

Λ production in the DIS target fragmentation region: the CLAS12 program

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SIDIS Λ



- clear TFR production evidence
- narrow peak in ($p \pi^-$) inv. mass
- the weak decay allow direct polarization measurement

unpolarized

double long. polarization

double transv. polarization

triple polarization

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma^{TFR}}{dx_B dy d\zeta d\phi_S d\phi} &= \\ &= \frac{\alpha_{em}^2}{\pi Q^2 y} \sum_a e_a^2 \times \\ &\left\{ \left(1 - y + \frac{y^2}{2}\right) \left[M(x_B, \zeta) + S_{N\parallel} S_{\parallel} M_L^L(x_B, \zeta) + |\mathbf{S}_{N\perp}| |\mathbf{S}_{\perp}| M_T^T(x_B, \zeta) \cos(\phi - \phi_S) \right] \right. \\ &+ h y \left(1 - \frac{y}{2}\right) \left[S_{N\parallel} \Delta M_L(x_B, \zeta) + S_{\parallel} \Delta M^L(x_B, \zeta) + \right. \\ &\left. \left. + |\mathbf{S}_{N\perp}| |\mathbf{S}_{\perp}| \Delta M_T^T(x_B, \zeta) \sin(\phi - \phi_S) \right] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

The Fracture Functions are the observables
- easy extraction from the cross section

The Λ polarization

Polarization decomposition in SIDIS

$$P_{\Lambda,i} = P_{\Lambda,i}^I + hP_{\Lambda,i}^T$$

$i = x, y, z$

$h = \text{beam helicity}$

Induced component:

$$P_{\Lambda,x}^I = C_x^s \sin \phi + C_x^{s2} \sin 2\phi$$

$$P_{\Lambda,y}^I = C_y^0 + C_y^c \cos \phi + C_x^{c2} \cos 2\phi$$

$$P_{\Lambda,z}^I = C_z^s \sin \phi + C_z^{s2} \sin 2\phi$$

Transferred component:

$$P_{\Lambda,x}^T = D_x^0 + D_x^c \cos \phi$$

$$P_{\Lambda,y}^T = D_y^s \sin \phi$$

$$P_{\Lambda,z}^T = D_z^0 + D_z^c \cos \phi$$

In the TFR/Fracture function formalism

- At leading twist and integrating the transverse momenta, only D_z^0 survives

The CLAS12 spectrometer

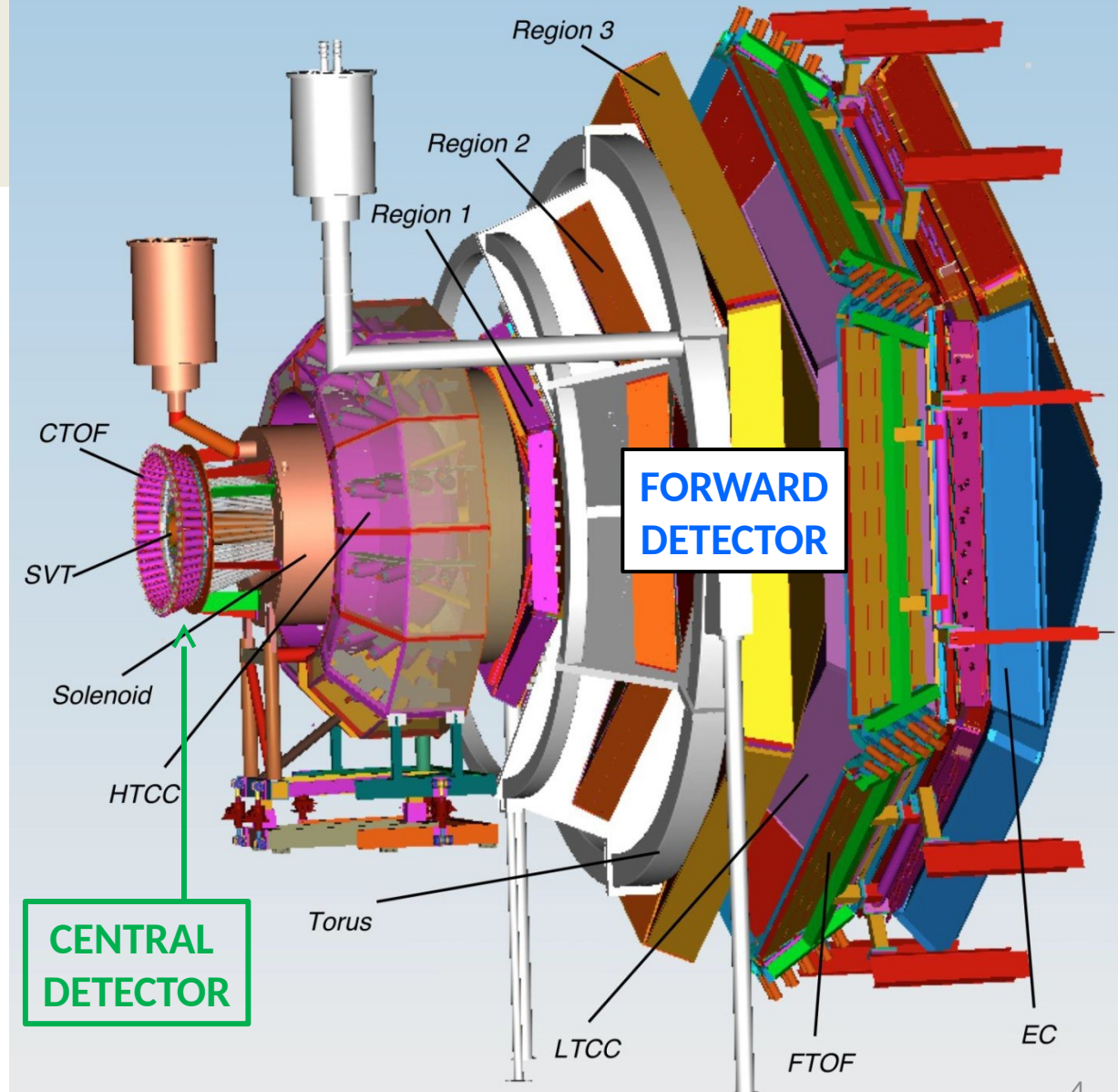
- Luminosity up to $10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- High polarization electron beam
- H and D polarized targets
- Wide acceptance

CENTRAL DETECTOR

- solenoidal field
- vertex tracker
- time-of-flight

FORWARD DETECTOR

- toroidal field
- 6 sector geometry
- vertex tracker
- three regions of drift chambers
- time-of-flight
- two threshold Cherenkov counters
- preshower
- EM calorimeter
- RICH for K ID



The CLAS12 measurement

Proposal E12-06-112A/E12-09-008A approved in 2014

- 11 GeV electron beam, high polarization**
- unpolarized liquid hydrogen target**
- two main torus polarities**
 - 50% with inbending negative particles (normal)**
 - 50% with outbending negative particles (reversed)**
- Running in parallel with other unpolarized CLAS12 experiments**
- Scattered electron, proton and pion detected in CLAS12, the Λ is reconstructed in the IM($p \pi^-$)**

DIS cuts:

$$Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$W^2 > 5 \text{ GeV}^2$$

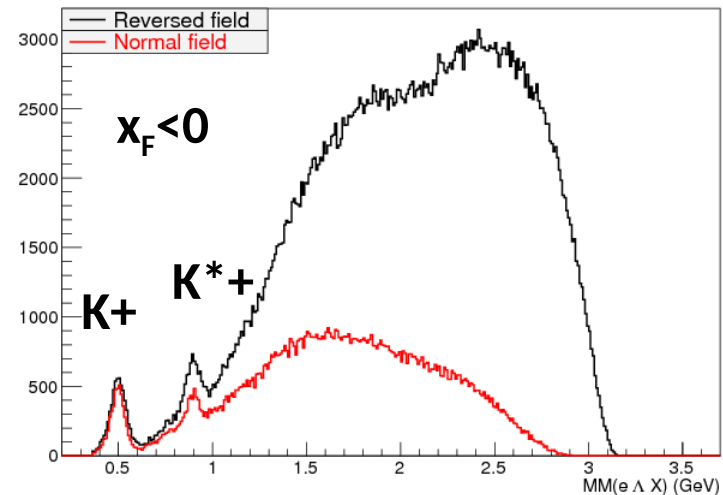
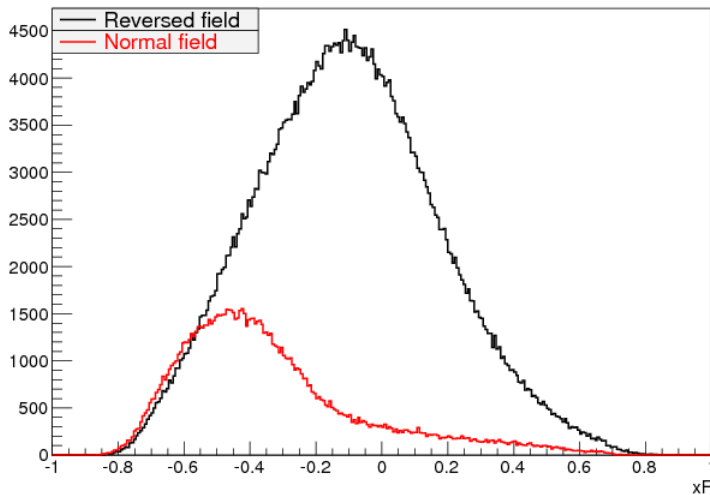
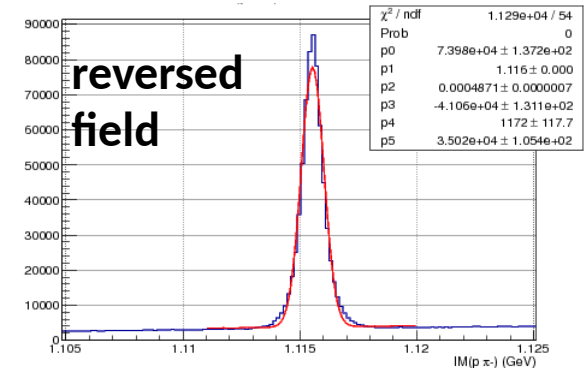
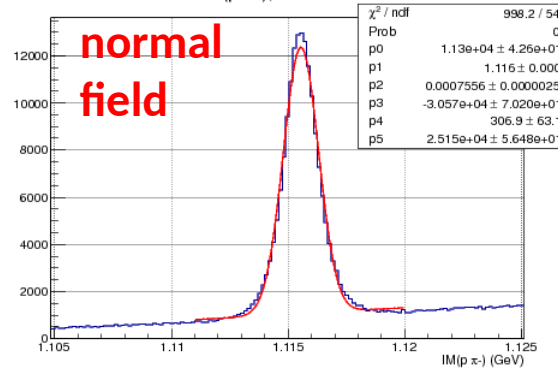
SIDIS Λ with CLAS12

CLASDIS + FastMC simulations

- normal vs reversed torus field

Λ reconstruction

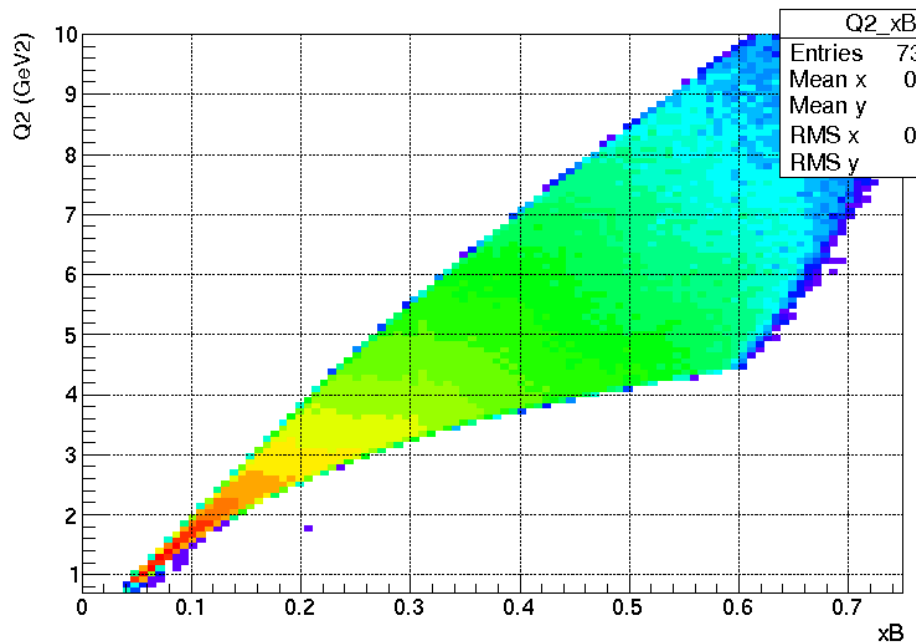
- better acceptance and resolution with rev. field



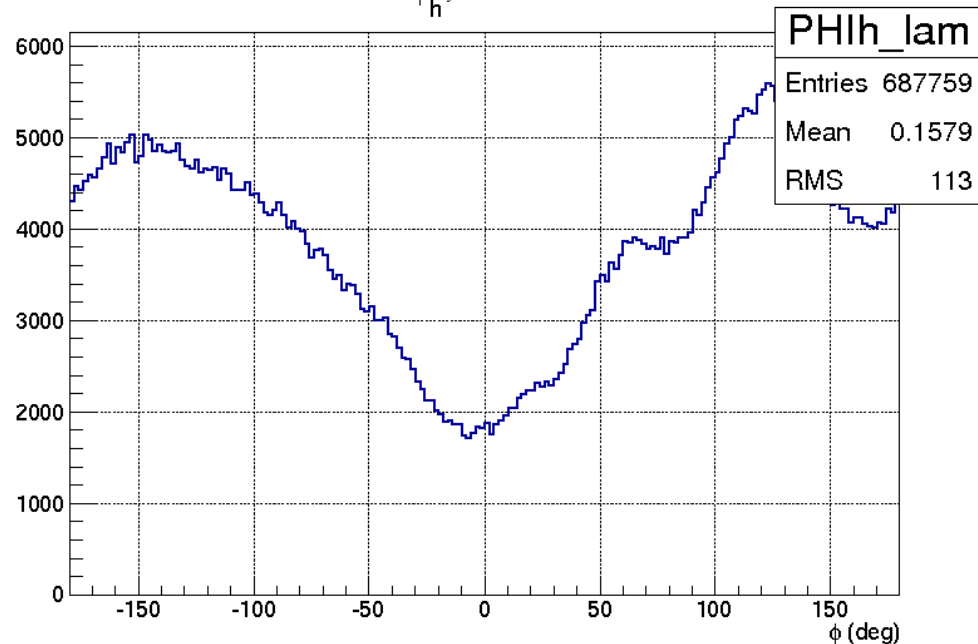
- better acceptance for the low energy decay pion with reversed field
- normal field data useful to check systematics

Kinematics (rev. field)

Q2 vs xB



ϕ_h , DIS Λ



- Q^2 coverage up to ~ 10 GeV²
- much better ϕ coverage than CLAS, acceptance never goes to 0

The data will allow the study of the ϕ -dependence

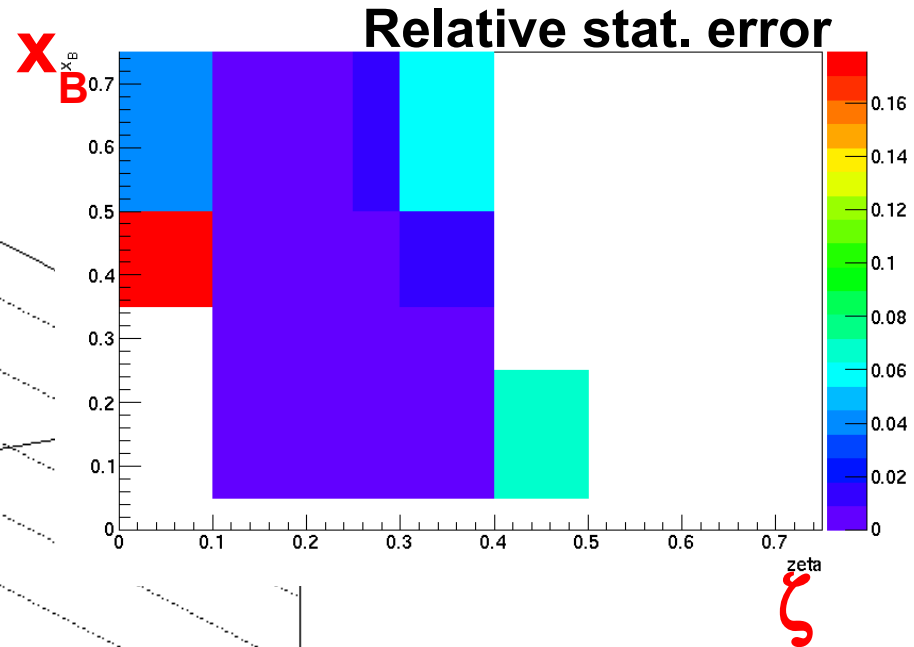
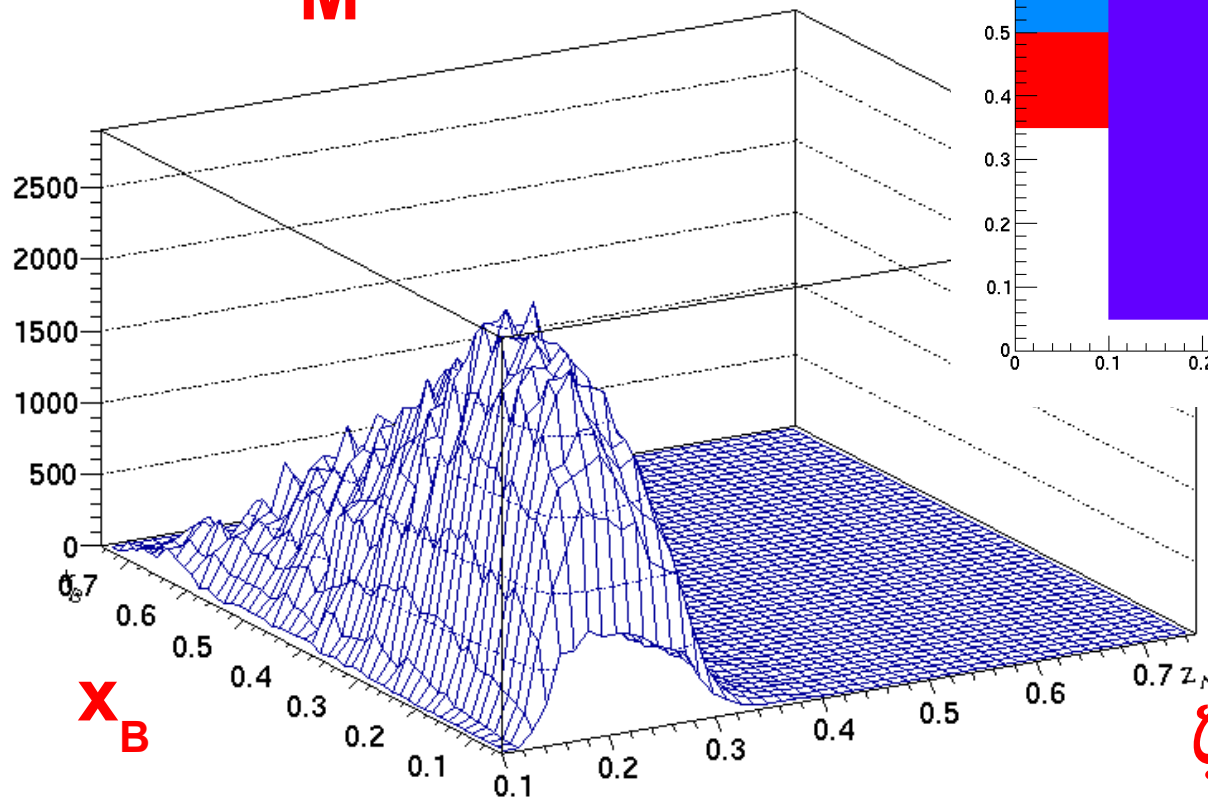
Unpolarized Fracture Function(s)

Total unpolarized yield in the TFR from Monte Carlo data

$$Y \propto \frac{1-y+y^2/2}{yQ^2} \sum_a e_a^2 M_a(x_B, \zeta)$$

M

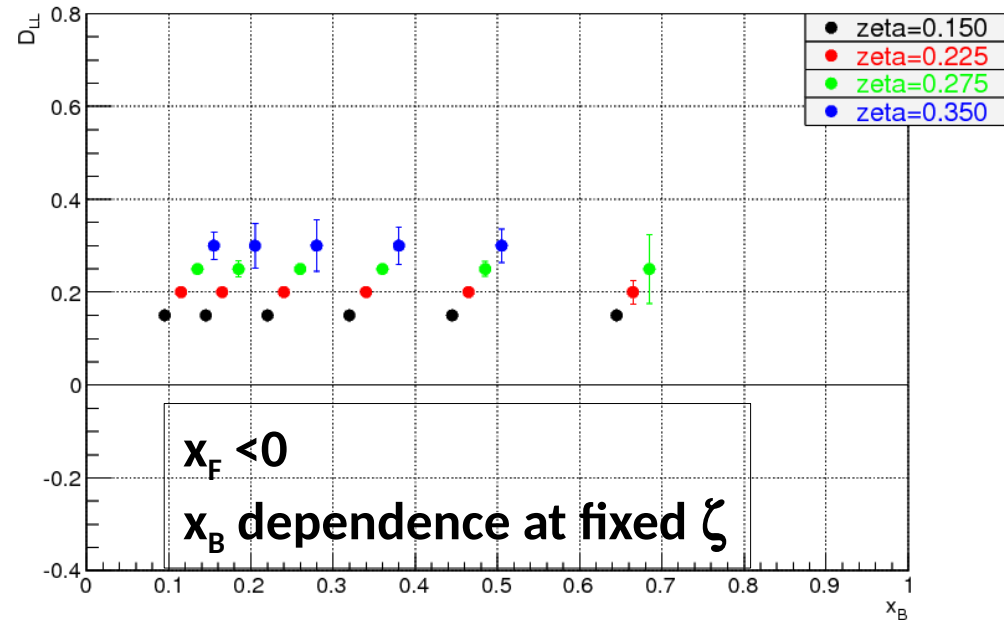
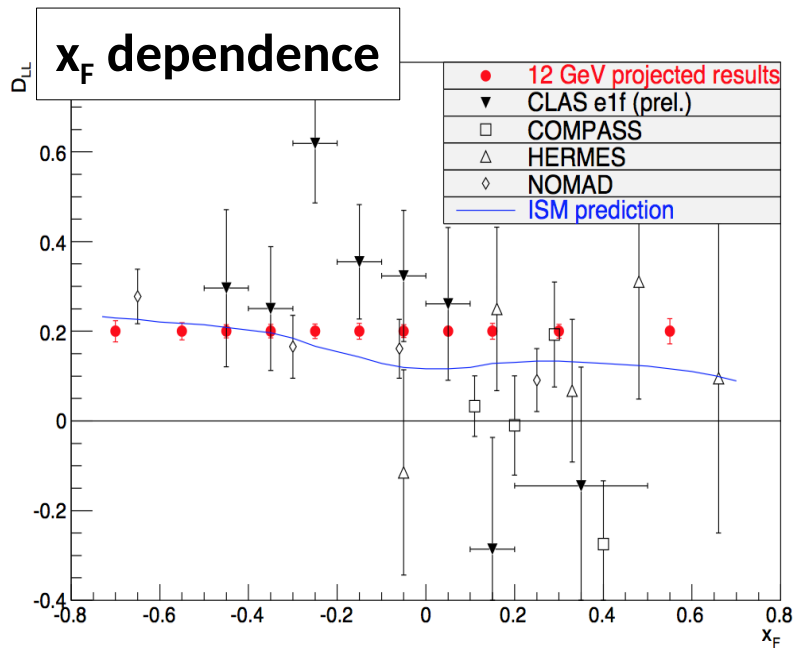
M [a.u.]



Long. Polarized Fracture Function(s)

Long. Polarization transfer from the beam to the Λ

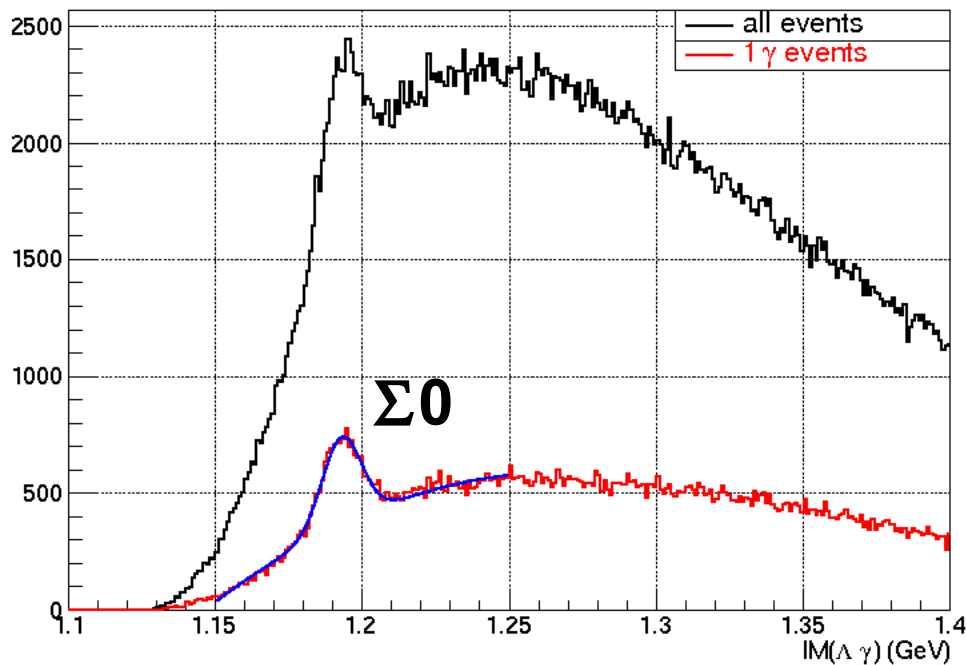
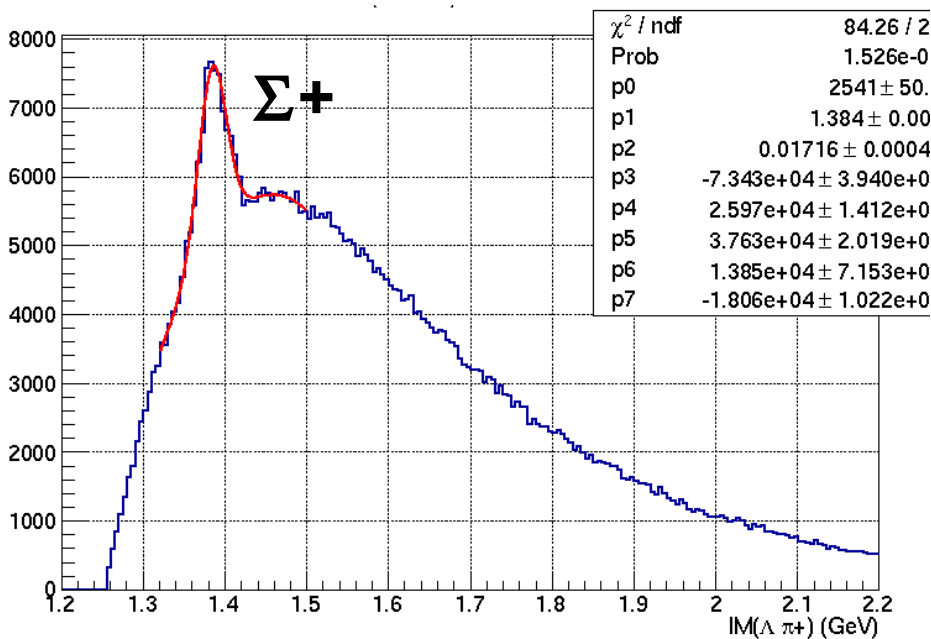
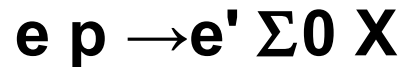
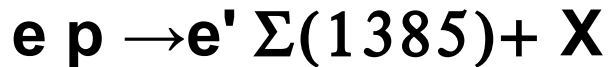
$$D^{LL} \propto \frac{\sum_a e_a^2 \Delta M_a^L(x_B, \zeta)}{\sum_a e_a^2 M_a(x_B, \zeta)}$$



More than one order of magnitude than CLAS data

- statistical error on the yield below 10% in the double x_B - ζ binning

Sigmas

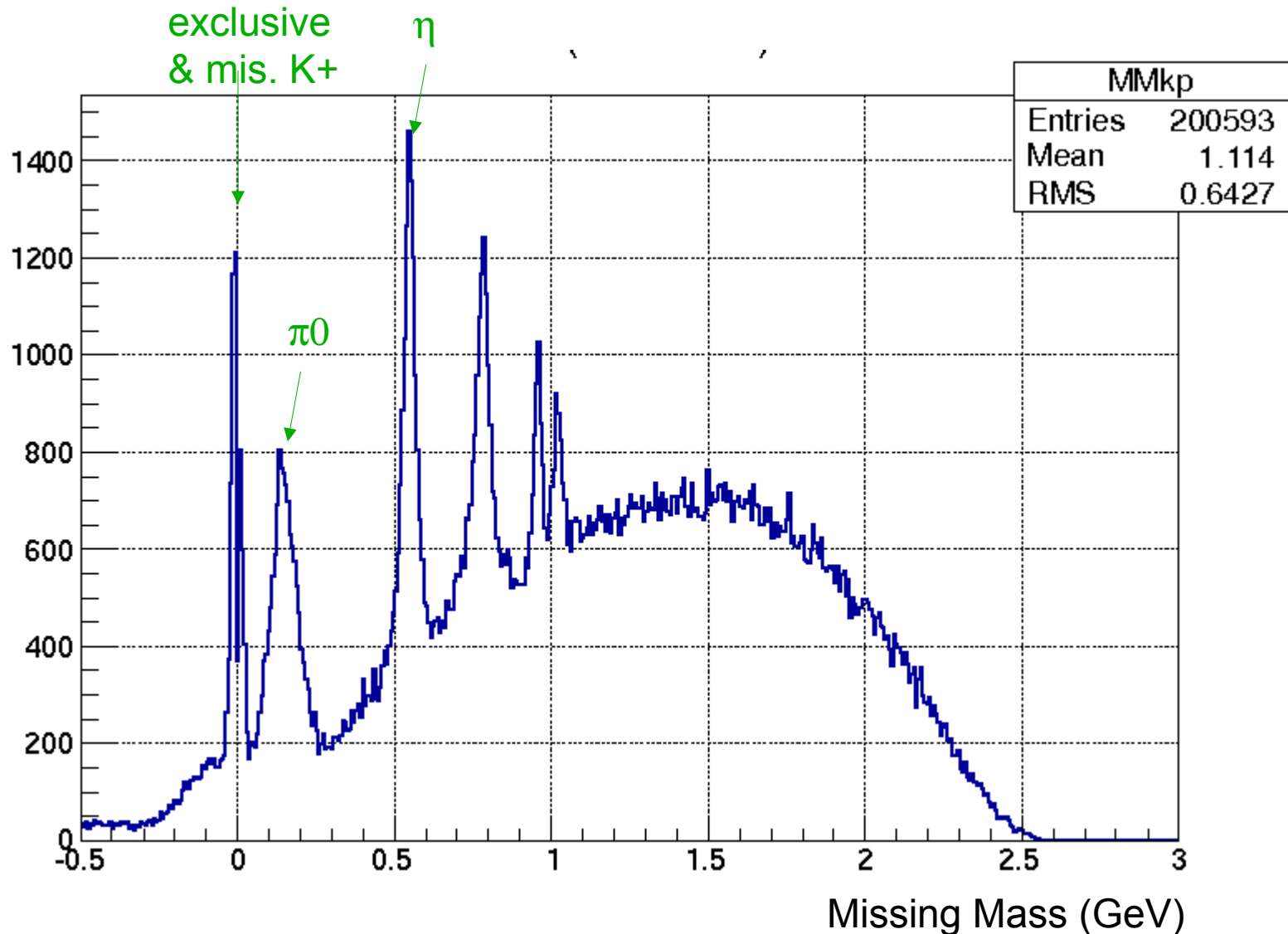


More than one order of magnitude less Σ than Λ but still several thousands

Back-to-back hadrons with Λ

$e p \rightarrow e' \Lambda K^+ X$

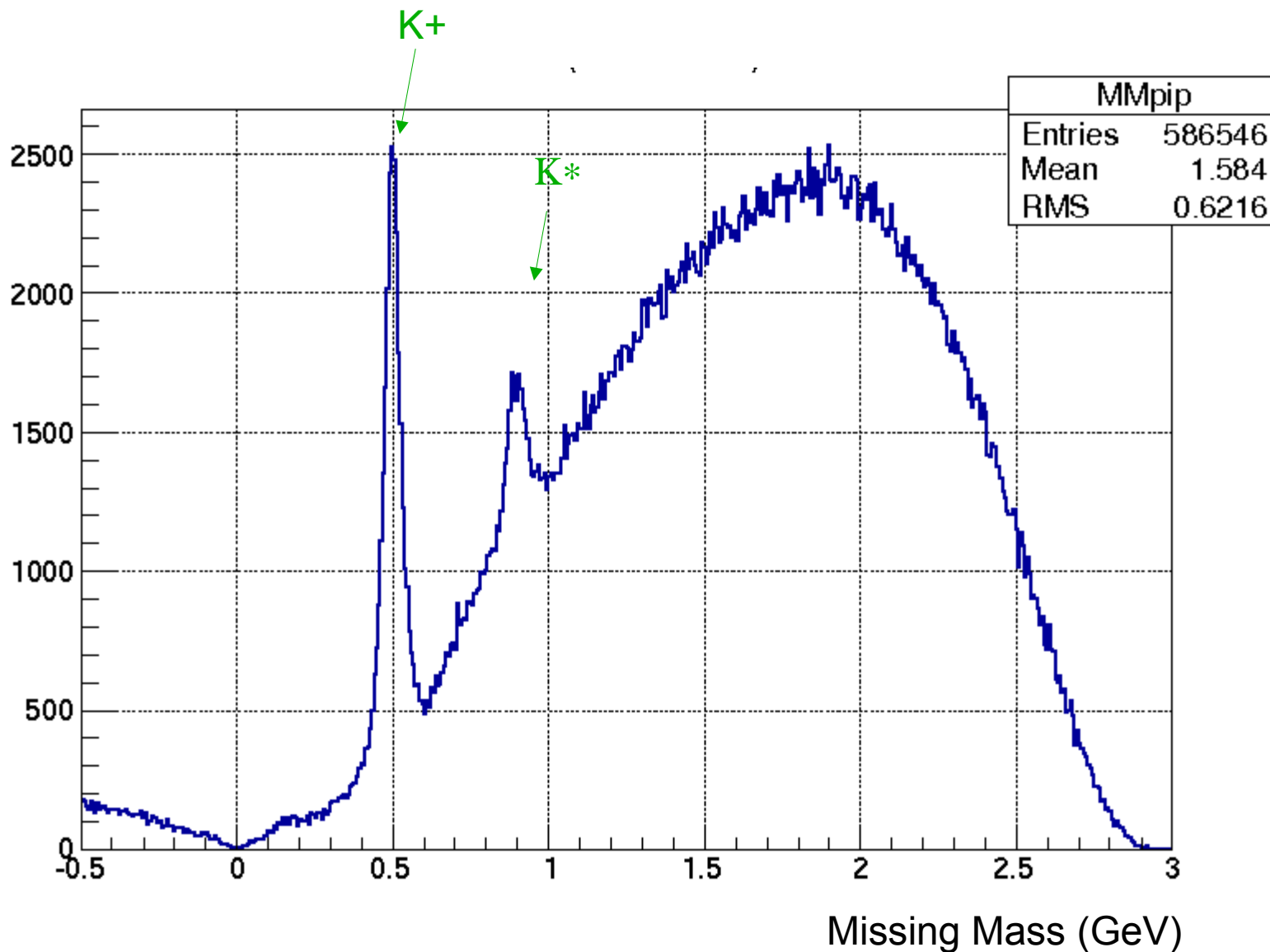
Λ and K^+ detected in CLAS12



Back-to-back hadrons with Λ

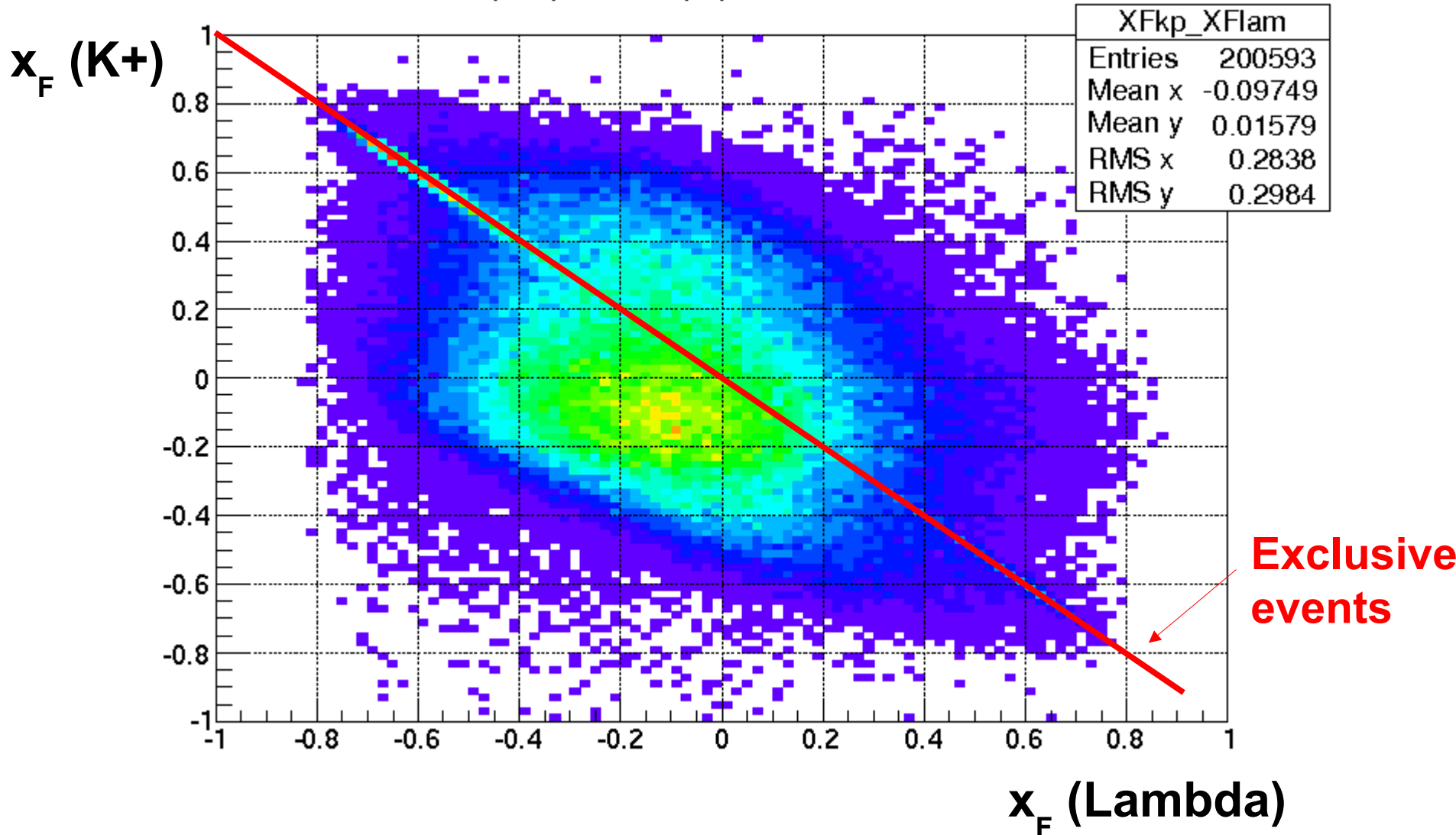
$e p \rightarrow e' \Lambda \pi^+ X$

Λ and π^+ detected in CLAS12



Feynman-x distribution

$e p \rightarrow e' \Lambda K^+ X$



Feynman-x distribution

$e p \rightarrow e' \Lambda K^+ X$

MM > 0.7 GeV
above the η

Backward Λ , forward Kaon

