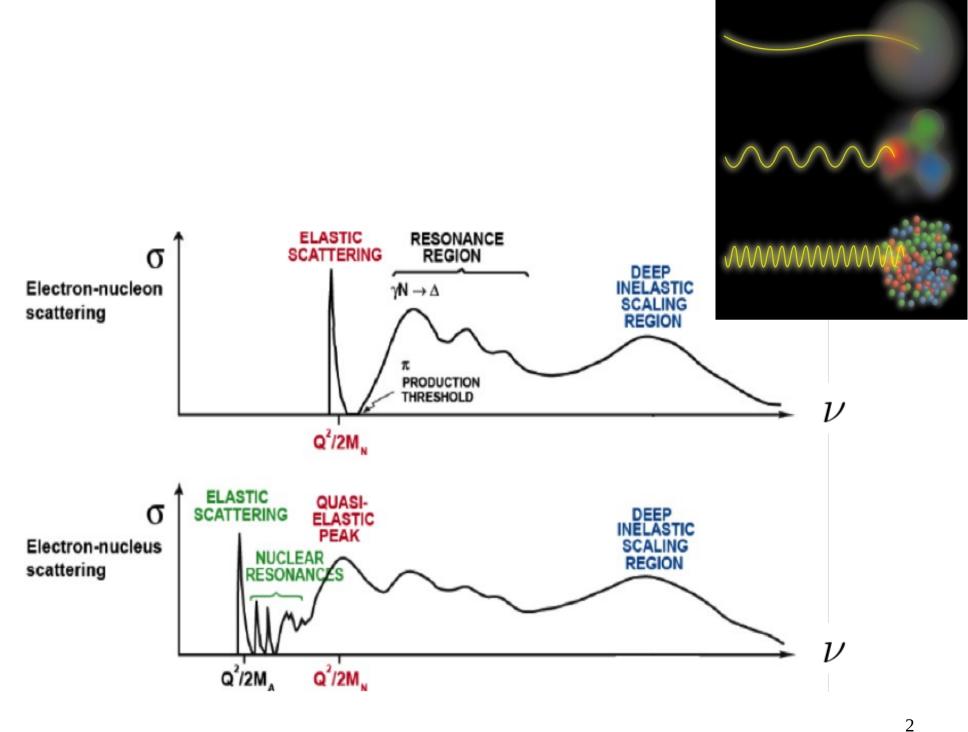




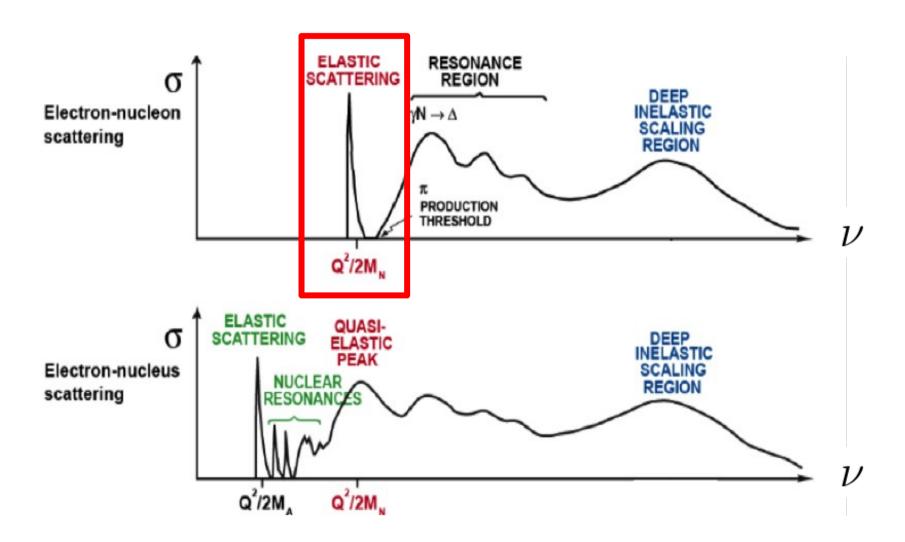
# Studying Nucleon Structure through Inclusive Electron Scattering

# Barak Schmookler Stony Brook University



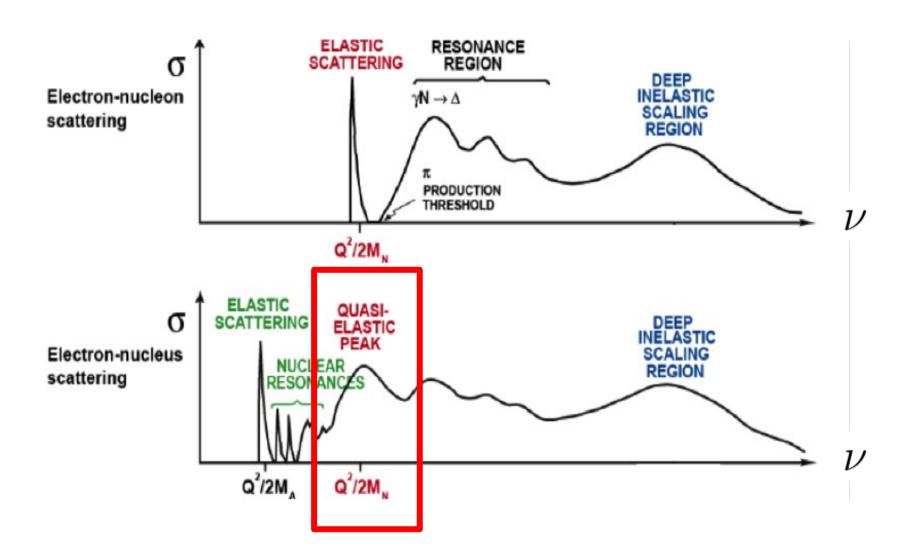
#### Elastic electron-proton Scattering:

Provides information on the Electromagnetic structure of the Proton



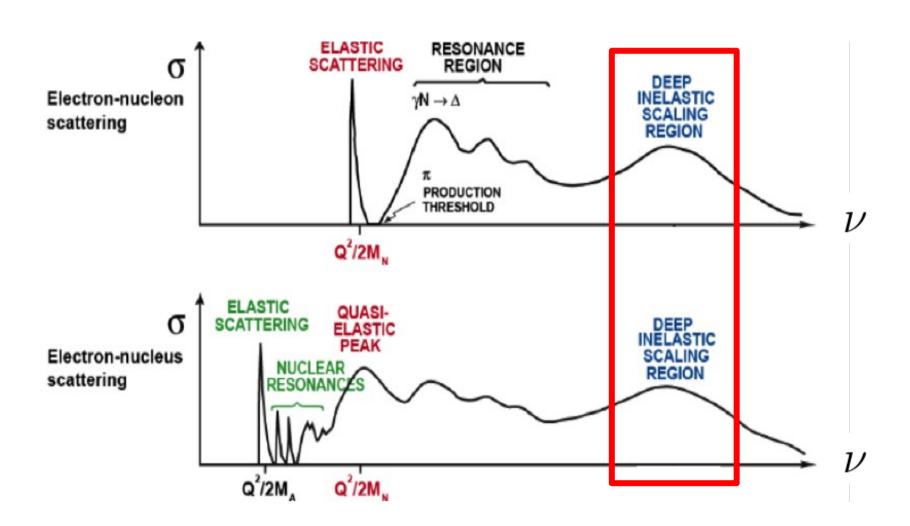
### Quasi-Elastic (QE) Scattering:

Provides information on how the Nucleons move and pair in the Nucleus

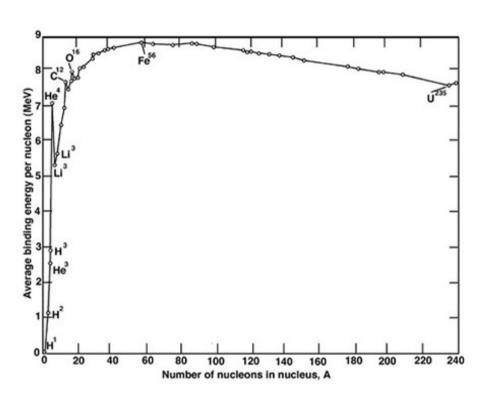


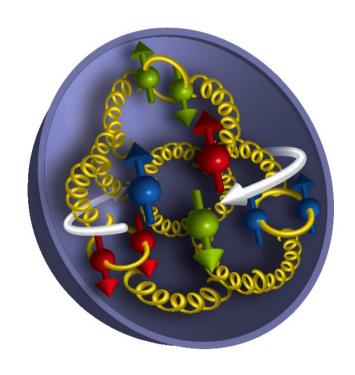
## Deep Inelastic Scattering (DIS):

Provides information on the underlying Partonic structure of the Nucleons



# Scale Separation in the Nucleus

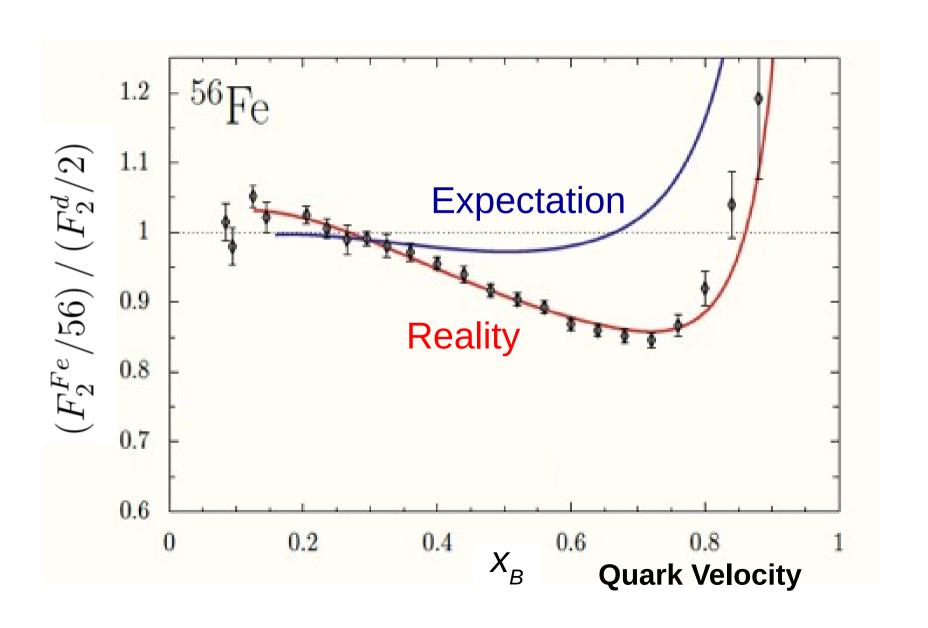




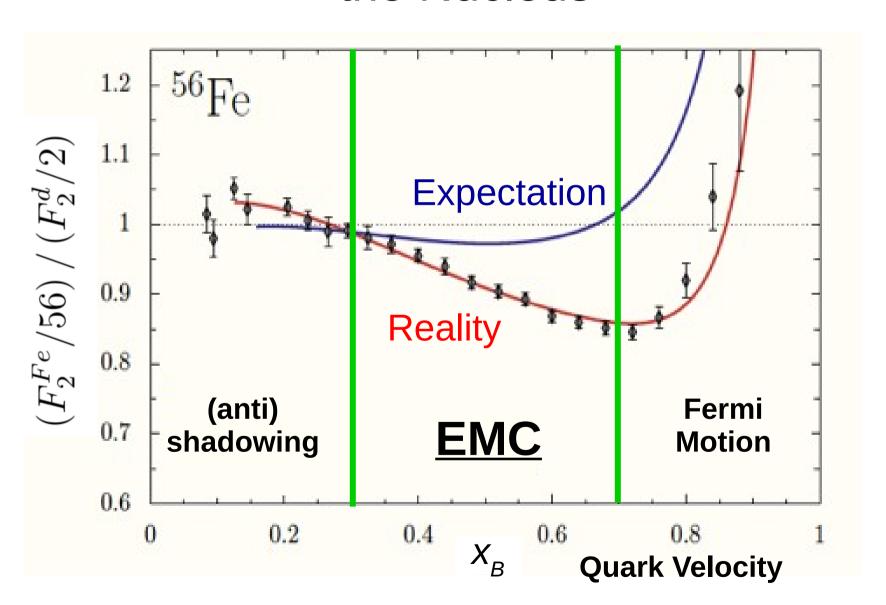
Weak Binding: MeV

Strong Binding: GeV

#### The EMC Effect

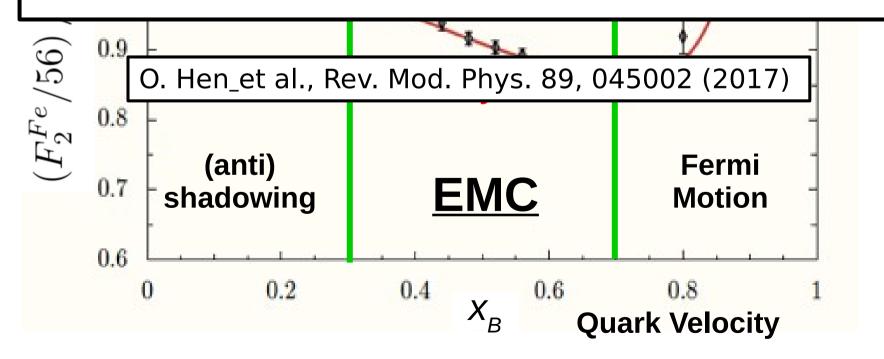


# The EMC Effect – Quarks Move "Slower" in the Nucleus

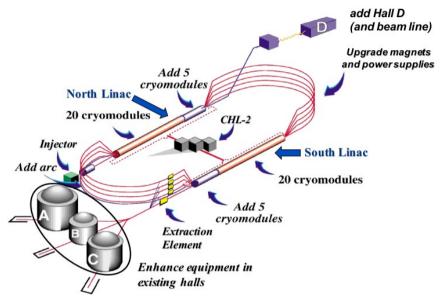


# The EMC Effect – Quarks Move "Slower" in the Nucleus

# 35 Years, 1000+ Papers Still No Consensus!!!

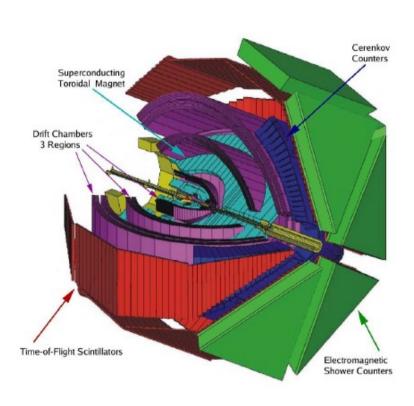


#### Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility (JLab)

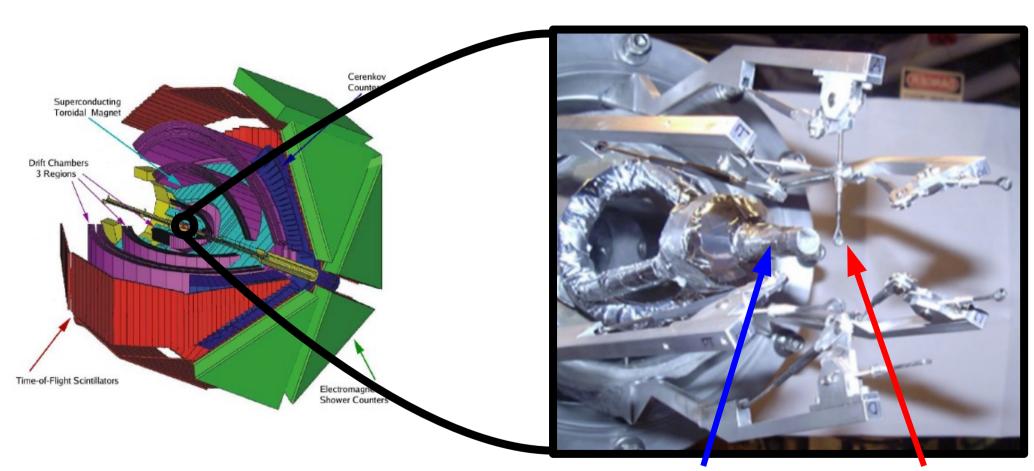




#### The CLAS Detector in Hall B at JLab



#### The CLAS Detector in Hall B at JLab

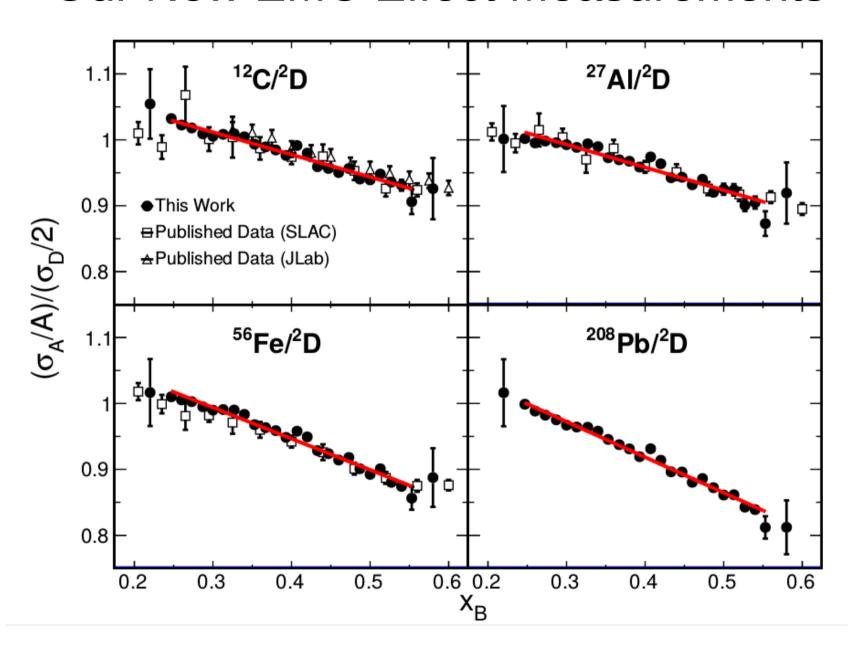


5.01 GeV Incident Electrons

Liquid Hydrogen or Deuterium

C, Al, Fe, or Pb

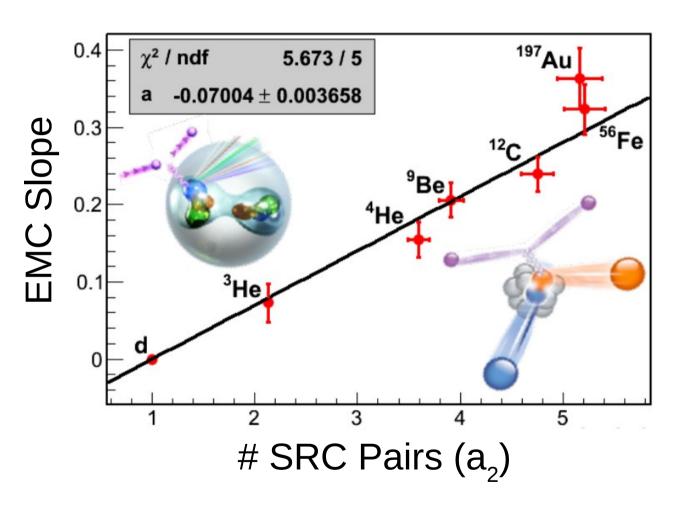
#### Our New EMC Effect Measurements

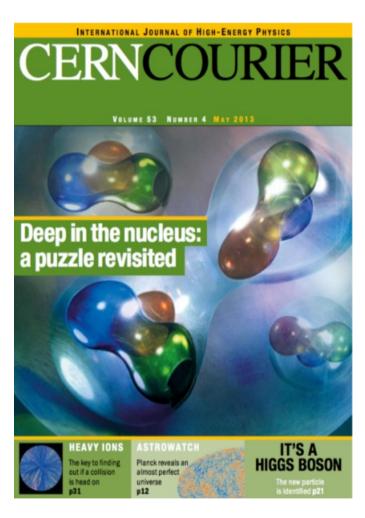


# Current Explanations of the EMC Effect

- Two leading approaches for describing the EMC effect:
  - All nucleons are slightly modified when bound in nuclei
  - Nucleons are unmodified most of the time, but are modified significantly when they fluctuate into SRC pairs

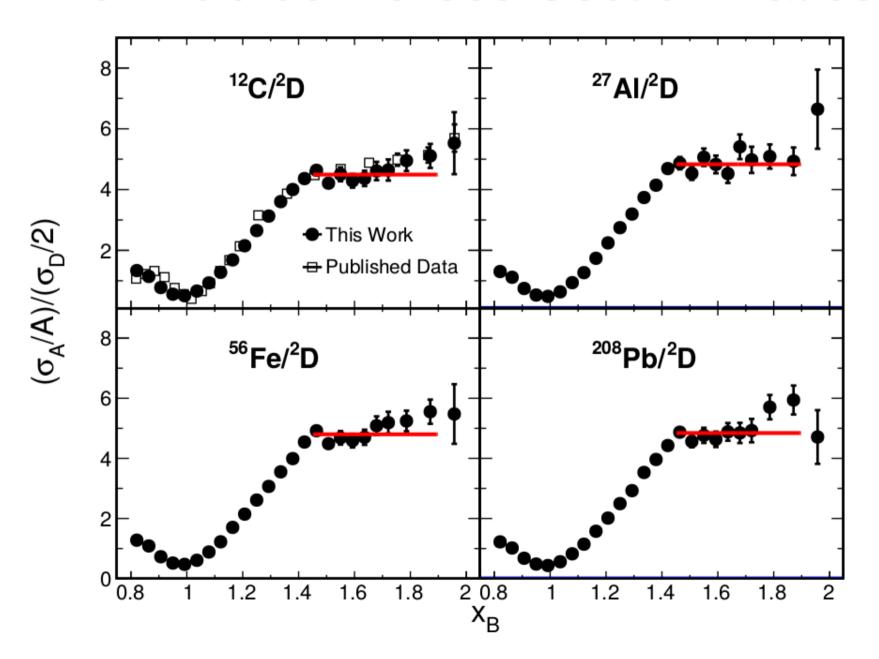
#### Observed EMC-SRC Correlation



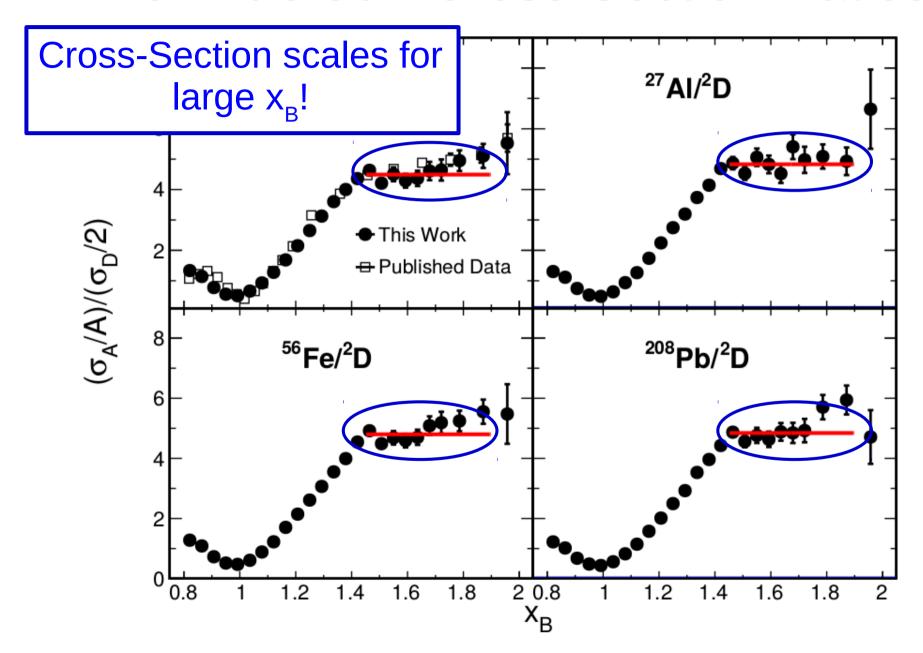


L. Weinstein et. al., Phys. Rev. Lett.06, 052301 (2011)
O. Hen et al. Phys. Rev. C 85 047301 (2012).
O. Hen et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. 89, 045002 (2017)

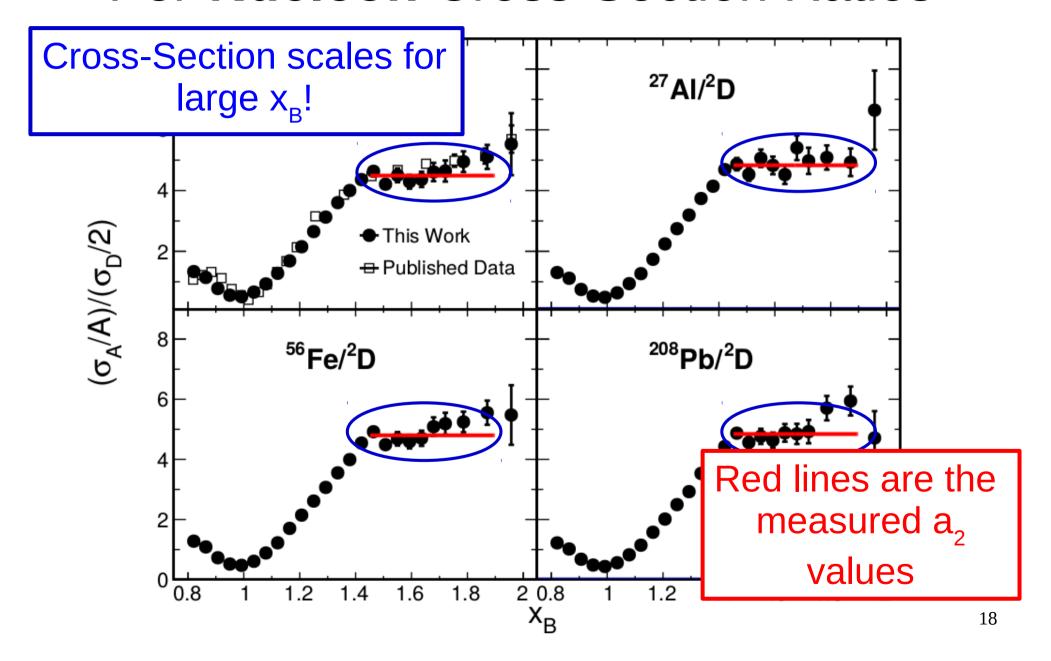
## Per-Nucleon Cross-Section Ratios



### Per-Nucleon Cross-Section Ratios



#### Per-Nucleon Cross-Section Ratios



$$\frac{F_2^A/A}{F_2^d/2} = (a_2 - 2\frac{N}{A}) \left(n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d}\right) + 2 \cdot \frac{Z - N}{Z + N} \cdot \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} + 2\frac{N}{A}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Universal!!} \\ \\ \text{Universal!} \\ \\ \text{Univ$$

0.2

0.4

0.6

0.8

0.8

 $x_B$ 

 $[F_2^A/A]/[F_2^d/2]$ 

0.2

0.4

0.6

 $x_B$ 

