

Measurement of G_E^n via $\vec{d}(\vec{e}, e'n)p$ at Jefferson Lab

Frank R. Wesselmann
University of Virginia

Outline

- Overview
- From $\vec{d}(\vec{e}, e'n)p$ to G_E^n
- Experimental Setup
- Results

Overview

Jlab Experiment E93-026 (*Gen01*):

- * measured neutron charge form factor
measure of charge distribution in neutron
- * detected *quasi-elastically* scattered e^-
and ejected neutron in coincidence
- * used custom n detector and Hall C's
High Momentum Spectrometer
- * $Q^2 = 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ and 1.0 GeV^2
 $E_0 = 2.3 \text{ GeV}$ and 3.5 GeV
- * ran August – December 2001
in Hall C of Jefferson Lab
Newport News, Virginia
- * 5×10^6 neutrons at $Q^2 = 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$,
 1×10^6 neutrons at $Q^2 = 1.0 \text{ GeV}^2$

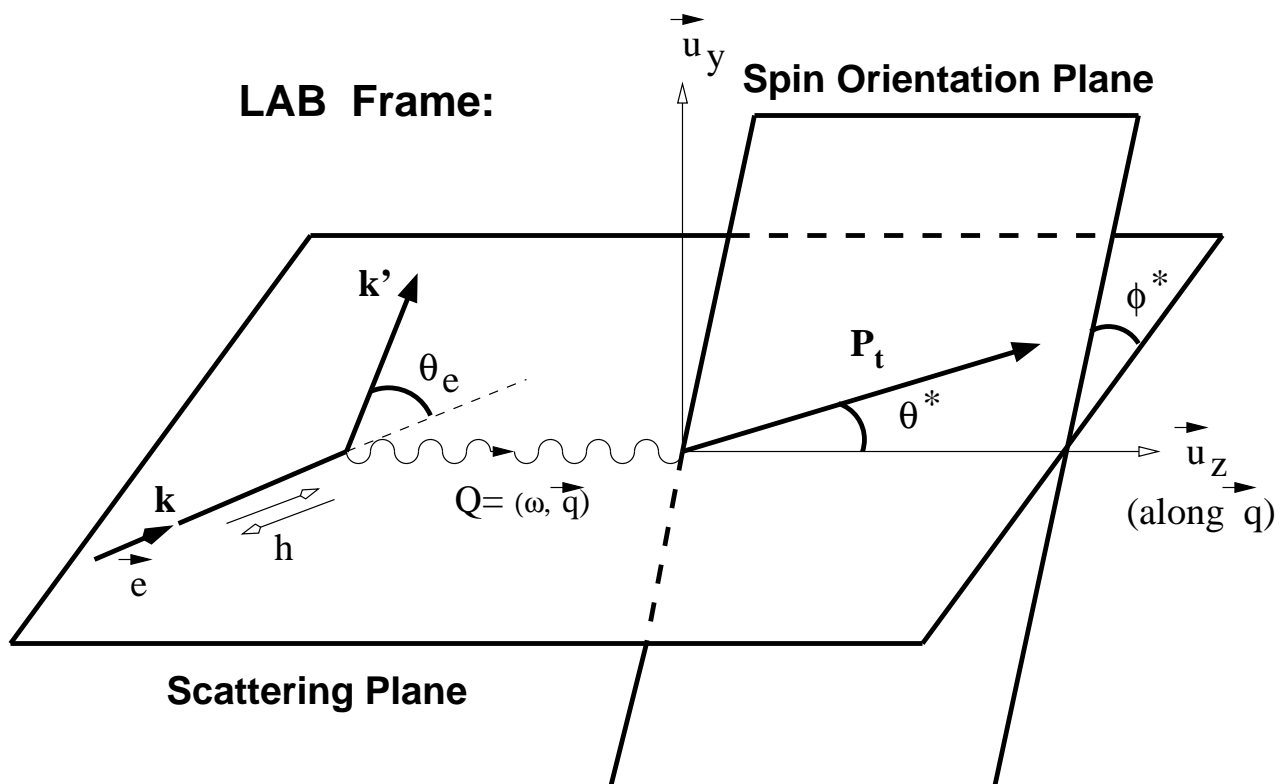
Gen01 Collaboration

A. Aghalaryan, A. Ahmidouch, R. Asaturyan, I. Ben-Dayan, F. Bloch, W. Boeglin, B. Boillat, H. Breuer, J. Brower, C. Carasco, M. Carl, R. Carlini, J. Cha, N. Chant, E. Christy, L. Cole, L. Coman, M. Coman, D. Crabb, S. Danagoulian, **D. Day**, K. Duek, J. Dunne, M. Elaasar, R. Ent, J. Farrell, R. Fatemi, D. Fawcett, H. Fenker, T. Forest, K. Garrow, A. Gasparian, I. Goussev, R. Grima, P. Gueye, M. Harvey, M. Hauger, R. Herrera, B. Hu, I. Jaegle, J. Jourdan, C. Keith, J. Kelly, C. Keppel, M. Khandaker, A. Klein, A. Klimenko, L. Kramer, B. Krusche, S. Kuhn, M. Jones, Y. Liang, J. Lichtenstadt, R. Lindgren, J. Liu, A. Lung, D. Mack, G. Maclachlan, P. Markowitz, P. McKee, D. McNulty, D. Meekins, **J. Mitchell**, H. Mkrtchyan, R. Nasseripour, I. Niculescu, K. Normand, B. Norum, A. Opper, E. Piasetzky, J. Pierce, M. Pitt, Y. Prok, B. Raue, J. Reinhold, J. Roche, D. Rohe, O. Rondon, D. Sacker, N. Savvinov, B. Sawatzky, M. Seely, I. Sick, N. Simicevic, C. Smith, G. Smith, M. Steinacher, S. Stepanyan, J. Stout, V. Tadevosyan, S. Tajima, L. Tang, G. Testa, R. Trojer, B. Vlahovic, B. Vulcan, K. Wang, **G. Warren**, S. Wells, L. Weinstein, F.R. Wesselmann, H. Woehrle, S. Wood, C. Yan, Y. Yanay, L. Yuan, J. Yun, **M. Zeier**, H. Zhu, B. Zihlmann

*Duke University, Florida International University,
Hampton University, Jefferson Lab, Louisiana Tech University,
Mississippi State University, Norfolk State University,
North Carolina A&T State University, Old Dominion University,
Ohio University, Southern University at New Orleans,
Tel Aviv University, University of Basel,
University of Maryland at College Park, University of Virginia,
Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University,
Vrije Universiteit of Amsterdam, Yerevan Physics Institute*

From $\vec{d}(\vec{e}, e'n)_p$ to G_E^n

- * quasi-elastic scattering of e^- off d
- * polarized, frozen $^{15}\text{ND}_3$ target
- * polarized e^- beam
- * e^- and n detected in coincidence
- * extract G_E^n from asymmetry



Scattering Crosssection & Form Factors

Unpolarized:

$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right) = \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{\text{Mott}} \times \left[\frac{G_E^2 + \tau G_M^2}{1 + \tau} + 2\tau G_M^2 \tan^2 \frac{\theta_e}{2} \right]$$

$$\tau = \frac{Q^2}{4M^2} \quad h = \text{beam helicity}$$

Polarized:

$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)^{\text{pol}} = \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{\text{Mott}} \times \left[\Sigma + h \mathcal{P}_{\text{target}} \Delta \right]$$

$$\frac{\Delta}{\Sigma} = \frac{\sigma_+ - \sigma_-}{\sigma_+ + \sigma_-}$$

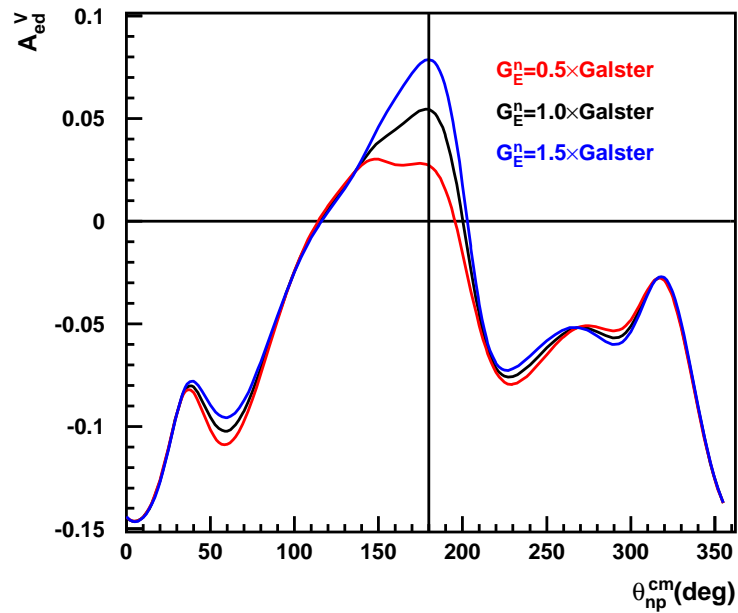
if $\mathcal{P}_{\text{target}} \perp \vec{q}$ and in scattering plane:

$$= \frac{-2 \sqrt{\tau(1 + \tau)} \tan \frac{\theta_e}{2} G_E G_M}{G_E^2 + \tau[1 + 2(1 + \tau) \tan^2 \frac{\theta_e}{2}] G_M^2}$$

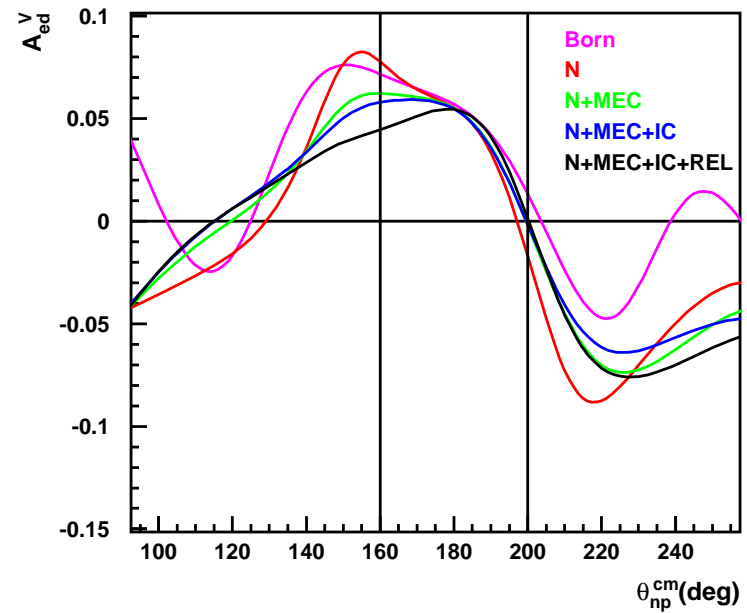
$$= \frac{\mathcal{E}_{ed}}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{beam}} \mathcal{P}_{\text{target}}} \times [\text{corrections}]$$

Why this way?

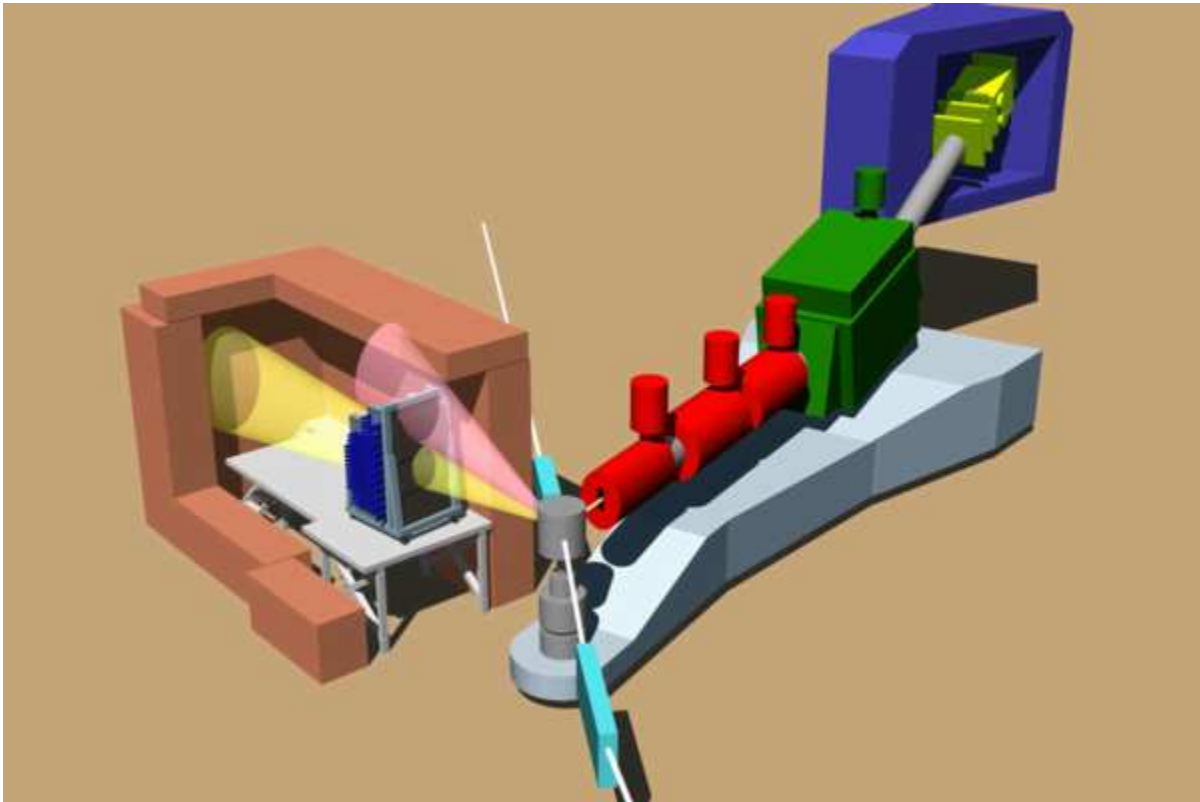
Maximize Sensitivity to G_E^m



Minimize Model Dependence



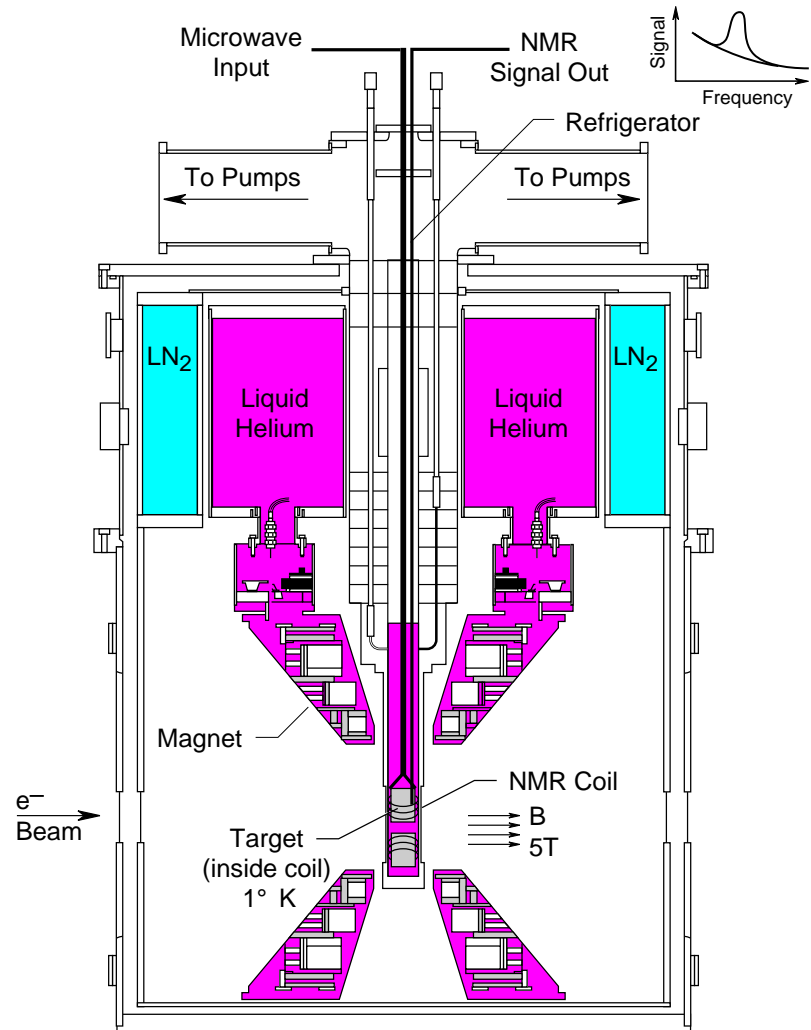
Experimental Setup



- * polarized target
- * High Momentum Spectrometer
- * custom neutron detector

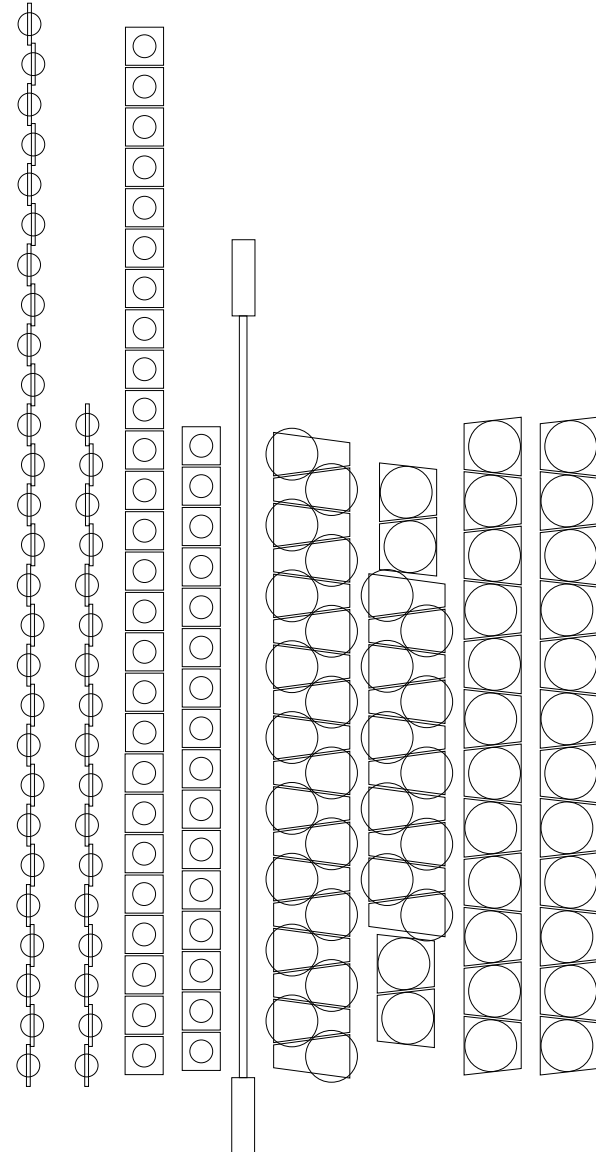
Target

- * frozen ND_3
- * ^4He evaporation refrigerator
- * $5T$ polarizing field
- * dynamic nuclear polarization driven by microwaves
- * remotely movable insert



Neutron Detector

- * segmented scintillator
 - high rate: $\sim 100kHz$*
- * 2 proton VETO layers,
6 conversion layers
 - 142 elements total*
- * vertically extended for
symmetric p^+ acceptance
- * phototubes at both ends
 - horizontal position*
 - 2 vertical elements for calibration*
- * provides 3 space coords,
time and energy



Results

