Simulation on AP Scattering

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Outlines

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Introduction

The Λ particle was discovered in early 1950s but until today we don't have sufficient data to explain Λ P interaction.

The old data's are not sufficient enough to the nuclear Lambda model.

AN interaction is missing piece.

Purpose

• The purpose is to separate the recoil proton scattered by Λ particle from that produced from Λ decay.

Kinematics

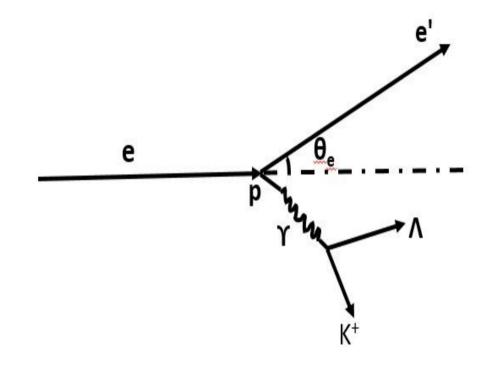
- An electron beam with fixed beam energy E = 4.524 GeV is incident on a proton target at rest.
- This will produce a virtual photon and then a Λ particle.
- The produced ∧ particle either scattered or decay. It may decay before scattering or after scattering.
- Both the cases proton from decay of Λ particle is the background.
- Up to this point we will have the momentum and angle of proton.

i. Production of Λ particle

$$e+P = e' + \Lambda + k^+$$

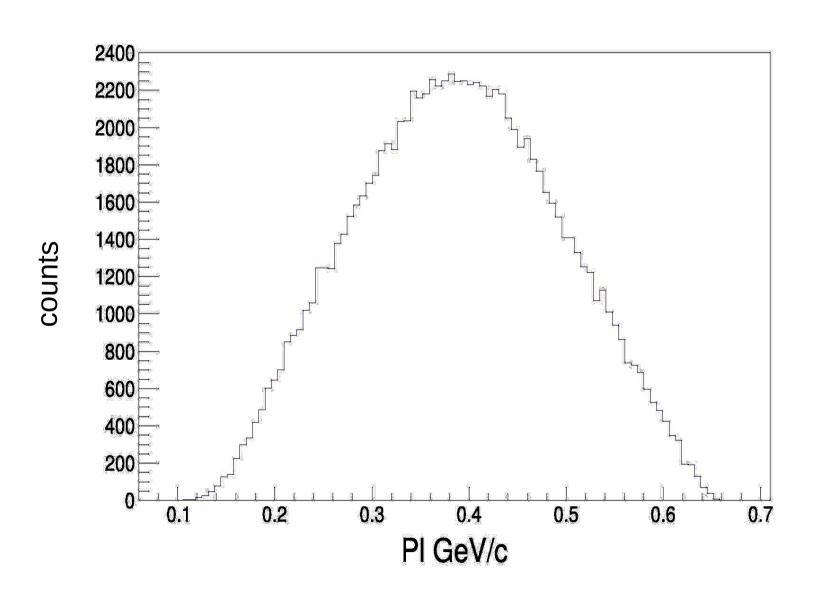
$$P_e = P_{e'} + P_{\Lambda} + P_{k+}$$

$$P_{\Lambda} = P_{e} - P_{e'} - P_{k+}$$

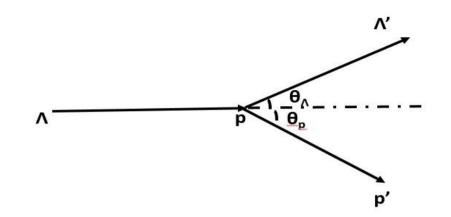


Where Momentum of k^{+} is given in the range 1.05 GeV/c to 1.35 GeV/c

Momentum of Λ Particle

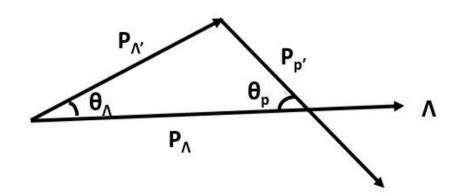


ii. Elastic Scattering

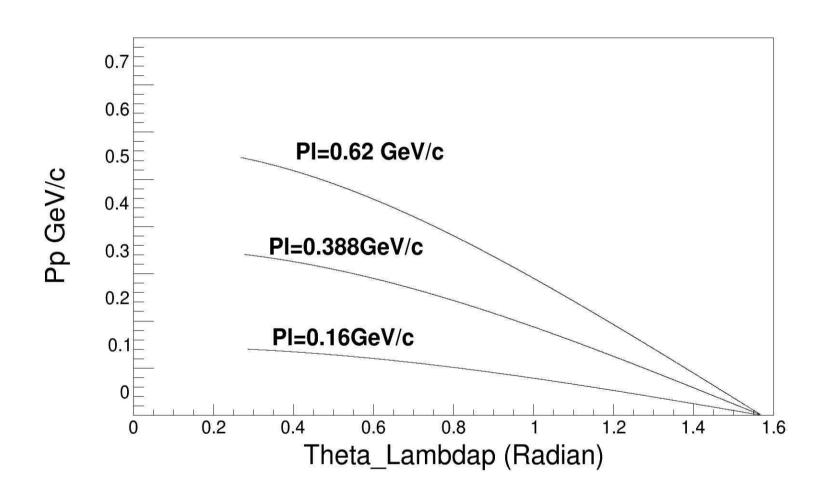


Here, momentum of scattered lambda (Λ') particle is calculated. By using the Cosine law, momentum of scattered proton is calculated.

$$P_{p'}^2 = P_{\Lambda}^2 + P_{\Lambda'}^2 - 2P_{\Lambda}P_{\Lambda'}Cos\theta$$



Proton momentum Vs proton angle(Elastic Scattering)

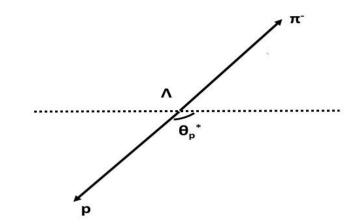


iii. Decay of Λ particle

Center of mass frame

$$E_{\Lambda}^* = \frac{m_{\Lambda}^2 + m_P^2 - m_{\pi}^2}{2m_{\Lambda}}$$

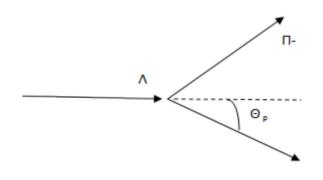
$$P_{\Lambda}^* = \sqrt{E_p^* - m_p^2}$$



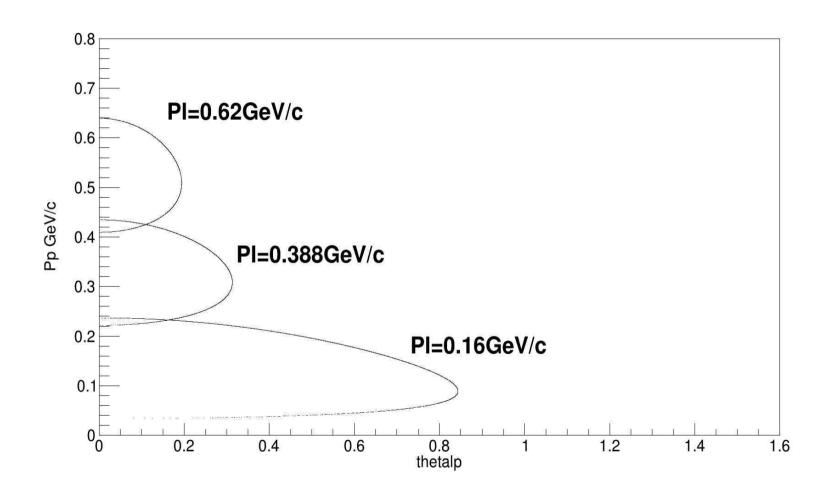
By Lorentz transformation the center of mass momentum is changed in to lab momentum.

Lab Frame

$$P_p = \sqrt{P_L^2 + P_T^2}$$

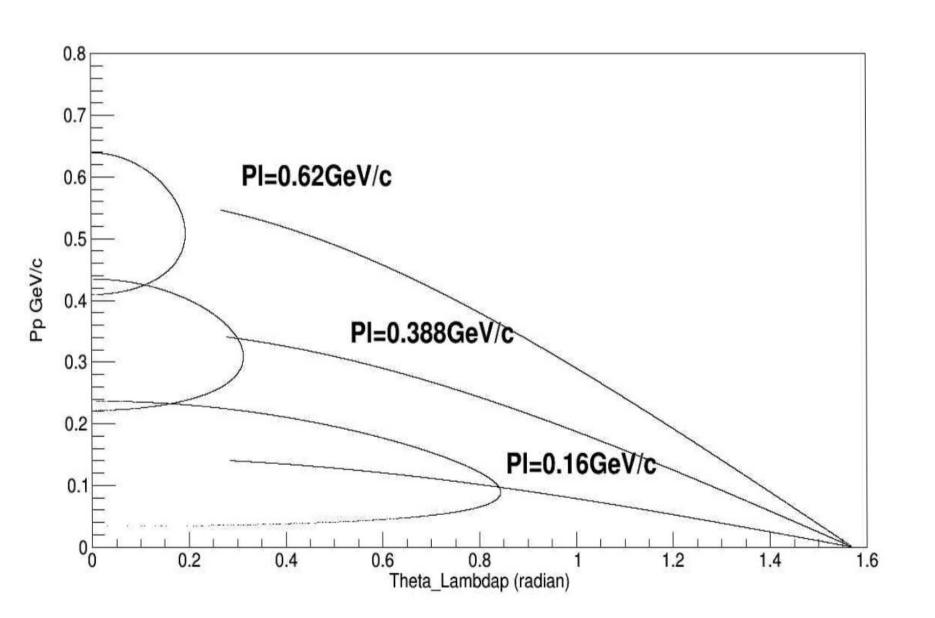


Proton momentum Vs proton angle(Lambda Decay)



Result

Elastic Scattering Vs Decay



Conclusion

• From this simulation, we can proceed the experiment.

Future Work

 Λ N interaction

Thank You