  - 400°C long heat treatment
  - Reduced area of thick flanges
- Pumping configuration improved
  - Rotated GP1250 NEG modules
  - Activate during bakeout
  - Still investigating ion pump behavior
- Accurate pressure measurement
  - Extractor gauge “as installed” x-ray limit measurements
  - New Watanabe BBB gauge first data

Thank you for your attention

# Installed Load-Locked gun

