Laser Probes of the Dark Sector

Jason H. Steffen
Fermilab Center for Particle Astrophysics
Northwestern University

Jefferson Lab
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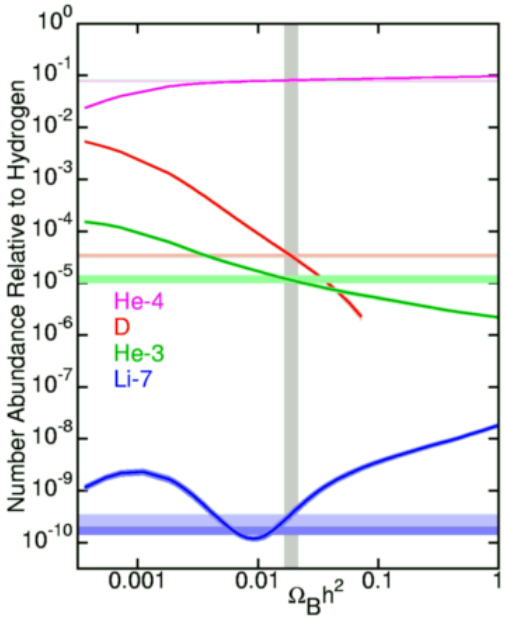
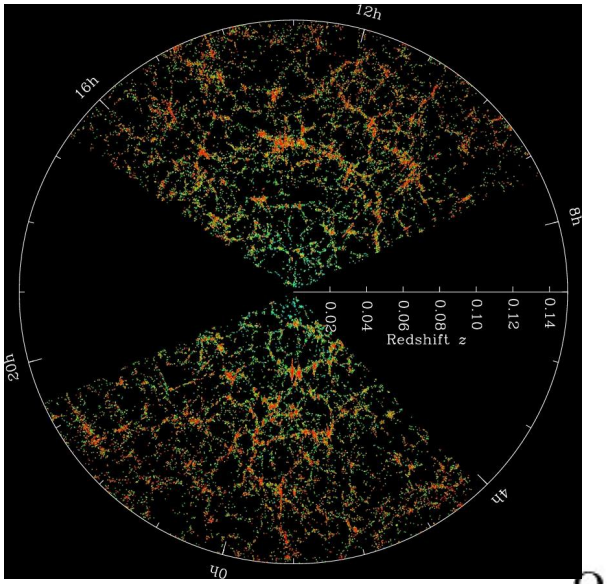
Outline

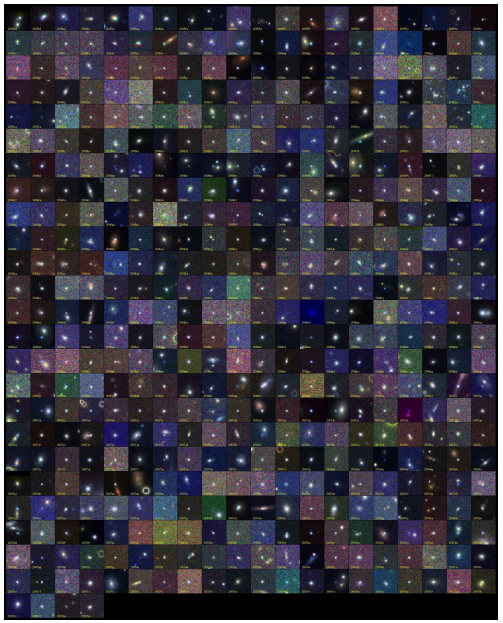
- The Dark Sector
- GammeV – a dark matter search
- CHASE – a test of chameleon dark energy
- Holometer – a search for new gravitation phenomena
- Future endeavors for electromagnetic probes of the dark sector

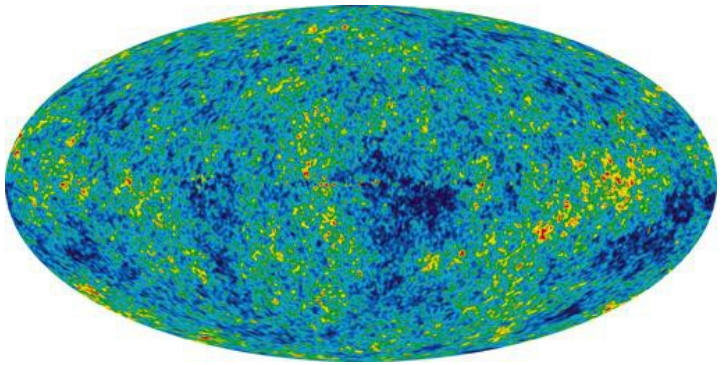
The Dark Sector

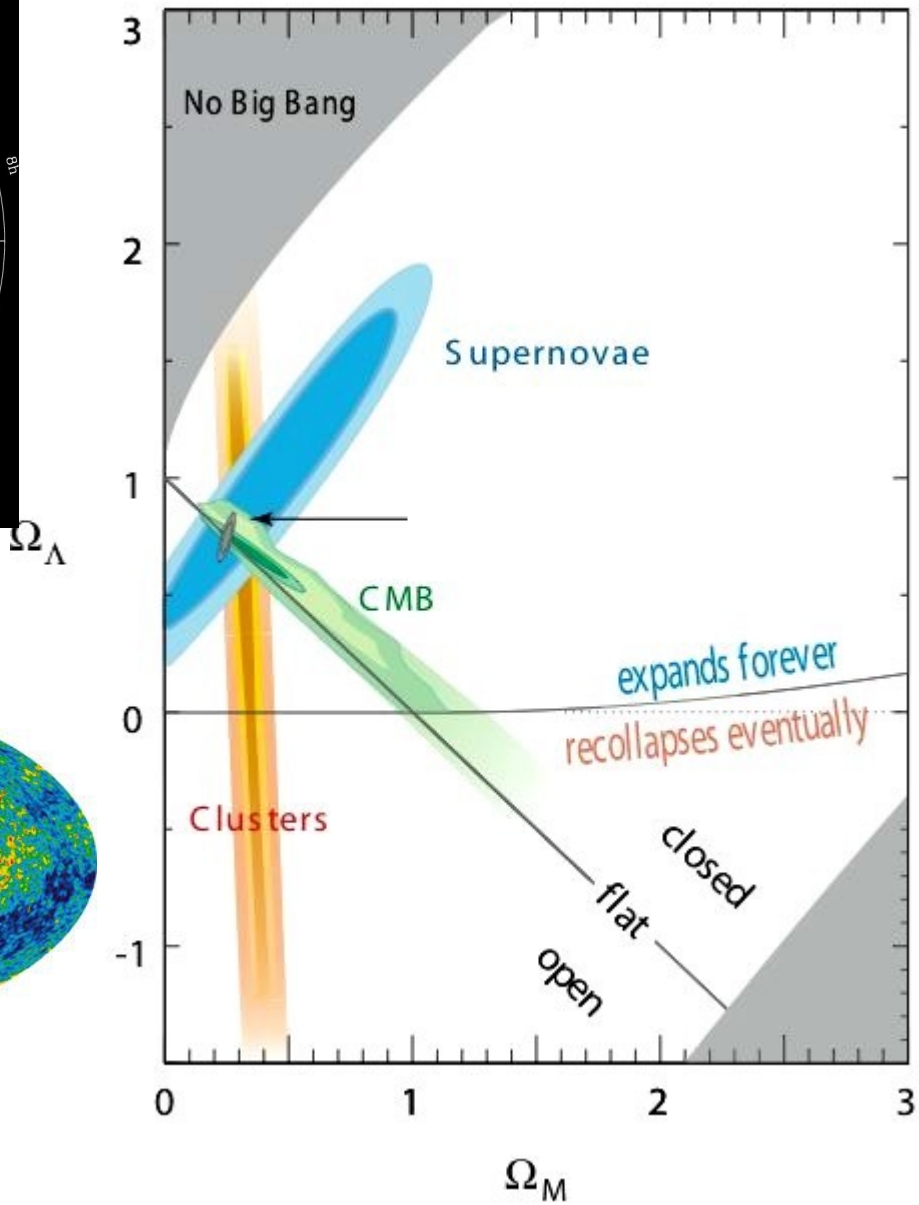
dark matter, dark energy, gravity











Dark Matter WIMPs

A non-relativistic particle with a Weak-scale cross section naturally produces the observed amount of dark matter.

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Who is looking for WIMP dark matter?

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~~Who is looking for WIMP dark matter?~~

Who isn't looking for WIMP dark matter?

Axions, the other dark matter

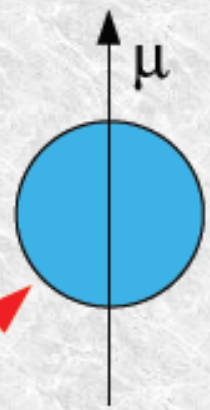
Axions, the other dark matter

The QCD Lagrangian has this

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}\mathrm{tr}\, F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} - \frac{n_f g^2\theta}{32\pi^2}\mathrm{tr}\, F_{\mu\nu}\tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} + \bar{\psi}(i\gamma^\mu D_\mu - m e^{i\theta'\gamma_5})\psi$$

which should be of order unity.

This would give the neutron an electric dipole moment.

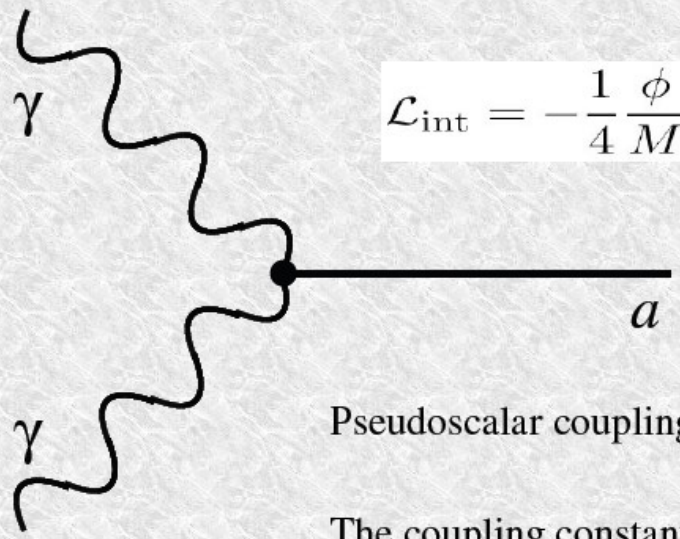


Measurements indicate that θ must be less than $\sim 10^{-10}$.

This discrepancy is known as the “strong CP problem”.

Axions, the other dark matter

Peccei-Quinn ('77), Wilczek ('78), Weinberg ('78) proposed a solution:



$$\mathcal{L}_{\rm int} = -\frac{1}{4}\frac{\phi}{M}F_{\mu\nu}\widetilde{F}^{\mu\nu} = \frac{\phi}{M}(\vec{E}\cdot\vec{B})$$

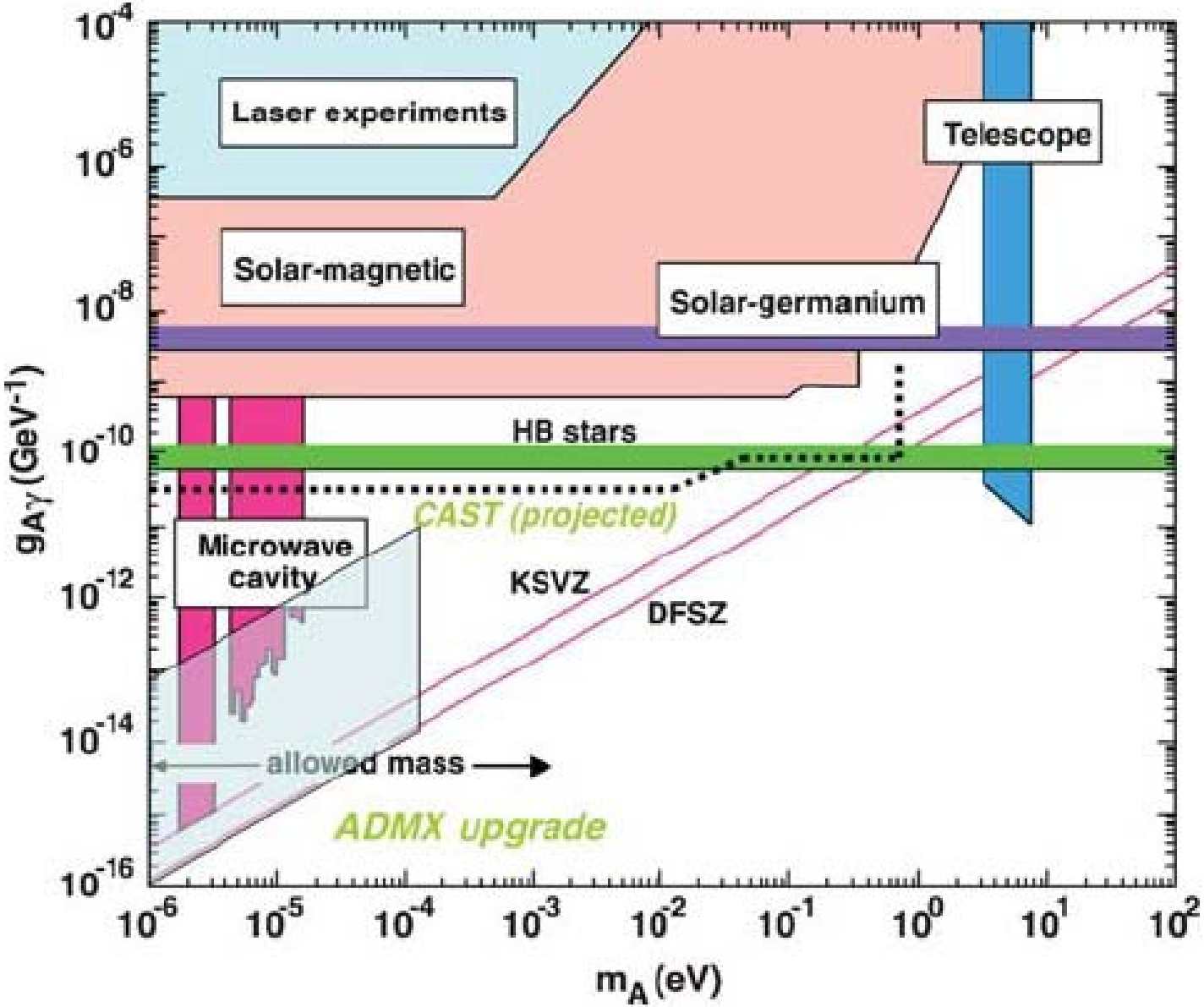
Pseudoscalar coupling to two photons.

The coupling constant and mass depend upon the mass and coupling constant of the pion.

$(f_a m_a = f_\pi m_\pi)$

String theories also predict a variety of scalar or pseudoscalar axion-like particles.

Axions, the other dark matter



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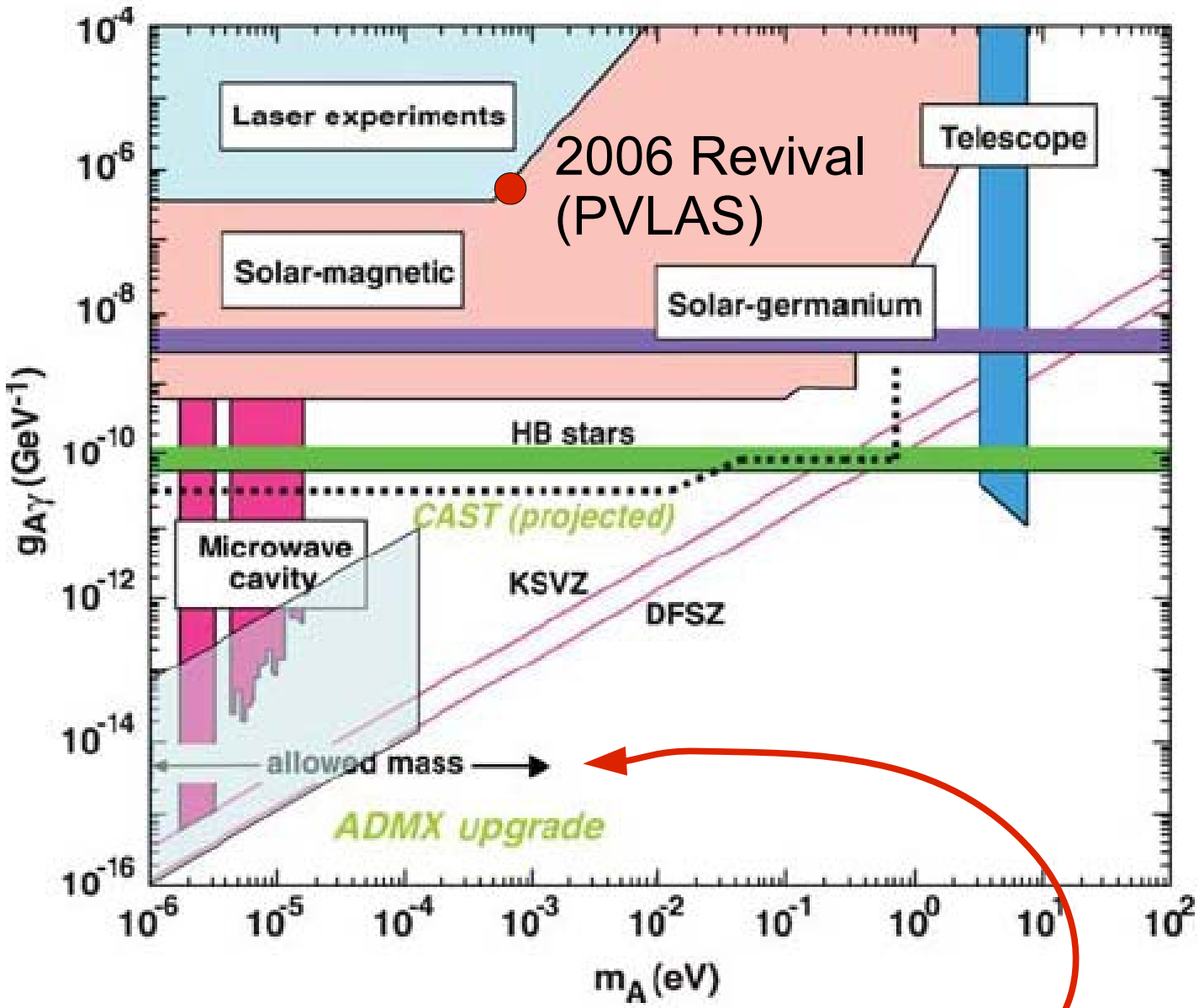

If axions are the dark matter, they would live here.

Numerology

Dark Energy: $\Lambda = (2\ \text{meV})^4$

Neutrino Masses: $(\Delta m_{21})^2 = (9\ \text{meV})^2$

$(\Delta m_{32})^2 = (50\ \text{meV})^2$

Weak Scale See Saw: $\text{meV} \sim \text{TeV}^2/M_{\text{Planck}}$

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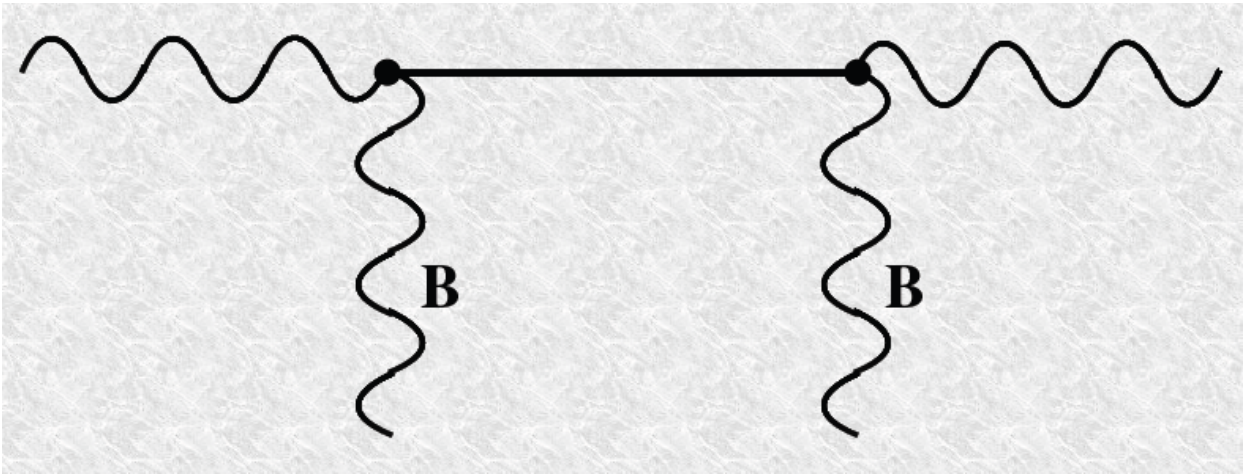
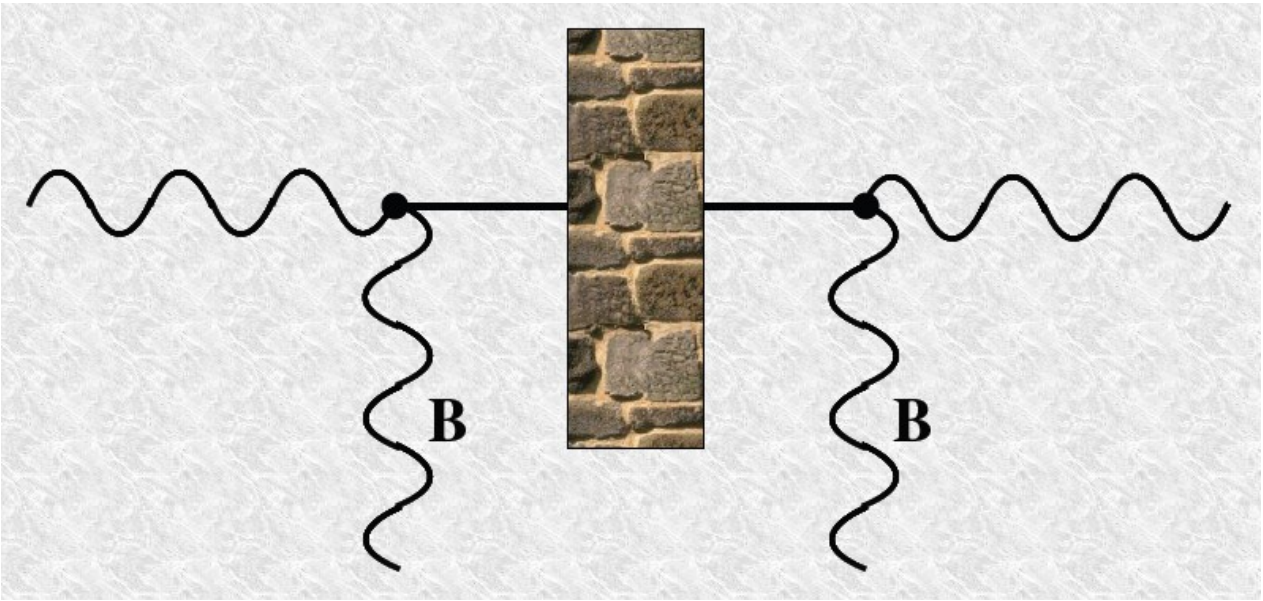
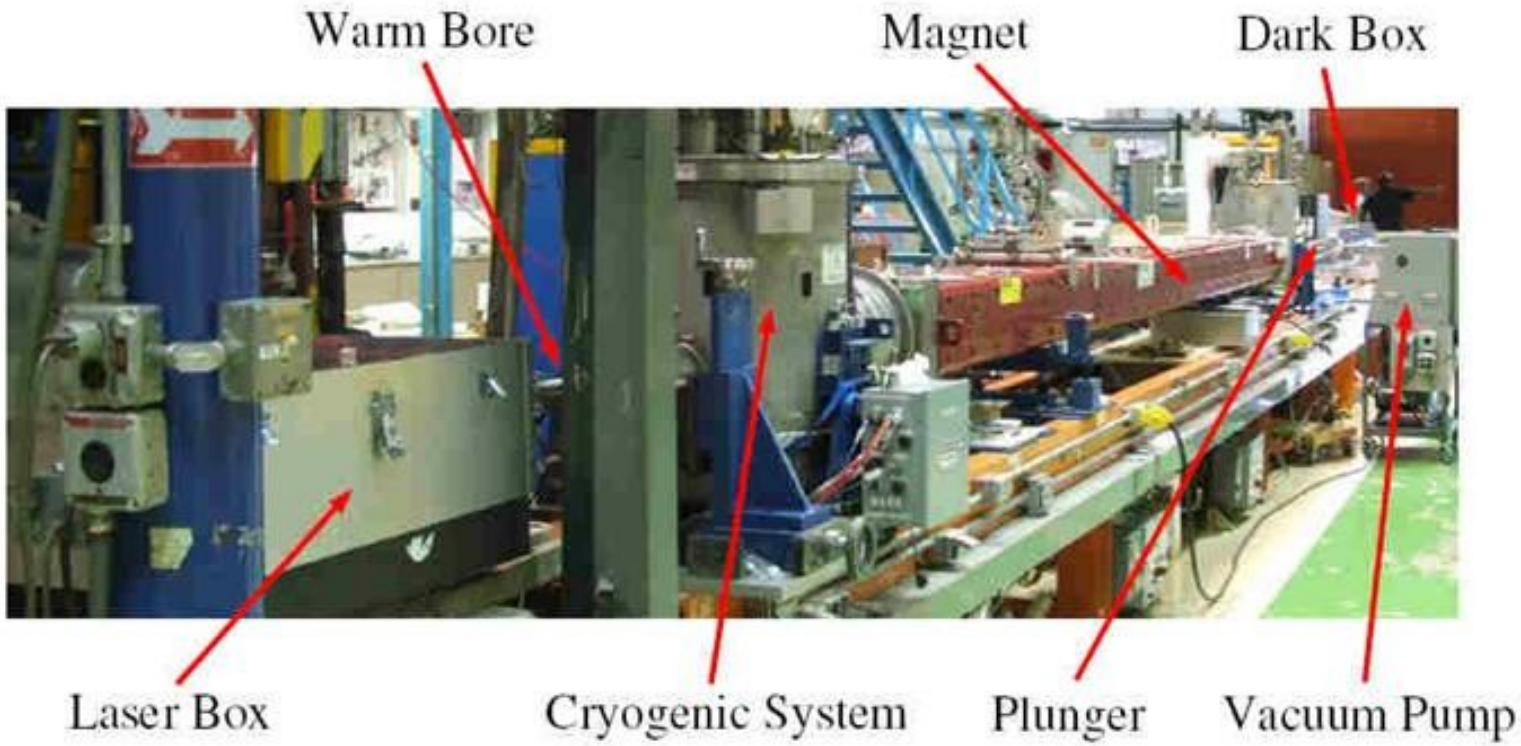
Optical Photons

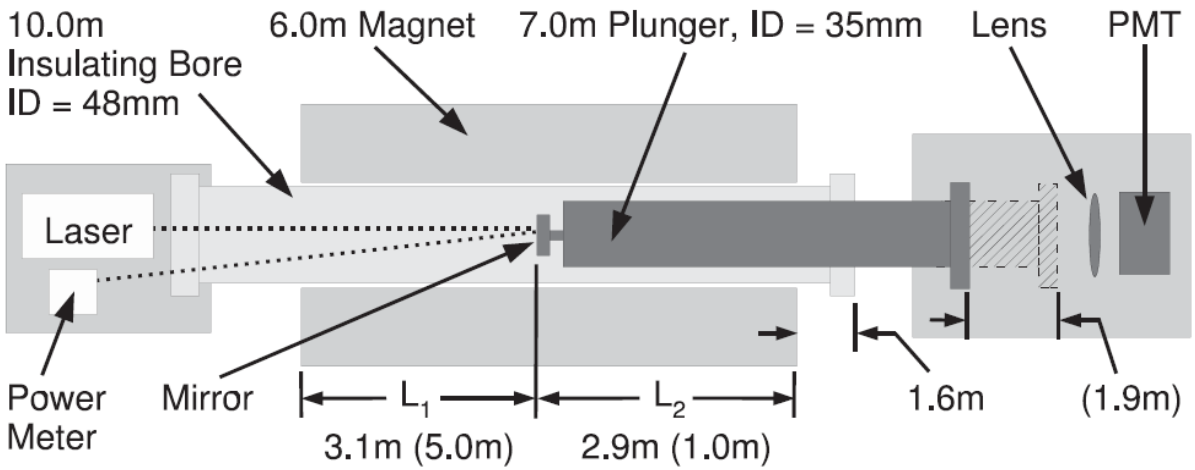
Laser searches for axion-like particles





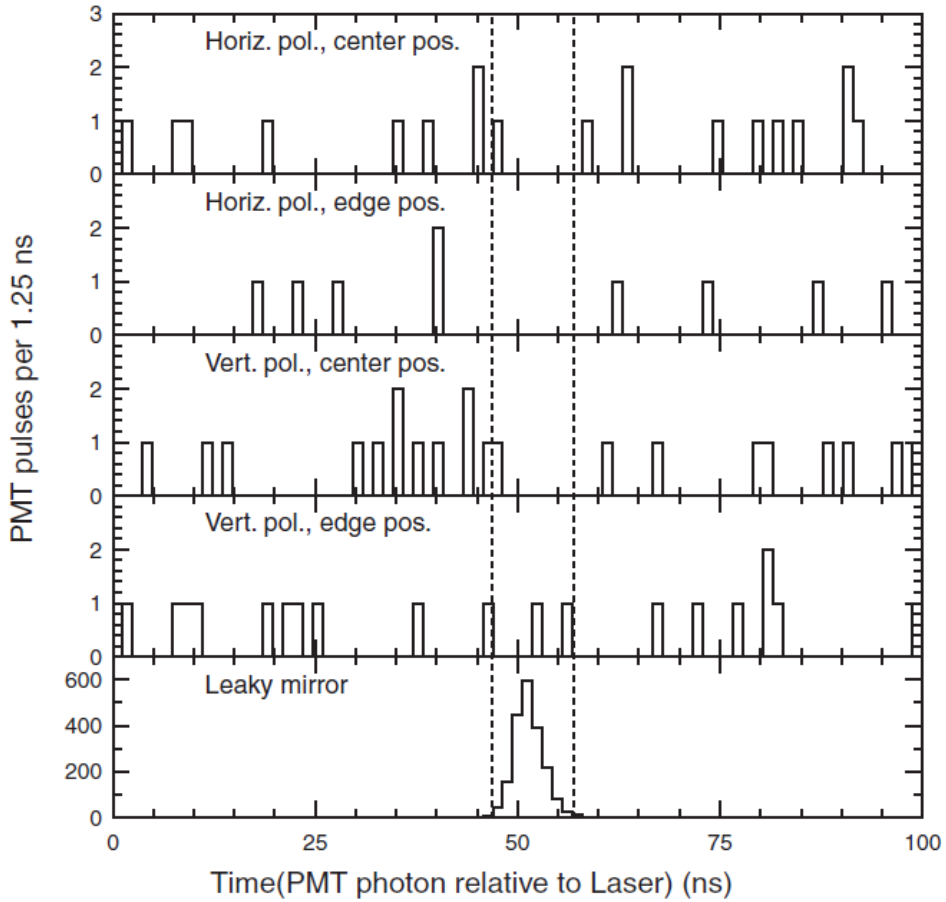
GammeV search for axion-like particles

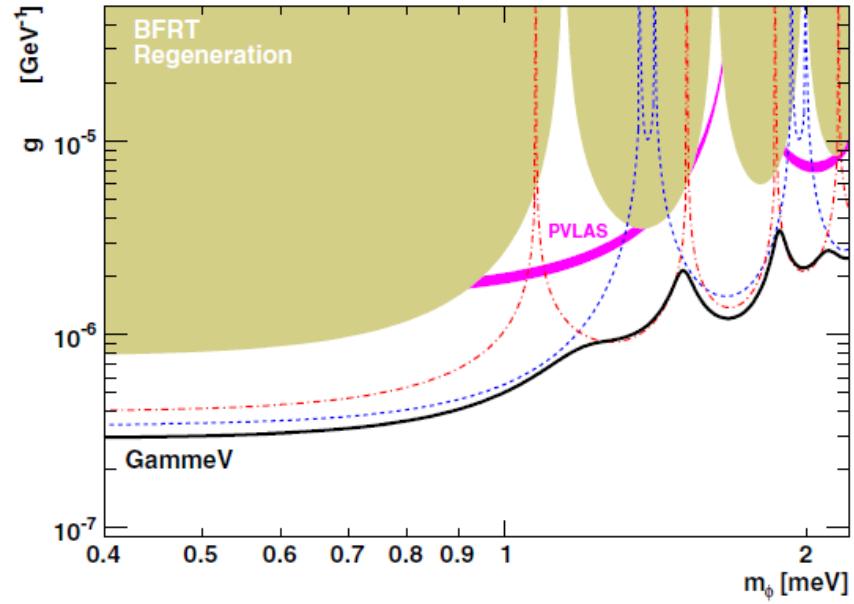


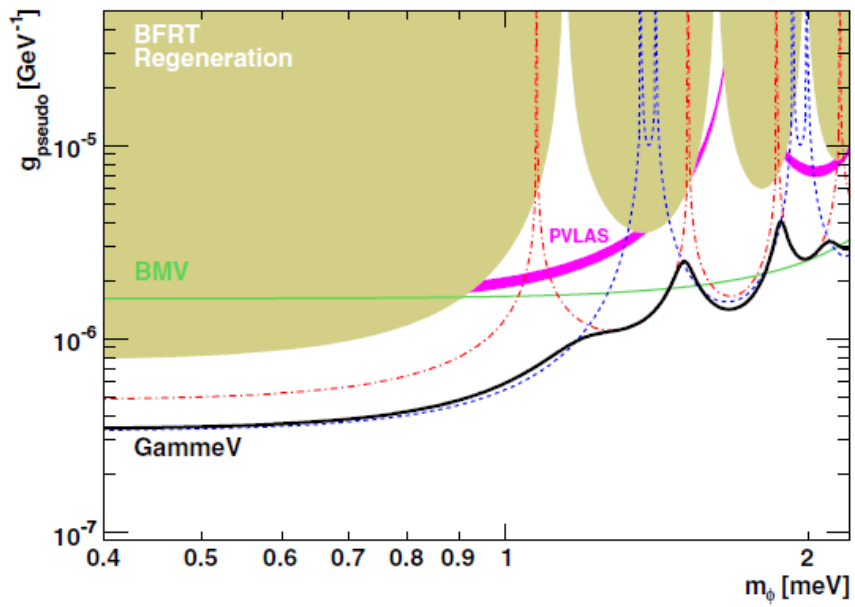


GammeV search for axion-like particles

PRL **100,** 080402 (2008)







Dark Energy

Situation somewhat similar to axions.

The vacuum should have some energy density,

$$E_{\text{ground}} = \frac{1}{2}\hbar\omega$$ for each “smallest” box.

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Slight discrepancy

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Ask Santa Claus to force vacuum contribution to zero and add a new particle that will supply the measured energy density.

Physicists Toolkit

Experimentalist **Theorist**

Physicists Toolkit

Experimentalist

If something should move but it doesn't...

Theorist

Physicists Toolkit

Experimentalist

If something should move but it doesn't...

If something moves but it shouldn't...

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(anthropic principle)
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Theorist

Φ

(scalar field)
If something should move but it doesn't...

(anthropic principle)
If something moves but it shouldn't...

Experimental Evidence for Scalar Fields

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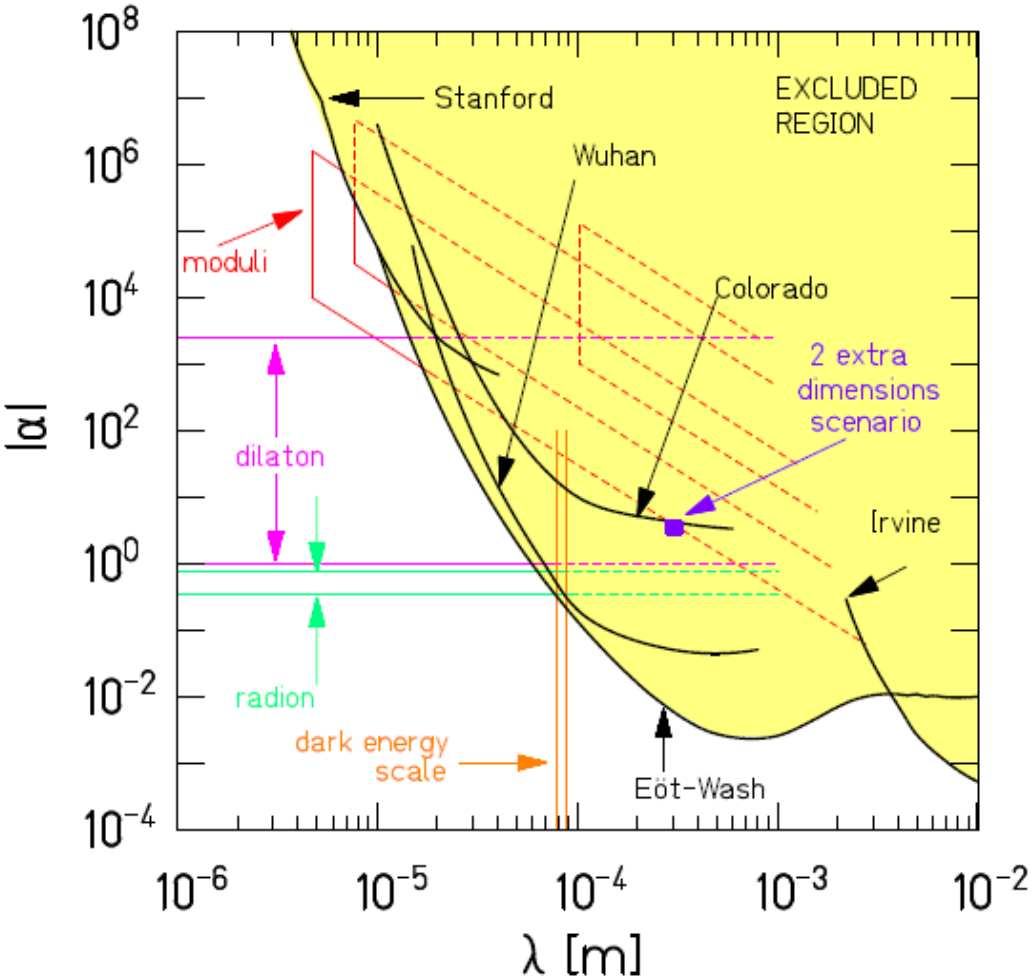
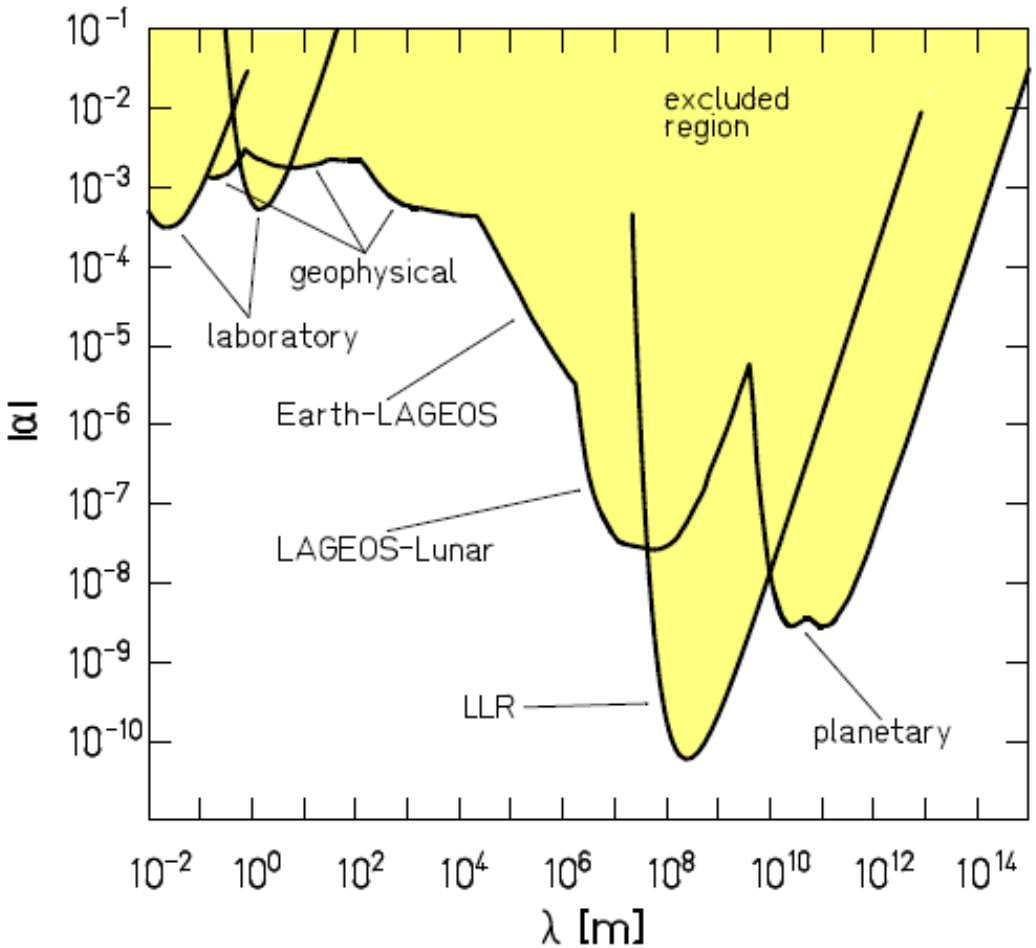
$$V = -\frac{GM}{r}\left(1 + \alpha \frac{e^{-r/\lambda}}{r}\right)$$





How do you hide a scalar field?

$$\nabla^2\phi + m^2\phi = \frac{g}{M_{\rm Pl}}\rho$$

$$K(\rho)\nabla^2\phi + m^2\phi = \frac{g}{M_{\rm Pl}}\rho$$

Vainshtein

$$\nabla^2\phi + m^2\phi = \frac{g(\rho)}{M_{\rm Pl}}\rho$$

symmetron

$$\nabla^2\phi + M^2(\rho)\phi = \frac{g}{M_{\rm Pl}}\rho$$

chameleon

Slides stolen from Justin Khoury

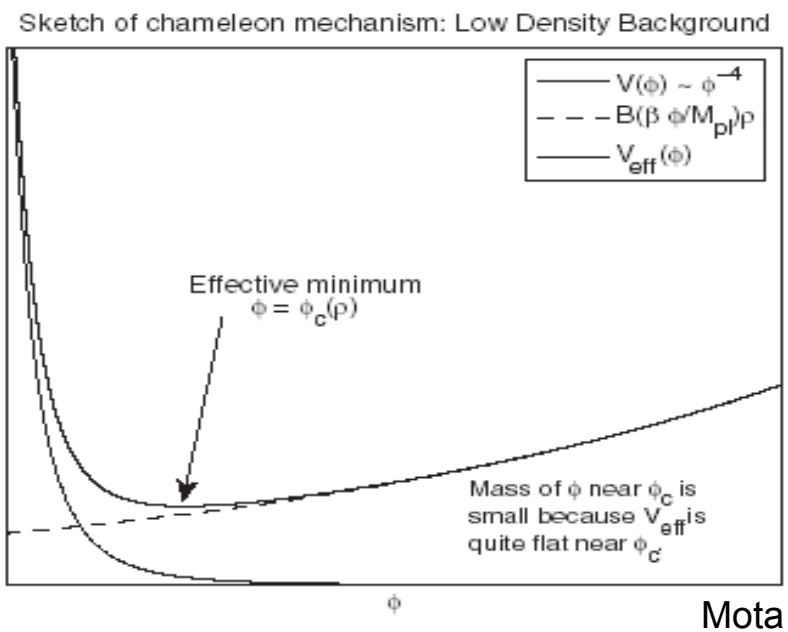
The Chameleon Effect

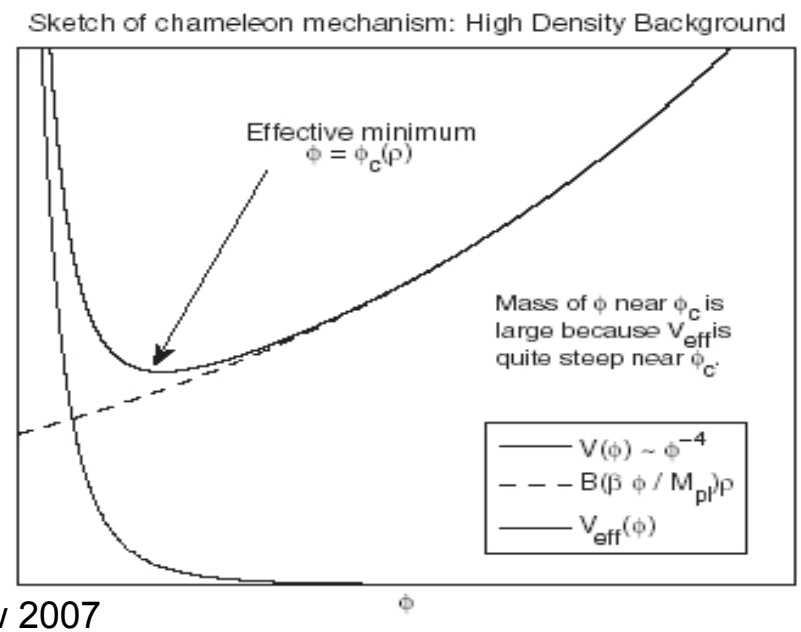
$$S = \int d^4x\sqrt{-g}\left[\frac{R}{16\pi G} - \frac{1}{2}\partial_\mu\phi\partial^\mu\phi - V(\phi) - \frac{1}{4}e^{\frac{\beta_\gamma\phi}{M_{\rm Pl}}}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + \mathcal{L}_m(e^{\frac{2\beta_{\rm m}\phi}{M_{\rm Pl}}}g_{\mu\nu}, \psi_{\rm m}^{(i)})\right]$$

chameleon potential

photon coupling

matter coupling





Mota & Shaw 2007

Chameleon Dark Energy

We consider potentials of the form

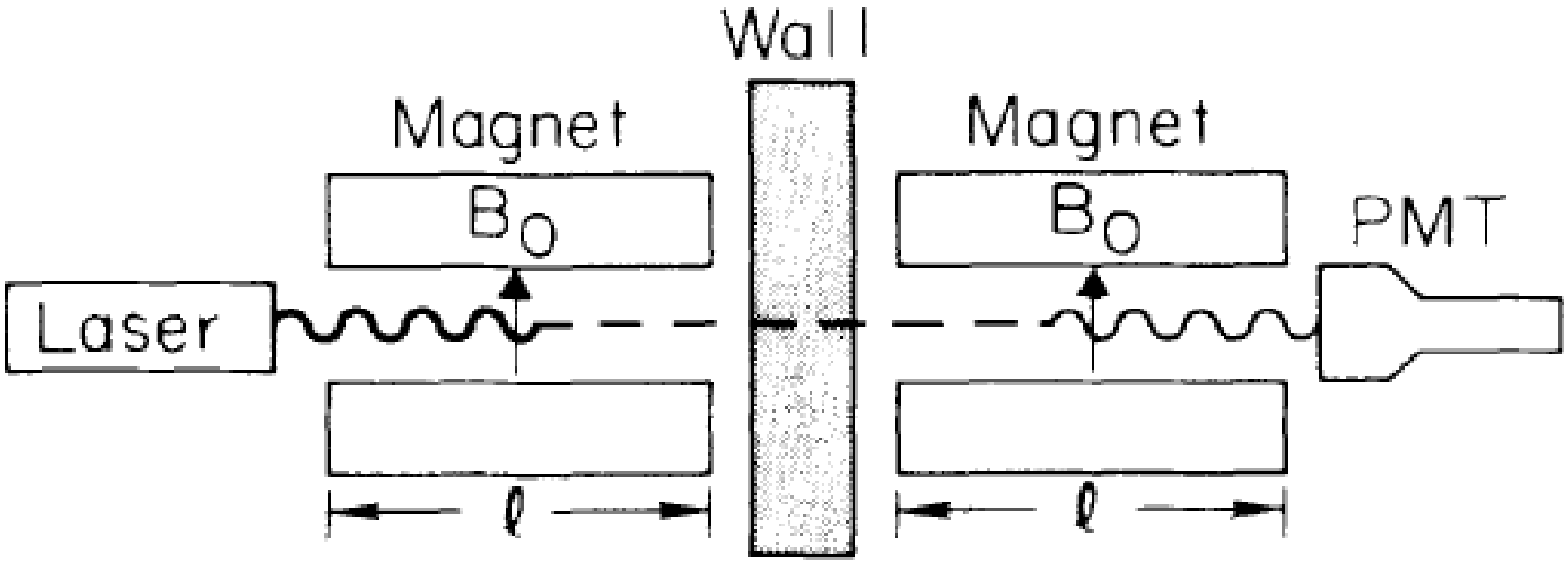
$$V(\phi) = M^4 \exp(\phi^N/M^N) \approx M^4 (1 + \phi^N/M^N)$$

- M is the dark energy scale, 2.4×10^{-3}eV

In bulk matter density , m_{eff} scales as

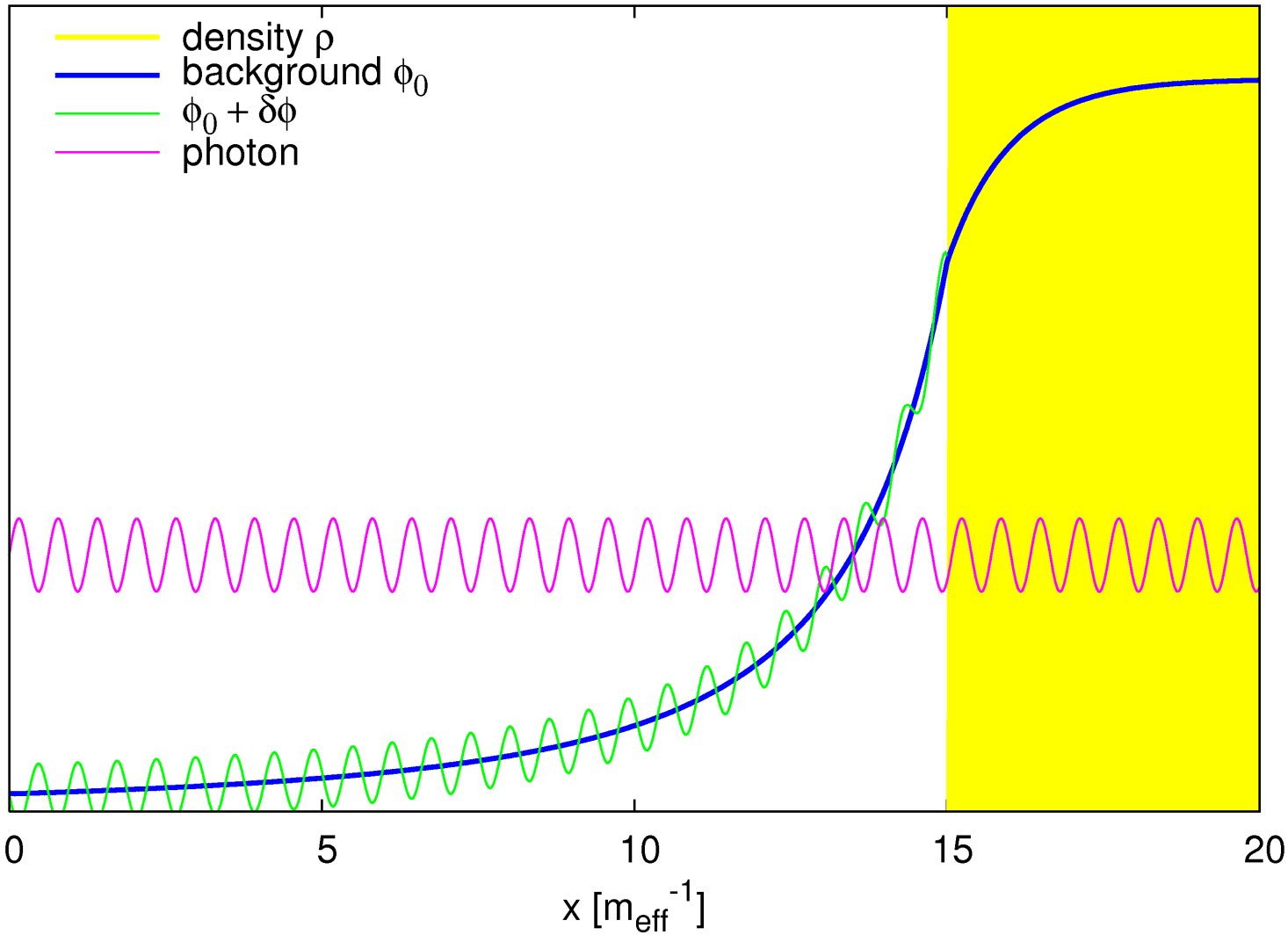
- =(N-2)/(2N-2)
- =1/3 for ϕ^4 theory, =3/4 for $1/\phi$ model

Quantum Measurement: Walls



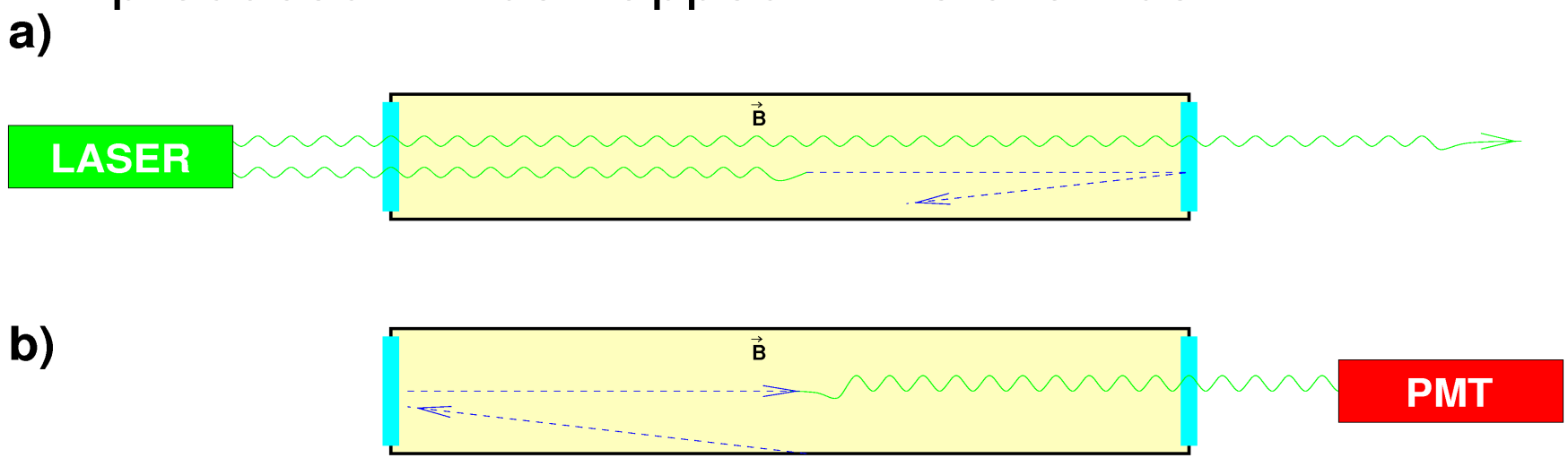
K. Van Bibber, et. al., PRL 59, 759 (1987)

Quantum Measurement: Windows



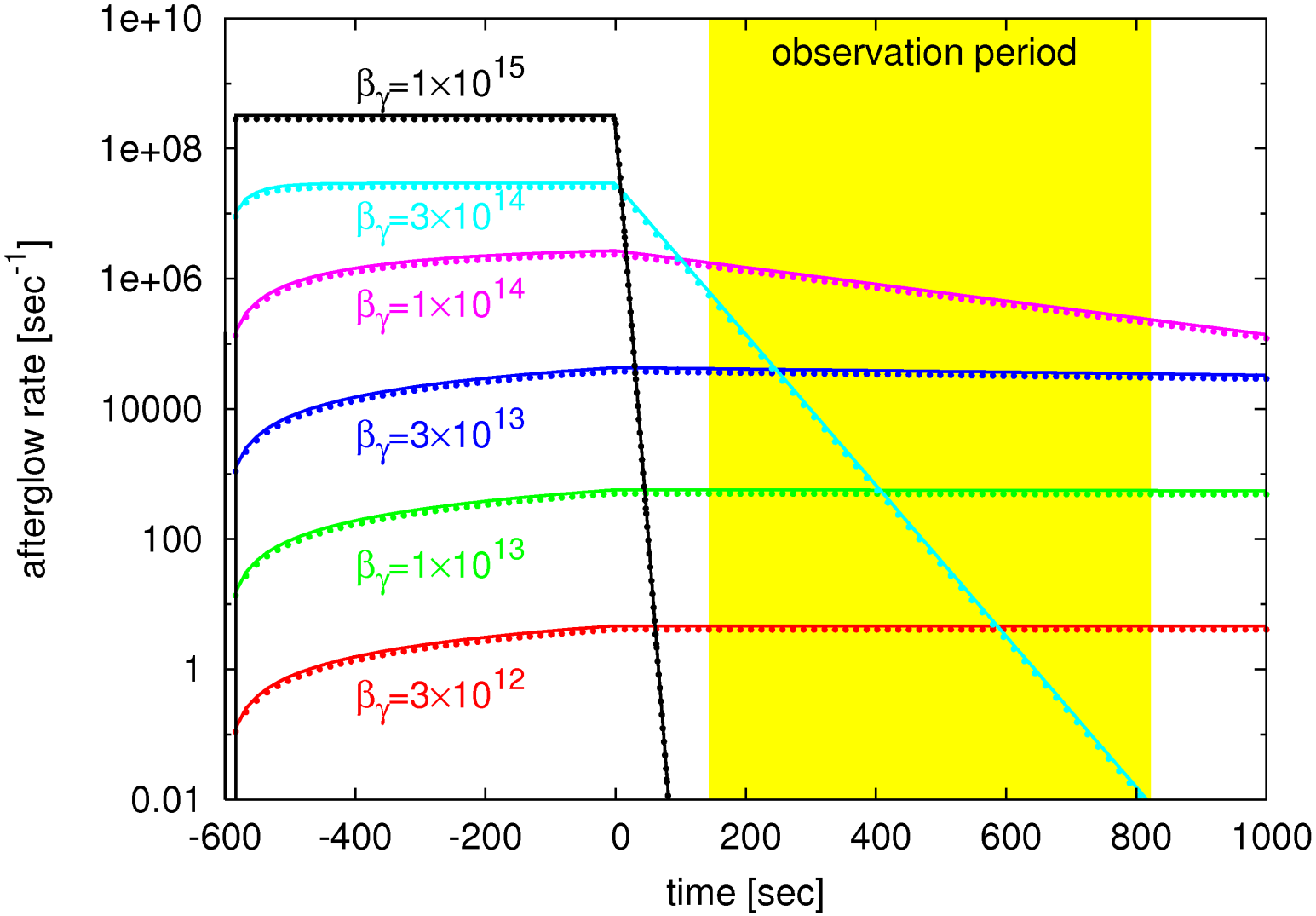
Afterglow Experiment

a) production: Stream photons through the magnetic field region via glass windows. Any chameleon particles produced will be trapped in the chamber.



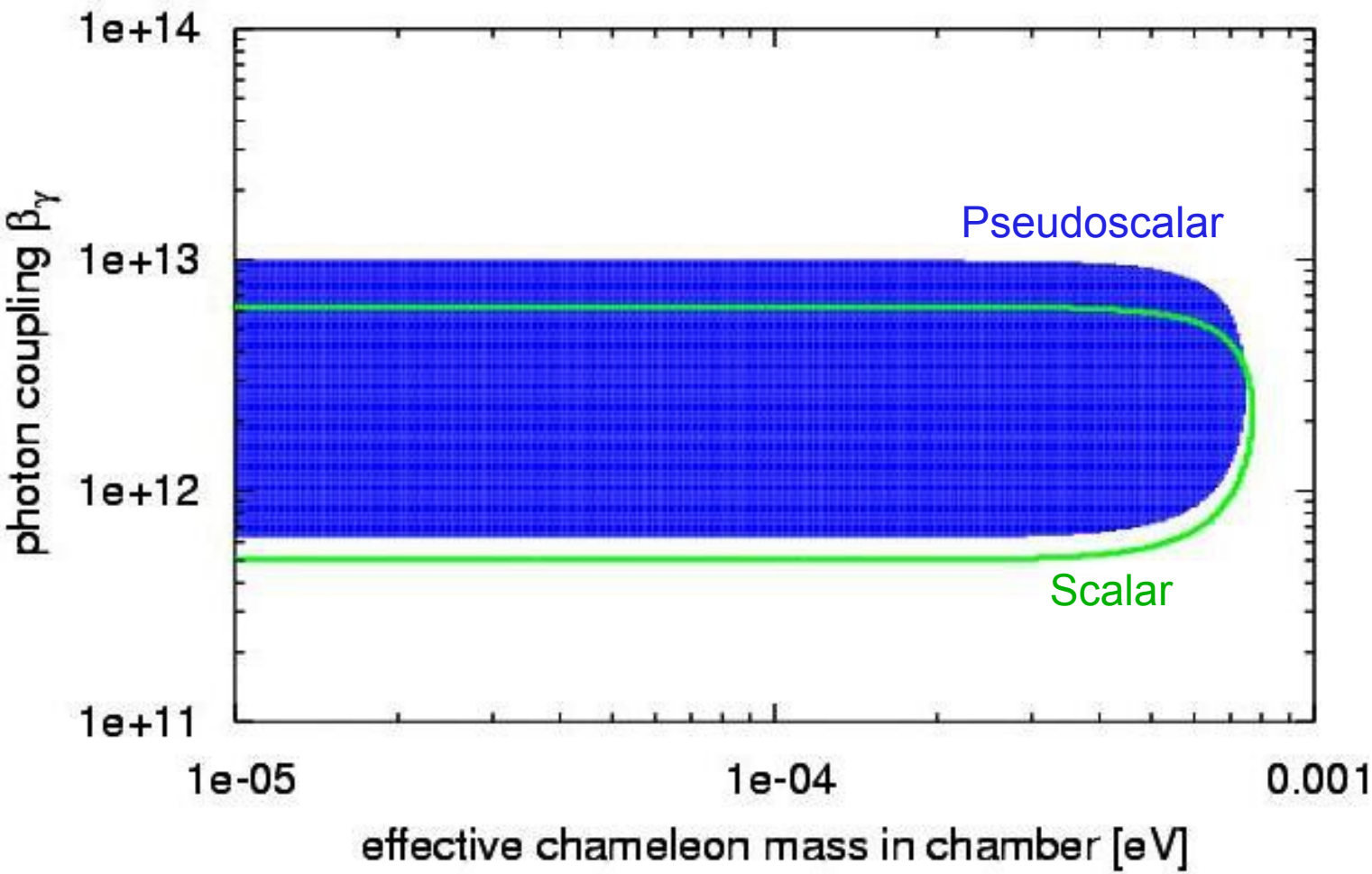
b) afterglow: Turn off the photon source, and wait for chameleon particles to convert back into detectable photons, which emerge through the windows.

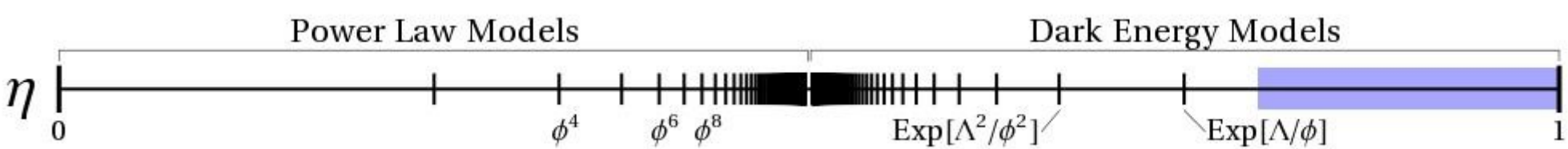
Expected Signal



solid lines: $m_{eff}=1\times10^{-4}$eV dotted lines: $m_{eff}=5\times10^{-4}$eV

Constraints from GammeV

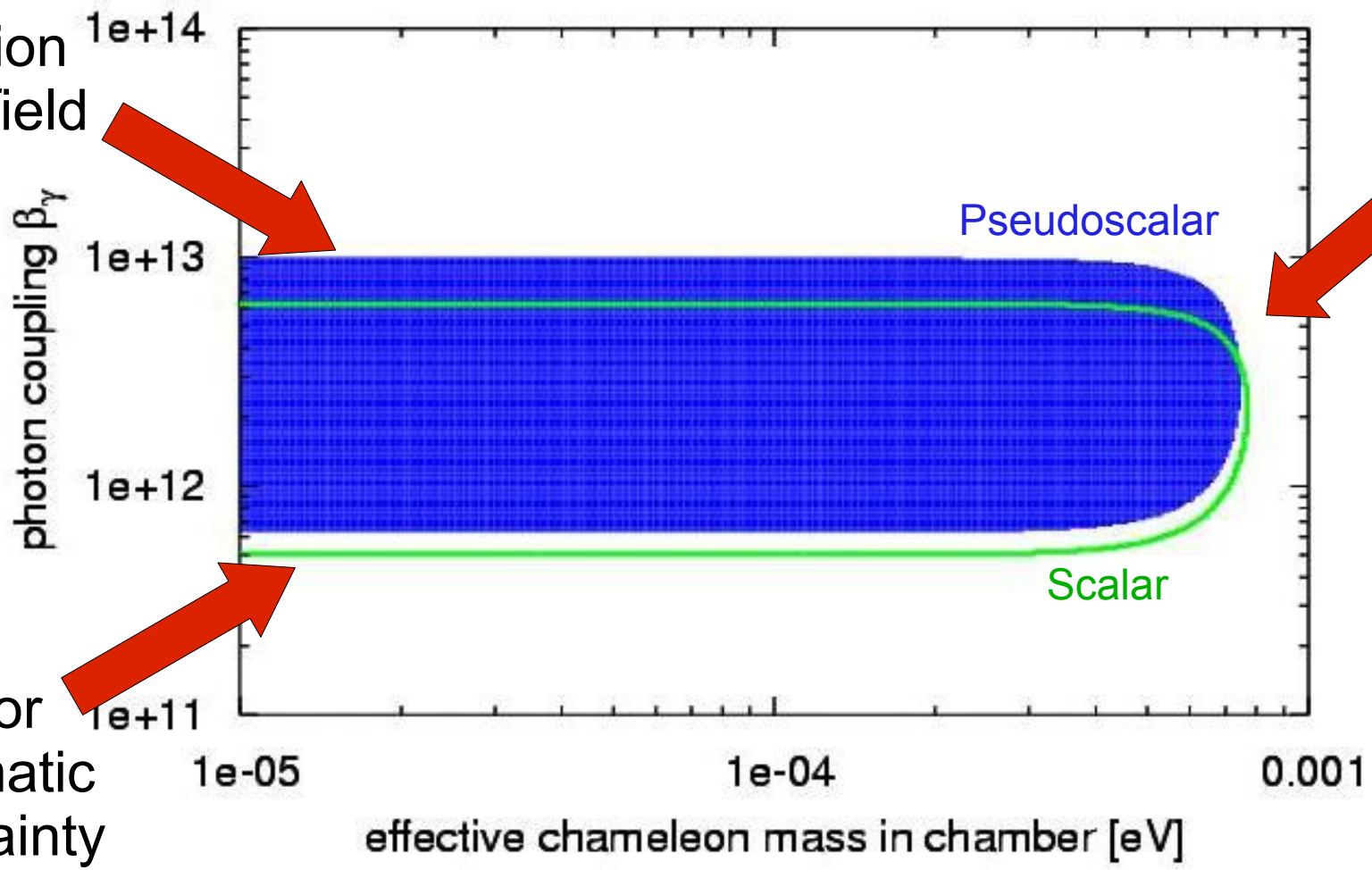




Constraints from GammeV

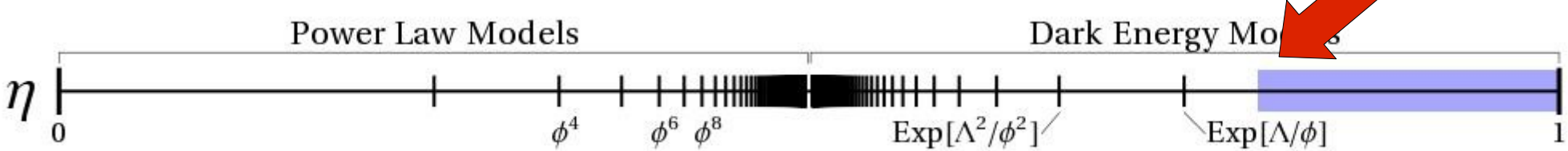
Transition and B field

Magnetic field length

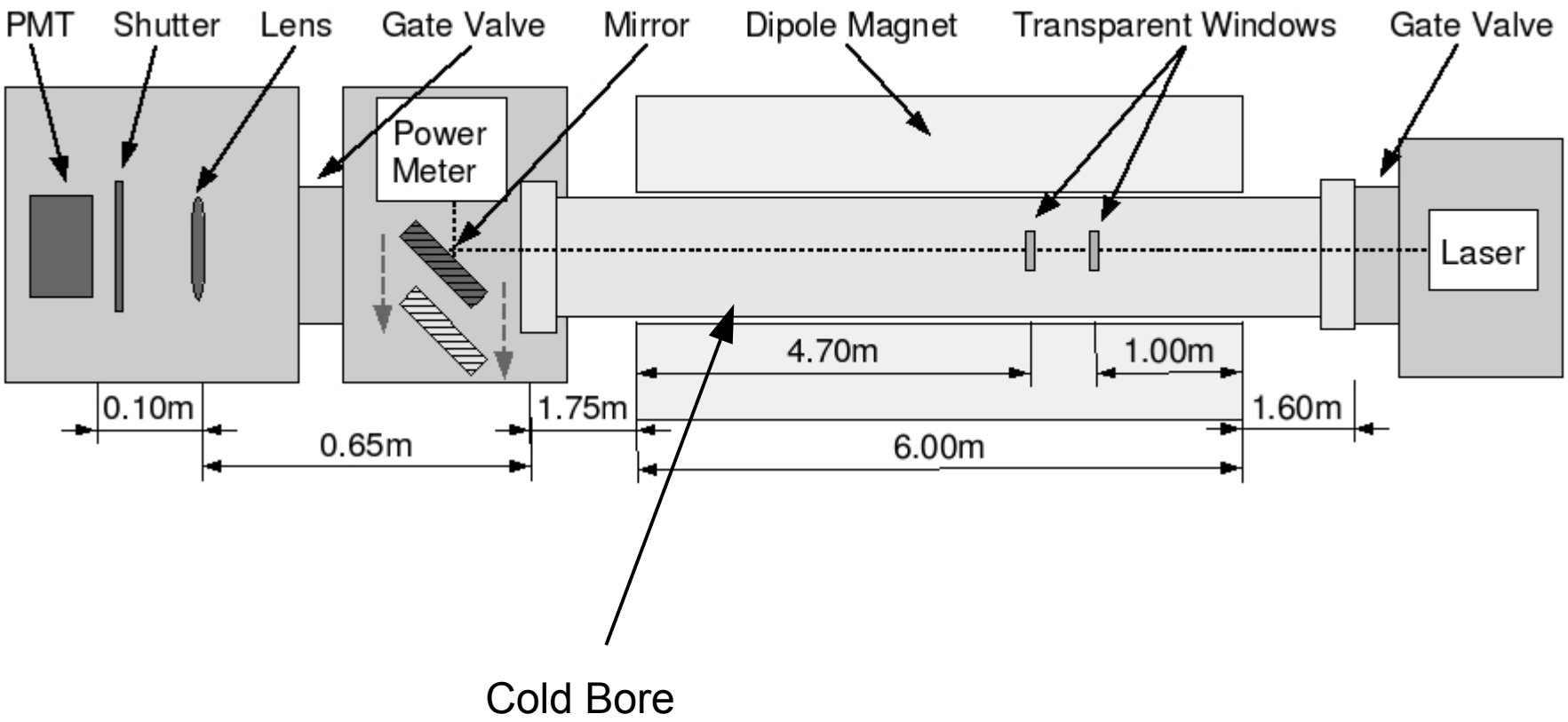


Detector systematic uncertainty

Vacuum system design



CHASE Schematic



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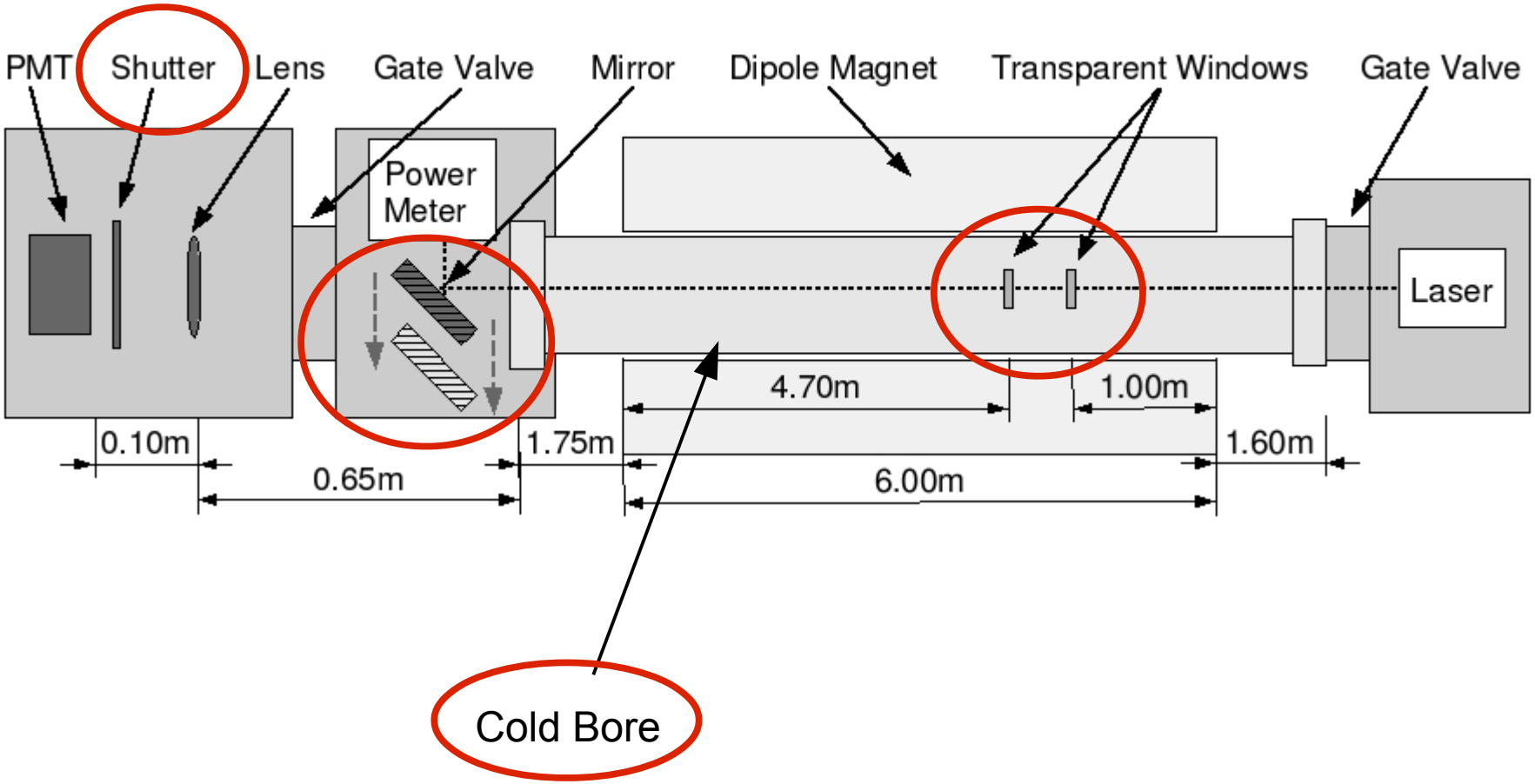
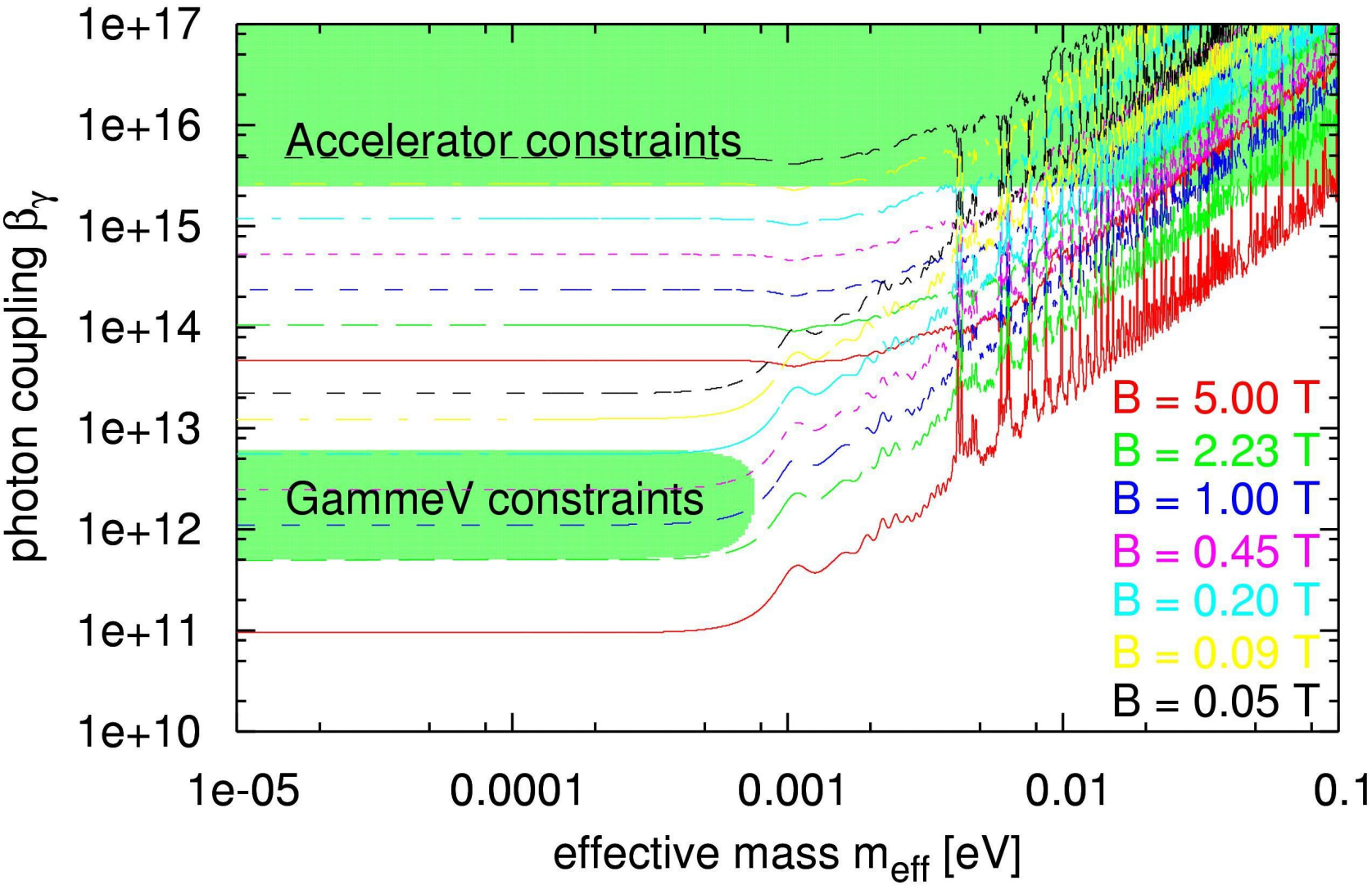
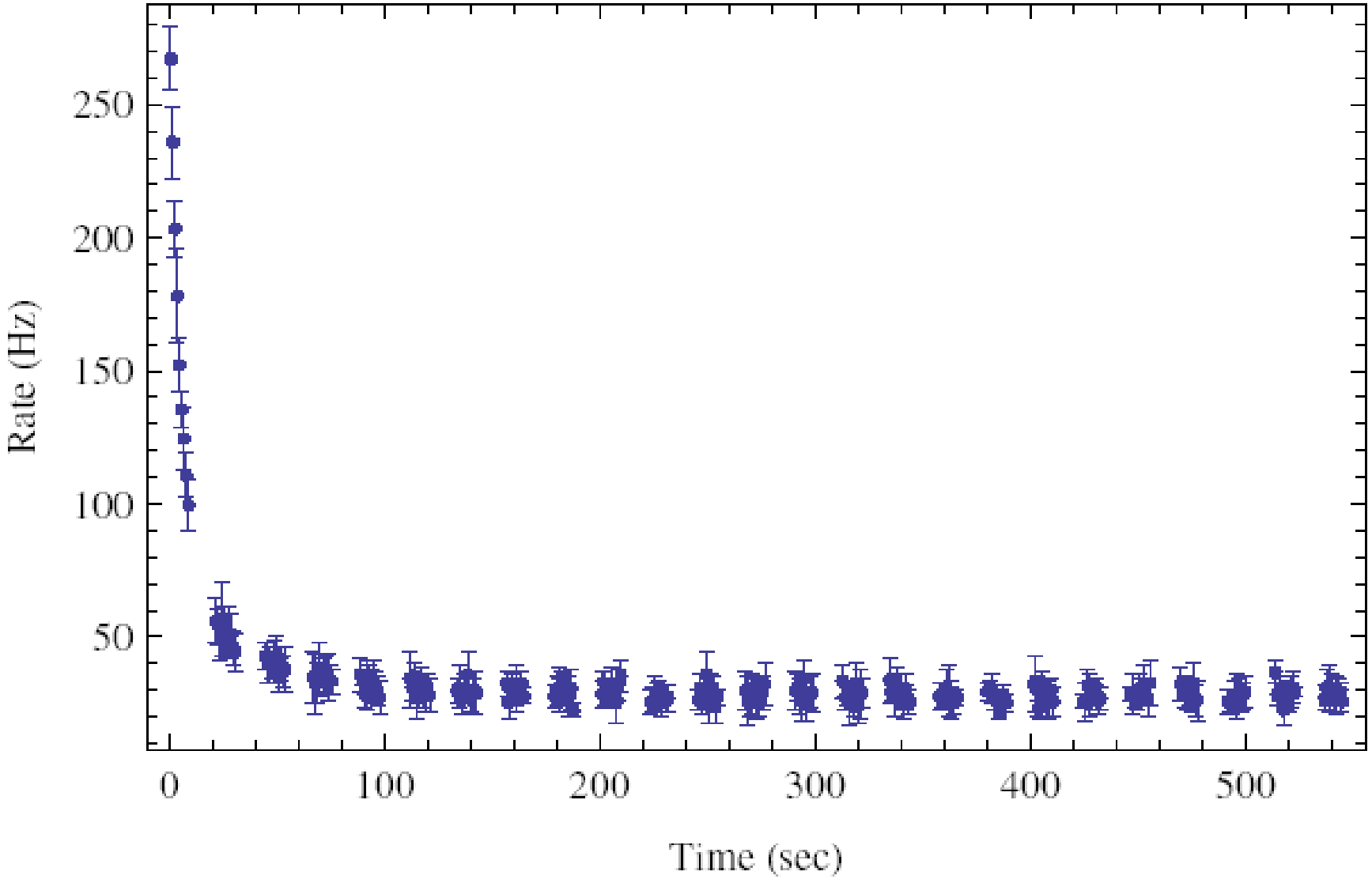


CHASE Experimental Approach



Lowering the magnetic field allows us to probe larger photon couplings and to eliminate some systematic effects.

Orange Glow



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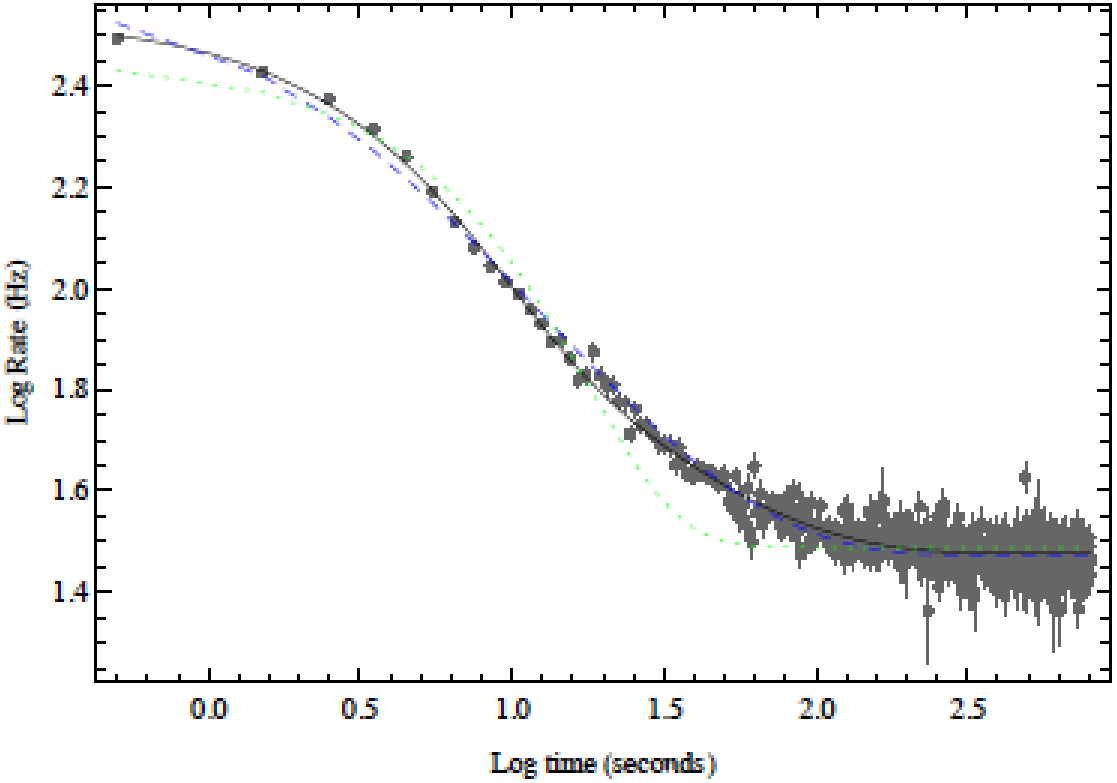
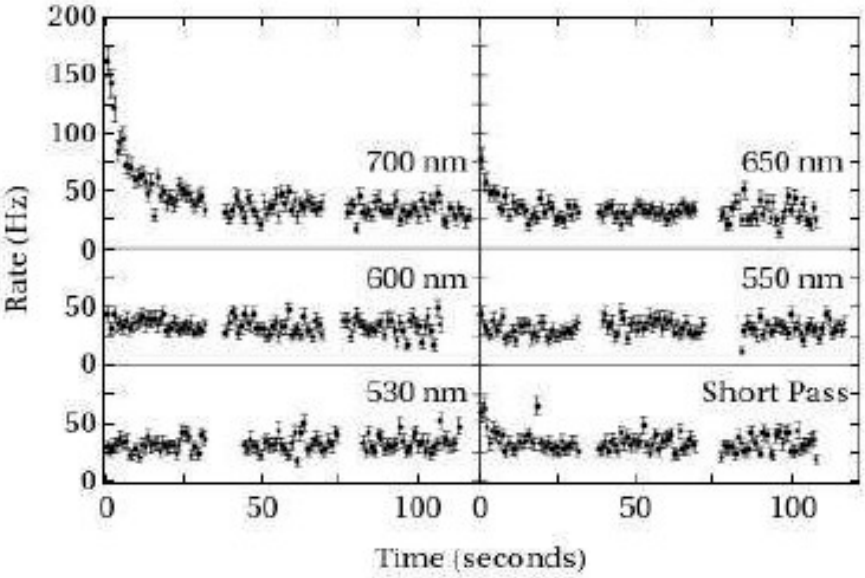
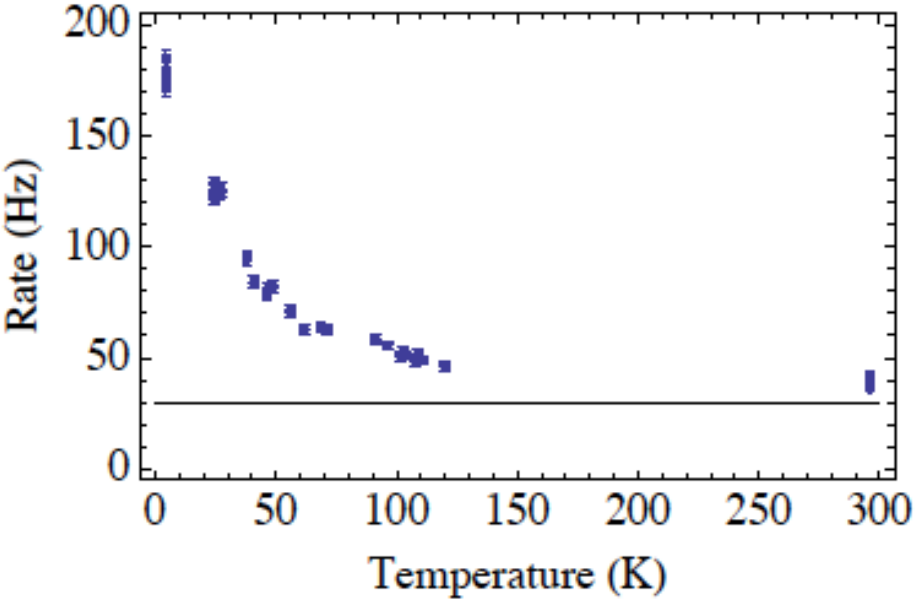


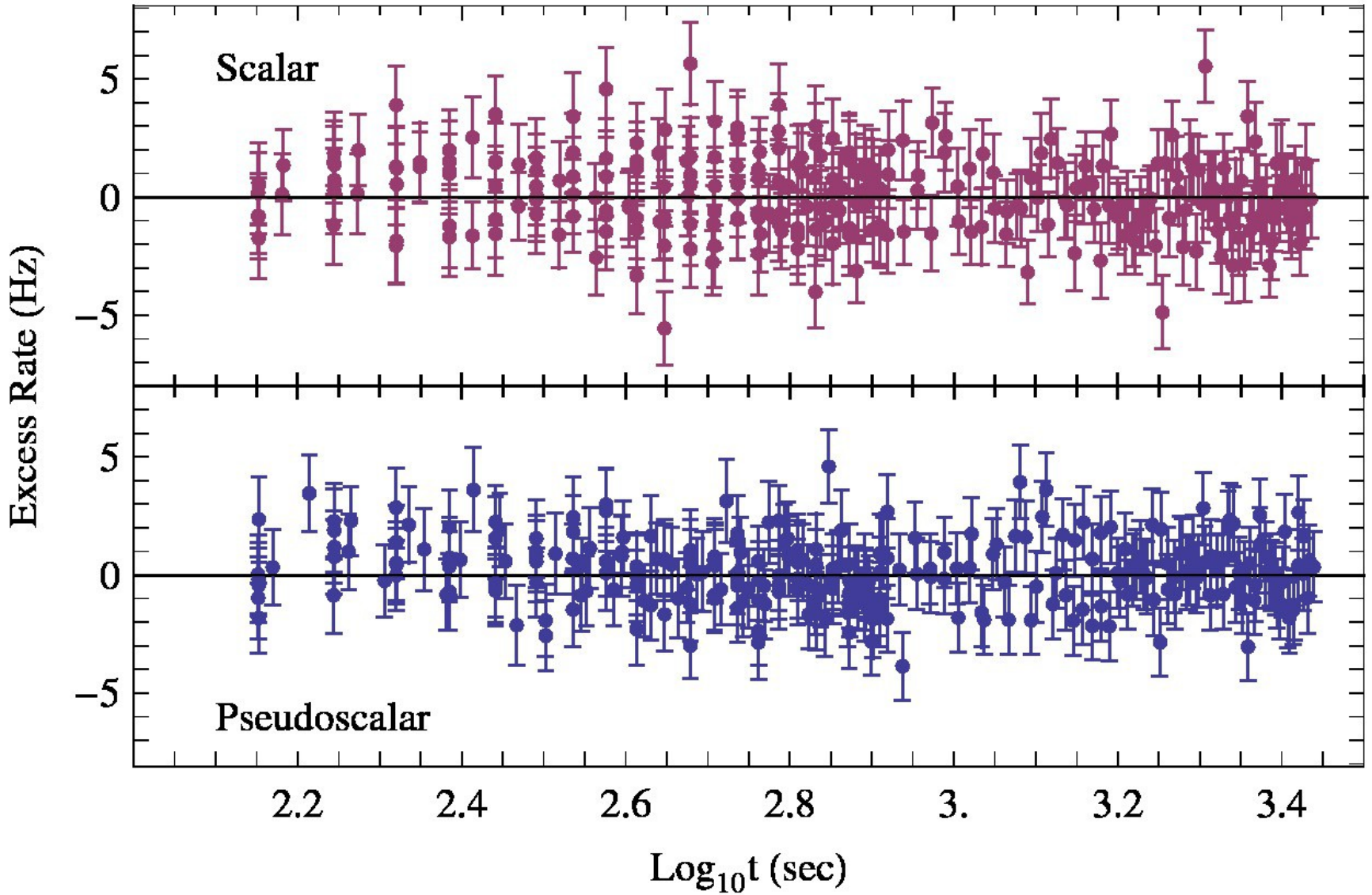


$$\Gamma_{\text{preferred}}(t) = \Gamma_1 e^{-\gamma_1 t} + \frac{\Gamma_2 e^{-\gamma_2 t}}{1 - \xi e^{-\gamma_2}} + C$$



Steffen et al. (2012)

CHASE Science Data



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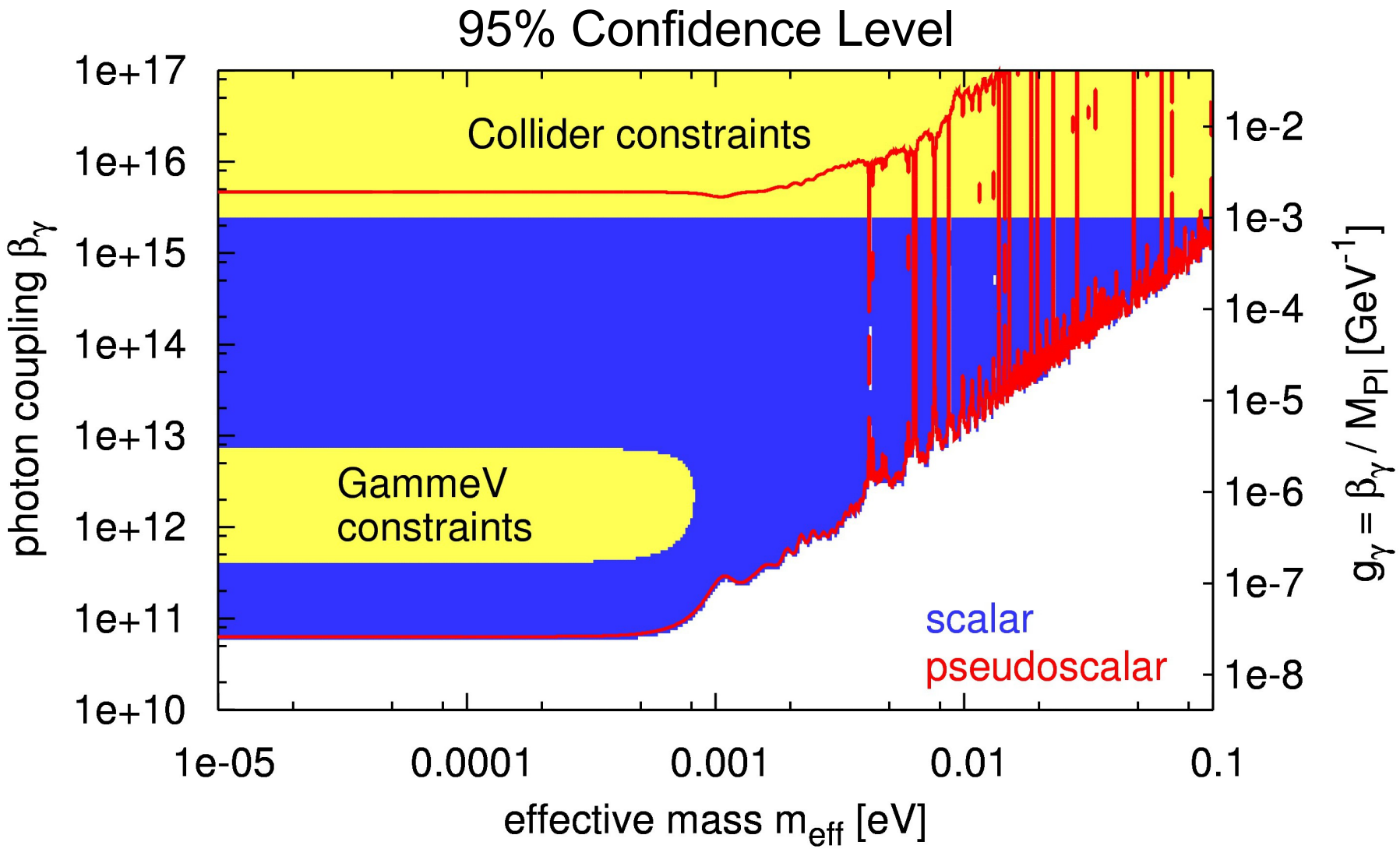

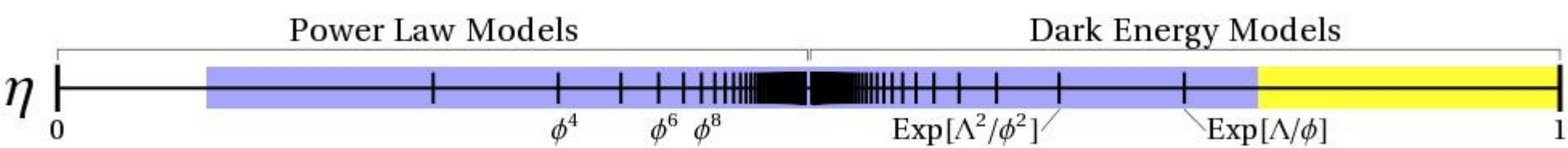

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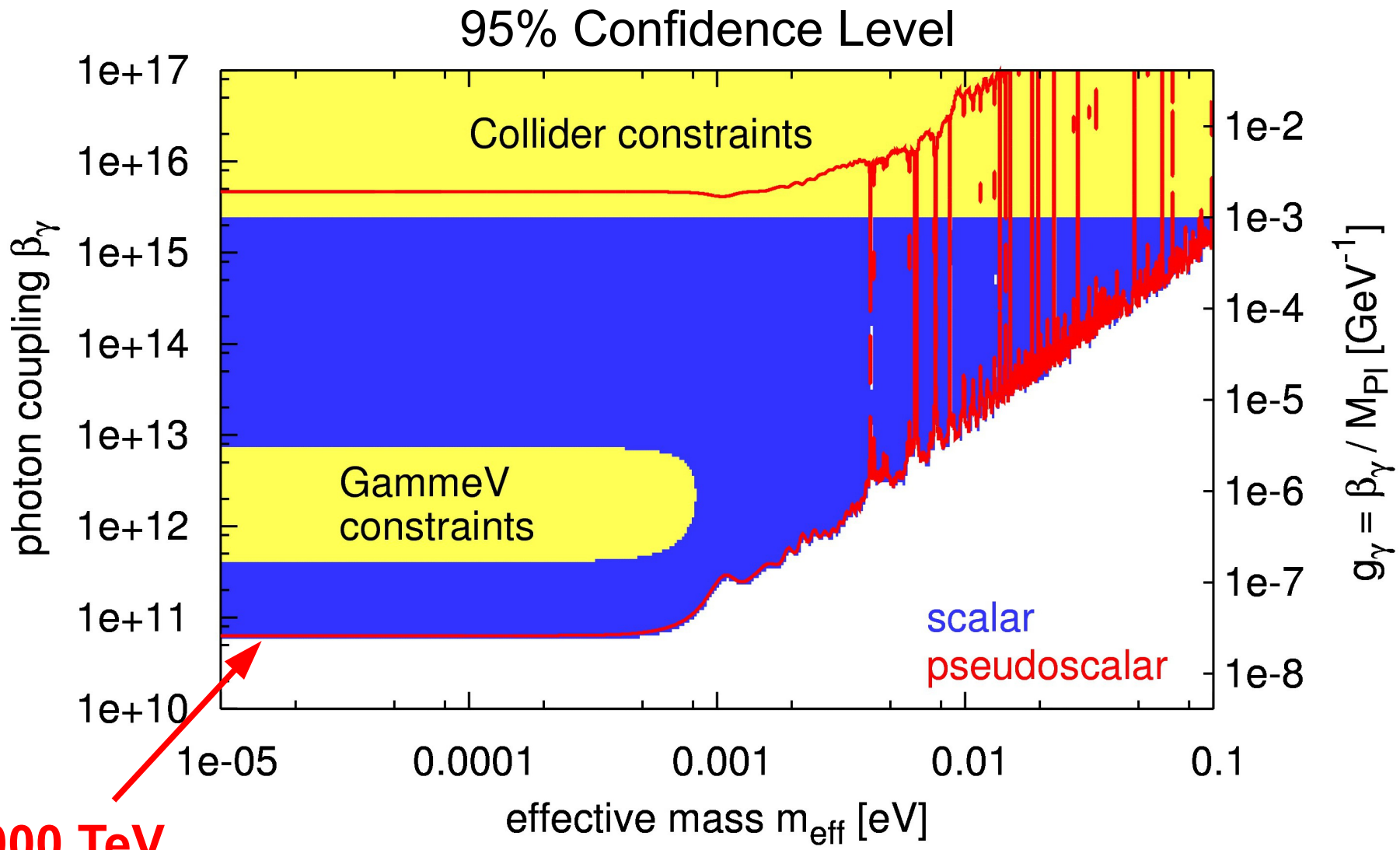
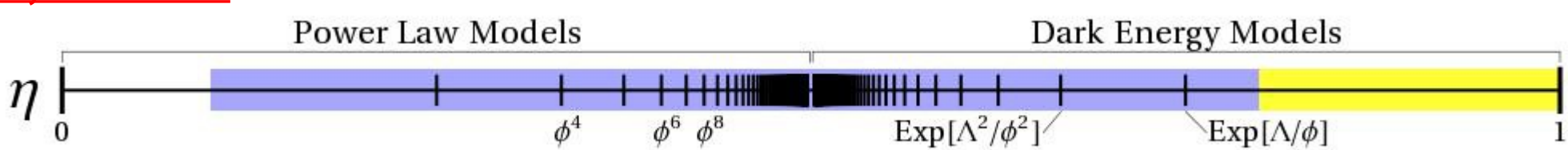
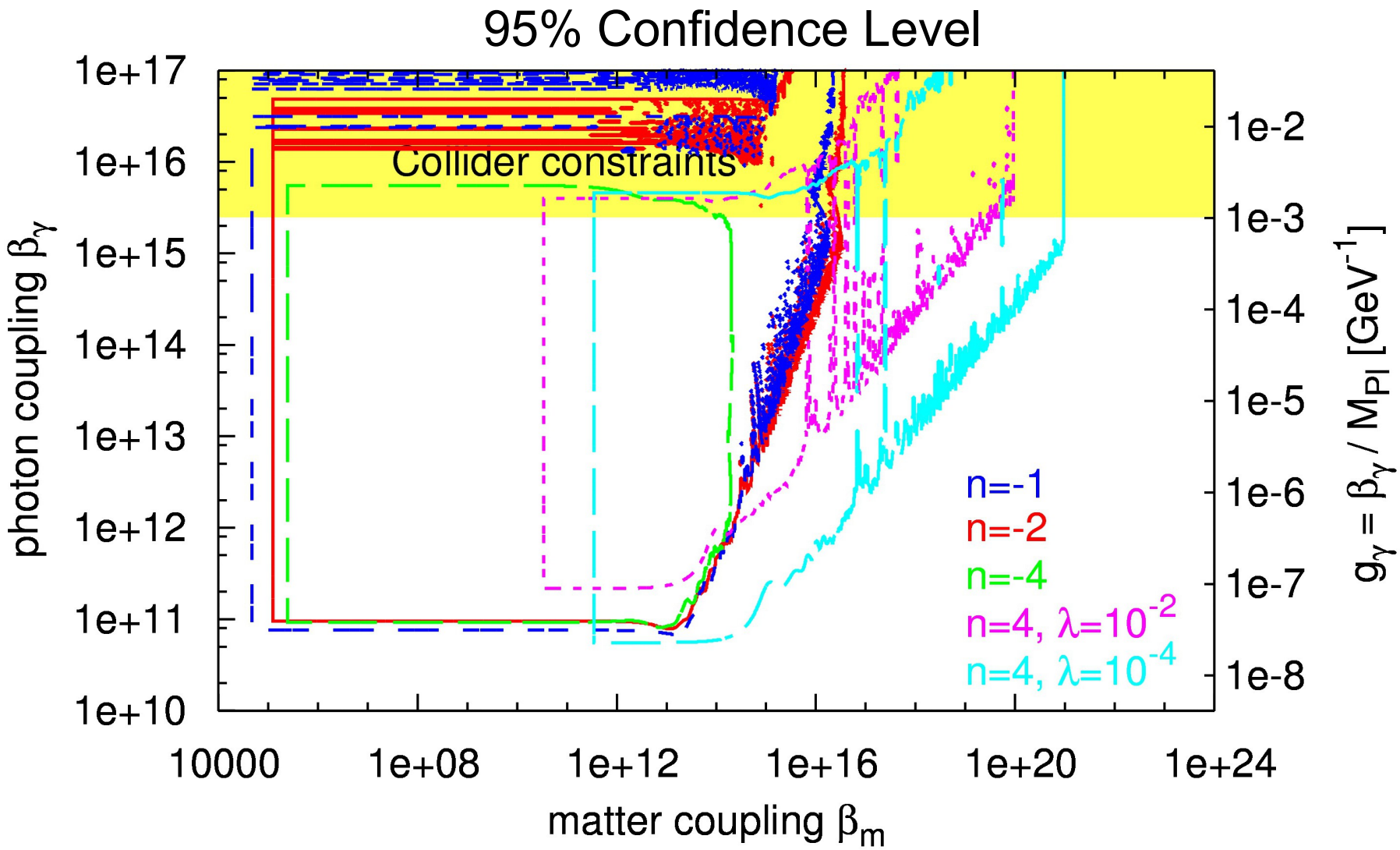
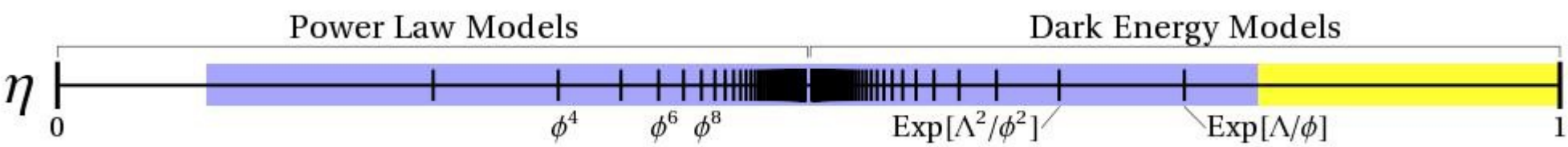


30,000 TeV

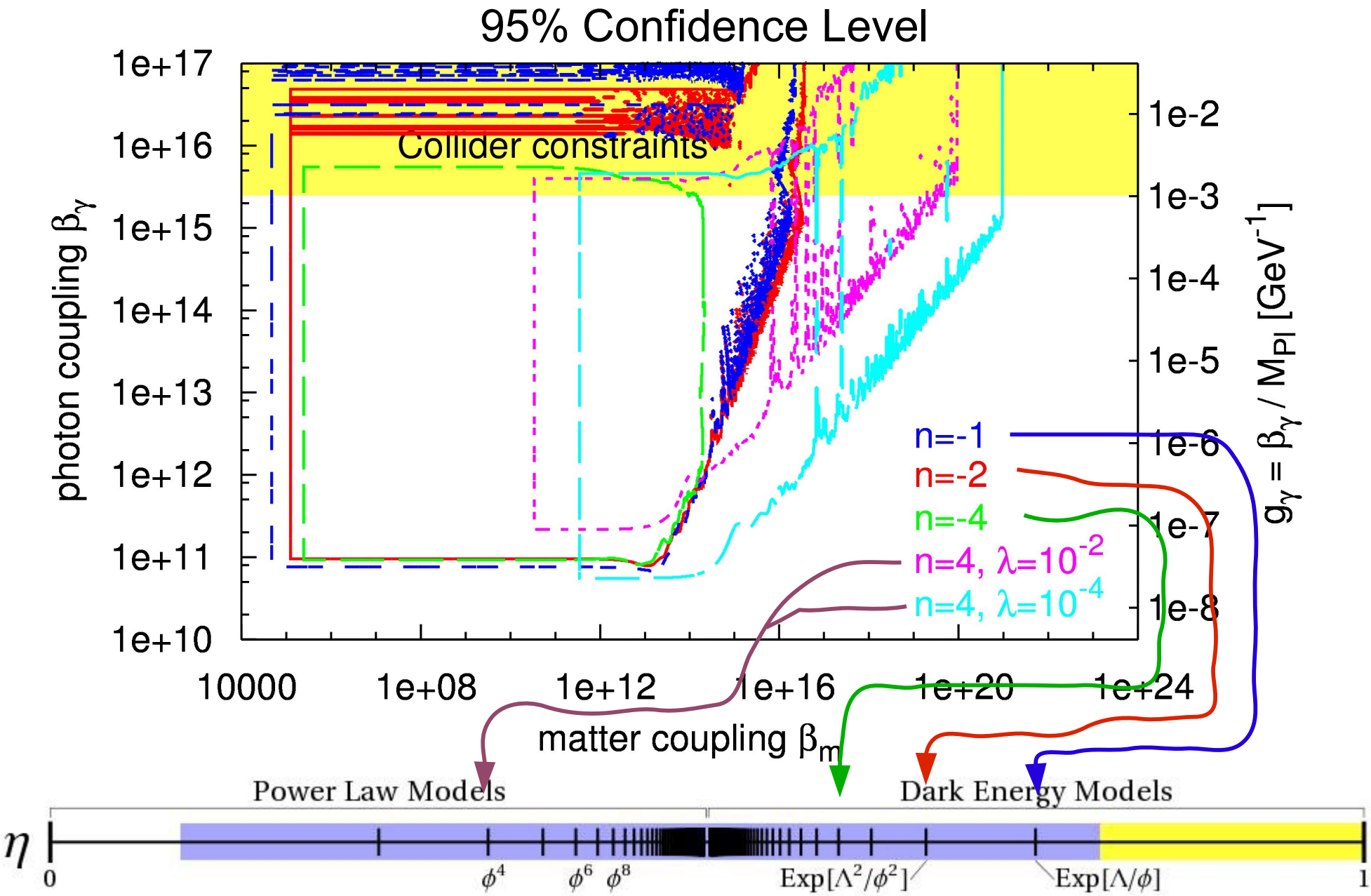


Model Dependent Results





Model Dependent Results



More Numerology

The Intensity Frontier:

1 Mega Watt 100 GeV proton beam ~ 10^{14} protons/second

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1 Watt eV photon beam ~ 10^{19} photons/second

More Numerology

The Intensity Frontier:

1 Mega Watt 100 GeV proton beam ~ 10^{14} protons/second

1 Watt eV photon beam ~ 10^{19} photons/second

Add a resonating cavity...

Increase power by a factor of 100 to 100,000

Power recycle for a factor of 10 to 100

More Numerology

The Intensity Frontier:

1 Mega Watt 100 GeV proton beam ~ 10^{14} protons/second

1 Watt eV photon beam ~ 10^{19} photons/second

Add a resonating cavity...

Increase power by a factor of 100 to 100,000

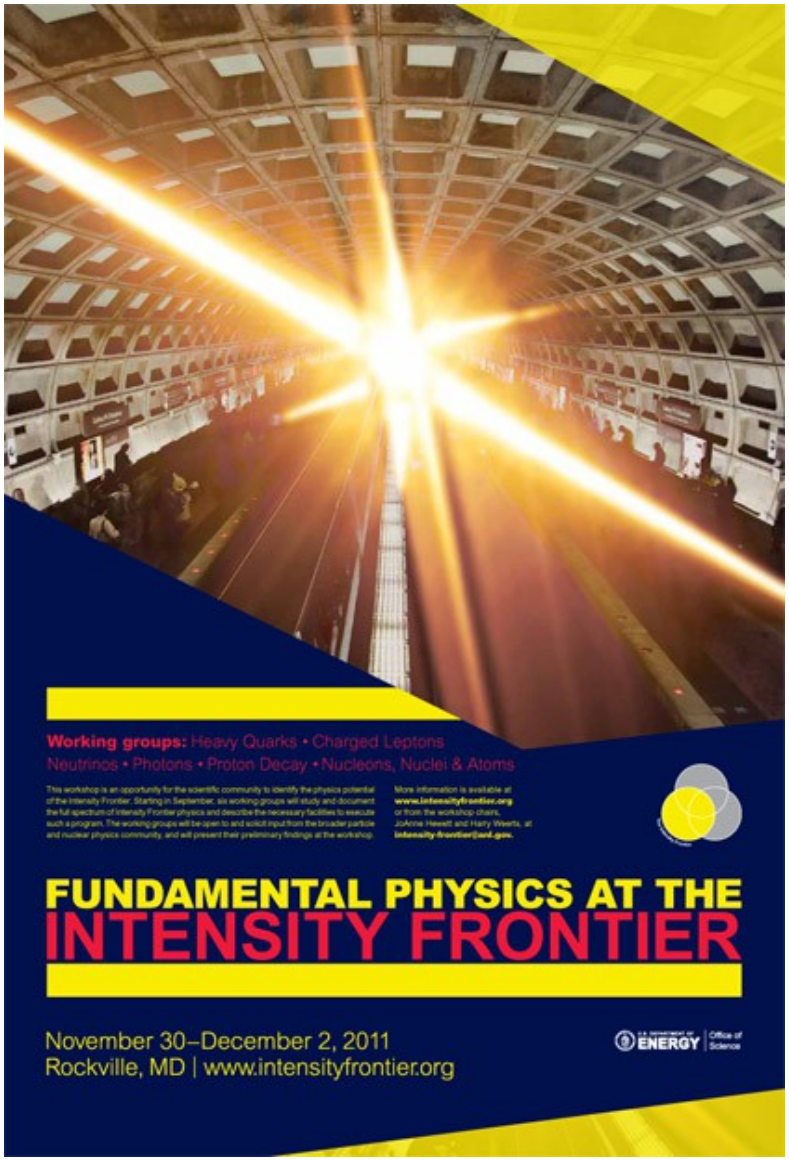
Power recycle for a factor of 10 to 100

Use an interferometer...

Angular sensitivity ~ 10^{-12} radians

Differential length sensitivity ~ 10^{-19} meters

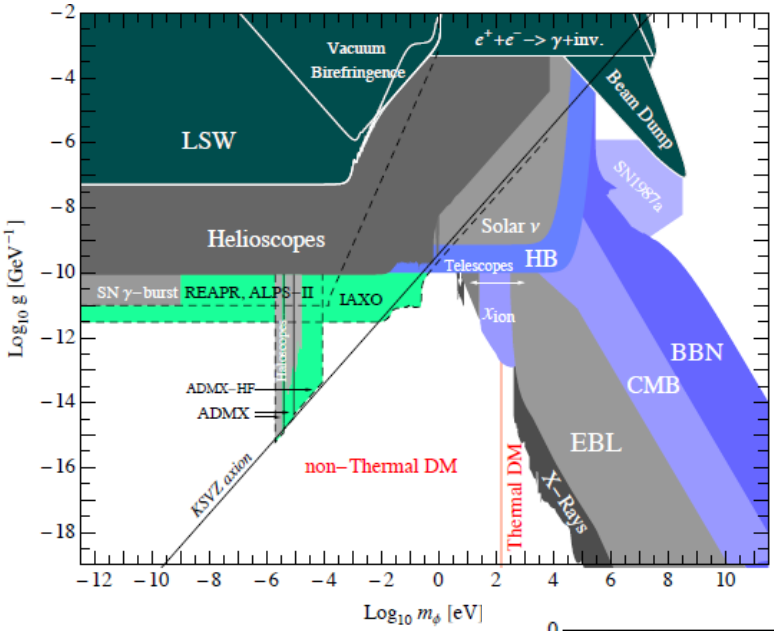
The Intensity Frontier

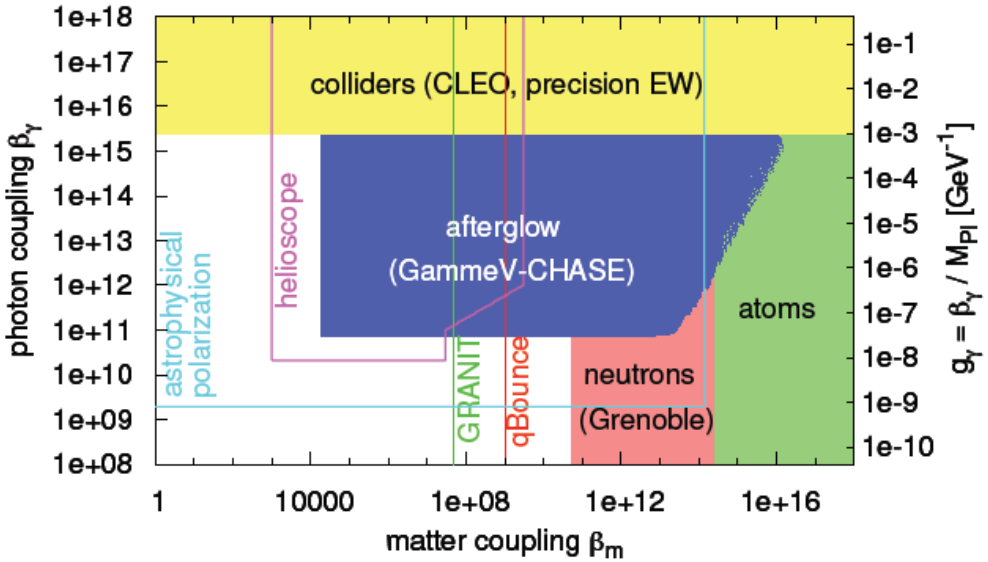


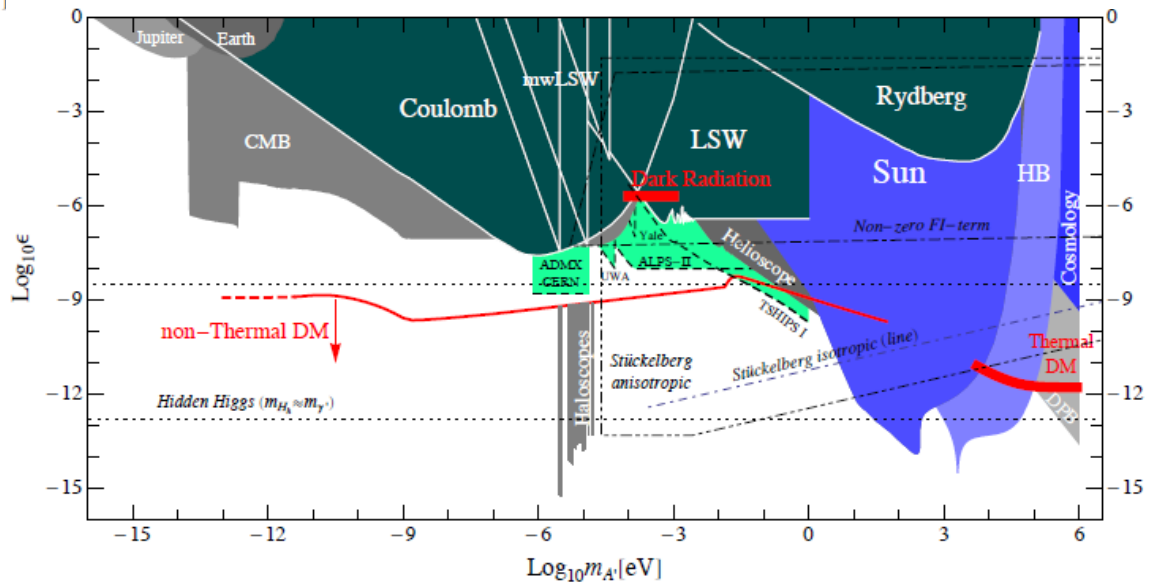
Working group on
Hidden Sector Photons, Axions, and WISPs

The Intensity Frontier

New Light, Weakly Coupled Particles





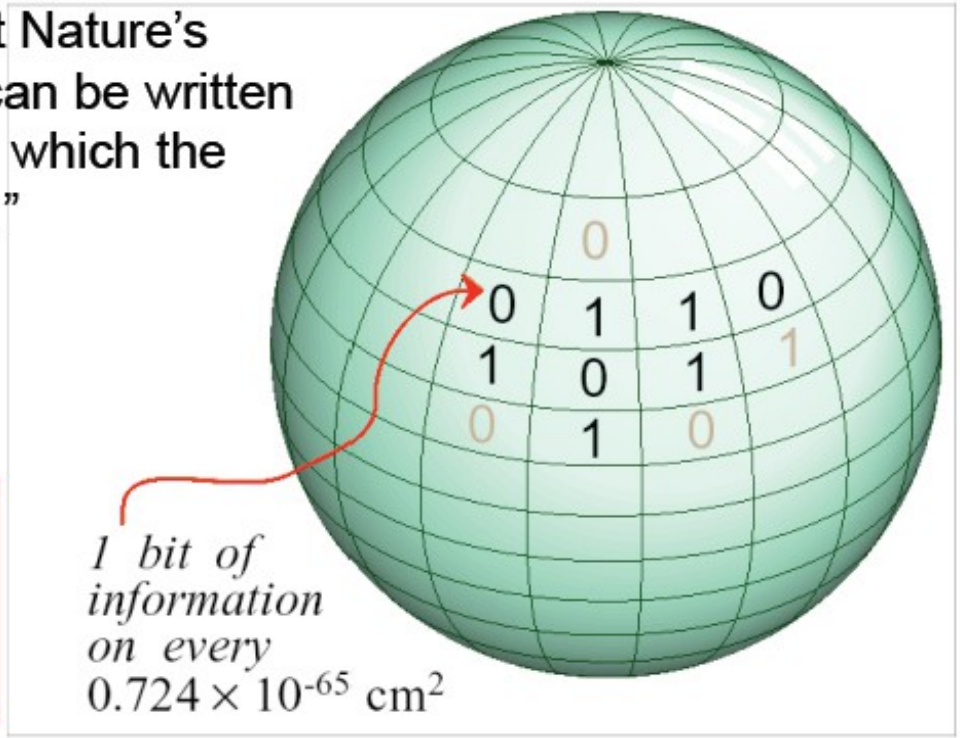


Laser Test of Gravity: The Holometer

Bold idea from black hole physics: the world is a hologram

"This is what we found out about Nature's book keeping system: the data can be written onto a surface, and the pen with which the data are written has a finite size."

-Gerard 't Hooft

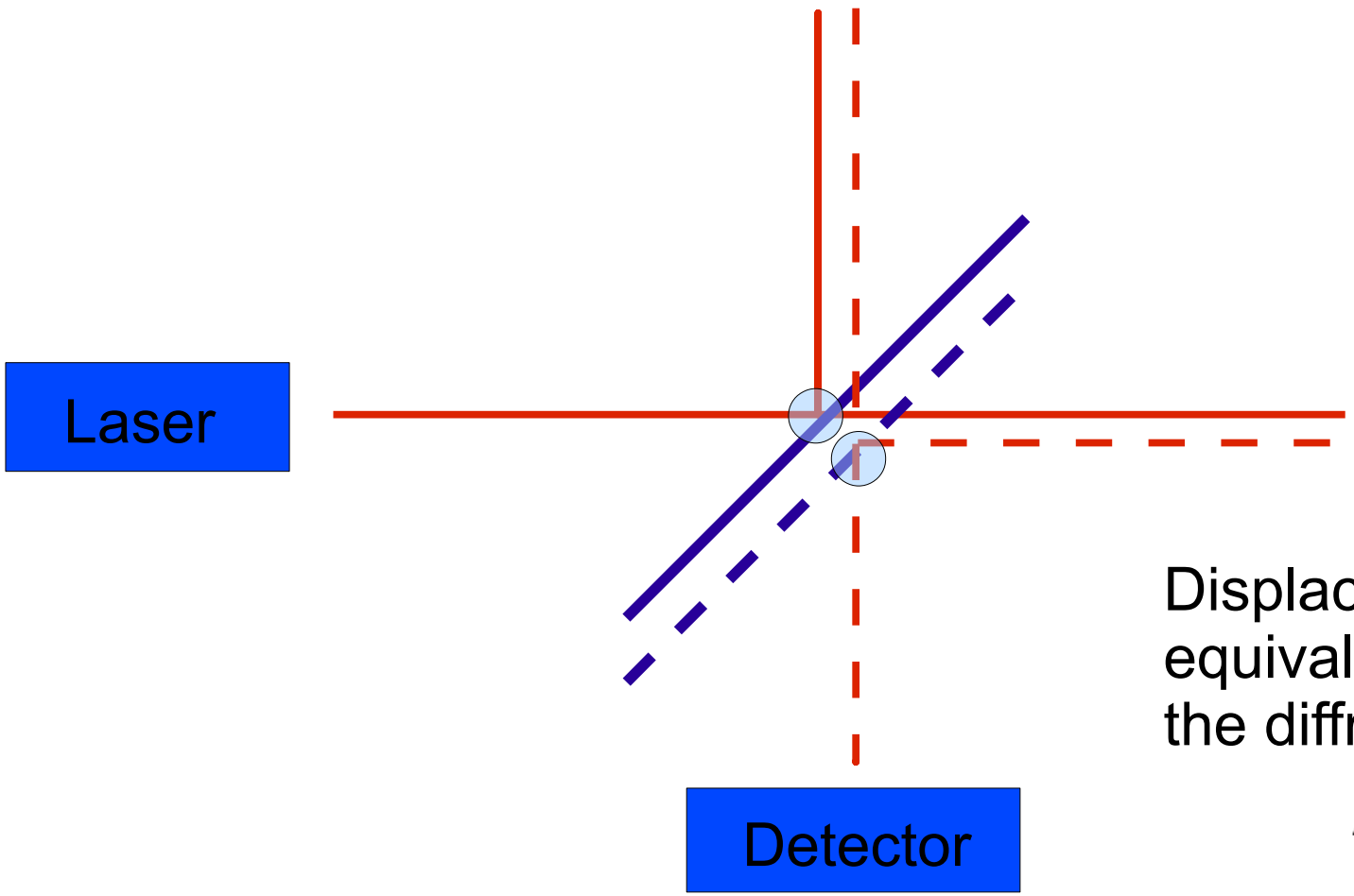


Everything is written on 2D surfaces moving at the speed of light

Are there experimental consequences of this idea?

Laser Test of Gravity: The Holometer

Suppose that there is an information bound at the Planck scale – Planck-sized bits on a null surface (light sheet).



Displacement noise is equivalent to the size of the diffraction spot:

$$\Delta x^2 = l_P L$$

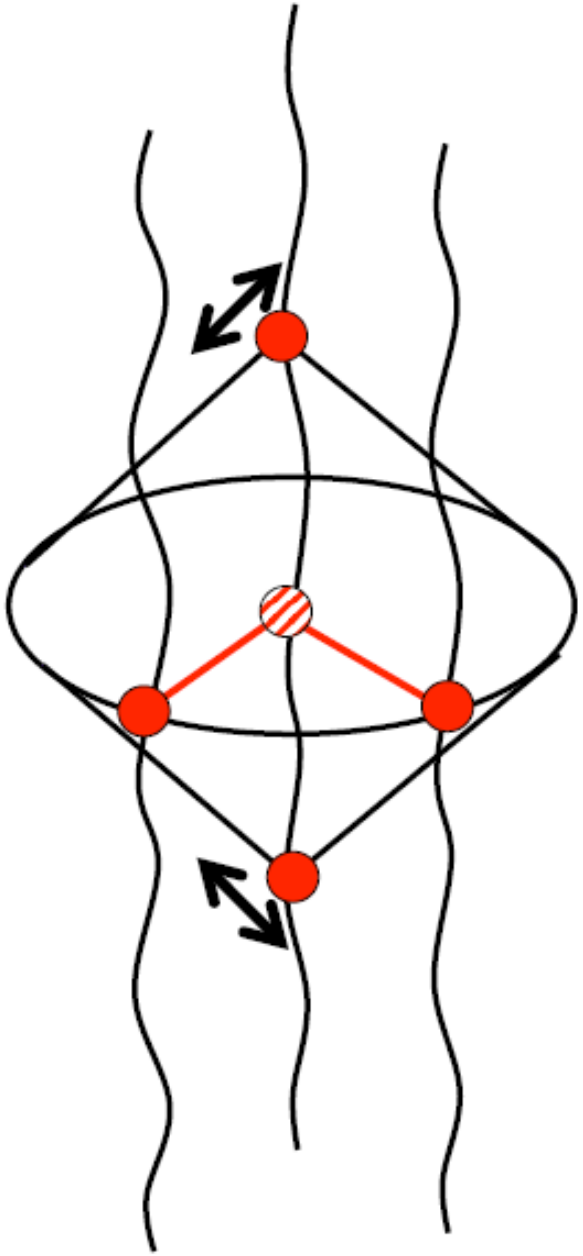
Laser Test of Gravity: The Holometer

Michelson interferometer

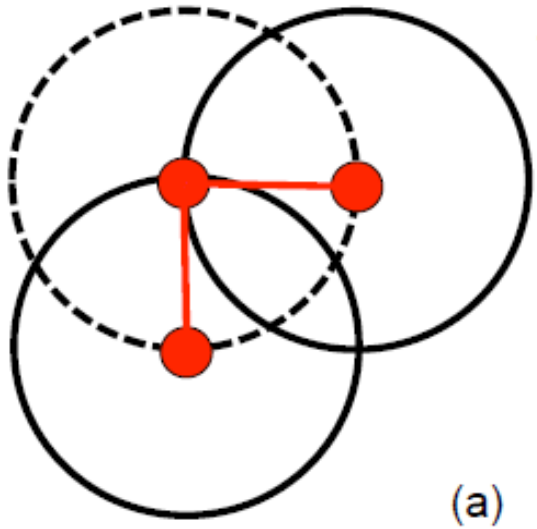
Events contributing to interferometer signal

On worldlines of beamsplitter and two end mirrors

Measurement is coherent, nonlocal in space and time, includes position in two directions

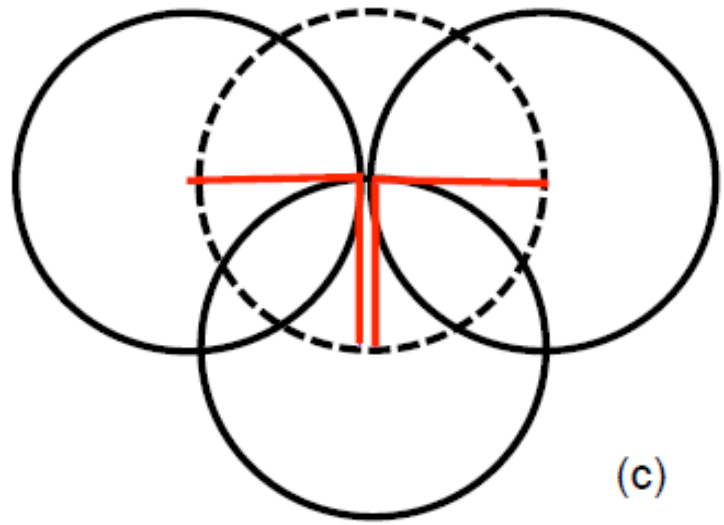


Laser Test of Gravity: The Holometer



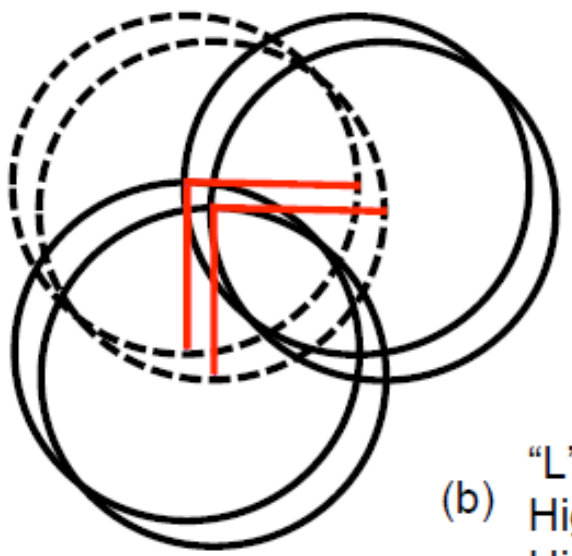
Top view of diamonds for one interferometer

(a)



(c)

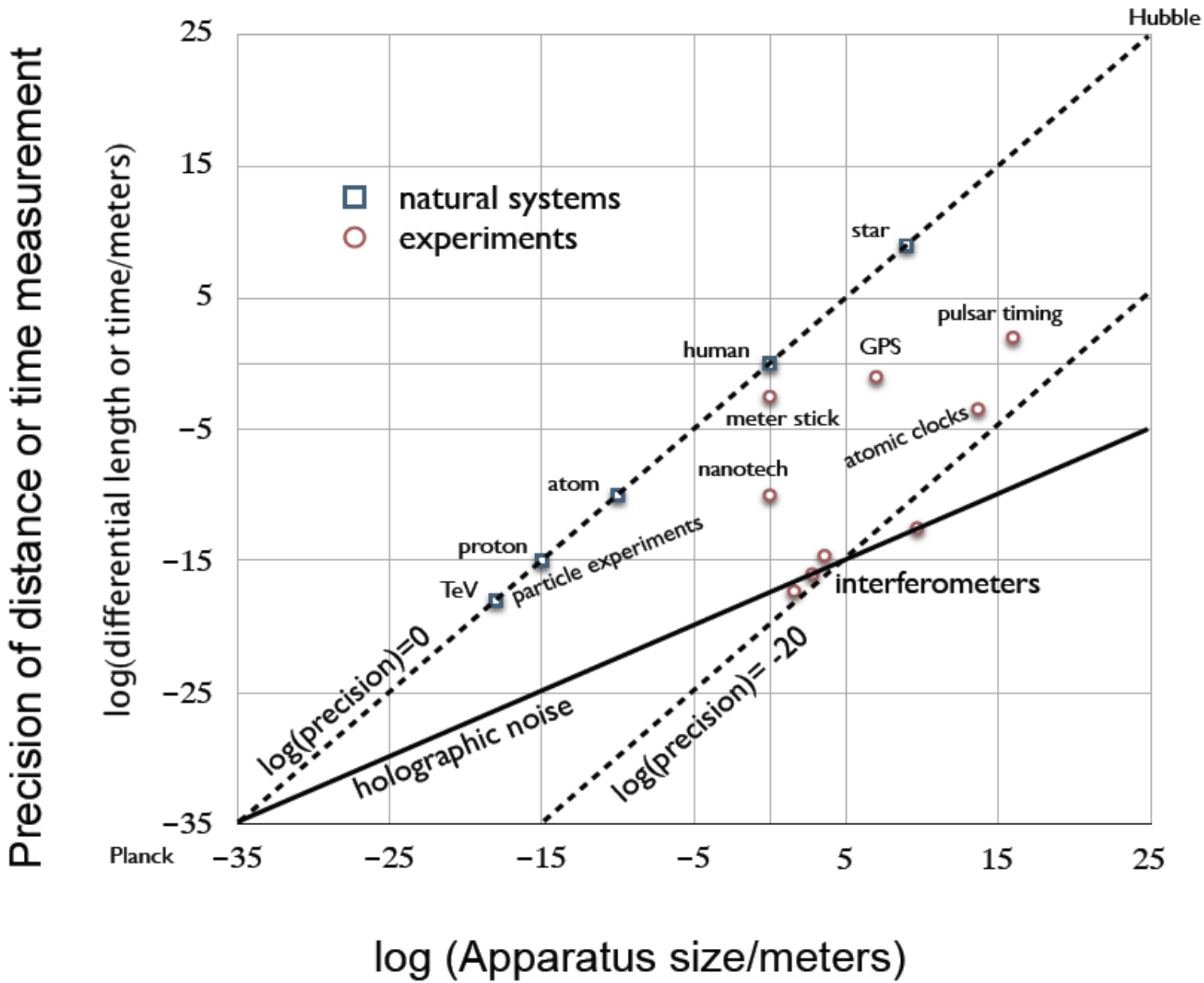
"T" configuration
No overlap of diamonds
from end mirrors
No signal correlations



(b)

"L" configuration
Highly entangled diamonds
Highly correlated signals

Laser Test of Gravity: The Holometer



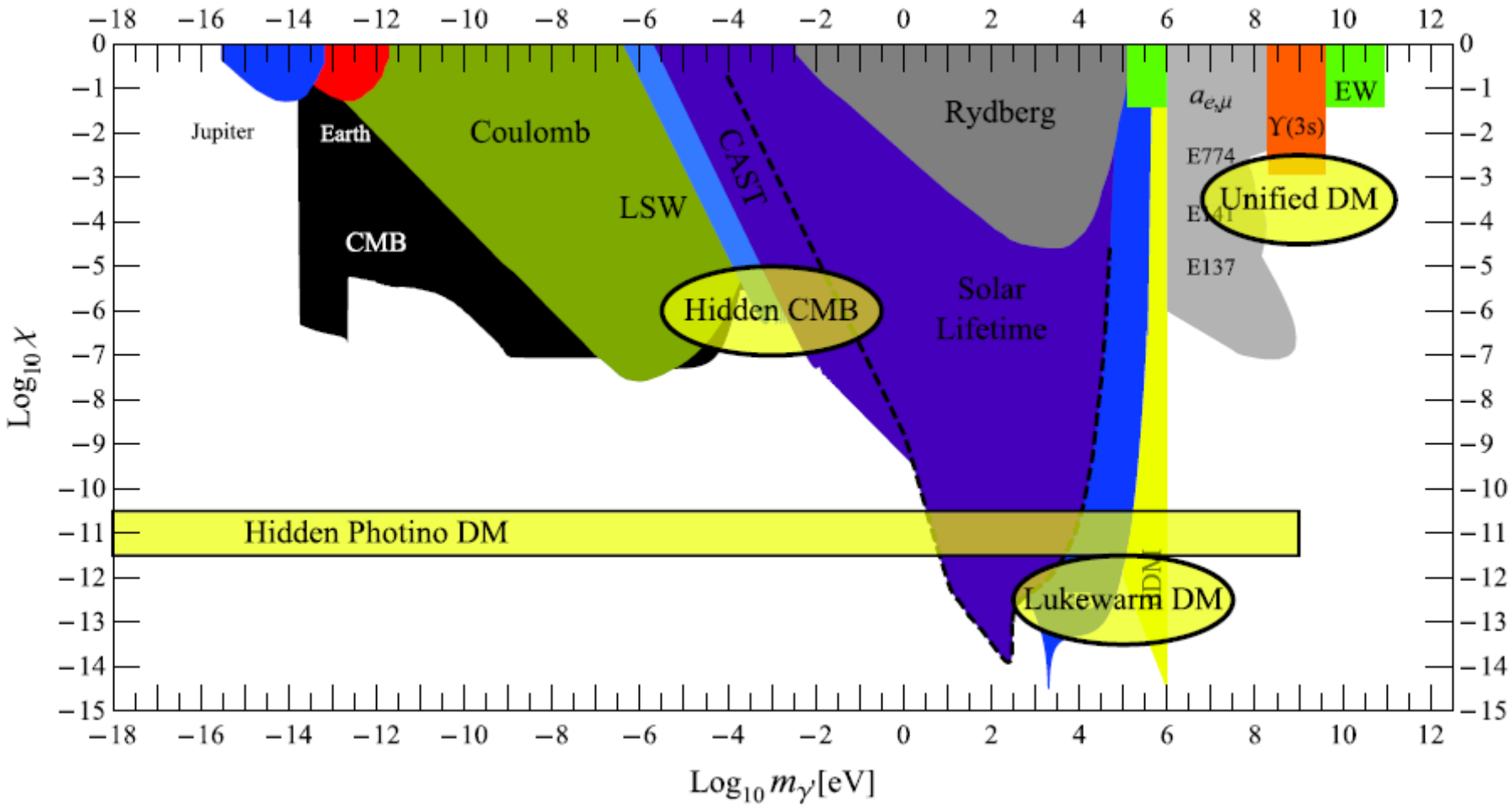
Laser Test of Gravity: The Holometer

Final Slide of Numerology

$$\sqrt{\frac{\ell_P}{H_0}} \simeq \frac{1}{2}\ \mathrm{mm} \quad (4\ \mathrm{meV})$$

Where we go from here?

Where to go: Paraphoton Search



Signatures of a Hidden Cosmic Microwave Background

Joerg Jaeckel,[1] Javier Redondo,[2] and Andreas Ringwald[2]

[1]*Institute for Particle Physics and Phenomenology, Durham University, Durham DH1 3LE, United Kingdom*
[2]*Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Notkestraße 85, D-22607 Hamburg, Germany*

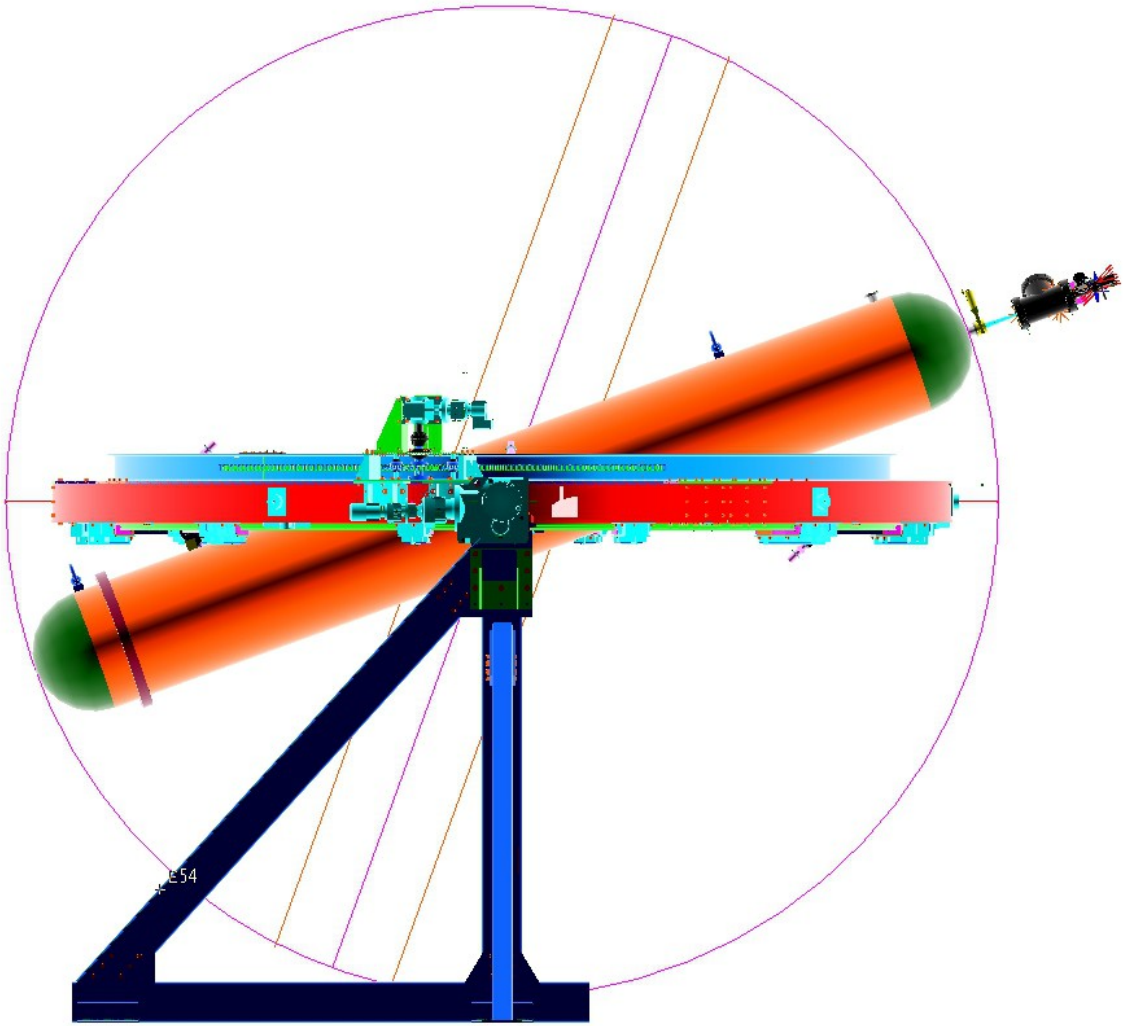
(Received 23 May 2008; published 26 September 2008)

The Case for Dark Radiation

Maria Archidiacono[a], Erminia Calabrese[a], and Alessandro Melchiorri[a]

[a] *Physics Department and INFN, Università di Roma "La Sapienza", Ple Aldo Moro 2, 00185, Rome, Italy*

Where to go: Paraphoton Search



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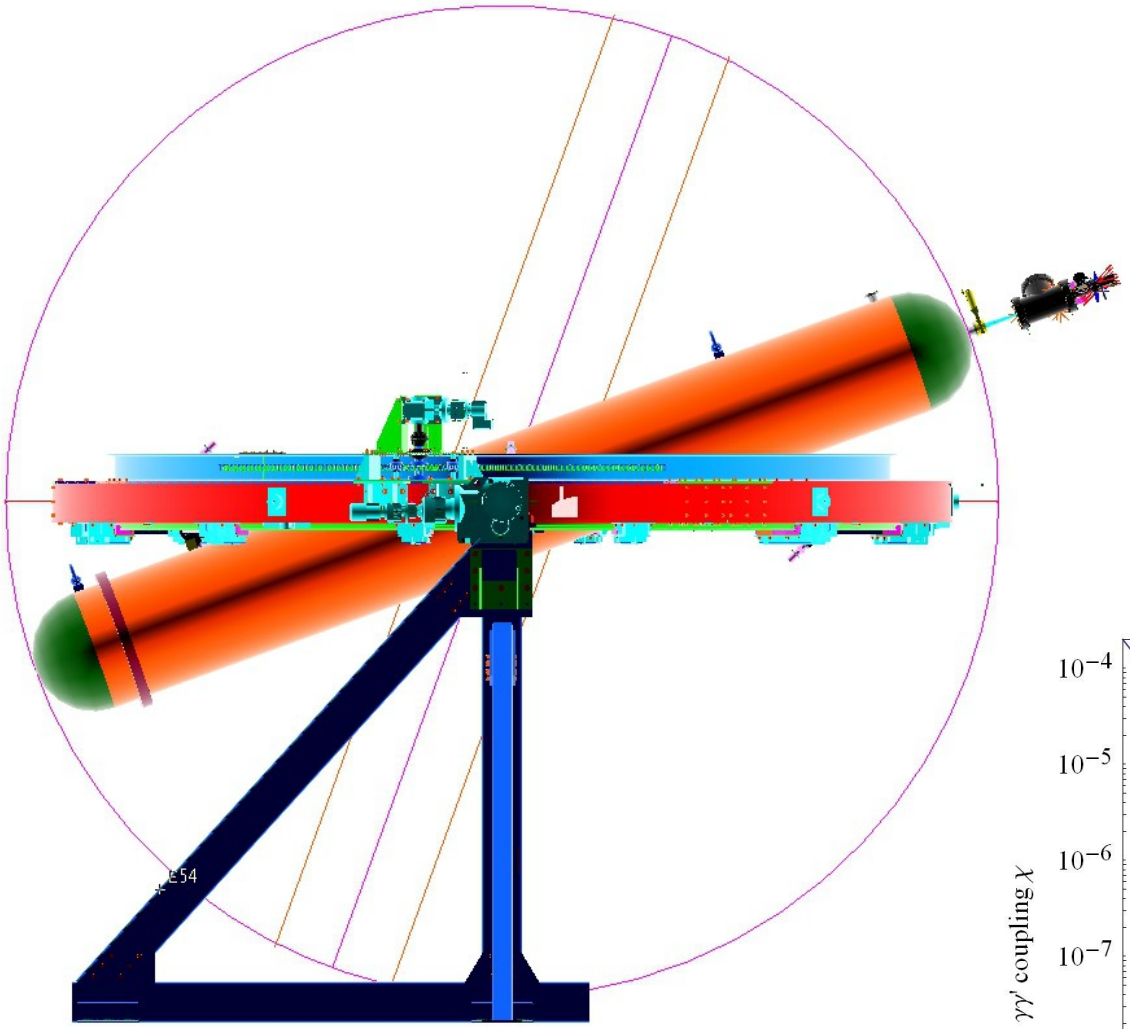
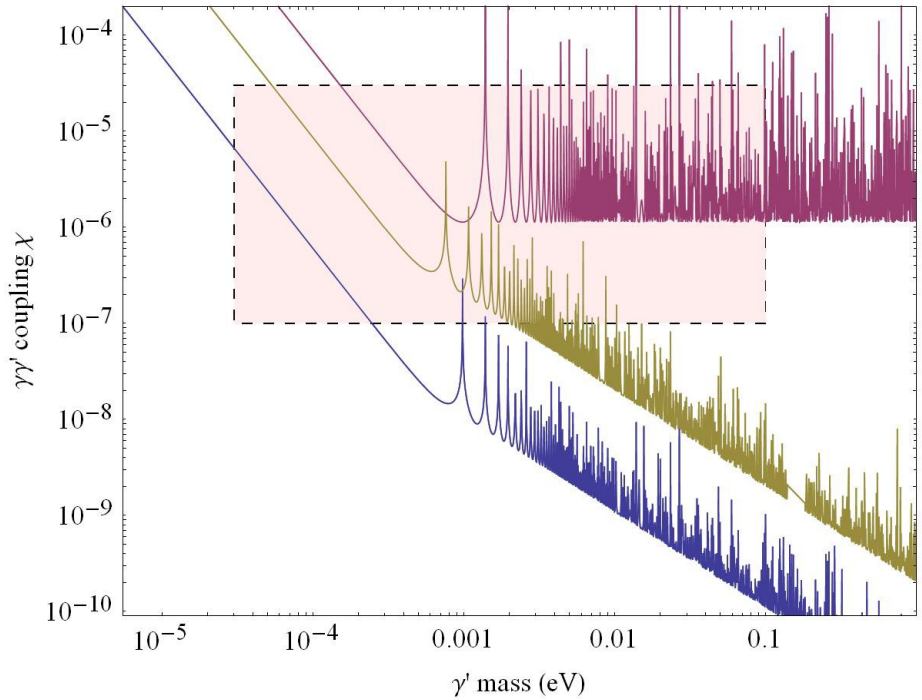
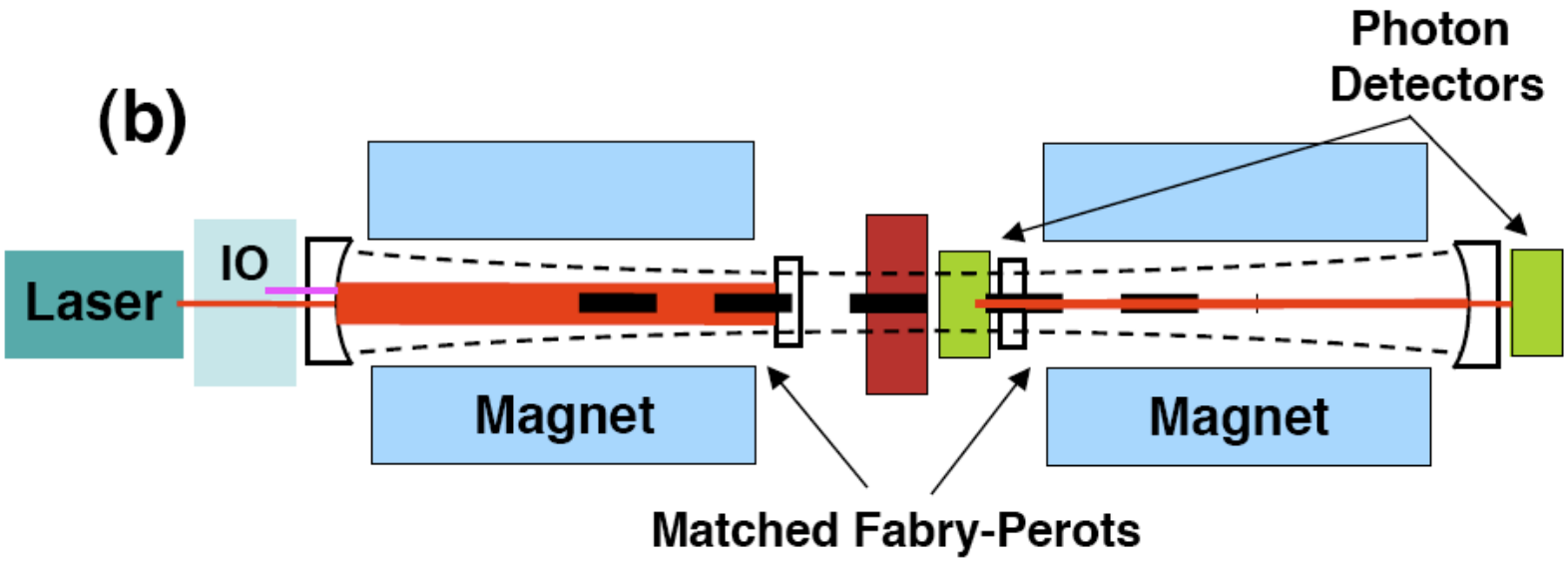




Where to go: Axion Search



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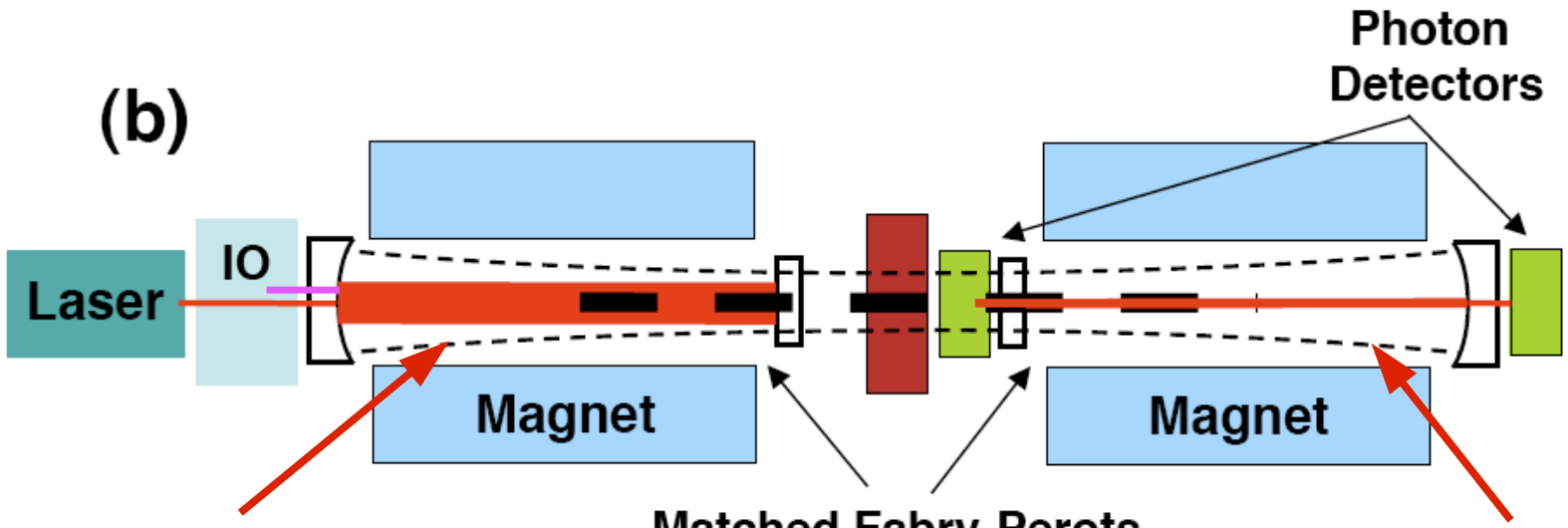
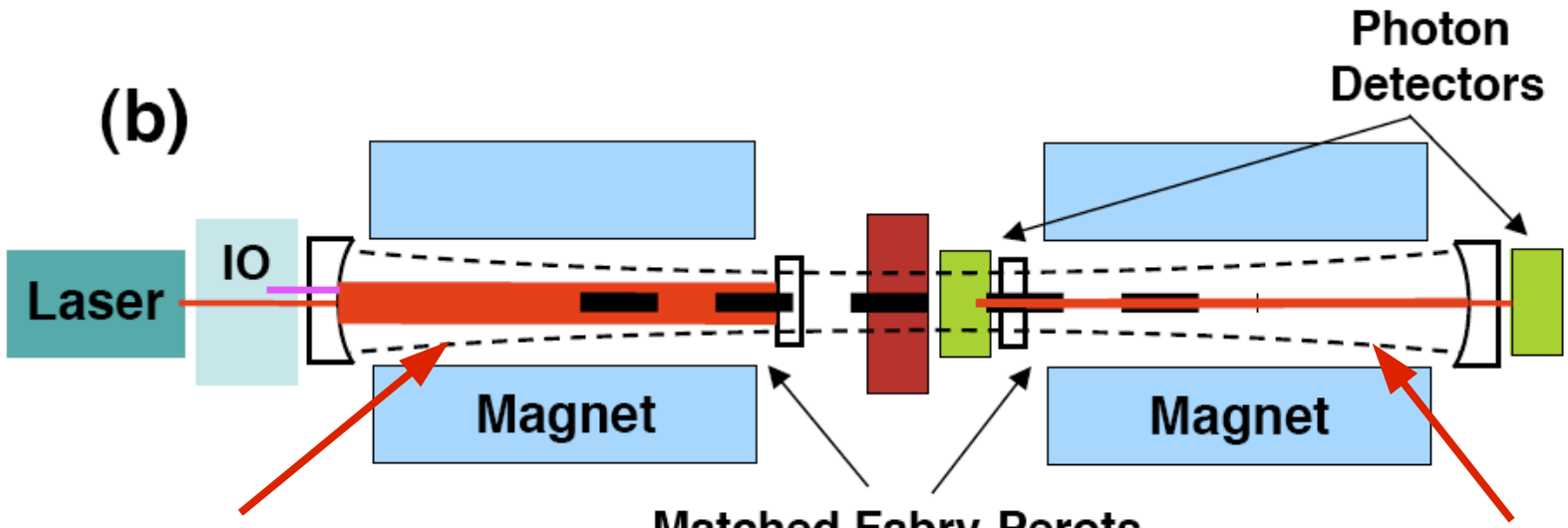


Enhance production of axions with this cavity

Reconverted photons resonantly drive this cavity

Where to go: Axion Search



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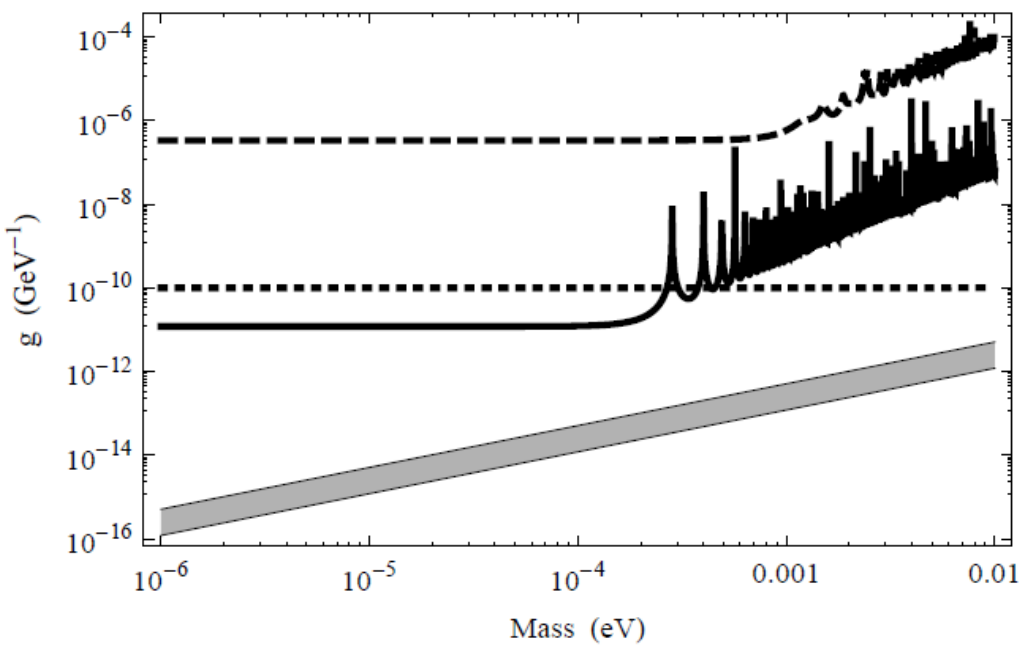
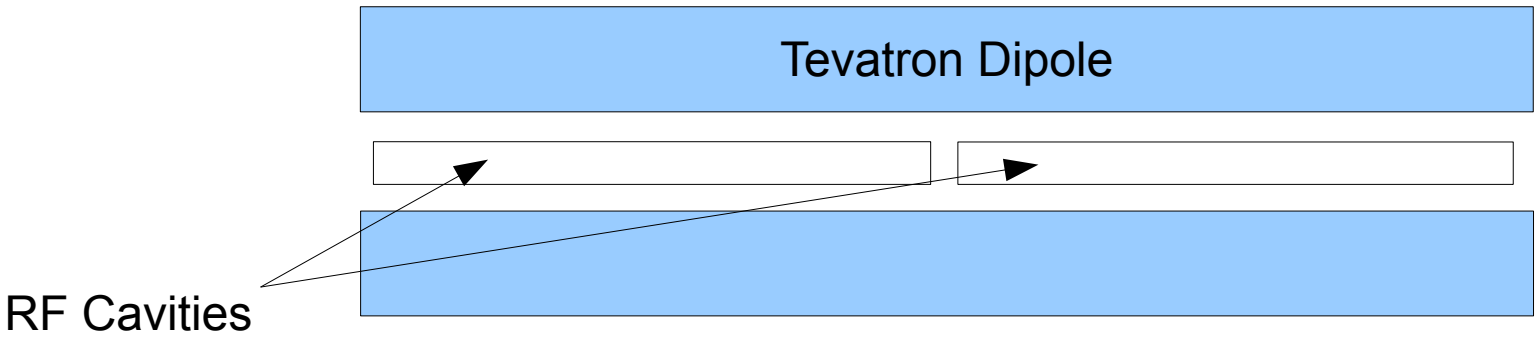
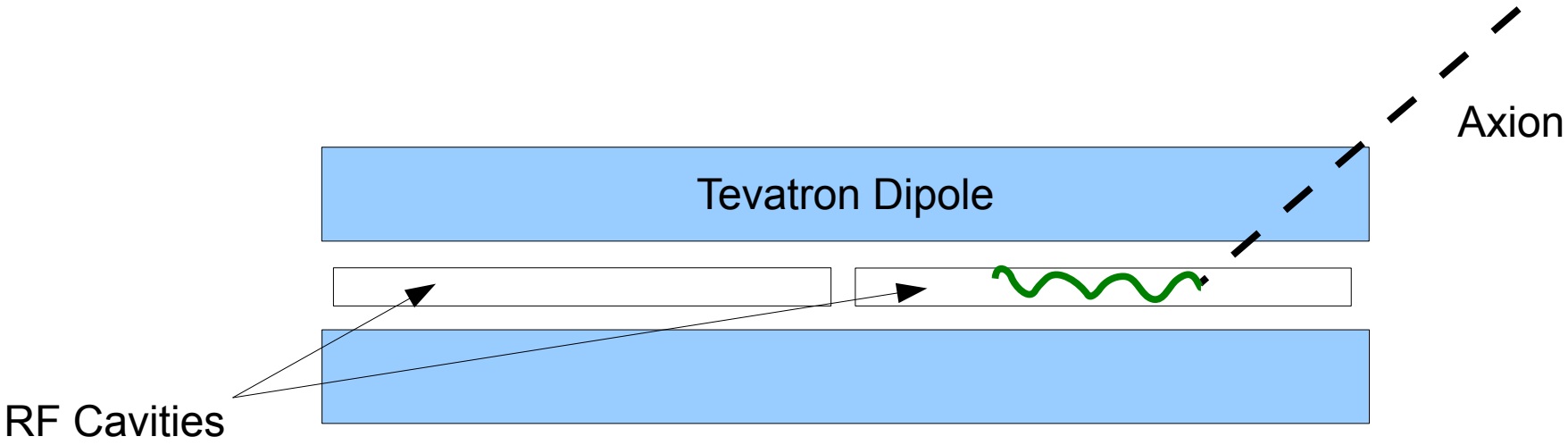


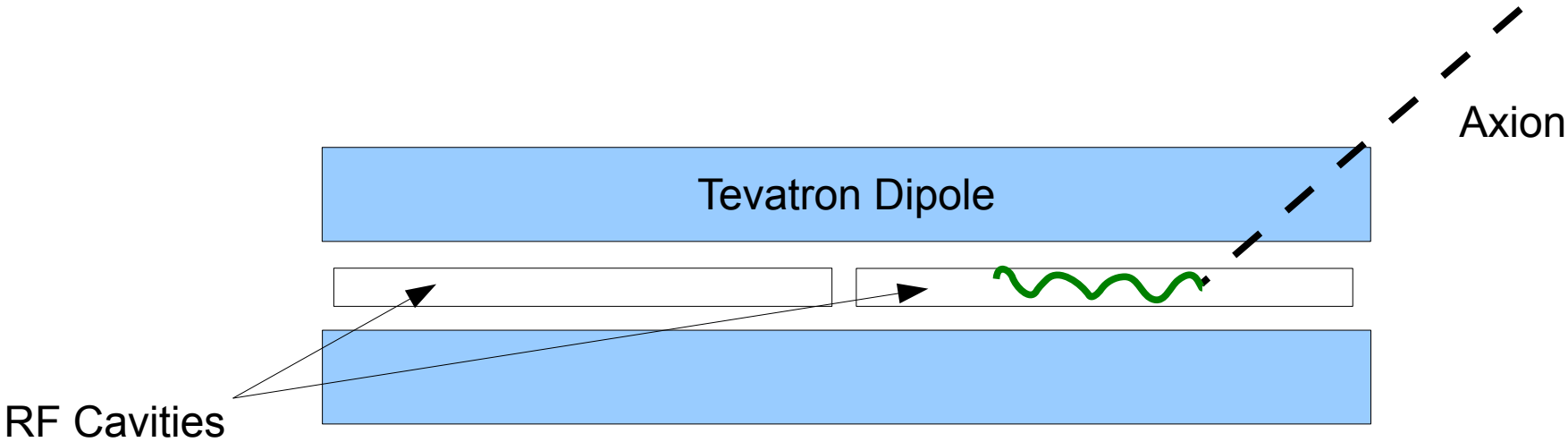
Where to go: Cavity Axion Search

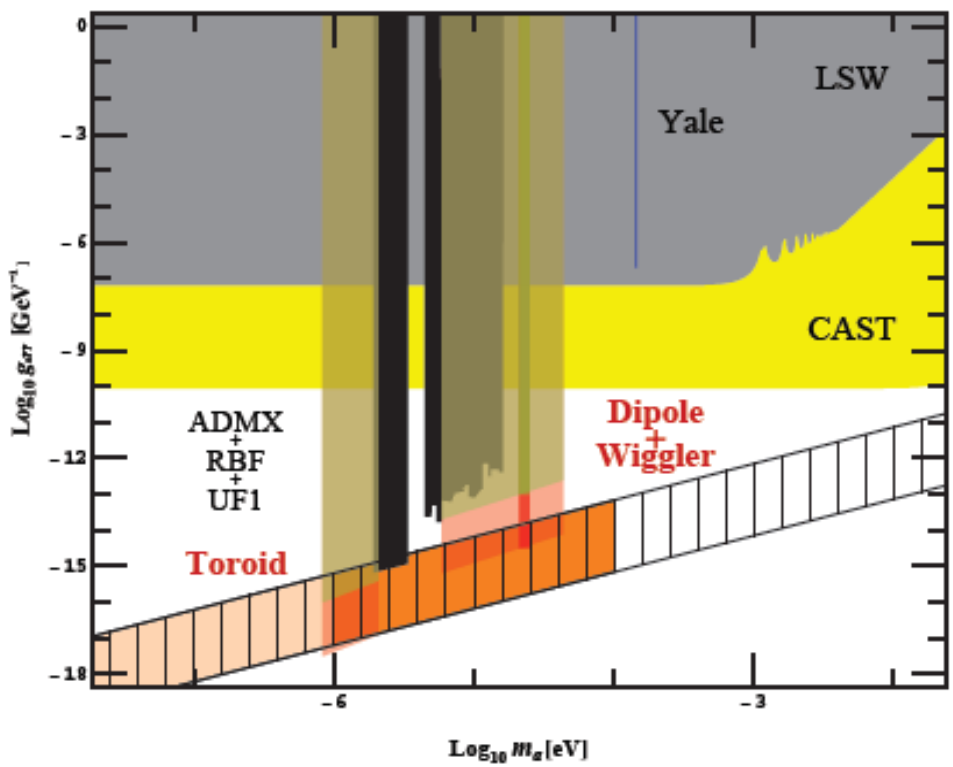


Where to go: Cavity Axion Search



Where to go: Cavity Axion Search





Conclusions

- 96% of the universe lives in the dark sector

- Laser probes of the dark sector cover a wide variety of physics
  - Axions and axion-like particles may be dark matter constituents
  - Dark energy models with weak couplings to photons
  - The Holometer probes the fundamental nature of spacetime

- A wide variety of future experiments are being conceived
  - The Holometer (now partly constructed)
  - Resonant regeneration axion search
  - Low-mass (meV) paraphotons from the Sun
  - Axion haloscope using Tevatron dipole magnets

- Recent workshop on experimental tests of dark energy
  - Sizeable to-do list – perhaps reconvene in 18-24 months

- Recent workshop on the intensity frontier
  - Working group dedicated to topics discussed in this presentation

Science Data

- 16 total science runs, 8 for each laser polarization

- Nominal Run
  - Fill the cavity for 10 minutes
  - Observe afterglow for 14 minutes
  - One measurement for each magnetic field

- Extended Run (for 5.0 Tesla magnetic field)
  - Fill cavity for 5 hours
  - Observe afterglow for 45 minutes
  - Repeat this measurement

- Shutter cycle is ~15 seconds on and ~15 seconds off

- 15 minute calibration run before and after each science run

Photons and Chameleon Dark Energy

- equations of motion: $\partial_\mu \left(e^{\frac{\beta_\gamma \phi}{M_{\rm Pl}}} F^{\mu\nu} \right) = 0$
  - the other two of Maxwell's equations stay the same
- plane wave perturbations about background fields (assuming $\vec{B} = B_0 \hat{x}$)
  - $\left(-\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} - \vec{k}^2 \right) \Psi_\phi = m_{\rm eff}^2 \Psi_\phi + \frac{\beta_\gamma k B_0}{M_{\rm Pl}} \hat{x} \cdot \vec{\Psi}_\gamma$
  - $\left(-\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} - \vec{k}^2 \right) \vec{\Psi}_\gamma = \frac{\beta_\gamma k B_0}{M_{\rm Pl}} \hat{k} \times (\hat{x} \times \hat{k}) \Psi_\phi$
- example: $\phi \quad \gamma$ oscillations in relativistic case
  - $\mathcal{P}_{\gamma \leftrightarrow \phi} = \vec{\Psi}_\gamma \cdot \vec{\Psi}_\gamma^* = \frac{4 k^2 \beta_\gamma^2 B_0^2}{m_{\rm eff}^4 M_{\rm Pl}^2} \sin^2 \left(\frac{m_{\rm eff}^2 t}{4k} \right) |\hat{k} \times (\hat{x} \times \hat{k})|^2$
  - photon production rate: $\Gamma = \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\gamma \leftrightarrow \phi}(t_{\rm M})}{t_{\rm M}}$