

MINERvA Update

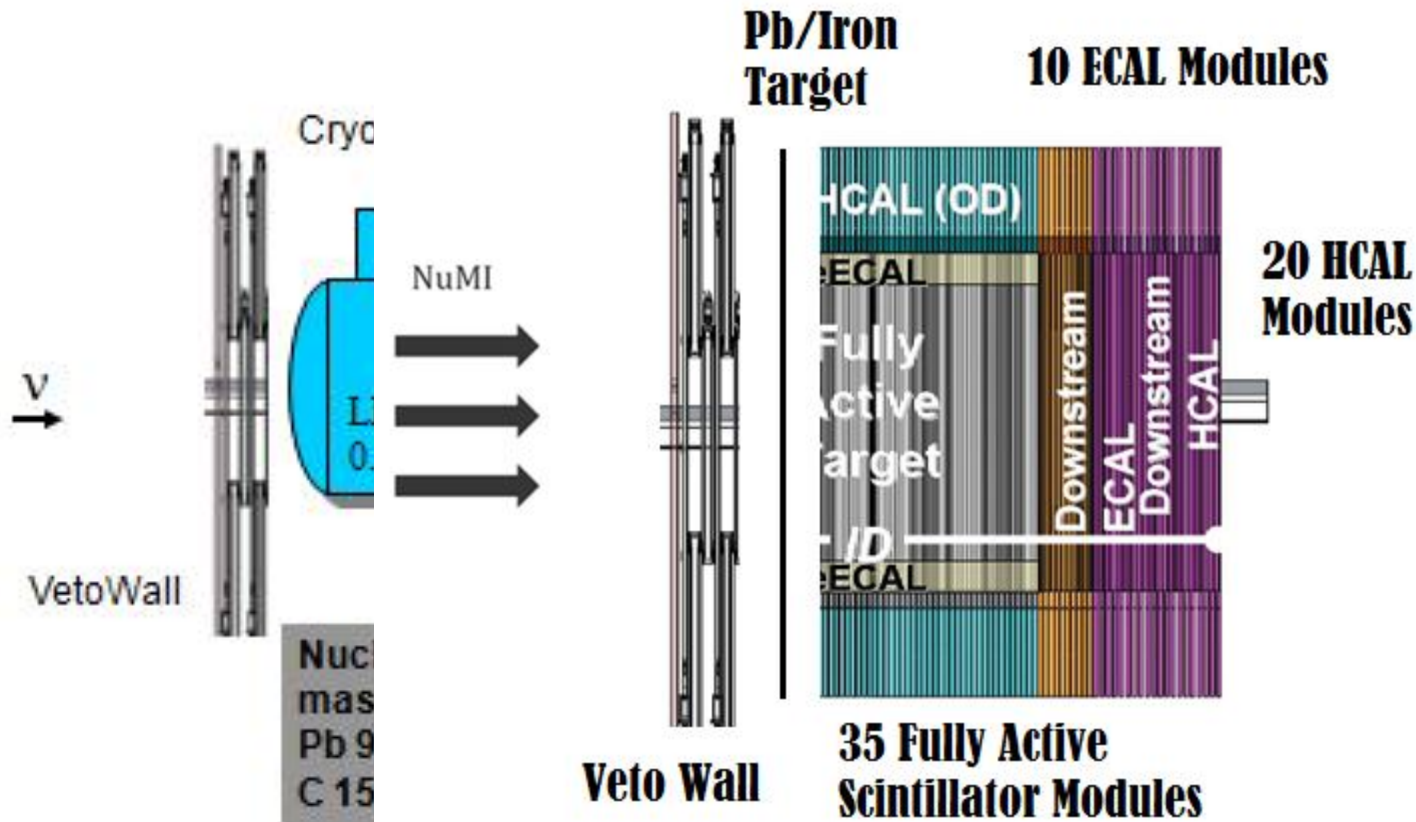
Tammy Walton

October 7, 2010

Hampton University Nuclear Group Meeting

The Main INjector Experiment ν -A Detector

~~Tracking Detector~~ ~~Winter 2009~~ ~~2010~~

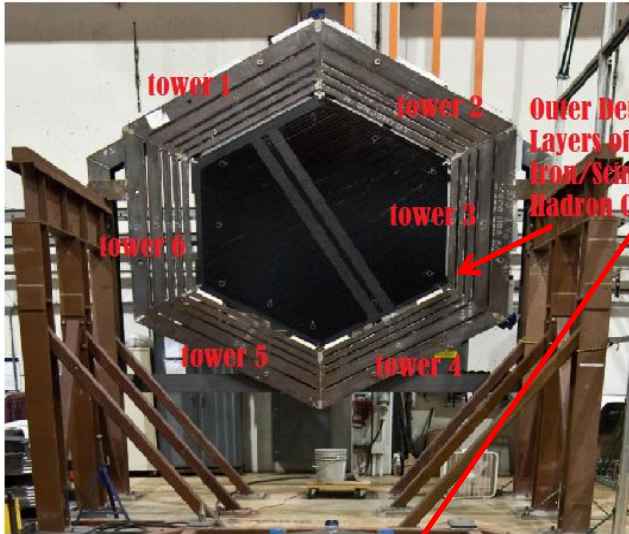


**MINOS Near
Detector**

**(muon
spectrometer)**

**Gives the
momentum
and charge of
the muon**

MINERvA Detector Module



Lead Sheets for EM Calorimetry

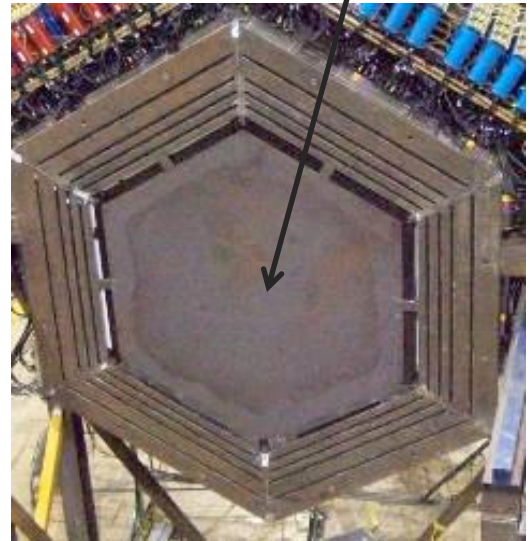
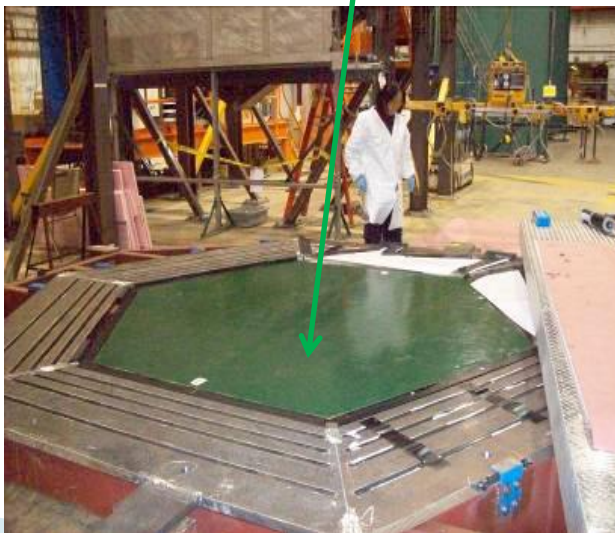
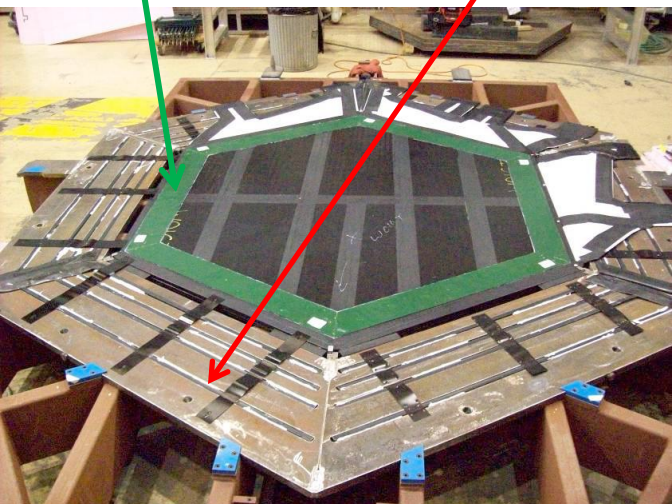
Outer Detector Tower: Layers of Iron/Scintillator for Hadron Calorimetry

ECAL module include 2 scintillator planes each embedded with 2 mm Pb absorbers

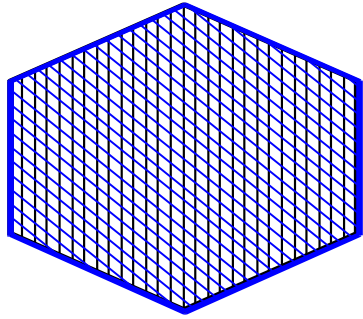
Inner Detector Plane: Hexagon in X,U,V Configurations

- 32,448 channels
- 80% in inner hexagon
- 20% in Outer detector
- 507 M-64 PMTs (64 Channels)

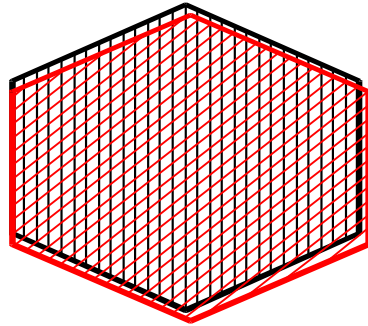
HCAL module include 1" steel plane and one scintillator plane.



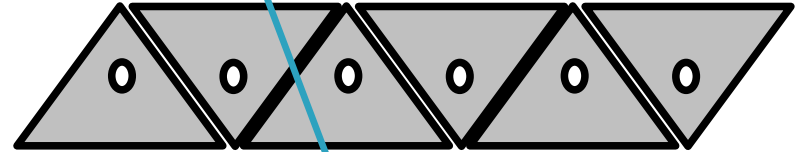
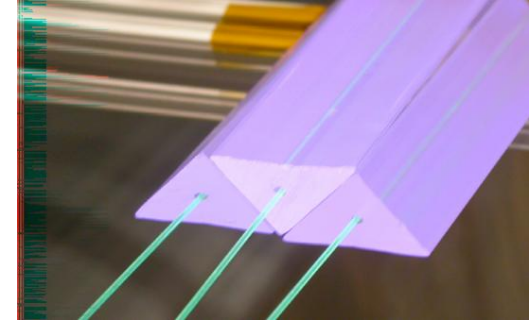
Inner Detector



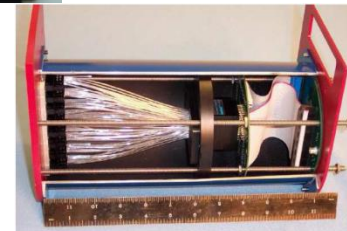
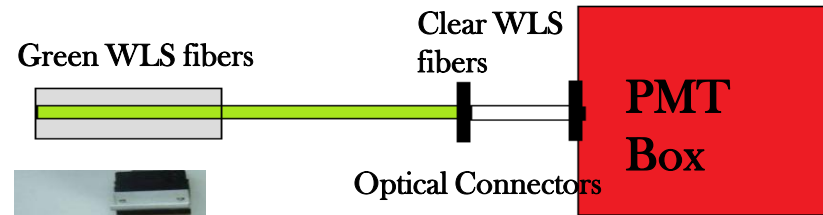
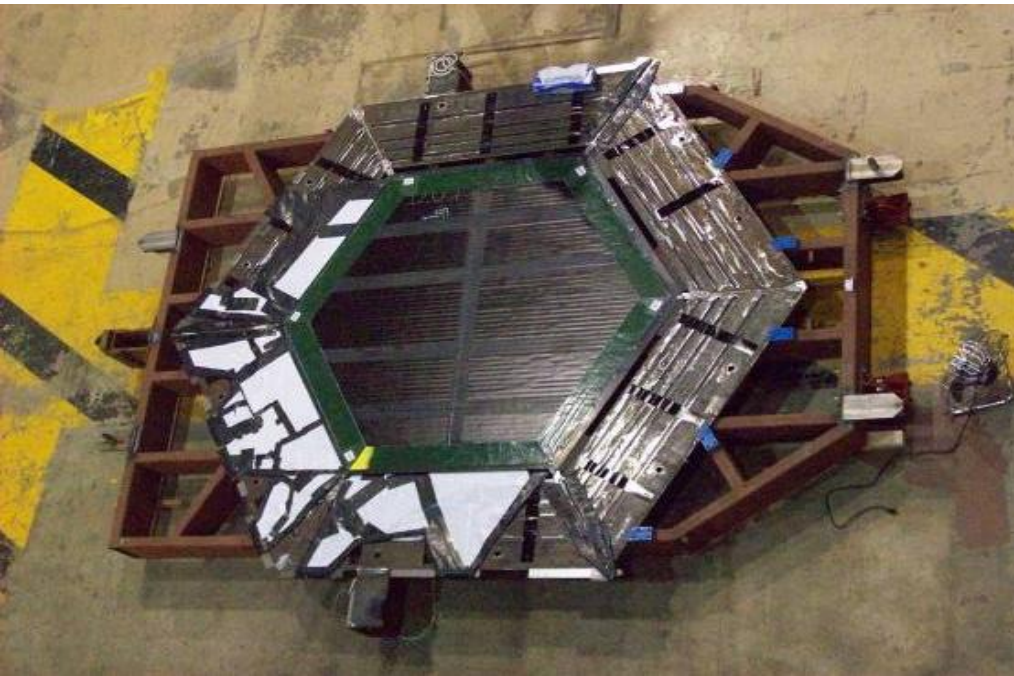
U X



V X



17 mm fiber to fiber
127 strips per plane
2-3.5 mm resolution from charge sharing



Current Nuclear Targets

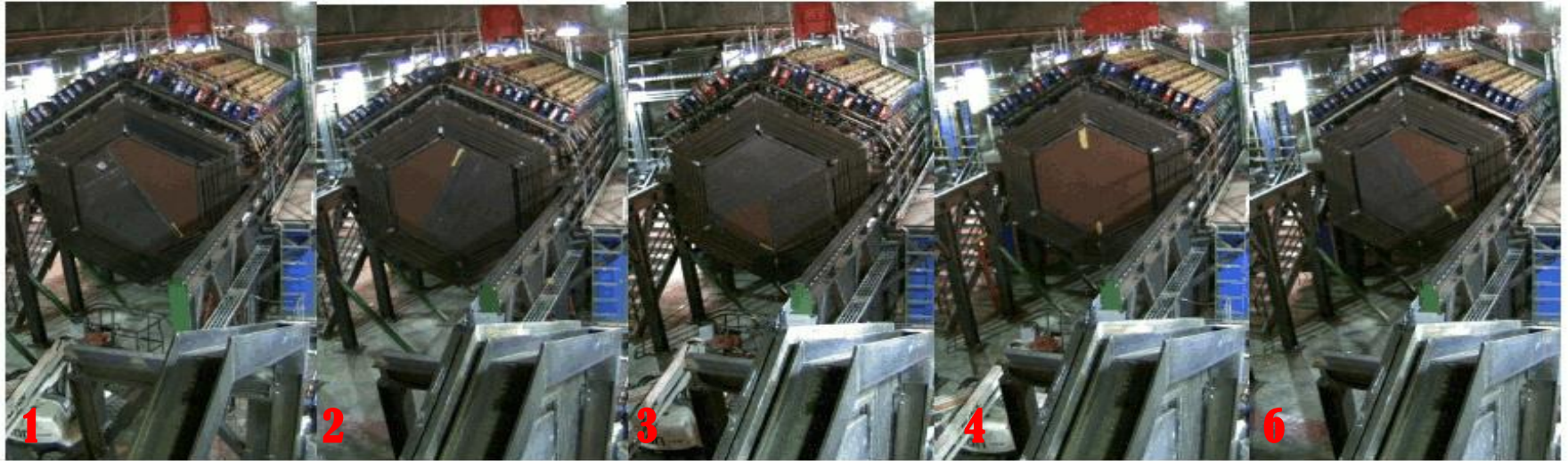
Iron/Lead

Lead/Iron

Lead/Iron
Graphite

Lead

Iron/Lead

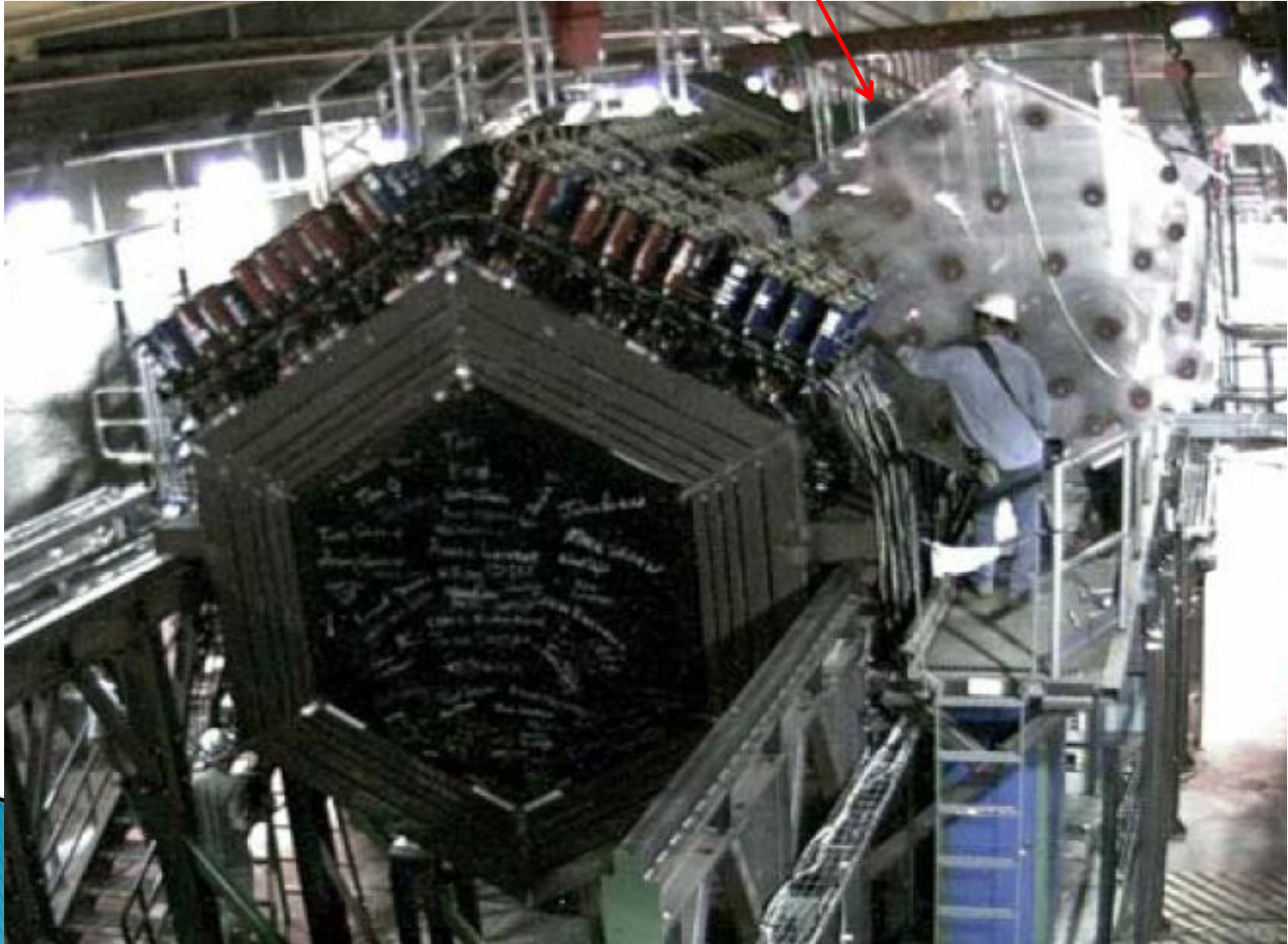


Target	Mass in Tons	Event in Millions
Scintillator	3	8.6
He	0.25	0.6
C (graphite)	0.15	0.4
Fe	0.7	2.0
Pb	0.85	2.5
Water	0.3	0.9



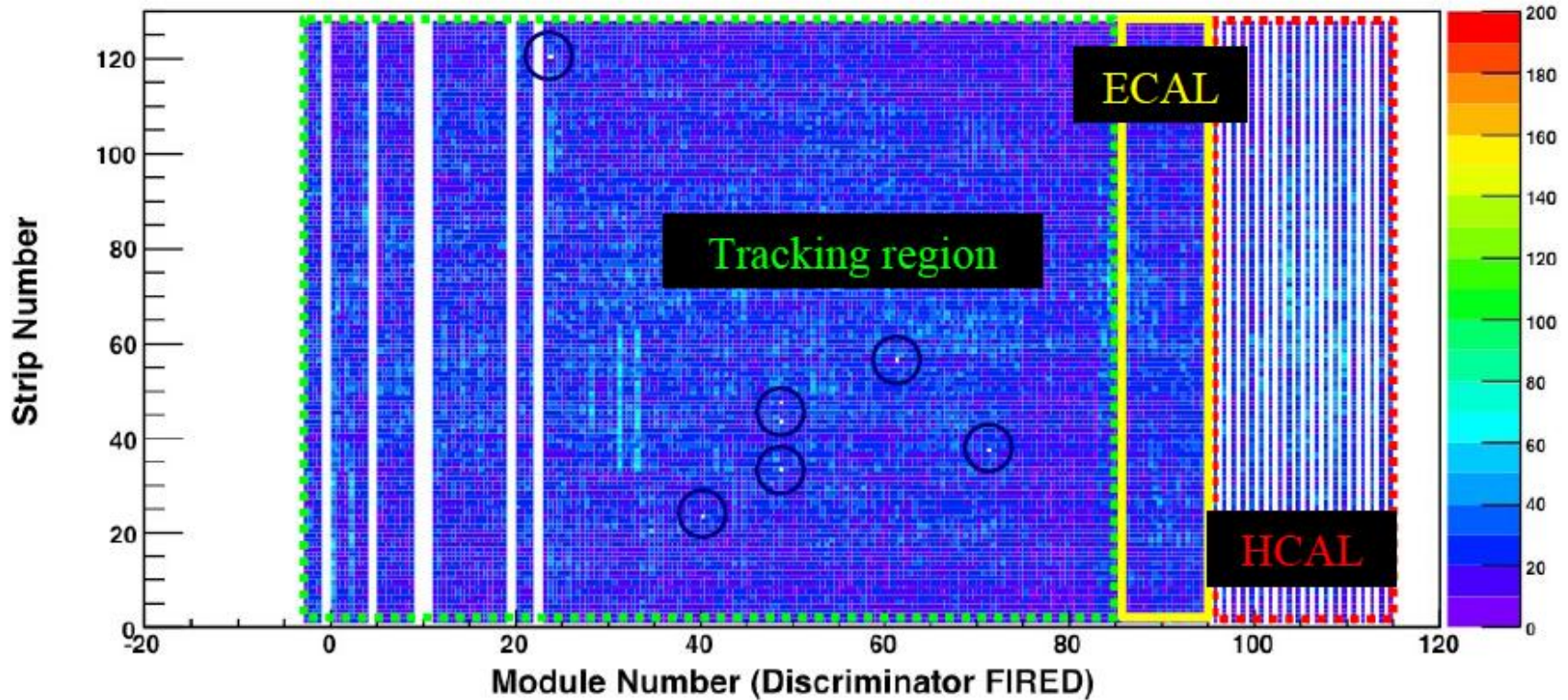
Using the NUGEN Neutrino Event Generator
Expected CC Sample

Installation of the Water Target Frame



Occupancy Plot

Avg Qhi for Strip (y) vs Module (x)

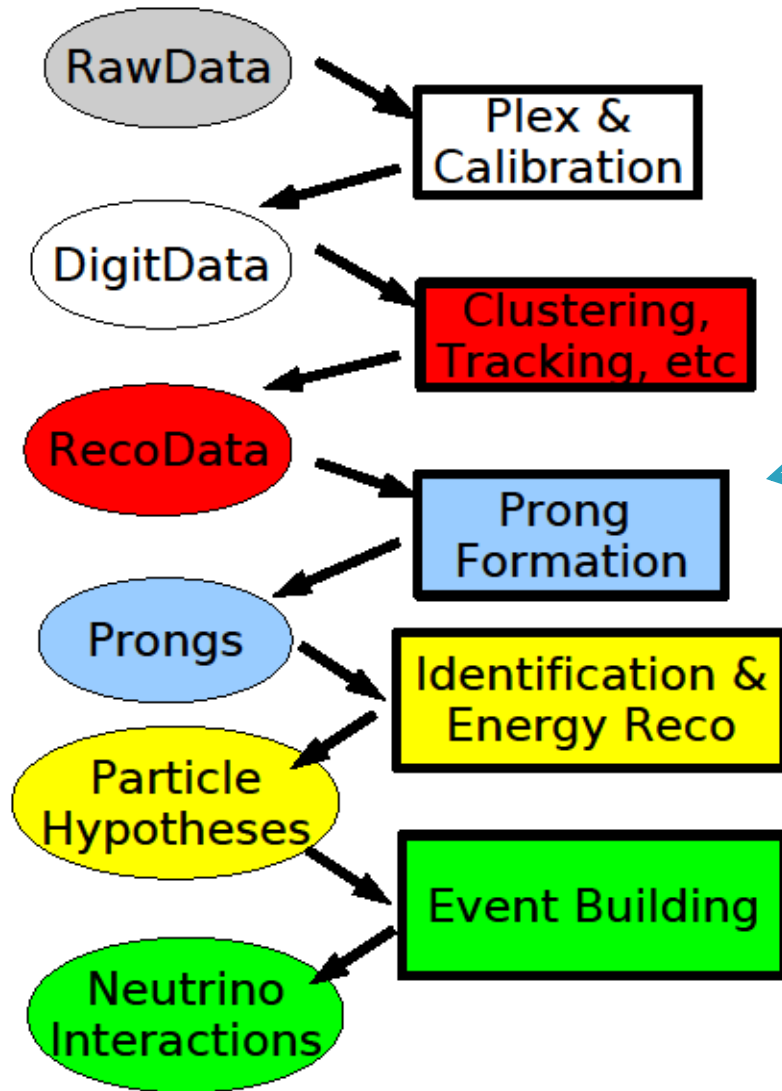


99.9 % of 31k channels working!

my contribution to MINERvA over the past six months

- Reconstruction development
- Reconstruction analysis

Analysis Scheme



I have been developing the packages, higher level reconstruction objects, and algorithms .

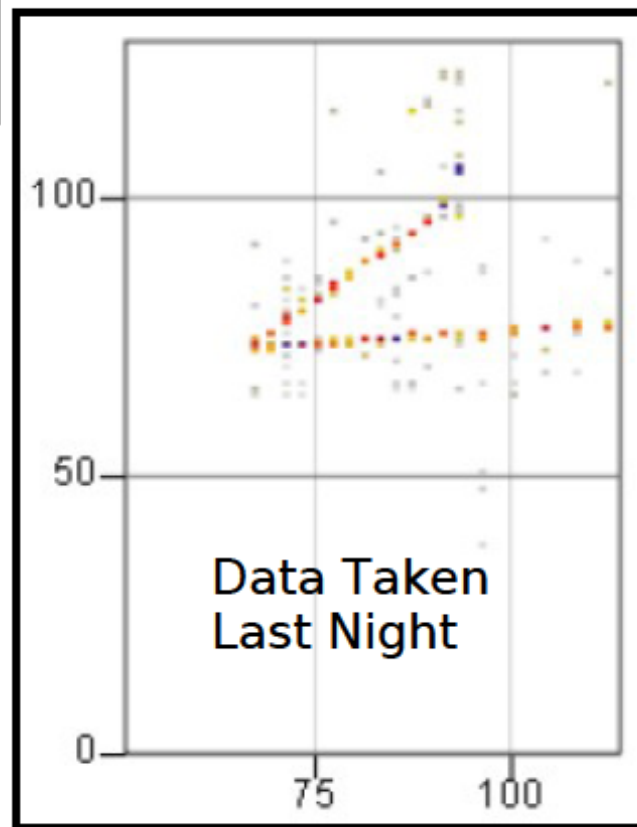
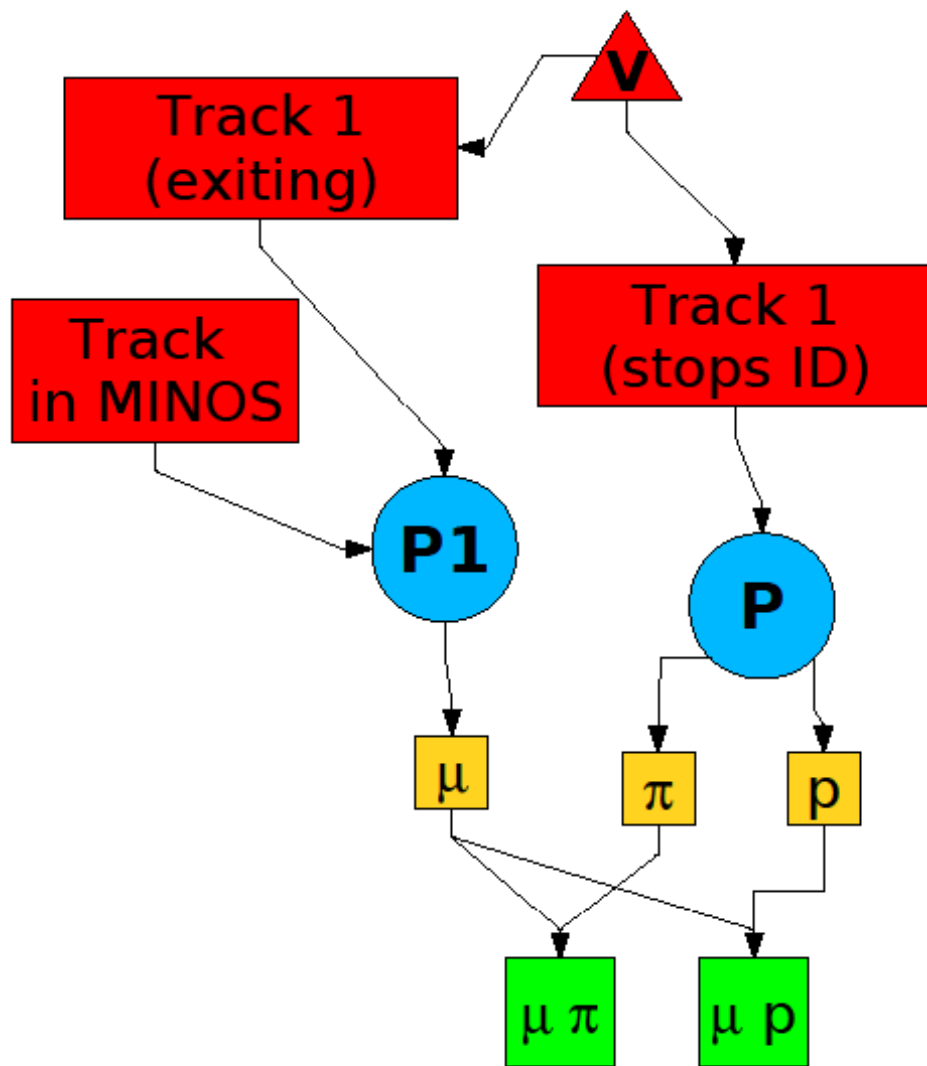
What are the Prongs Objects?

- Prongs are objects created from reconstructed objects, such as tracks, showers, vertices, ...
 - Examples of prongs:
 - MINERvA matched MINOS tracks
 - Contained Track
 - Track and hadronic shower
 - Electromagnetic shower
 - Track and kinked track
 - So forth..

After the Prong Formation?

- Energy Reconstruction and Particle Identification
 - Currently, we have only two available tools
 - MuonEnergyRec - reconstructs the kinematics for a muon particle entering our muon spectrometer (MINOS)
 - dEdXTool – reconstructs the kinematics for hadrons (protons and pions) ranging out in the detector.
- What is needed?
 - much more
 - Tool which can distinguished between minimum ionizing particles.
 - Tool which can find energy unassociated with a track (actually someone just started working on this)

Concrete Example



What About Filters?

- Developed a tool, “dEdXPatternRecognition” which analyzes the measured dE/dx profile of a prong.
- These are prongs which are “Contained”, ranging out in the detector.
- Tries to find secondary nuclear interactions, selected events with little or no hadronic interactions, feed information back into the Tracker, etc...

(show some examples later)

- Reconstruction Analysis
 - PID for “Contained” hadrons
 - momentum reconstruction
 - For muons entering MINOS
 - For hadrons ranging out
 - Identifying secondary nuclear interactions

Everything I do depends on tracking.

MINOS match MINERvA muons

I'm currently not doing any analysis to check the performance of these tools, etc.

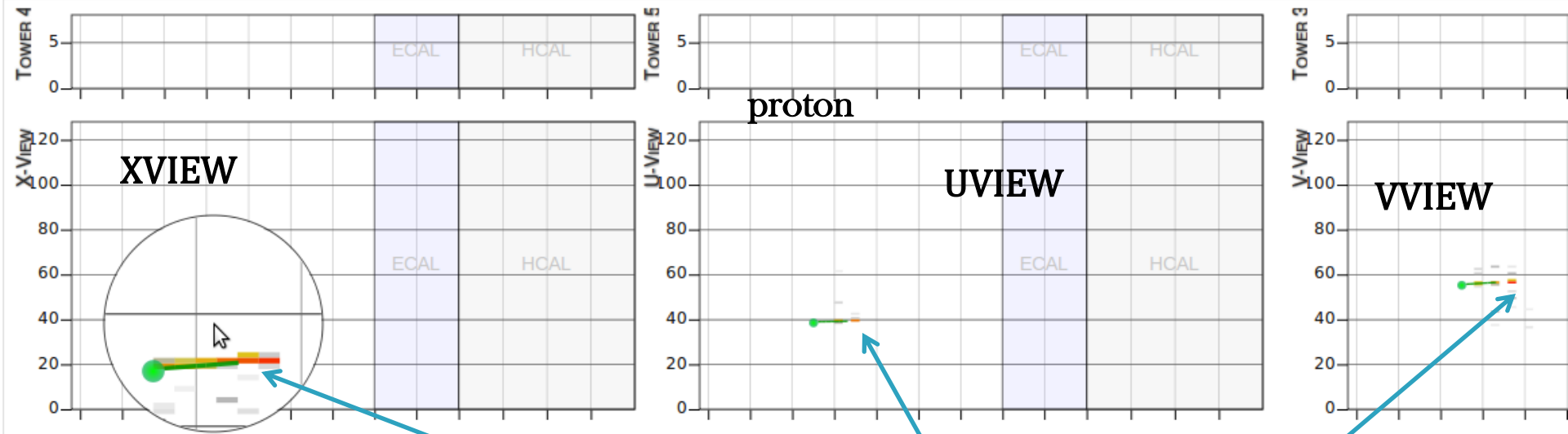
There are people who are, if you wish next time I give a talk I can give an overview of the analysis effort for muons entering MINOS.

Stopping Hadrons

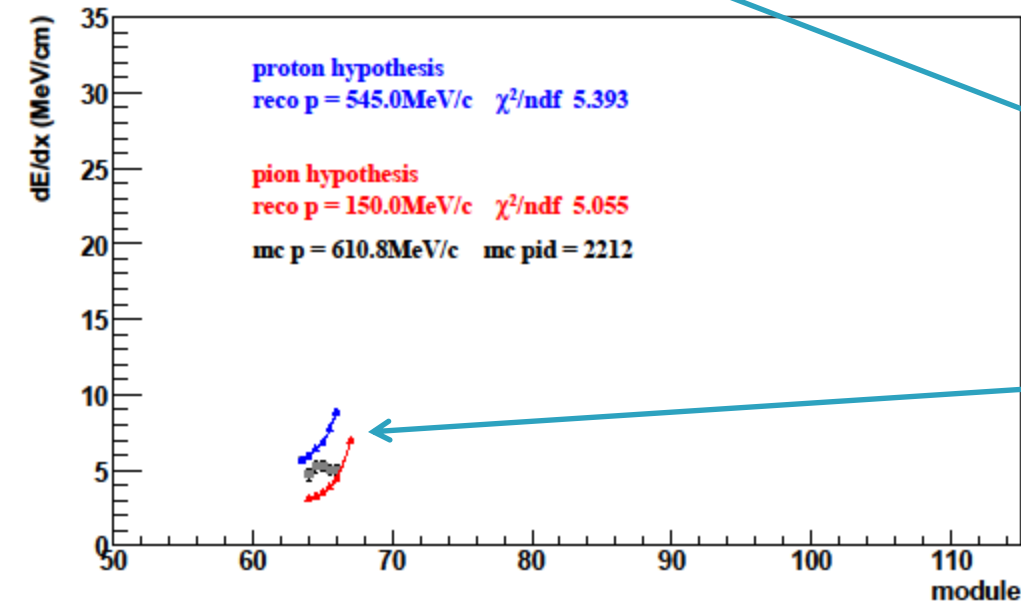
- We know that the dE/dx fails when dealing with secondaries.
 - study with Hadronic Model turned off/on
 - study the efficiency and purity for finding secondaries

- Before I show some results of momentum distributions and PID efficiency with the Hadronic Model turned off, first I want to give an overview of the “dEdXPatternRecognition” Tool. A filter for finding secondaries and unanalyzable prongs.

Example of finding clusters at end of track.



ParticleCannon Run 101/Subrun 3: Gate 780: Slice 1



Hits are not on Reconstructed Track

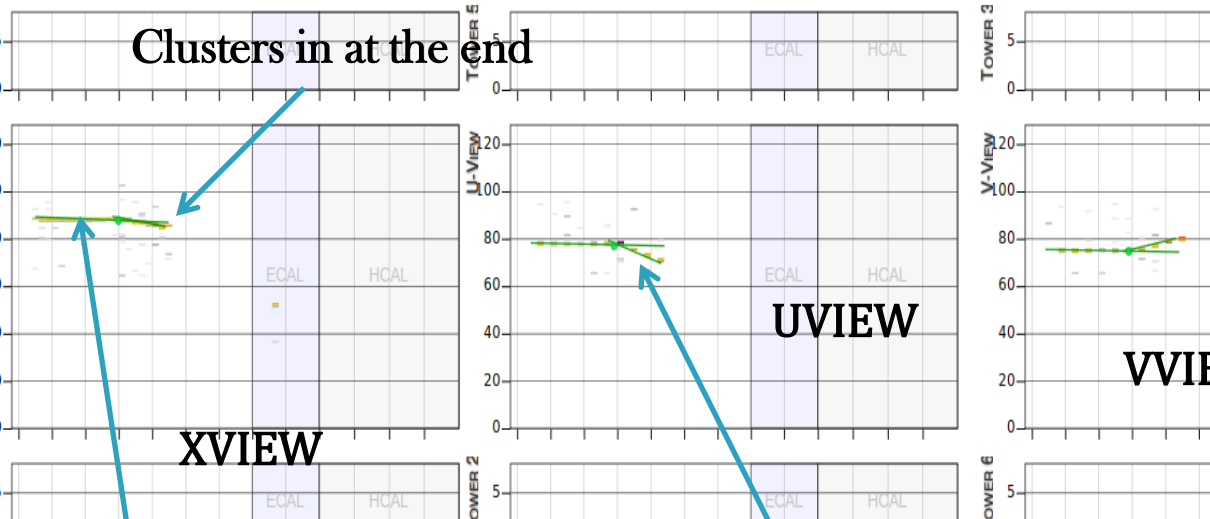
ProfileTag is assigned an integer 200

Example of finding tracks which intersected

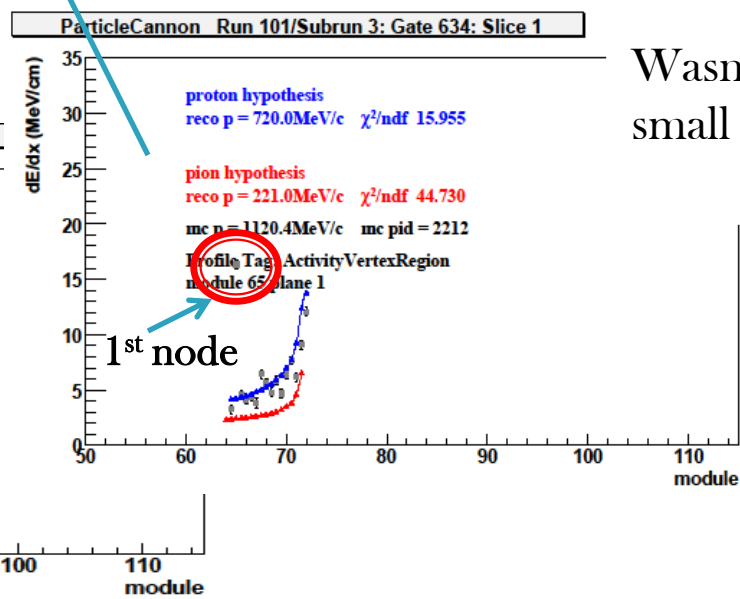
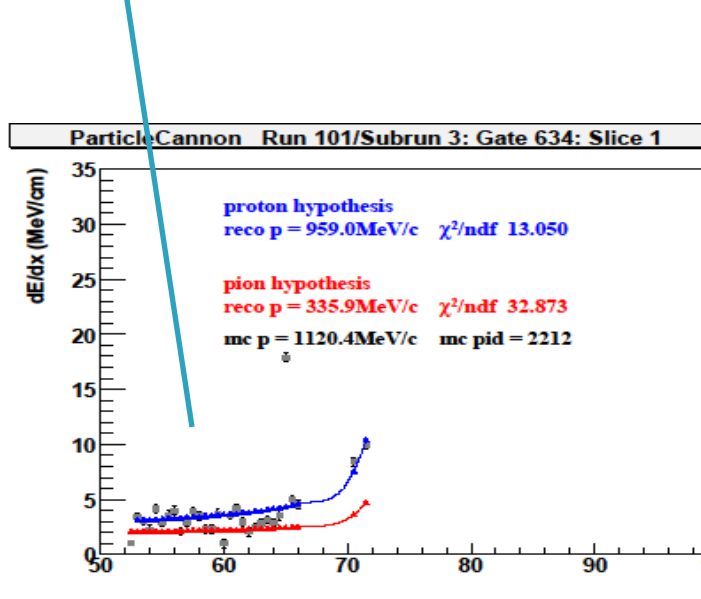
ions ▶ Play Sound

traps

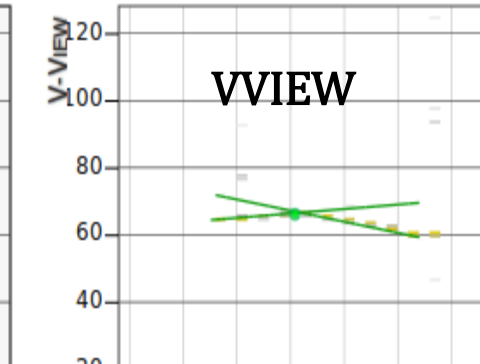
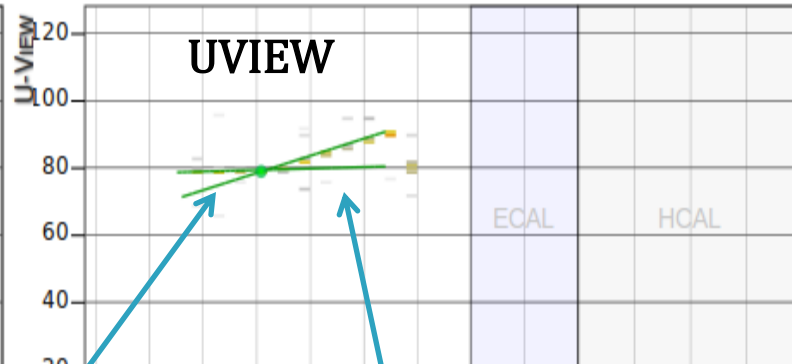
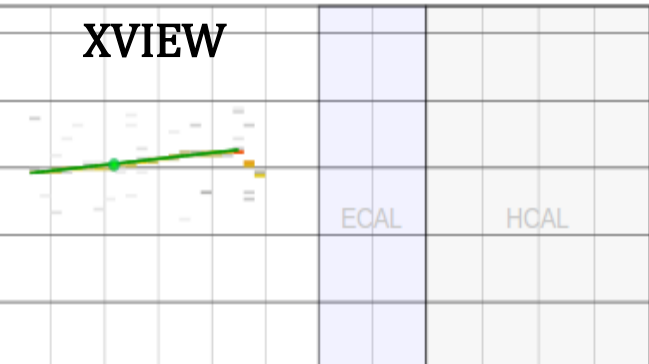
proton



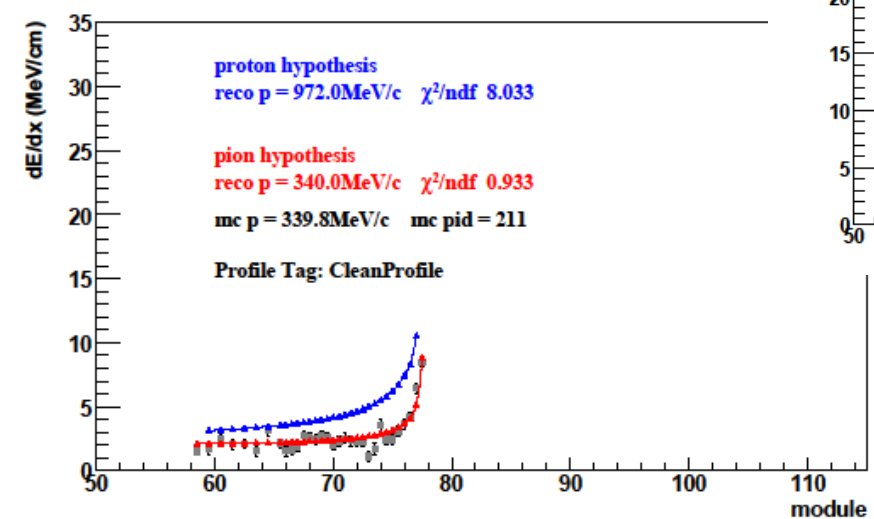
Kinked Tracks
ProfileTag is assigned an integer
300



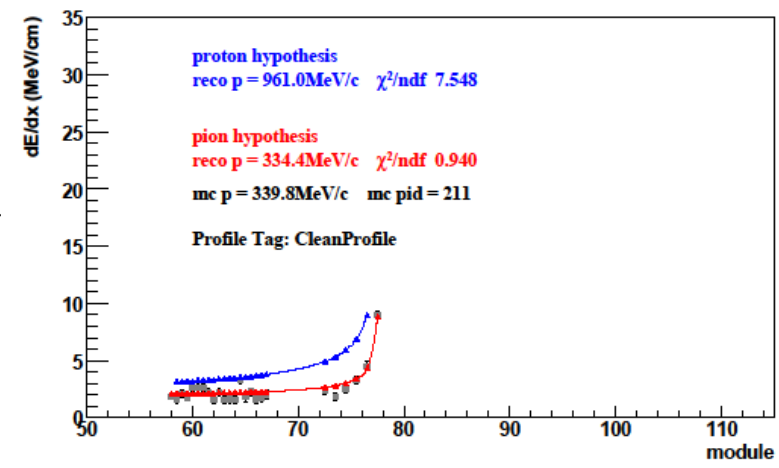
Wasn't tagged due to a small error in the code.



ParticleCannon Run 201/Subrun 5: Gate 608: Slice 1



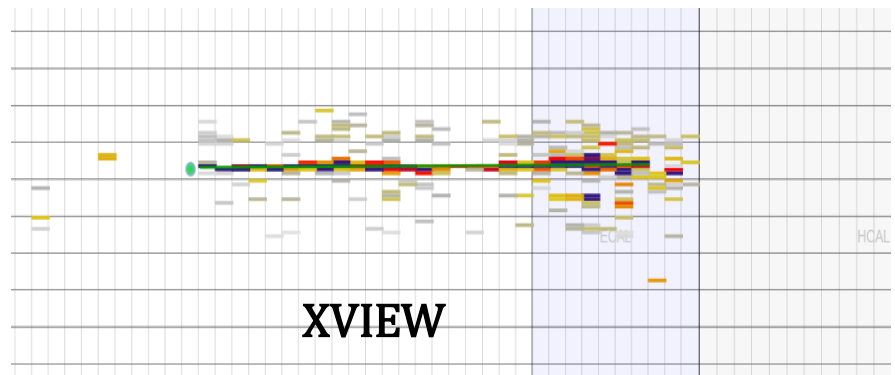
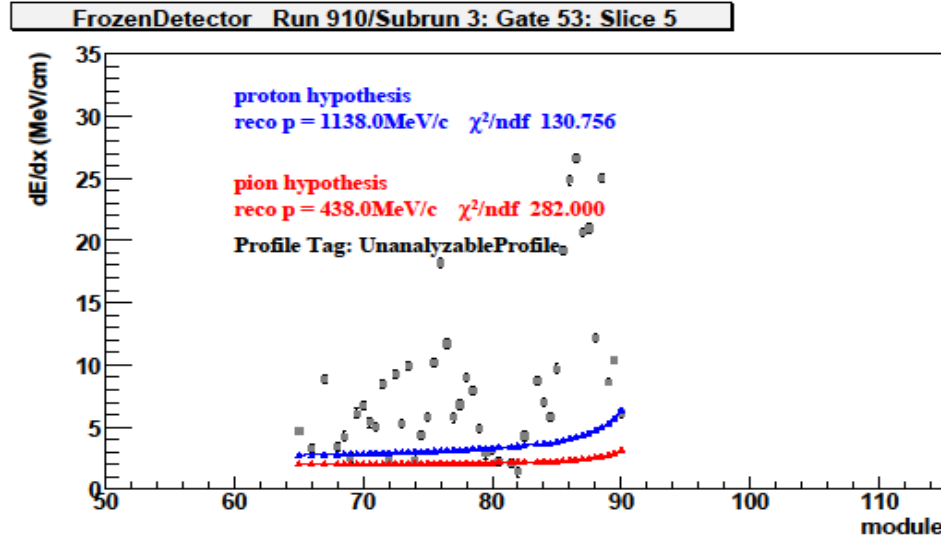
ParticleCannon Run 201/Subrun 5: Gate 608: Slice 1



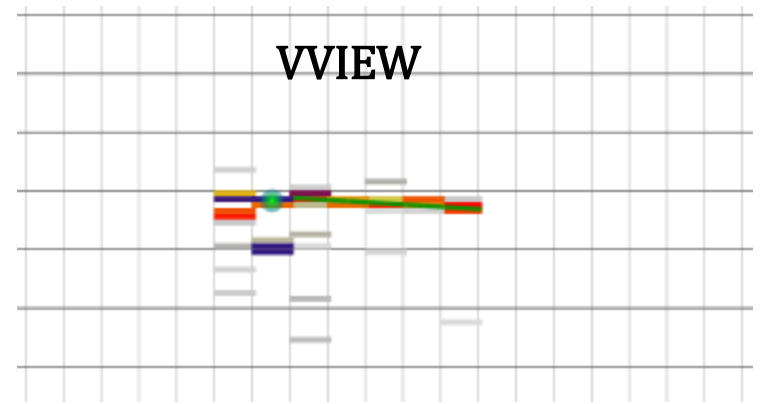
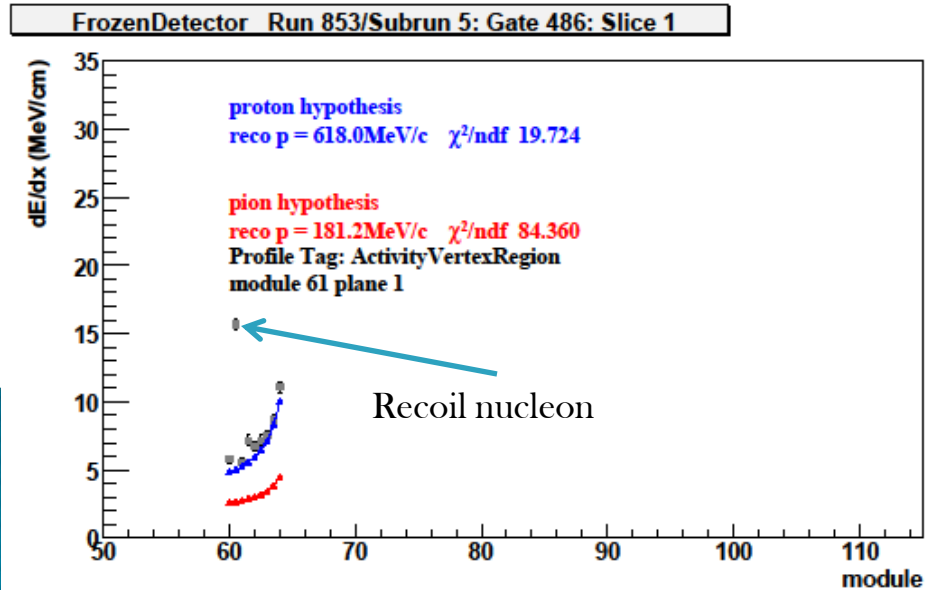
The code doesn't look for overlapping tracks.

dEdXPatternRecognition - "UnAnalyzeableProfile"

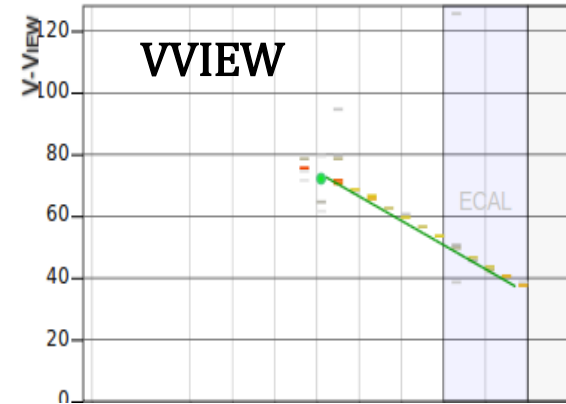
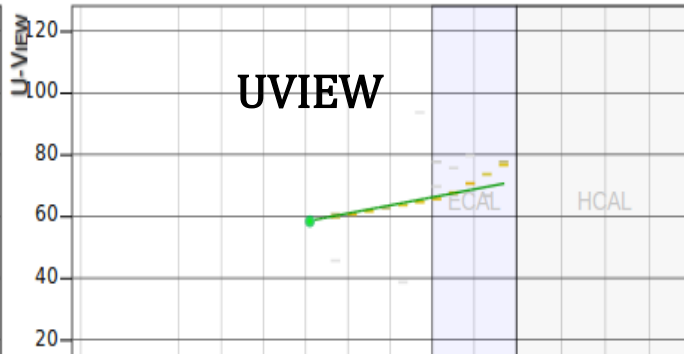
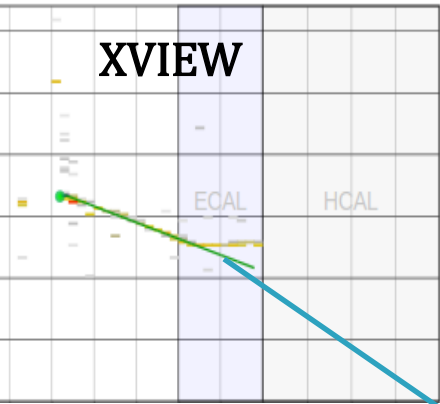
- Selected events which have a large reduced chi² for both fits. **ReducedChi2 > 50**



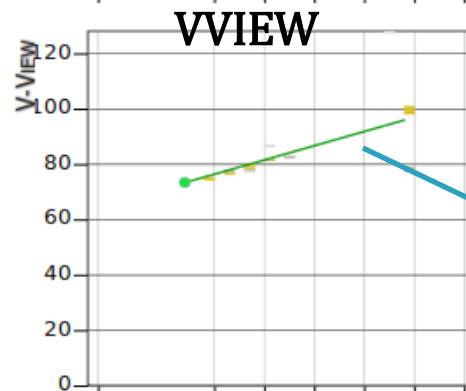
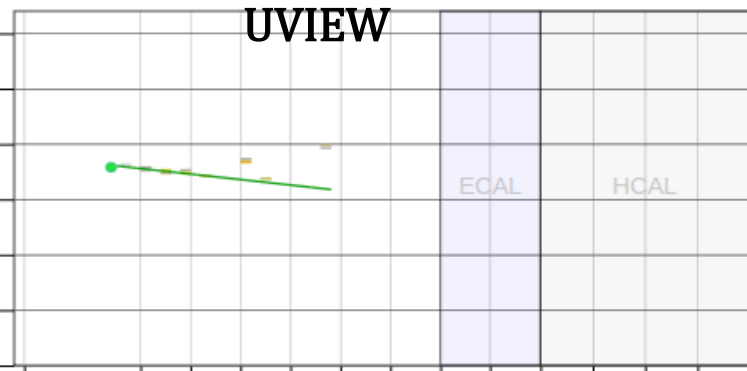
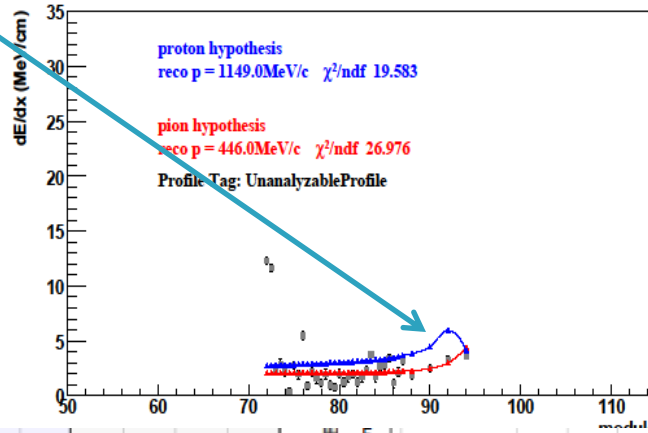
- We need a reasonable cut because we don't want to eliminate events such as:



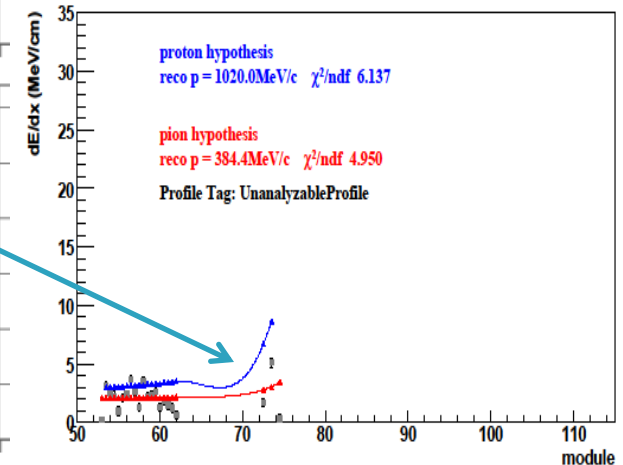
dEdX Pattern Recognition - "UnAnalyzeable Profile"



FrozenDetector Run 849/Subrun 6: Gate 1373: Slice 6

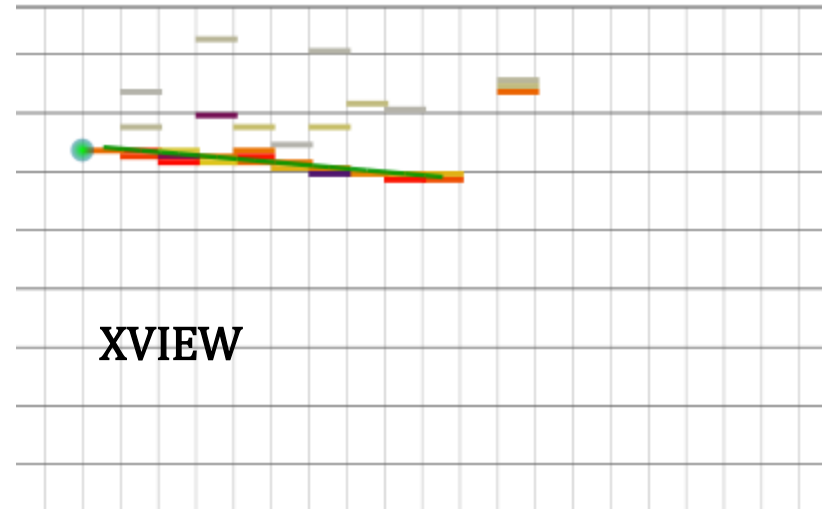
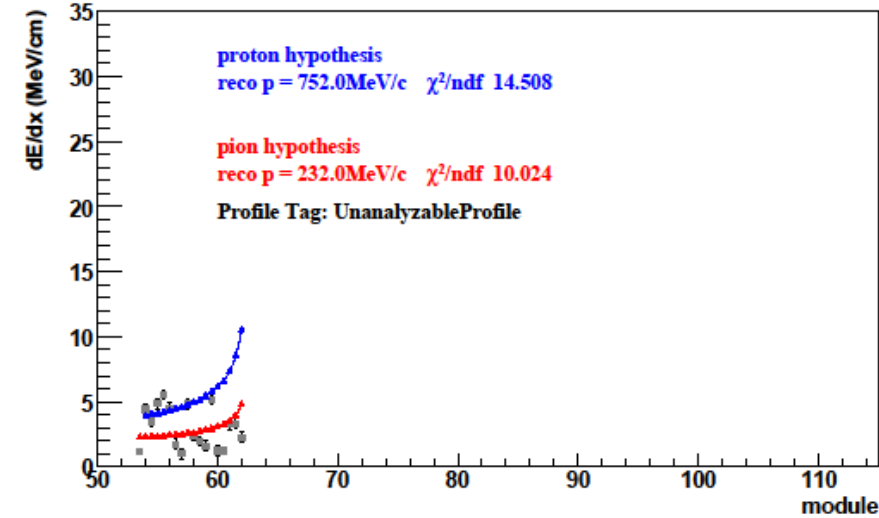


FrozenDetector Run 850/Subrun 5: Gate 1225: Slice 1

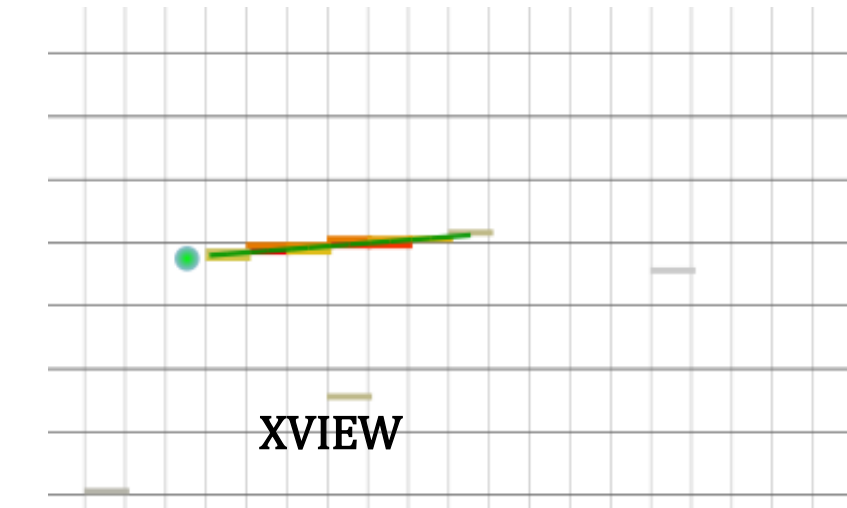
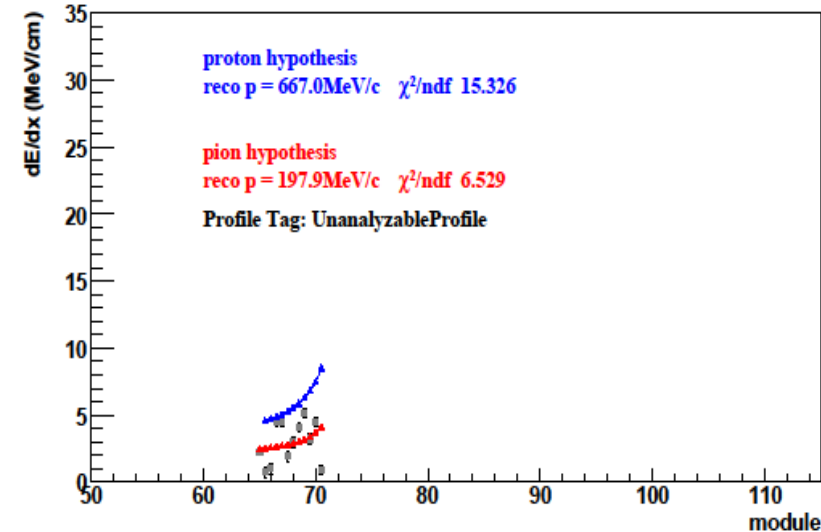


dEdX Pattern Recognition - "UnAnalyzeableProfile"

FrozenDetector Run 850/Subrun 13: Gate 472: Slice 9



FrozenDetector Run 846/Subrun 20: Gate 1388: Slice 4



“ActivityVertexRegion”, “SecondaryIntMiddleProng”, and “SecondaryIntEndProng”

- Using the best fitted particle hypothesis
 - Stored the node’s χ^2 , where any value above 3σ is tag as a “red” event and everything else is “blue”



- Find the node’s maximum χ^2 and it’s z position



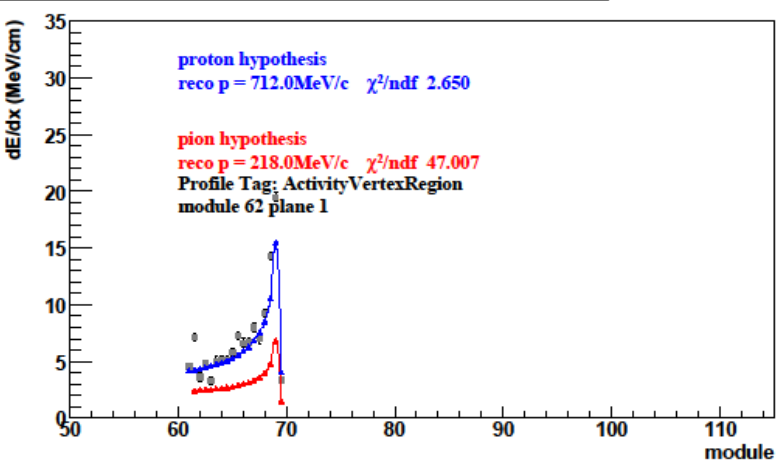
- Separate into three regions:
 - region 1 ranges from 0 to .33, region 2 ranges from .33 to .66 , region 3 ranges from .66 to 1



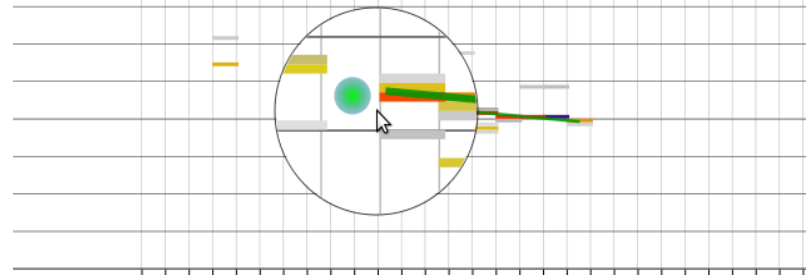
➤ Prong is Classified as “SecondaryIntEndProng”

This is the principal ideal with some tweaks here and there

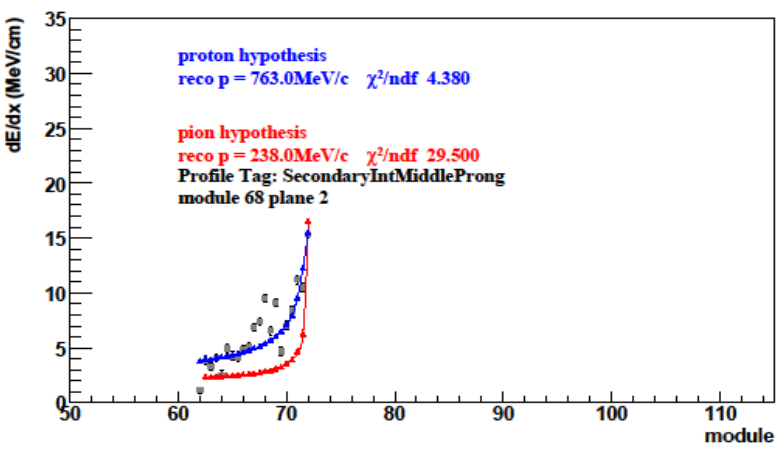
FrozenDetector Run 850/Subrun 6: Gate 1450: Slice 2



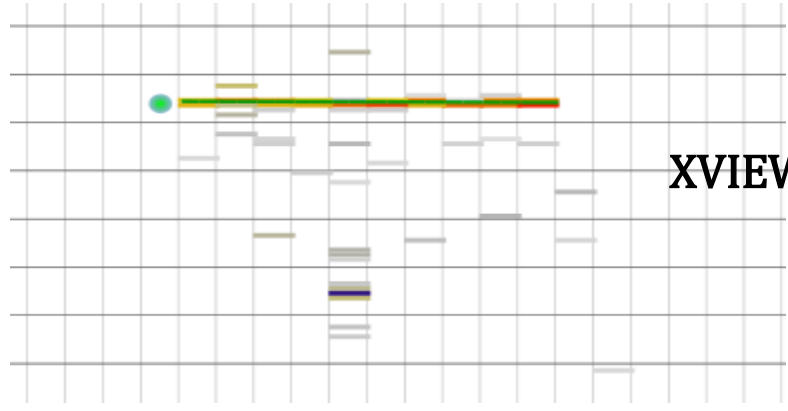
XVIEW



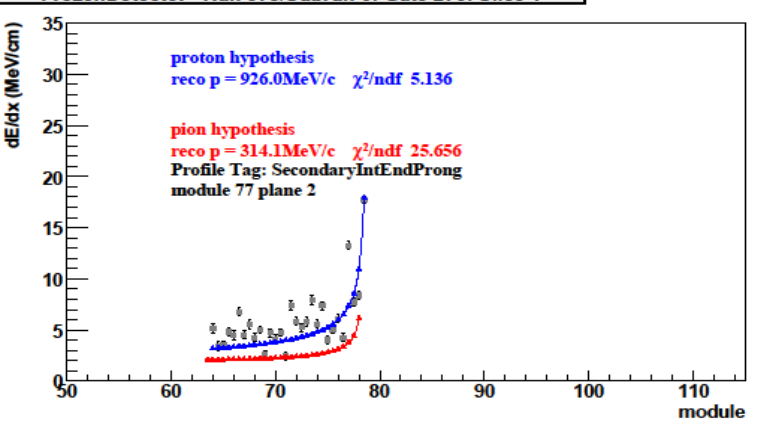
FrozenDetector Run 860/Subrun 2: Gate 756: Slice 5



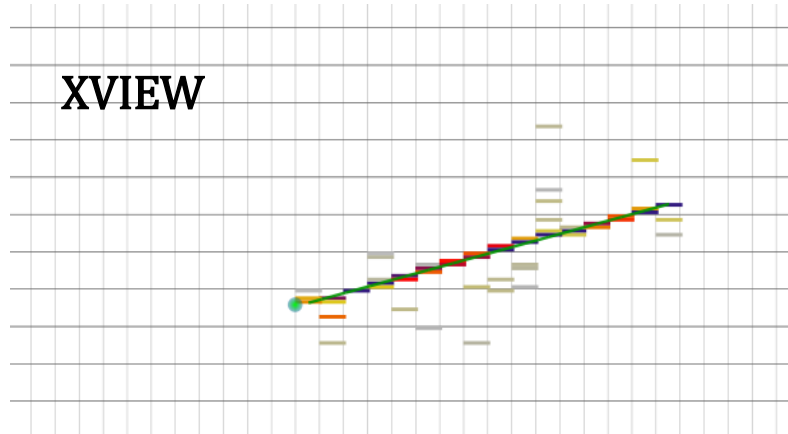
XVIEW



FrozenDetector Run 973/Subrun 6: Gate 278: Slice 1

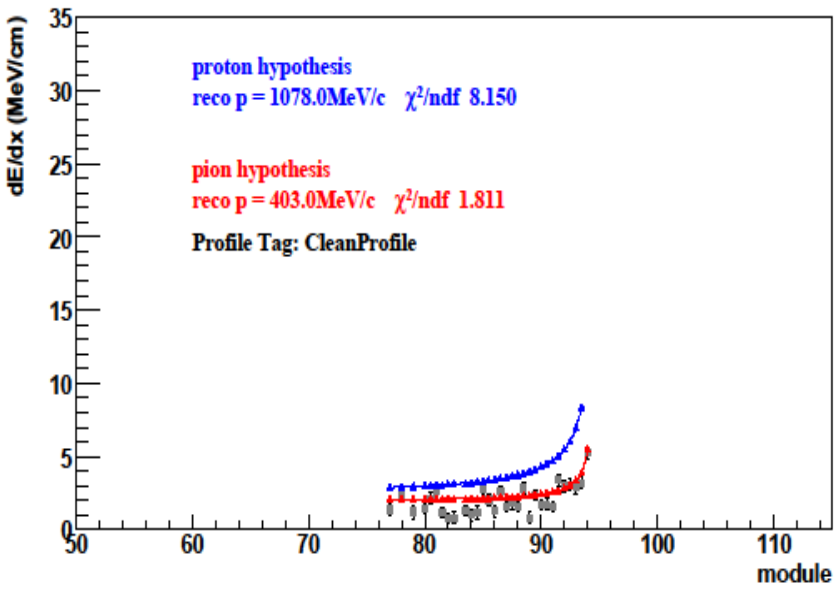


XVIEW

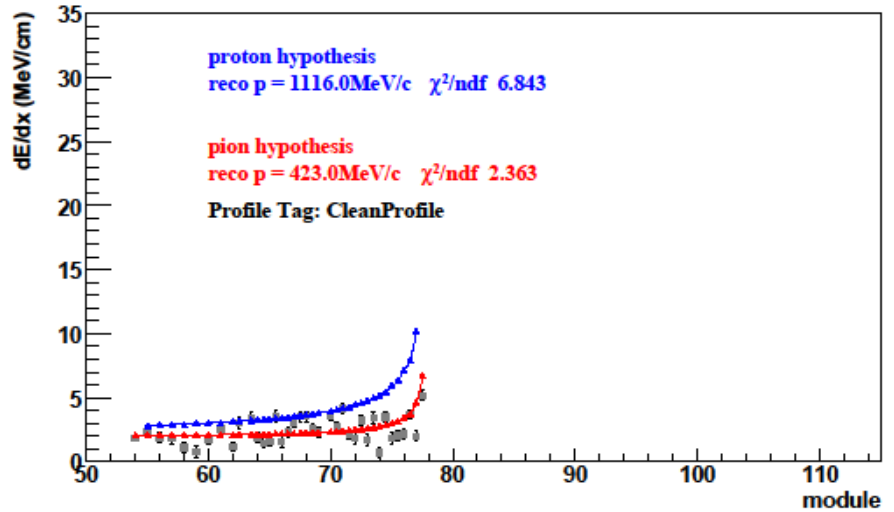


“CleanProfile”

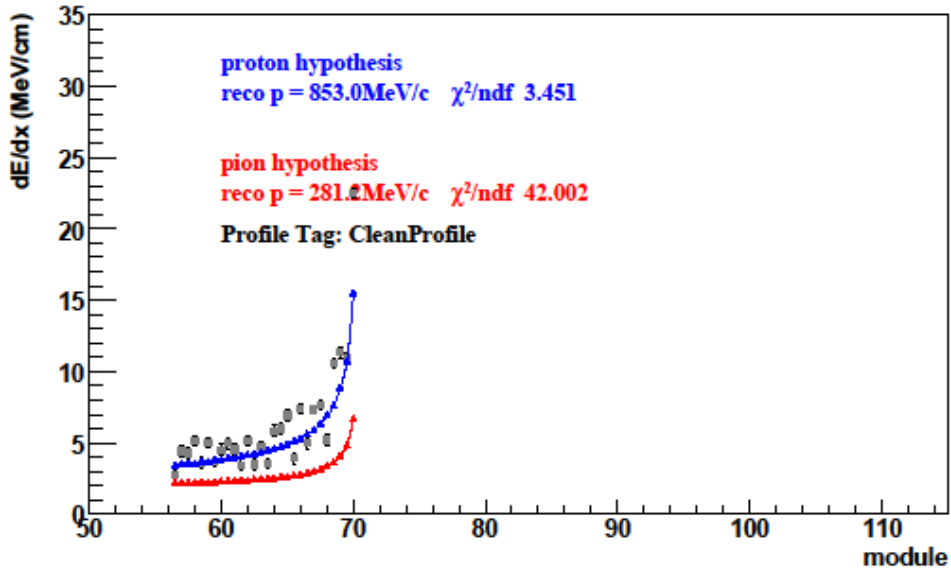
FrozenDetector Run 873/Subrun 11: Gate 998: Slice 4



FrozenDetector Run 910/Subrun 4: Gate 529: Slice 9

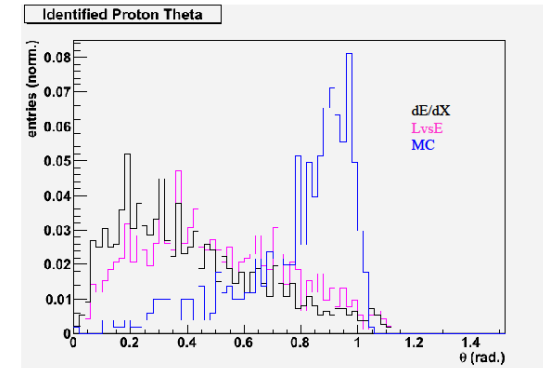
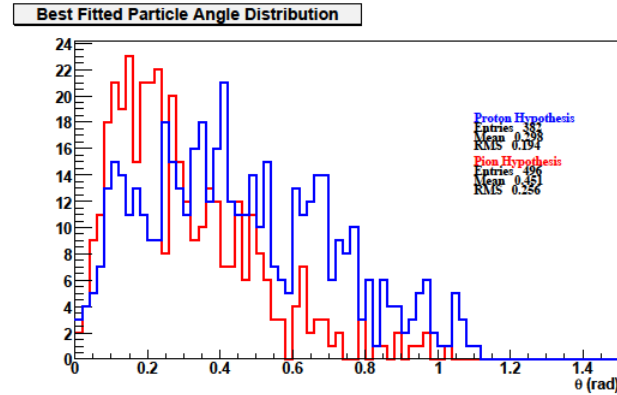
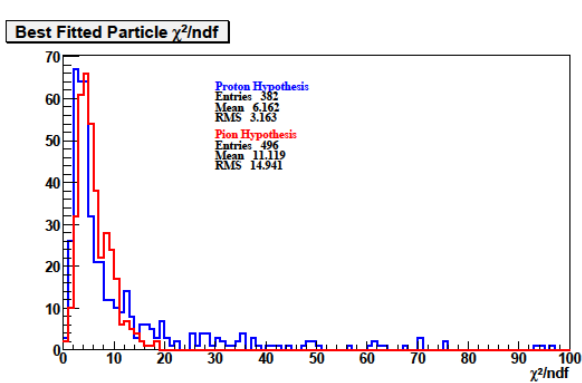


FrozenDetector Run 910/Subrun 1: Gate 95: Slice 2

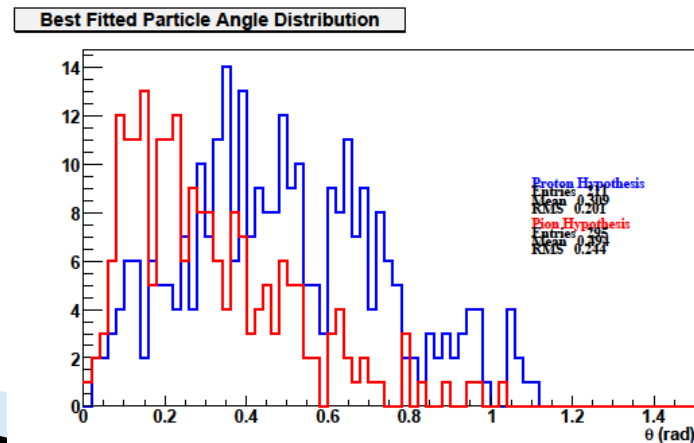
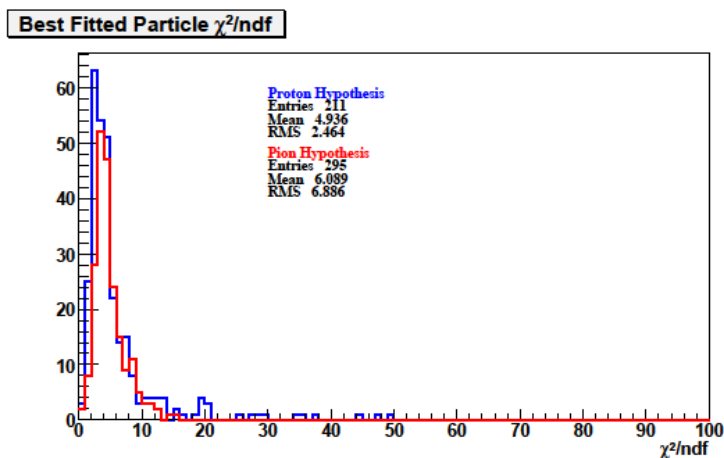


Frozen Detector Single Track Candidates

Benjamin's Analysis

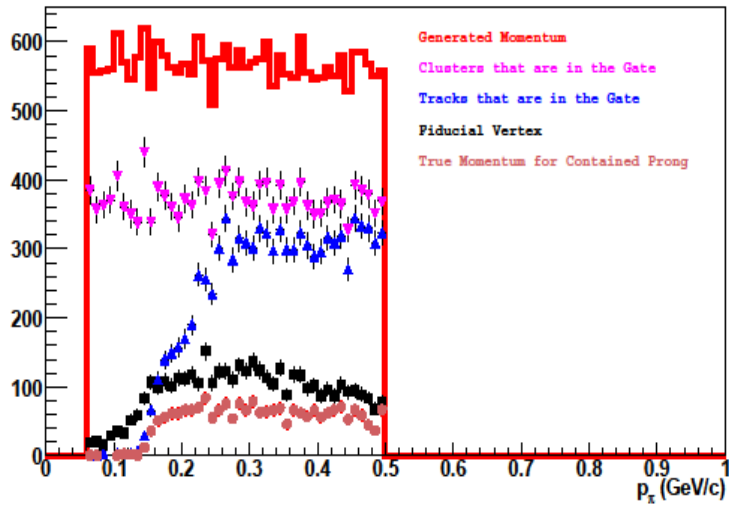


“Contained” Prongs tagged as either “CleanProfile”, ActivityVertexRegion, “SecondaryIntMiddleProng”, or “SecondaryIntEndProng”



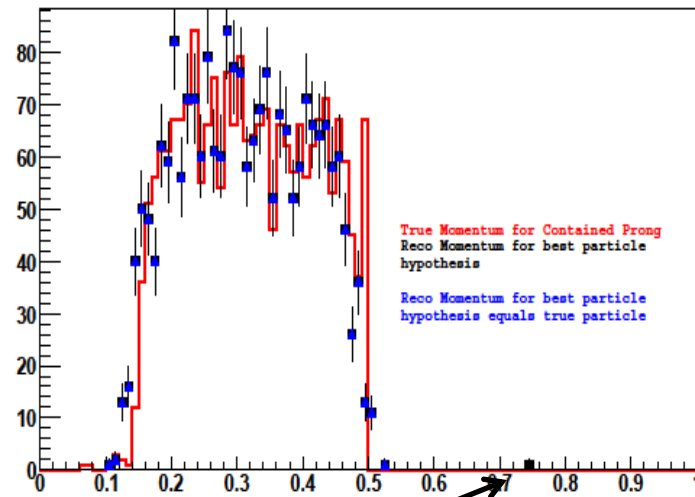
Hadronic Model in Geant4 Turned Off

Momentum Distribution for pion with Hadronic Model Turn Off in Geant4



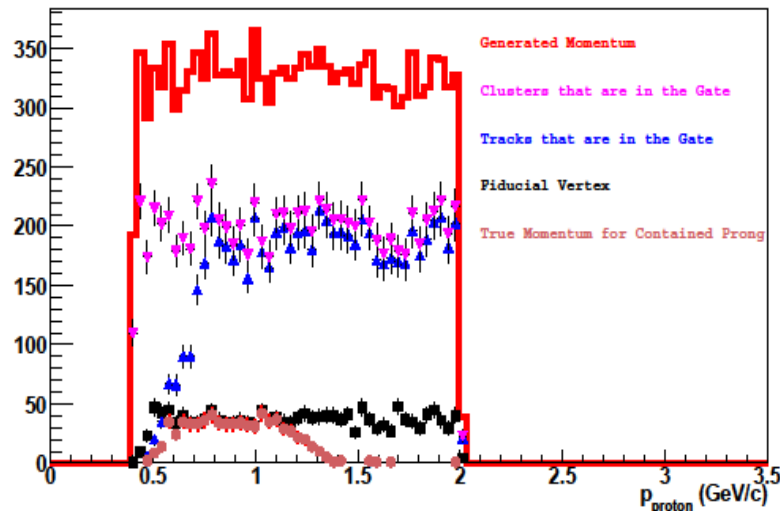
Momentum Distribution for pion with Hadronic Model Turn Off in Geant4

Entries 2188



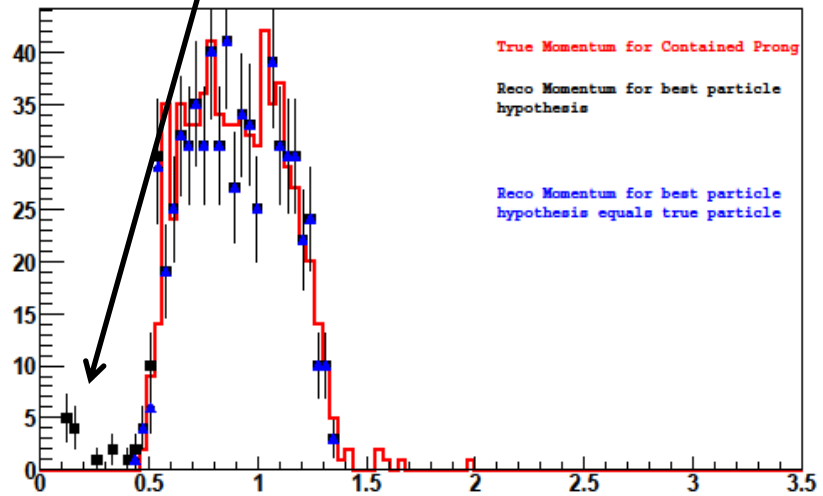
Mis-id events

Momentum Distribution for proton with Hadronic Model Turn Off in Geant4



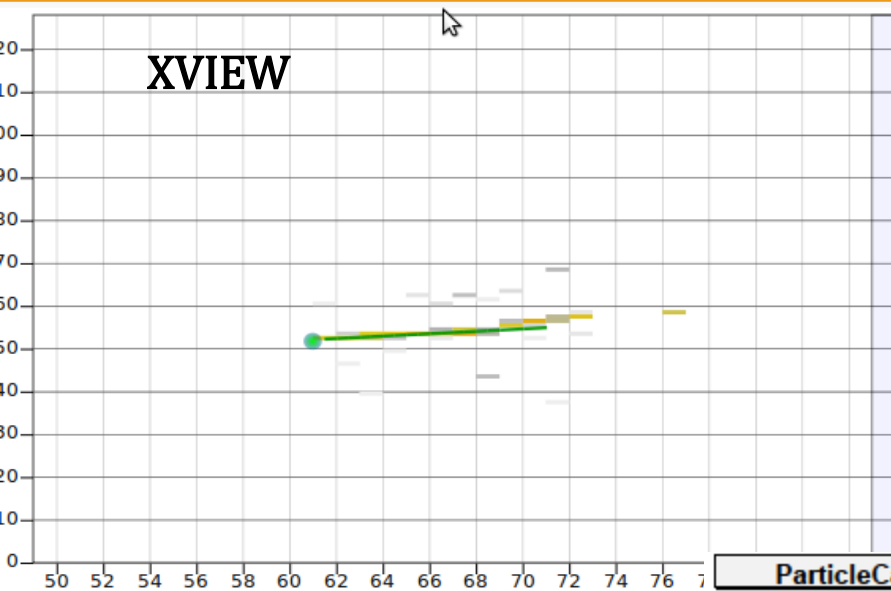
Momentum Distribution for proton with Hadronic Model Turn Off in Geant4

Entries 708



Mis-PID Pion

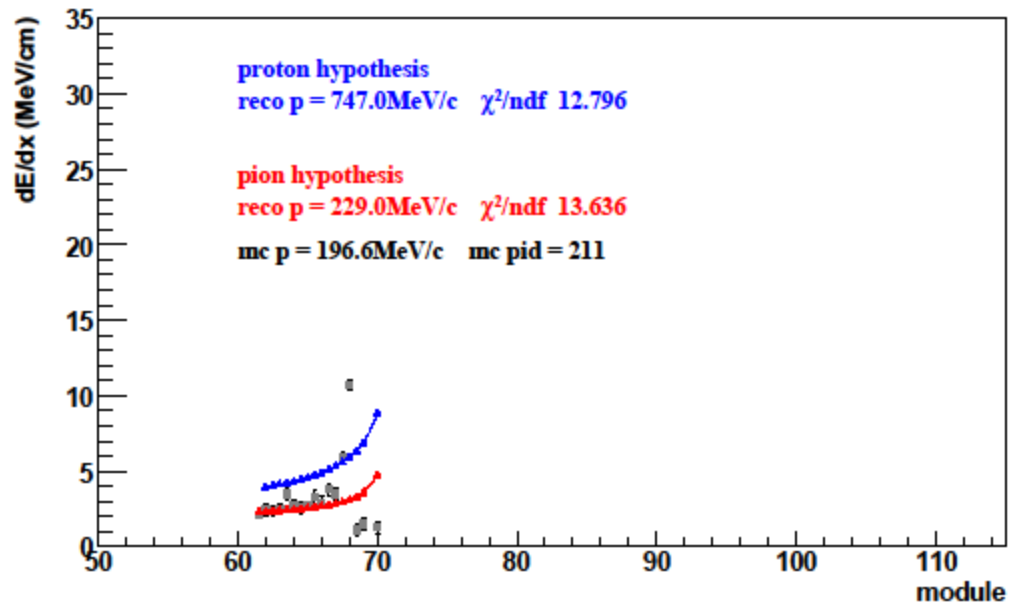
Big XZ view



Profile Tag: 200 (Unassociated Clusters at the End of the Track)

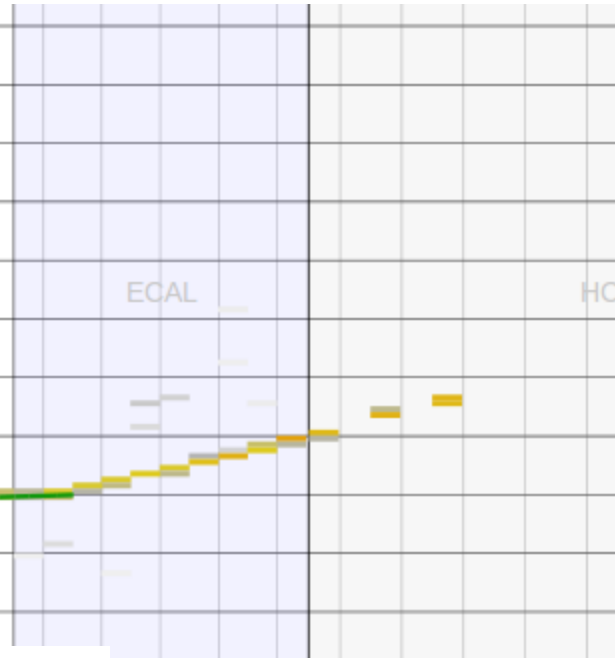
ParticleCannon Run 201/Subrun 2: Gate 2257: Slice 1

MPLView

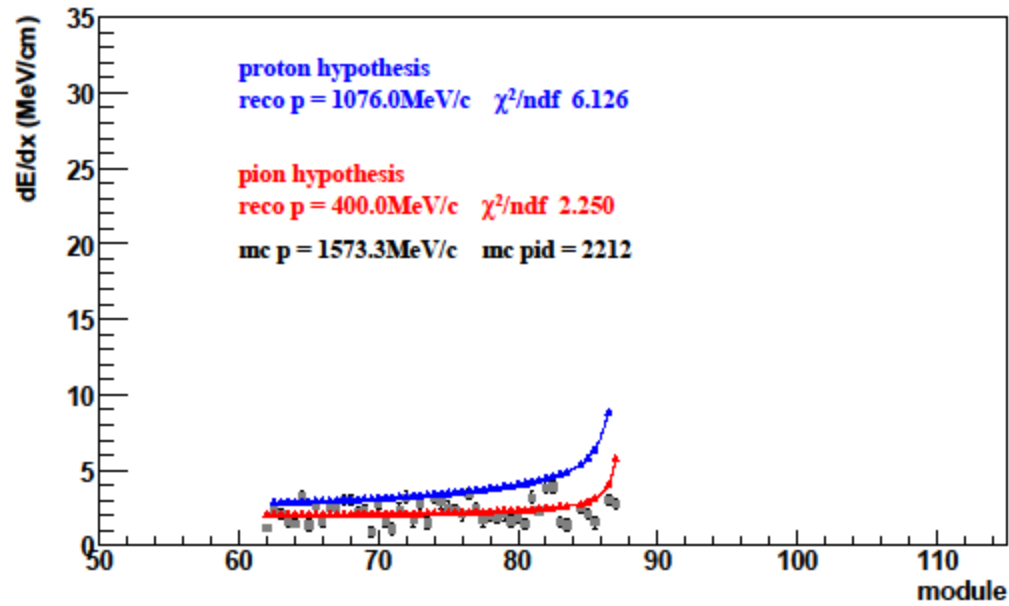


Mis-PID Proton

XVIEW



ParticleCannon Run 101/Subrun 3: Gate 608: Slice 1



ProfileTag: 200

Conclusions

- We have a lot to do.
 - A tracker workshop.
 - Reconstruction framework is coming together.
 - Need to implement reconstruction iterations

 - Currently, tuning this filter.
 - Soon, I should have results for PID, momentum reconstruction, secondaries efficiency and purity studies with the Hadronic Model turned on.
 -
- 