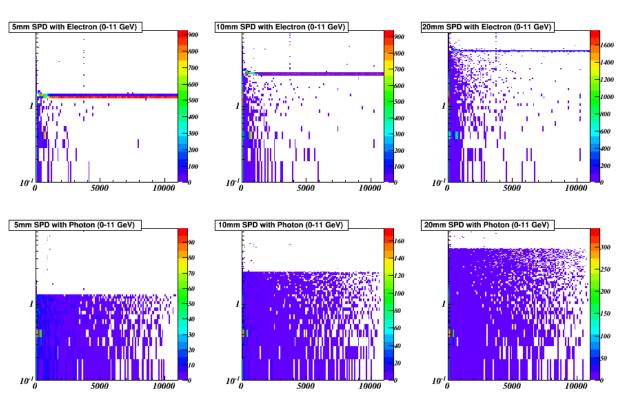
Large Angle SPD Segmentation Study

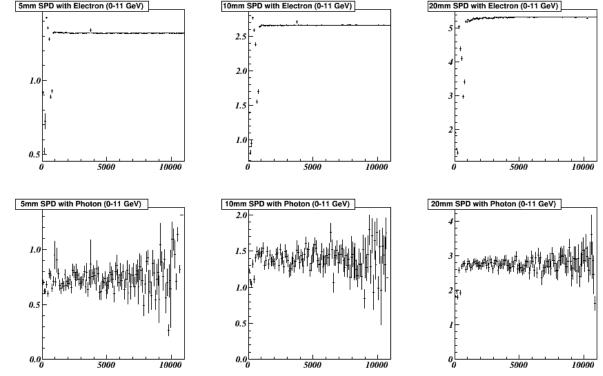
Zhihong Ye 10/27/2014

Two types of electrons that can deposit energy in the SPD: (a) electrons before SPD:

1, So if the particle is an electron, I use its energy to search the average energy deposition in the 2cm SPD

Rate = Rate_from_Generator (or cross sections)



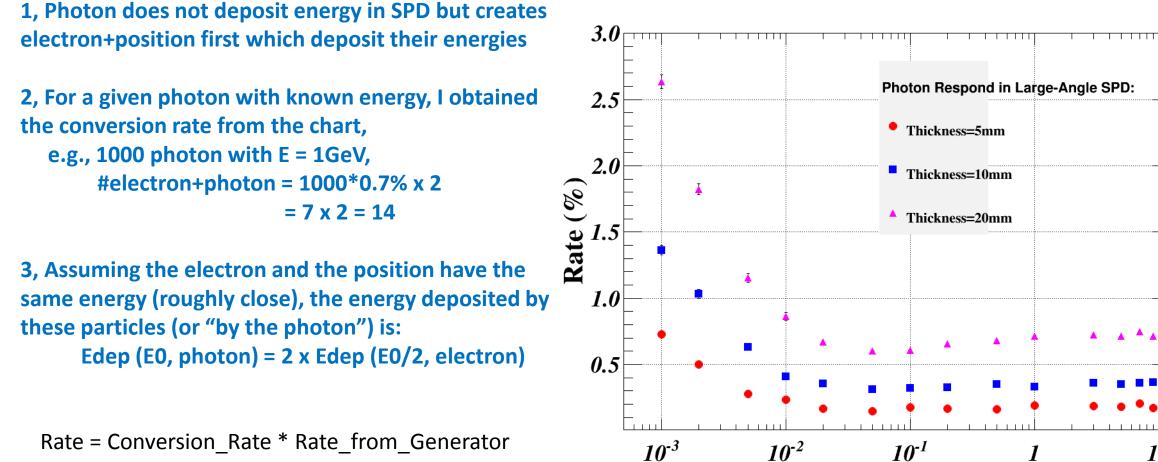


2, If it is a photon, I calculate the conversion rate first (see next slide)

3, running Edep for all other charged particles (assumed to be the same as electrons right now, althrough I know it is wrong)

Two types of electrons that can deposit energy in the SPD:

(b) electron created by photo pair production when travelling inside the 2cm SPD:



 10^{-3}

10⁻¹

E (GeV)

10

1

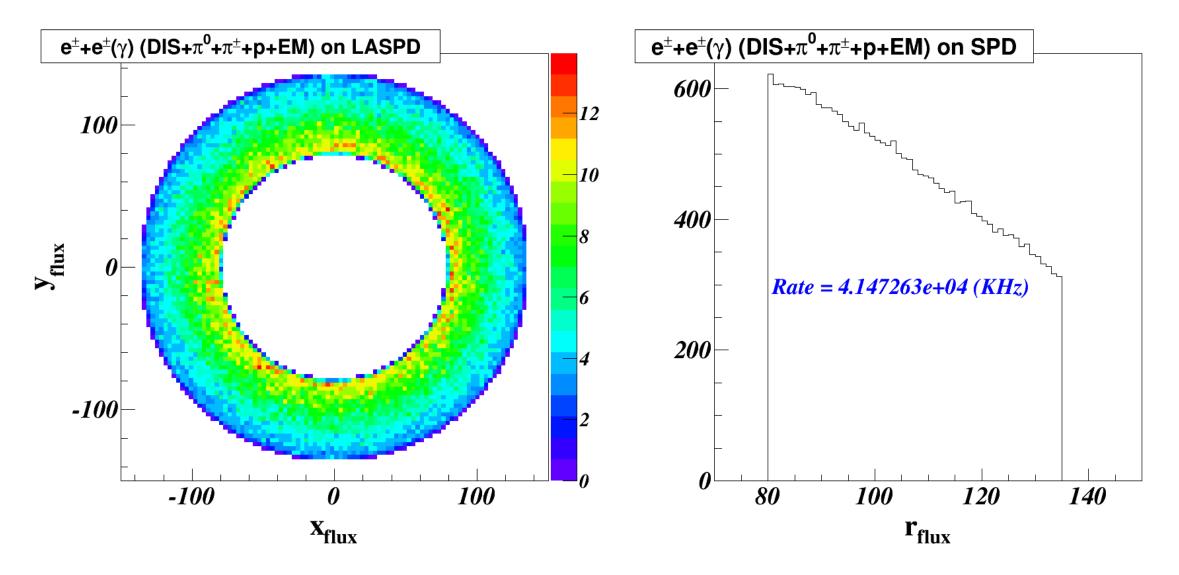
Rate = Conversion Rate * Rate from Generator

Raw electron rate from different sources (no cuts and count every flux particle as one event)

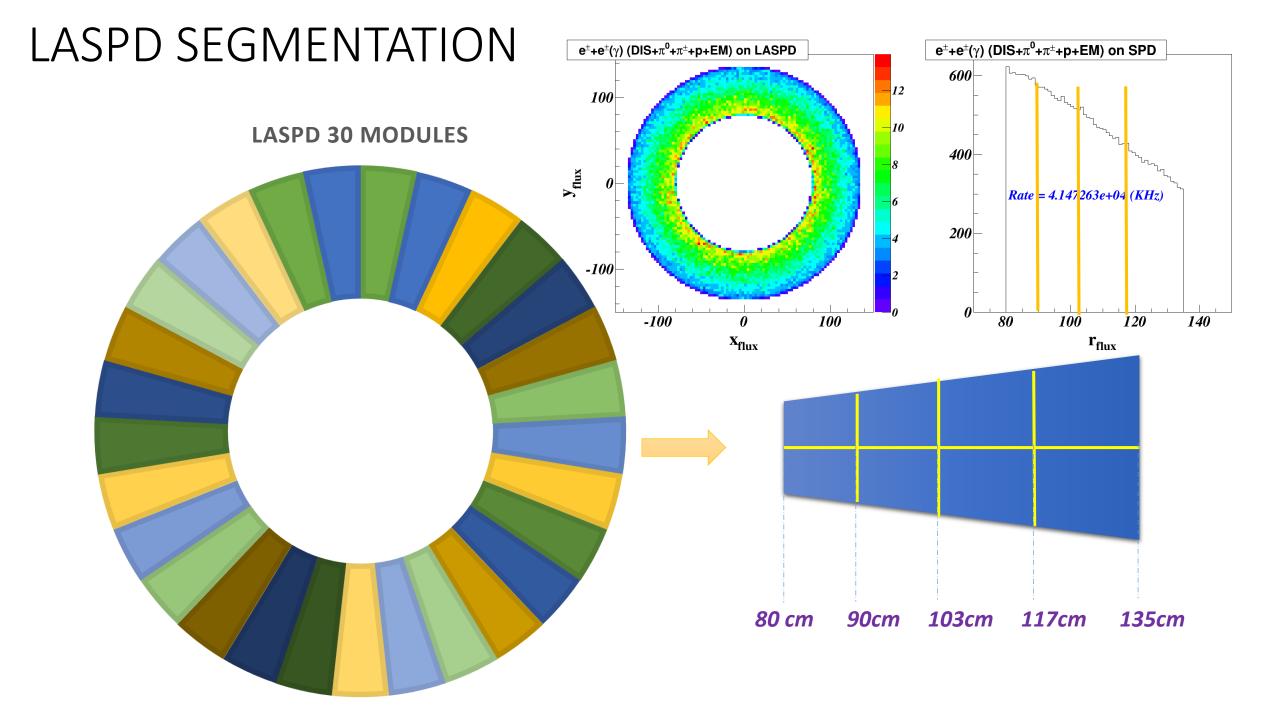
(KHz)	eDIS	π0 (T/up/down)	π+ (T/up/down)	π- (T/up/down)	Proton (T/up/down)	EM
e+/- & pi+/- & p+	46.08	6.75e3	4.79e3	3.63e3	9.12e3	0
e+/- (γ)	0	23.10e3	3.29e3	3.40e3	0.75e3	0
all	46.08	29.85MHz	8.08MHz	7.03MHz	9.87MHz	0

Quick check with LAEC cut (e+/- only)									
all	19.31	1.84 KHz	0.02 KHz	0.02 Hz	0	0			

So most of background electrons+positions carry very low energies, **BUT** they may can still trigger the LASPD due to the pile-up effect



The sum of all charged particles that are inside the LASPD



LASPD Energy Deposition and Pile-Up

In Progress ...