

# GENERALIZED

## PARTON

### DISTRIBUTIONS

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- THE ESSENTIALS IN A NUTSHELL WHAT ?
- PHYSICS INTERPRETATION  
DYNAMICS OF GPDS WHY ?
- FROM EXCLUSIVE PROCESSES  
TO GPDS HOW ?
- CONCLUSIONS WHAT AGAIN ?

NB: LITERATURE > 100 DEDICATED PAPERS  
THESE SLIDES : NO REFERENCES FROM 19..  
→ PROCEEDINGS

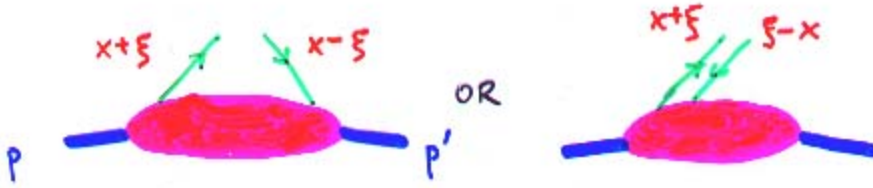
WHAT ARE GPDs ?

CONNECTED TO ?

FOURIER TRANSFORMED HADRONIC MATRIX ELEMENTS

$$\int dz^- e^{iXz^- (p+p')^+} \langle p', s' | [\bar{\Psi}(-z) \dots \Psi(z)] | p, s \rangle_{z^+ = 0}$$

$$z^\pm = (z^0 \pm z^3) / \sqrt{2}$$



RESOLUTION SCALE

PARAMETERIZE BY FUNCTIONS  $H, E, \tilde{H}, \tilde{E}, \dots$  OF  $x, \xi, t, \mu^2$

FOR DIFFERENT HADRON AND PARTON SPINS

$$= (p-p')^2$$

USUAL PARTON DENSITIES

$$q(x), \Delta q(x), \dots$$

$$\int dz^- e^{iXz^-} \langle p, s | [\bar{\Psi}(-z) \dots \Psi(z)] | p, s \rangle_{\mu^2}$$

FORM FACTORS

$$\langle p', s' | [\bar{\Psi}(0) \dots \Psi(0)] | p, s \rangle_{\mu^2}$$

LOCAL CURRENT

e.g.  $F_1(t)$   $F_2(t)$

INDEPENDENT OF  $\mu^2$

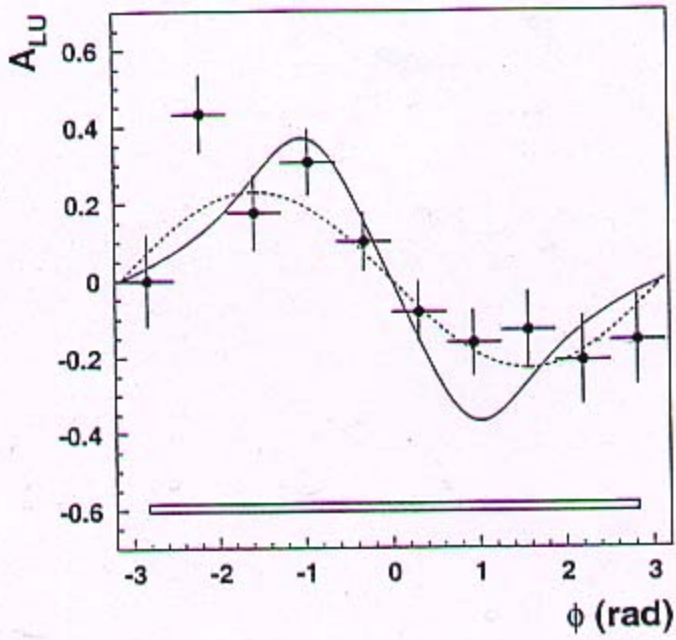
CROSSING

GENERALIZED DISTRIBUTION AMPLITUDES

$$\int d\bar{z} \dots \langle \bar{p} p | [\bar{\Psi}(-z) \dots \Psi(z)] | 0 \rangle_{\mu^2}$$

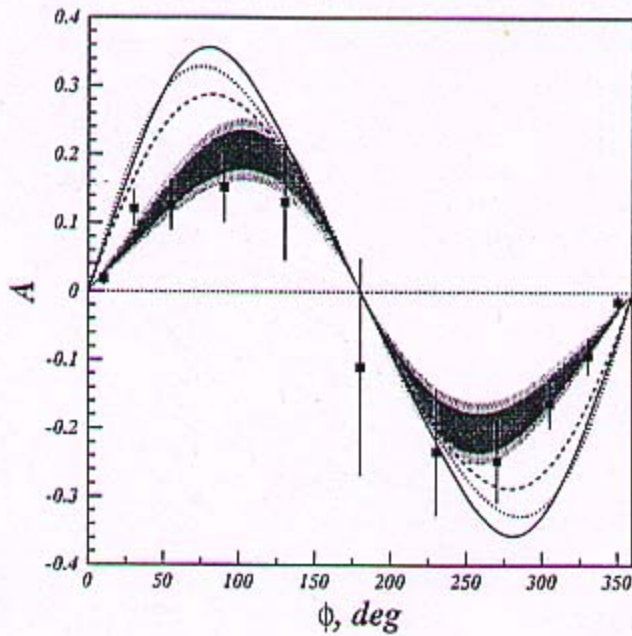
LIKE





HERMES  
PRL 87 (2001)

$$A = \frac{N_{et} - N_{et}}{N_{et} + N_{et}}$$



CLAS  
PRL 87 (2001)

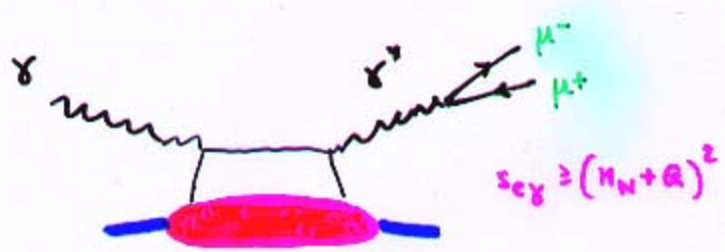
OTHER PROCESSES

E. BERGER et al '01

TIMELIKE COMPTON SCATTERING

KINEMATIC THRESHOLD:

DVCS



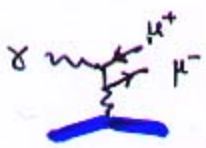
ALMOST AS CLEAN AS DVCS

- AT LEADING ORDER IN  $1/Q$  AND  $LO(\alpha_s)$  :

↔  
SAME AMPLITUDE

TO NLO ( $\alpha_s$ ) : DIFFERENT → EXTRA HANDLE ON GPDS

- GET INTERFERENCE WITH BETHE - HEITLER



$\gamma$  SPIN ASY

Im



e SPIN ASY.

$\mu^+ \mu^-$  ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION

Re

e BEAM CHARGE ASY.

• A FIRST COMPARISON WITH DATA

McDERMOTT, FREUND '01  
BELITSKY, MÖLLER '01

ZEUS, H1  $x_B \ll 1$

HERMES, CLAS  $x_B = 0 \dots$

STILL HAVE THEOR. UNCERTAINTIES

e.g.

t-DEPENDENCE  $\Rightarrow$  NORMALIZATION OF t-INTEGRATED CROSS SECTION



← NOT CALCULATED FOR  $m_c \neq 0$

BUT BEGIN TO

- RULE OUT CERTAIN ANÄTZE FOR GPDs

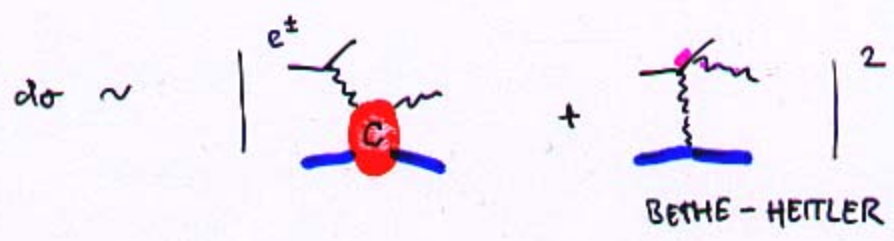
A KEY QUANTITY :

$$\frac{GPD(x=\xi, \xi, t)}{q(x=\xi)} \longleftrightarrow \frac{\text{Im}(\gamma^* p \rightarrow \gamma p)}{\text{Im}(\gamma^* p \rightarrow \gamma^* p)}$$

BELITSKY, MÜLLER '07

OBSERVABLES

DVCS



IN  $d\sigma^+ - d\sigma^-$  NO  $BH^2$ , NO  $ves^2$   
FROM C INVARIANCE

IN  $d\sigma^\uparrow - d\sigma^\downarrow$  NO  $BH^2$   
P AND T INVARIANCE  
FOR ANY SINGLE SPIN  
(BEAM OR TARGET LONG. OR TRANSV.)

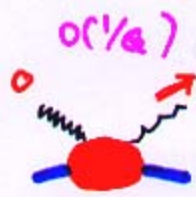
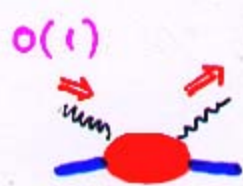
GPDs

ANSATZ, MODEL

CALCULATE

COMPTON AMPLITUDES

FIND



1-1 IF HAVE BEAM + TARGET POLARIZ.

$d\sigma / (d\phi dQ^2 dx_B dt)$

UP TO CORRECTIONS  $\sim 1/e^2$

LEPTON PROPAGATORS

$$\frac{1}{P(\phi)} \begin{cases} \cos \phi \\ \sin \phi \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{P(\phi)} \begin{cases} \cos 2\phi \\ \sin 2\phi \end{cases}$$

IN INTERFERENCE

PROJECT OUT FOURIER COEFFICIENTS

ETC.

ASYMMETRIES

CLEAN INFORMATION

$$\frac{d\sigma^\uparrow(\phi) - d\sigma^\downarrow(\phi)}{d\sigma^\uparrow(\phi) + d\sigma^\downarrow(\phi)} = A(\phi)$$

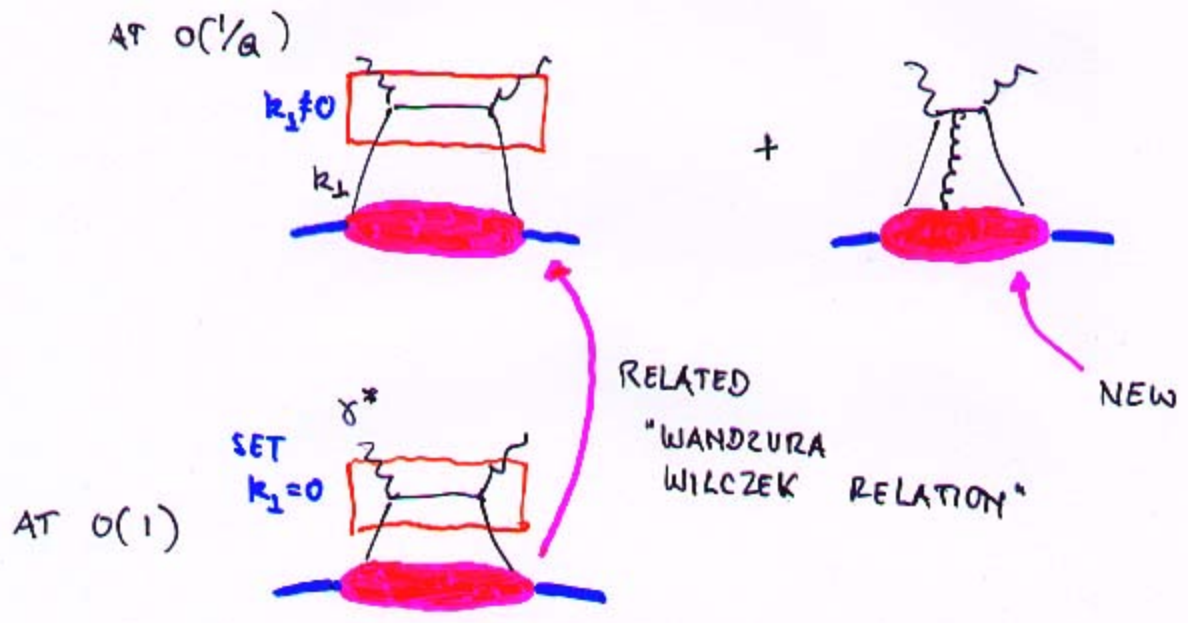
$$\sim \frac{\text{INTERF.} + \text{CORRECT'S}}{BH^2 + \text{CORRECT'S}}$$

• CORRECTIONS IN  $1/Q$

- FOR MESON PRODUCTION : MUST MODEL NO SYSTEMATIC THEORY
- FOR DVCS :  $1/Q$  LEVEL CAN DESCRIBE

ANALOG TO  $g_2$  STRUCT. FUNCT. FUNCT.

>10 PAPERS '00, '01  
ANIKIN, BELITSKY, MÜLLER,  
RADYUSHKIN, WEISS, ....



→ STILL HAVE FACTORIZATION (SHOWN FOR  $O(\alpha_s^0)$ )

# HOW PRECISELY CAN WE ACCESS GPDs ?

AS PRECISELY AS UNDERSTAND RELEVANT PROCESSES

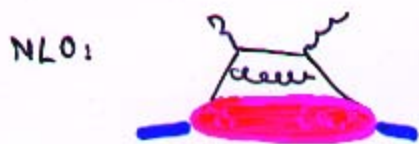
- CORRECTIONS IN  $\alpha_s$

NLO KNOWN FOR COMPTON SCATT.

AND  $\gamma^* p \rightarrow n^+ n$  BELITSKY, MÜLLER '01

FOR DVCS NUMERICAL STUDIES

MÖDERHOTT, FREUND '01  
BELITSKY, MÜLLER '01



RATHER MODERATE



IMPORTANT

FOR GIVEN GPDs, AT INPUT SCALE  $\mu^2 = Q^2$

NB: DIAGRAMS / GPDs MIX UNDER EVOLUTION

$$\chi \sim \xi = \frac{x_B}{2-x_B}$$



# HOW MIGHT GPDs LOOK LIKE ?

6

2 STRATEGIES :

## • THE ART OF ANSATZ

MAKE ANSATZ THAT

- SATISFIES ALL SYMMETRY REQUIREMENTS

(NONTRIVIAL)

DOUBLE DISTRIBUTIONS  $\xrightarrow{\text{GENERATE}}$  GPDs

$\xleftarrow{\text{NONTRIVIAL}}$

BELITSKY et al '00  
TERYAEV '01

- CAPTURES ESSENTIAL PHYSICS

(EVEN MORE N.-T.)

GOEKE et al '01  
BELITSKY et al. '01

## • (TOY) FIELD THEORIES

..... MODELS OF QCD

QED

BRODSKY et al '00

QCD 1+1 DIMENSION

BURKARDT '00

$\chi$  SOLITON MODEL, LARGE  $N_c$  LIMIT

MIT BAG

ANIKIN et al '01

CONSTITUENT MODELS

SCOPETTA, VENTO '02

BETHE - SALPETER

CHOI et al '01, TIBURZI et al '01

LIGHT- CONE WAVE FCTS

PARTON - HADRON DUALITY

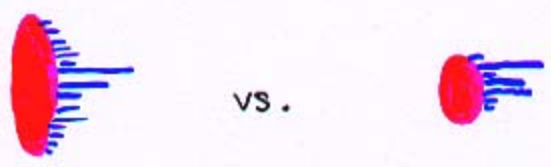
CLOSE, ZHANG '02

- EMPLOY + DEVELOP TECHNIQUES FOR APPROACHING  
NON - PERT. QCD

- GAIN DYNAMICAL INSIGHT

CAN e.g. EXPLORE

- TRANSVERSE DISTRIBUTION OF SLOW VS FAST PARTONS



- ANTIQUARKS  
GLUONS

- HAVE ACCESS TO ORBITAL ANGULAR MOMENTUM ALONG z - AXIS

SINCE PROBE IS NOT ROTATIONALLY SYMMETRIC

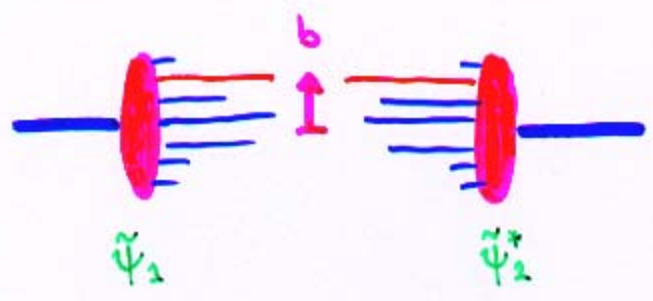
$\Delta_{\perp}$  /  $b_{\perp}$  PROVIDE REFERENCE DIRECTION

IN SUM RULES e.g.

$$\int dx (H+E) = G_H(t) \leftrightarrow \vec{r} \times \vec{J}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int dx x (H+E) = J_q(t) \leftrightarrow \vec{r} \times \vec{T}$$

• THEN MEASURE **TRANSVERSE** LOCATION OF PARTONS



RESOLUTION  $(\Delta b)^2 \sim \frac{1}{|t|}$

- IF  $\xi = 0$  HAVE DENSITY  $|\tilde{\Psi}|^2$
- OTHERWISE CORRELATION BETWEEN  $x+\xi, x-\xi$

QCD = QUANTUM THEORY  
PROTON NOT A CLASSICAL SYSTEM

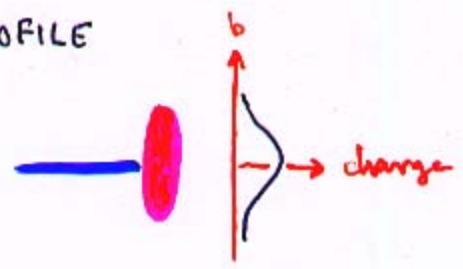
COMPARE WITH

- USUAL PARTON DENSITIES  $t = 0 \leftrightarrow \int d^2 b_{\perp}$   
NO TRANSVERSE INFO

- FORM FACTORS STILL HAVE REPRESENTATION THROUGH WAVE FCTS. DRELL, YAN  $\ll 2000$

BUT  $\int dx$  NO LONGIT. INFO

GET e.g. TRANSVERSE CHARGE PROFILE

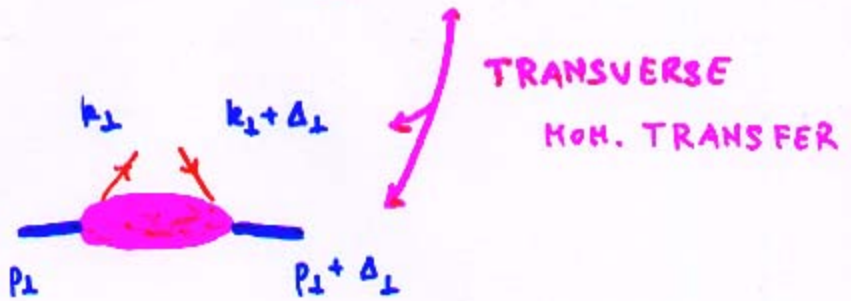


GPDs : **COMBINE TRANSVERSE**  
**+ LONGITUDINAL INFORMATION**

# A 3-DIMENSIONAL IMAGE OF HADRONS

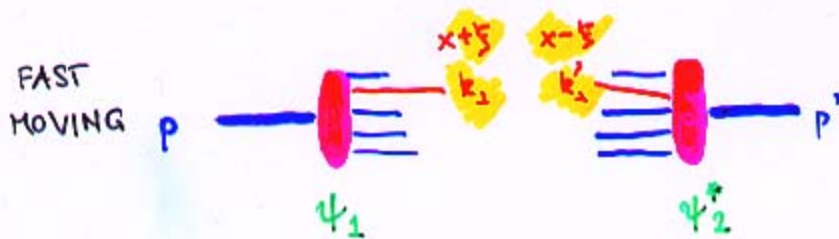
OR: HOW CAN WE INTERPRET GPDs ?

GPDs DEPEND ON  $x \pm \xi$  AND  $t \xrightarrow{\text{TRADE FOR}} \Delta_{\perp}$



IN TERMS OF LIGHT-CONE WAVE FCTS :

MD et al '00  
BRODSKY et al '00



CORRELATE PARTONS WITH DIFFERENT LONGITUD. AND TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM

ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTION

BURKARDT '00  
RALSTON, PIRE '01

FOURIER TRANSFORM FROM  $\Delta_{\perp}$  TO IMPACT PARAMETER  $b_{\perp}$

$$\int d^2 \Delta_{\perp} e^{-i \Delta_{\perp} b_{\perp}} H(x, \xi, \Delta_{\perp})$$

↳ OR  $E, \tilde{H}, \tilde{E}$

FORM PROTON WAVE PACKETS LOCALIZED IN TRANSV. PLANE

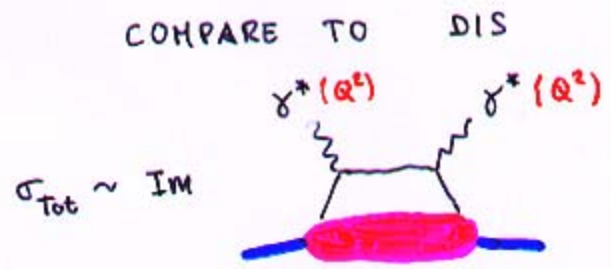
$$\int d^2 p_{\perp} \Phi(p_{\perp}) |p\rangle$$

IS PHYSICALLY SENSIBLE IF PROTON MOVES FAST

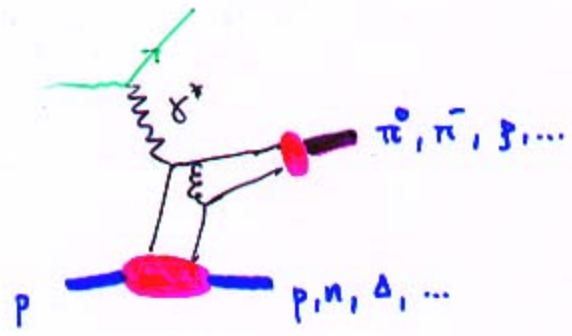
GPDS APPEAR IN HARD EXCLUSIVE PROCESSES

LARGE VIRTUALITY  $Q^2$   
 " C.M. ENERGY  
 SMALL  $t$  }  $\Rightarrow$  DYNAMICS FACTORIZES

DEEPLY VIRTUAL COMPTON SCATTERING



MESON PRODUCTION



- MANY CHANNELS
  - $\rightarrow$  FLAVOR DECOMPOS. OF GPDS
  - $\rightarrow$  MESON PROPERTIES
  - $\rightarrow$  TRANSITION TO UNSTABLE BARYONS
- REQUIRE BIGGER  $Q^2$

- ALSO WITH  $\nu$  BEAMS  $\nu^+ p \rightarrow D_s p$  LEHMANN-DRONKE et al '01
- OR  $\pi$  BEAMS  $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \gamma^+ p \rightarrow \rho^+ p$  BERGER et al '01

### THE AIM:

EXPLORE STRUCTURE OF HADRONS IN TERMS OF  
 QUARKS + GLUONS  
 DYNAMICS OF QUARKS + GLUONS  
 WITHIN HADRONS

### A VERSATILE TOOL:

GPDs

- CONNECT MANY ASPECTS OF HADRON STRUCTURE
- UNIQUE GLIMPSES AT LONGITUDINAL & TRANSVERSE STRUCT.  
 SPIN AND ORBITAL ANGULAR MOMENTUM  
 Q. N. INTERFERENCE
- ONGOING EFFORT TO MANAGE COMPLEXITY IN

