

Status Report for HKS: Hypernuclear Spectroscopy Experiment



Lulin Yuan (Hampton U.)
Hall C January Meeting
Jan. 6th, 2005

E01011 (HKS) Collaboration: Spectroscopy Study of Lambda Hypernuclei up to Medium-heavy Mass Region Through $(e,e'K)$ Reaction

- O. Hashimoto (Spokesperson), S.N. Nakamura (Spokesperson), Y. Fujii, M. Kaneta, M. Sumihama, H. Tamura, K. Maeda, H. Kanda, Y. Okayasu, K. Tsukada, A. Matsumura, K. Nonaka, D. Kawama, N. Maruyama, Y. Miyagi (Tohoku U)
- S. Kato (Yamagata U)
- T. Takahashi, Y. Sato, H. Noumi (KEK)
- T. Motoba (Osaka EC)
- L. Tang (Spokesperson), O.K. Baker, M. Christy, L. Cole, P. Gueye, C. Keppel, L. Yuan (Hampton U)
- J. Reinhold (Spokesperson), P. Markowitz, B. Beckford, S. Gullon, C. Vega (FIU)
- Ed.V. Hungerford, K. Lan, N. Elhayari, N. Klantrains, Y. Li, S. Radeniya, V. Rodrigues (Houston)
- R. Carlini, R. Ent, H. Fenker, T. Horn, D. Mack, G. Smith, W. Vulcan, S.A. Wood, C. Yan (JLab)
- N. Simicevic, S. Wells (Louisiana Tech)
- L. Gan (North Carolina, Wilmington)
- A. Ahmidouch, S. Danagoulian, A. Gasparian (North Carolina A&T)
- D. Dehnhard (Minnesota)
- M. Elaasar (New Orleans)
- R. Asaturyan, H. Mkrtchyan, A. Margaryan, S. Stepanyan, V. Tadevosyan (Yerevan)
- D. Androic, T. Petkovic, M. Planinic, M. Furic, T. Seva (Zagreb)
- T. Angelescu (Bucharest)
- V.P. Likhachev (Sao Paulo)
- M. Ahmed (Duke)

Timeline

Beam time: June to September, 2005

❑ June:

- Beamline tuning
- HKS spectrometer and detector commissioning, electronics, trigger and DAQ setup with F1 TDC

❑ July:

- run condition and trigger optimization: grouping trigger setup with TUL
- Spectrometer optical calibration

❑ August-Sept.: physics running

Targets(1 uA): ^{28}Si (18), ^6Li , ^7Li (30) ^9Be (20) ^{10}B (26)

R&D: 51V, 89Y, 208Pb

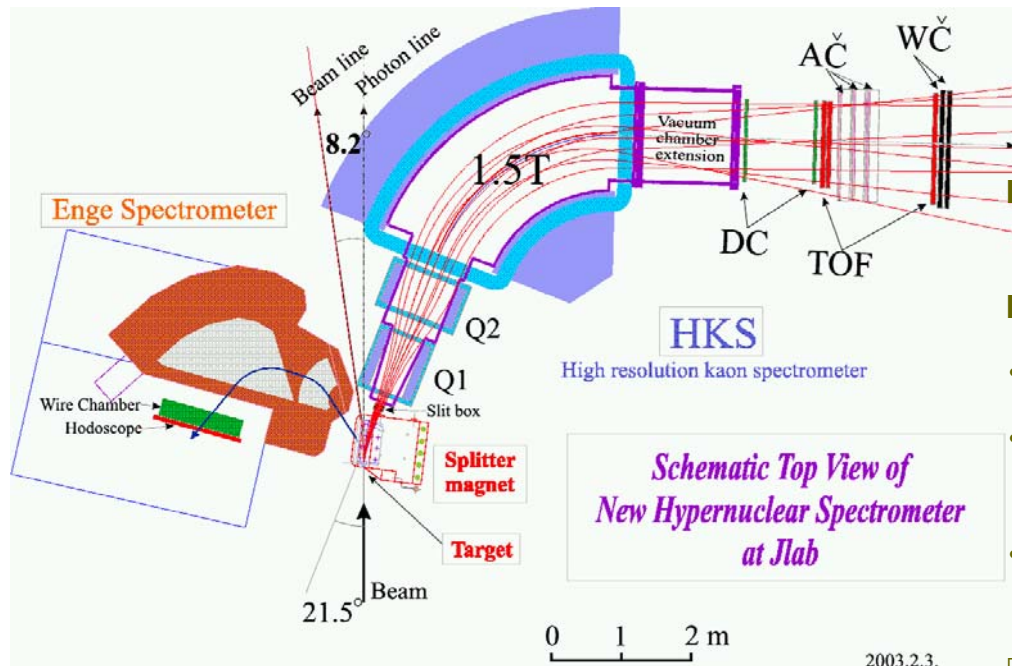
Calibration targets: ^{12}C (30), CH_2

❑ Data analysis

Physics Motivation

- ❑ Hyperon-nucleon(YN) interaction toward a unified understanding of baryon-baryon interaction
- ❑ New nuclear many body structure induced by strangeness; Properties of strangeness matter
- ❑ Advantages of (e,e'K) reaction:
 - New hypernuclear systems, ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He}$, ${}^{28}_{\Lambda}\text{Al}$, etc;
 - unnatural parity, high spin states
 - high resolution

HKS Experimental Setup



Momentum Resolution	2×10^{-4} (FWHM)
Solid Angle	30 msr (w/o Spl)
	16 msr (w/ Spl)
K^+ detection angle	1 ~ 13 degree
Momentum Acceptance	12.50%

- Enge tilted ~ 7.75 degree off-plane (up)
- Kinematics:
 - Beam energy $E_e \sim 1.83$ GeV
 - e' momentum $E_{e'} = 0.22 \sim 0.41$ GeV
 - K^+ central momentum 1.2 GeV/c
- Expected hypernuclear missing mass resolution ~ 400 MeV (FWHM)
- Estimated $^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$ GS yield (30 uA beam): 45 /hour



Particle and Trigger Rate

HKS single arm particle rate at 30 uA (preliminary):

Target (100mg/cm ²)	p [kHz]	K [Hz]	π [kHz]	e+ [kHz]
¹² C	21	~ 150	11	4
²⁸ Si	32	130	11	11

Trigger rate

Target	Beam Current (uA)	HKS single(KHz)	Enge Single (MHz)	Coin (Hz)
¹² C (100 mg/cm ²)	30	14.8	1.3	740
²⁸ Si (65mg/cm ²)	18	15.3	1.6	910

❑ Tilt Enge method works: Enge single arm e' rate ~100 times lower than E89009 (12C target at I=0.66 uA): ~100 MHz with 22 mg/cm²

HKS and Enge Drift Chamber

□ HKS DCs:

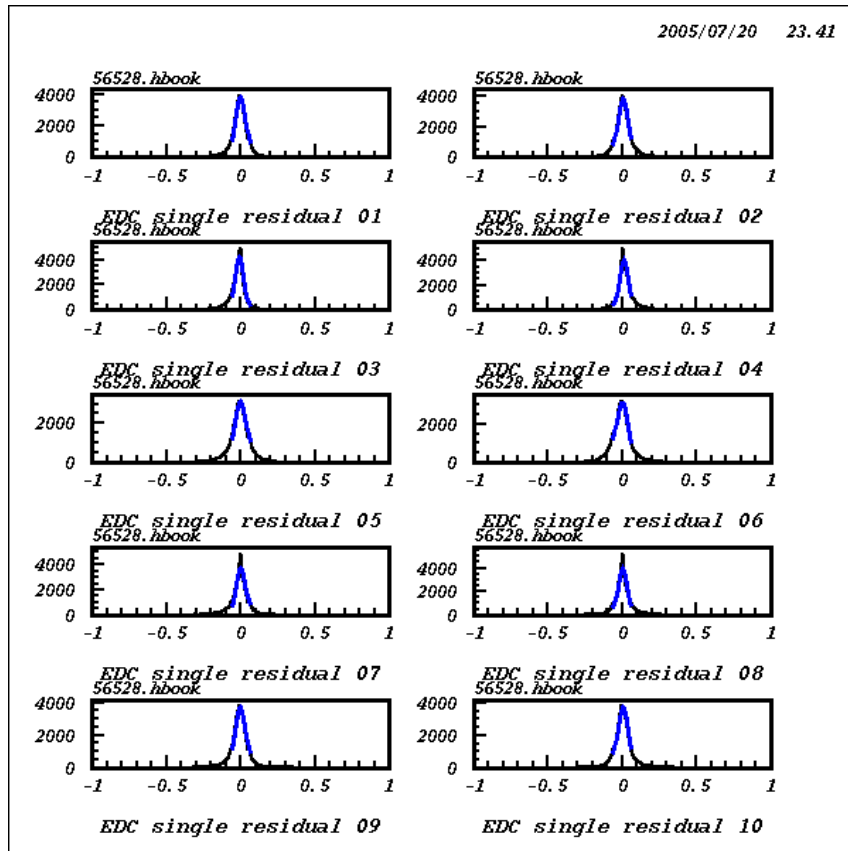
- 2 sets of SOS DC type of chamber with uu'xx'vv' wire configuration
- Average plane detection efficiency at particle rate of several MHz: $\sim 98\%$
- Average plane resolution (σ): 220 μm

□ Enge Honeycomb DC:

- Layer configuration: xx'uu'xx'vv'xx' with honeycomb cell structure to detect large angle scattering e'
- Average plane detection efficiency $> 97\%$
- Average plane resolution (σ): 390 μm .

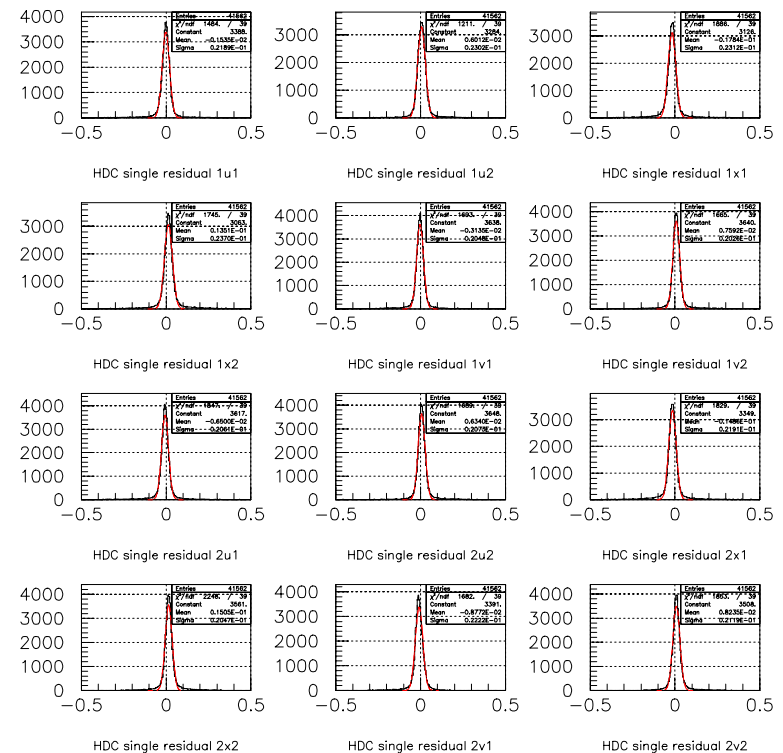
Enge and HKS DC Tracking Residues

Enge DC tracking residues
(12C, 28 uA, Vth=5 v)



HKS DC tracking residues
(12C, 10 uA, Vth=3.4 v)

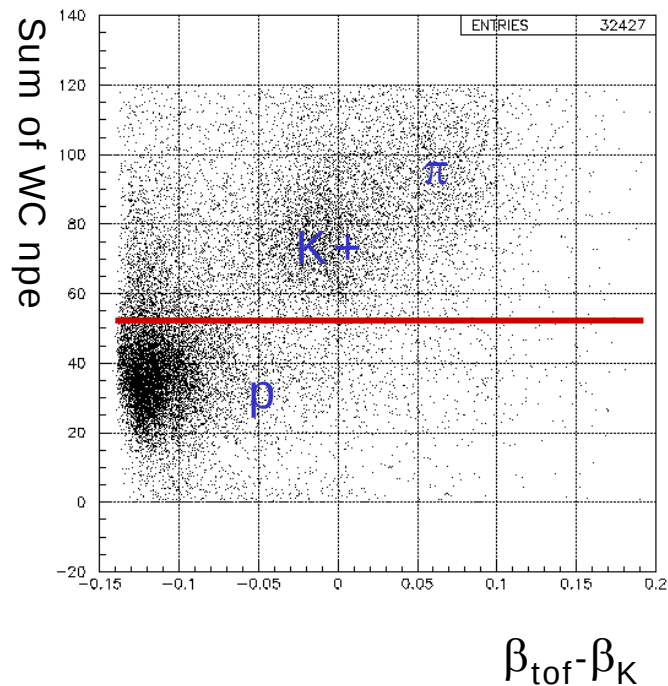
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Water and Aerogel Cerenkov

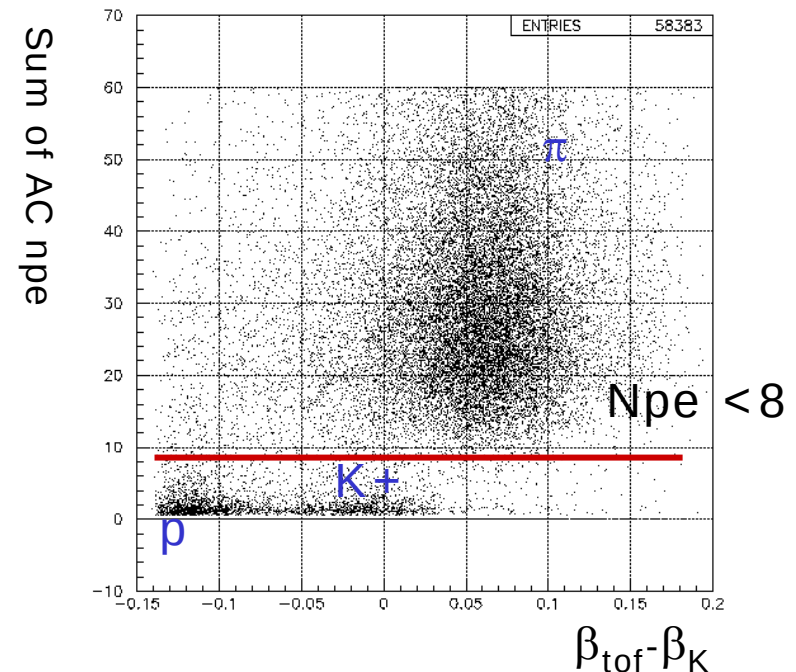
Water Cerenkov:

$N_{pe} > 50$ for $K^+ \sim 1.2 \text{ GeV}/C$



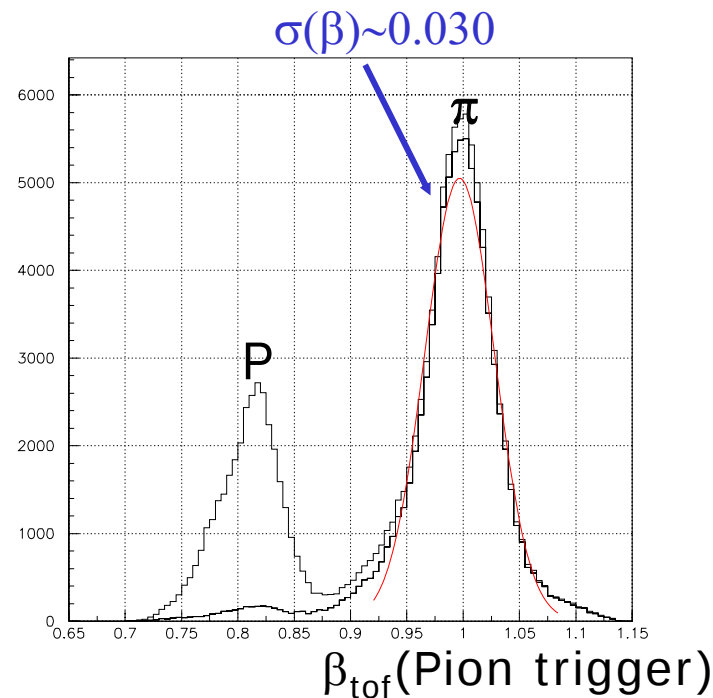
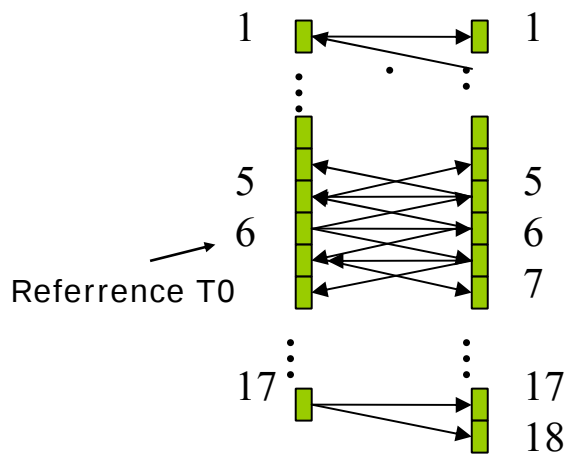
Aerogel Cerenkov:

- Bucking coil around PMT were used to actively cancel the leaking field from HKS Dipole.



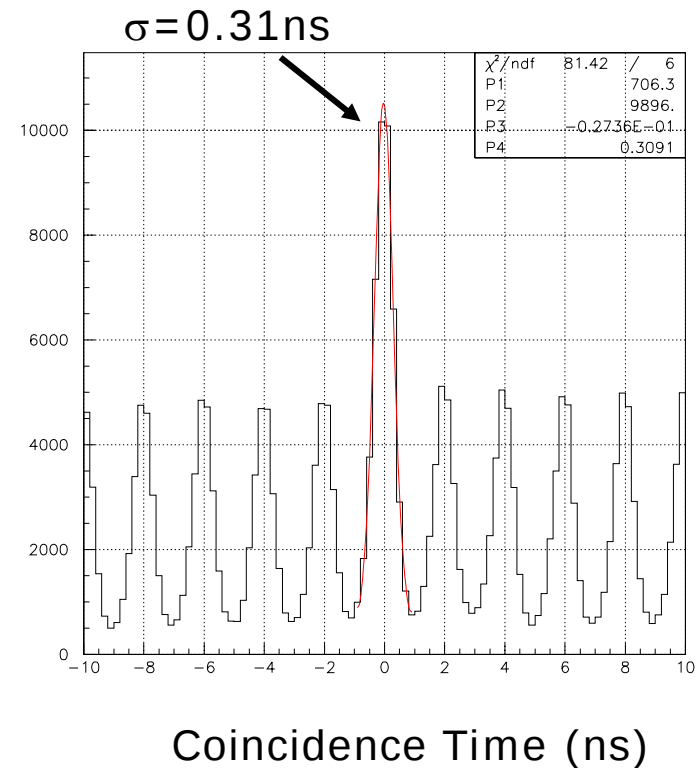
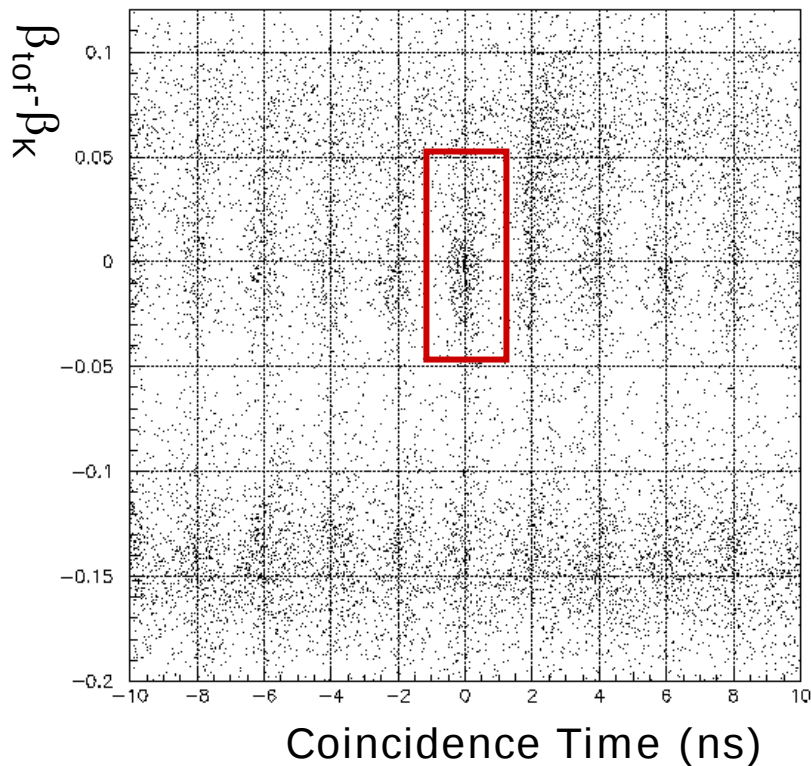
HKS Hodoscope and TOF Calibration

- 3 layers: 1X,1Y,2X
- Average TOF resolution from 2 layers: $\text{TOF} = T_{1x} - T_{2x}$, $\sigma_{\text{tof}} = 180 \text{ ps}$
- TOF calibration by a “shoe string” algorithm from 1X and 2X



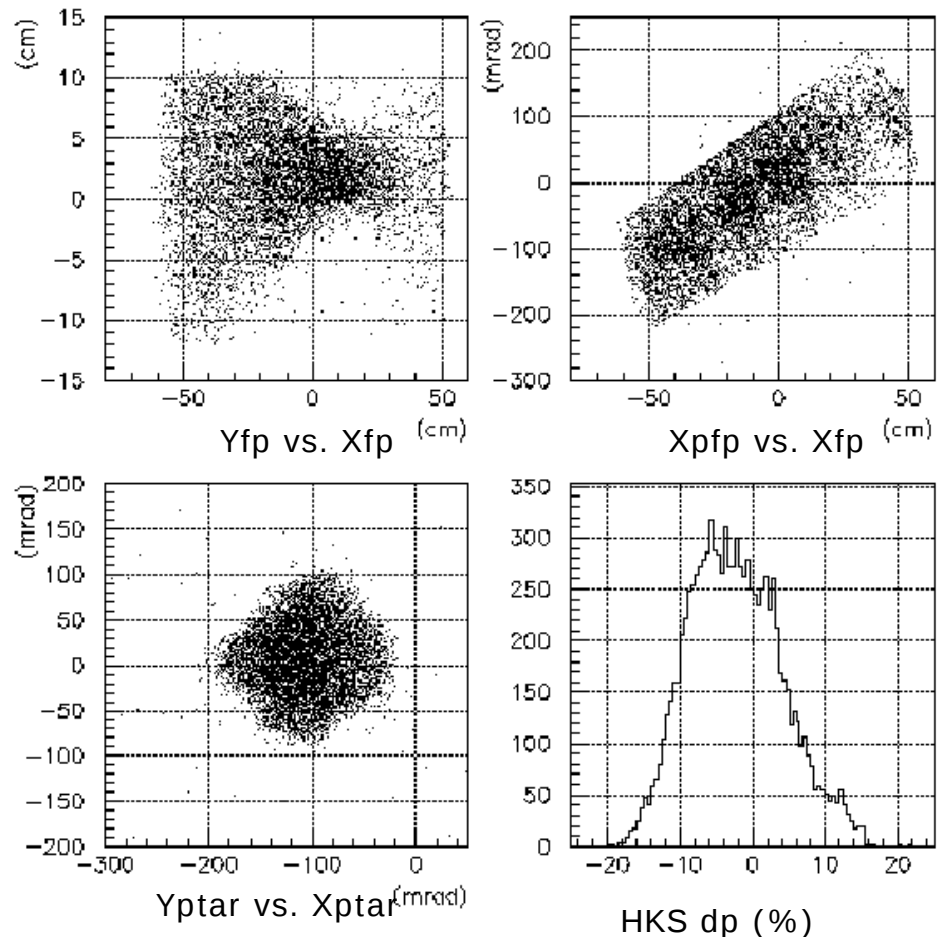
Real Coincidence Kaons

- Select 2ns real coin time window
- Signal/accidental ratio: 12C (24 μ A): ~ 0.76



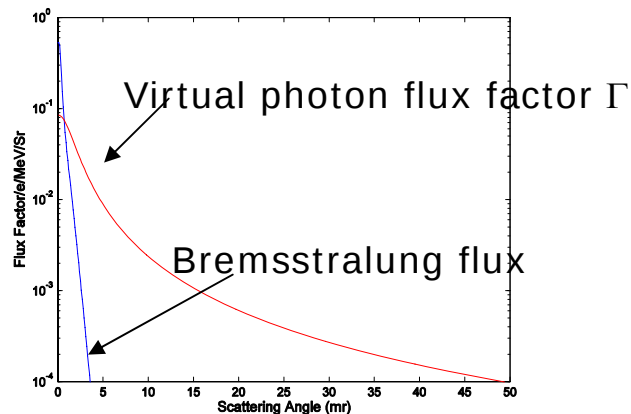
HKS Acceptance

- HKS acceptance consistent with expectation

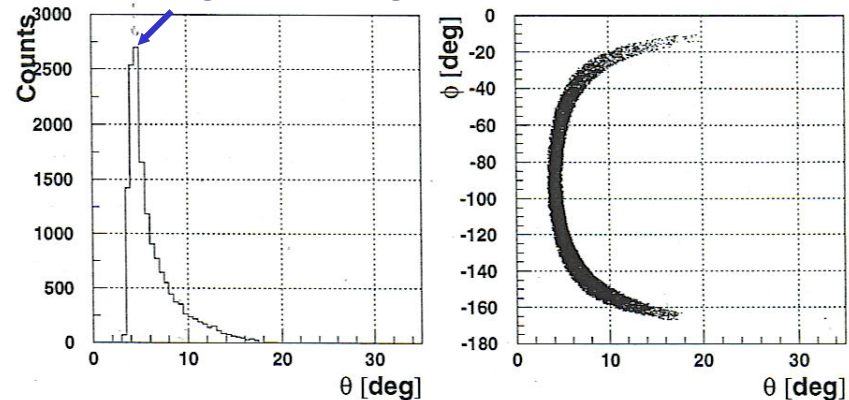


Enge Acceptance

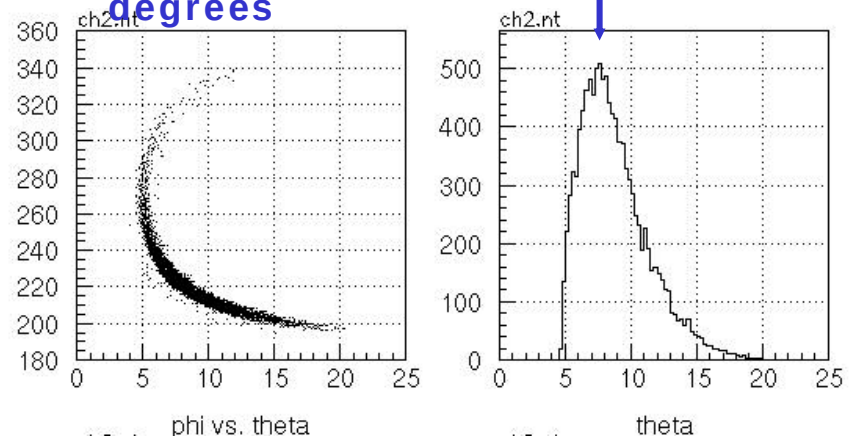
- *Integrated Virtual Photon acceptance (physics yield) reduced (factor of 5-8?) due to mismatch of field setting of Enge and Splitter.*
- Original design: Splitter 1.546 T, Enge 1.45 T*
- Reality: Enge 1.5685 T (8% up), Splitter field at midpoint of e' central: 1.55 T, Hall Probe reading: 1.672 T (8% up)*



Peaked at 4.5 degrees – forward angle for high VPF

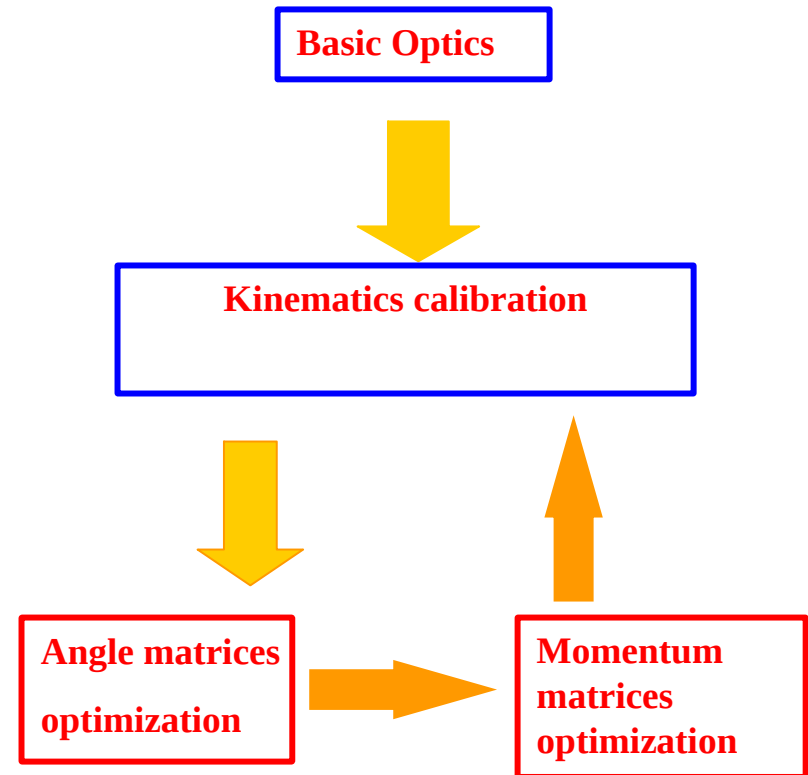


E' scattering angle centered at 7.5 degrees



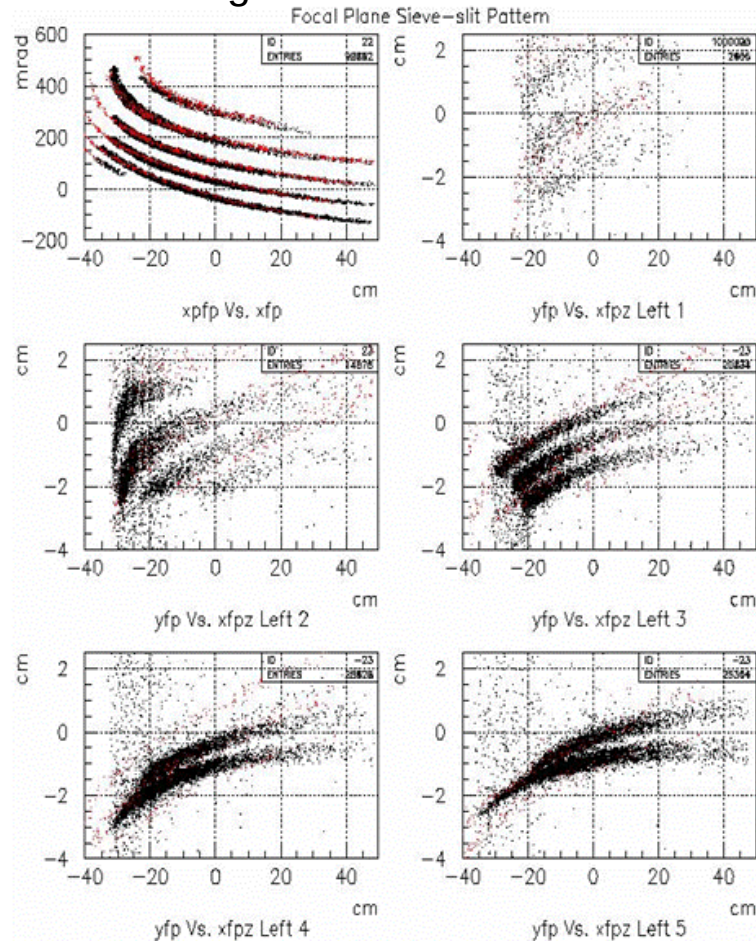
Spectrometer Calibration Procedure

- ❑ Find the basic optics through GEANT (for HKS) and Raytrace (for Enge) simulation
- ❑ Separate Enge and HKS Sieve Slit calibration: angle reconstruction matrices
- ❑ Kinematics calibration: beam energy, e' and K^+ central momentum (including beam energy shift and energy loss corrections for CH2 data)
- ❑ Two arm momentum calibration using known masses of Λ , Σ from CH2 target and $^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$ gs.
- ❑ Iteration...

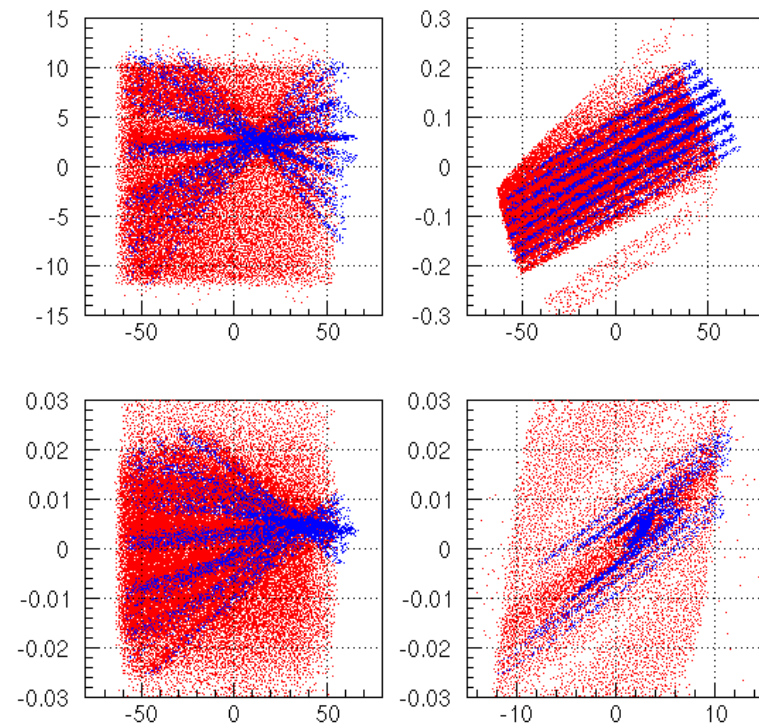


Comparison of Sieve Slit Patterns at FP

Enge Focal Plane Pattern



HKS Focal Plane Pattern

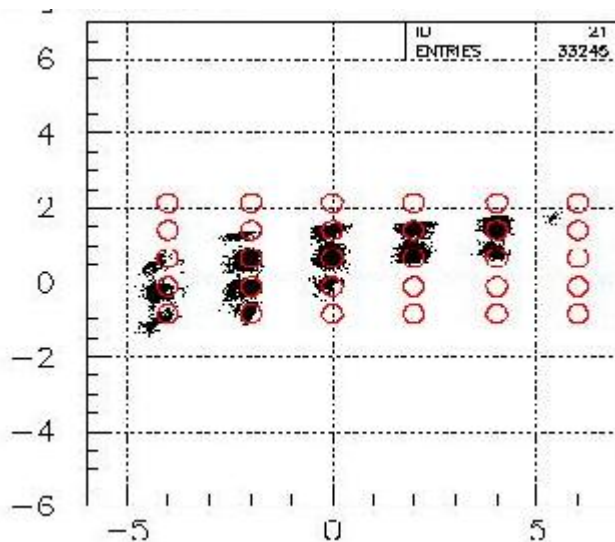


Sieve Slit Calibration

- Sieve slit angle selection depends on particle momentum and splitter field.

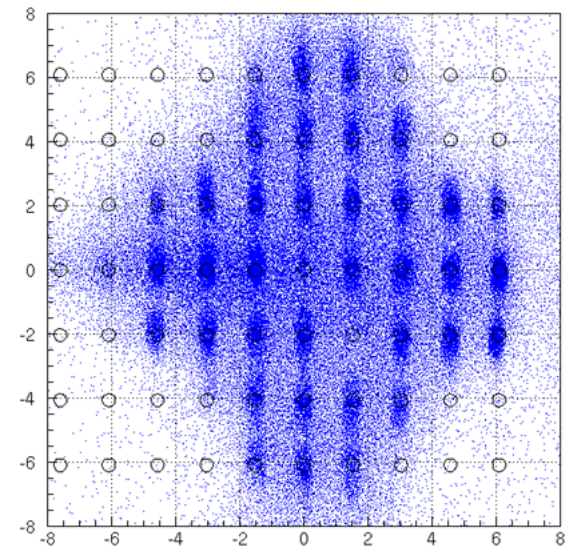
$$X'_{tar} = F_{s2t}(dp, X_{sv}, Y_{sv})$$

Enge Sieve Slit Pattern



Y vs. X at ss plate (cm)

HKS Sieve Slit Pattern



Y vs. X at ss plate (cm)

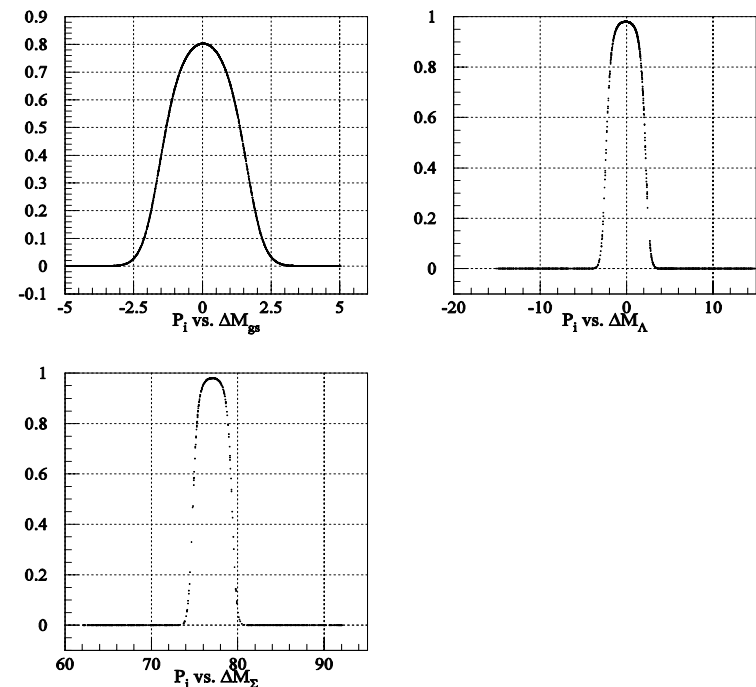
Momentum Calibration

- Iteratively re-weighted Least-square in the presence of high accidental background:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Chi}^2 &= \sum_i (w_i \Delta M_i^2 p_i') \\ &= \sum_i [w_i (f(x_i, \{M_{dp}\}) - M^{PDB})^2 p_i']\end{aligned}$$

P_i' , the assignment probability, function of Δm_i , M_{dp} : matrix elements for δp

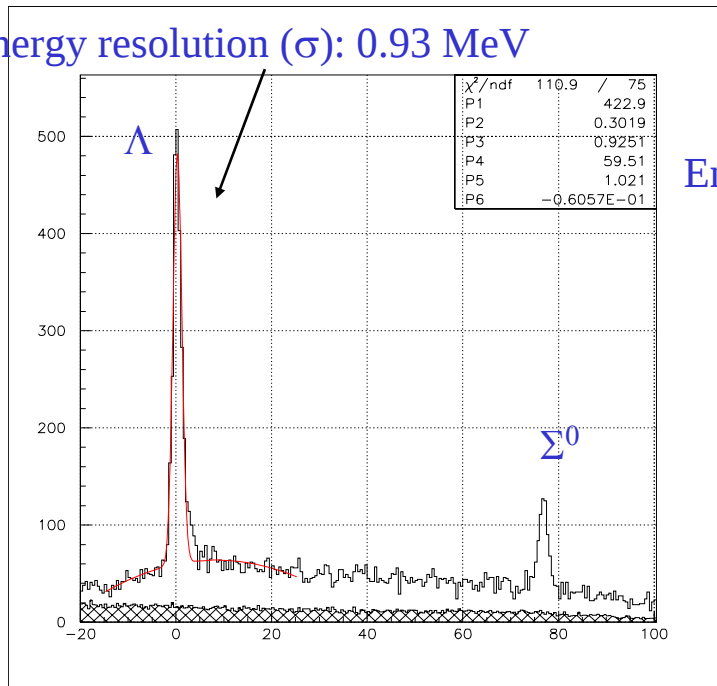
Sample assignment probability p_i as functions of Δm_i



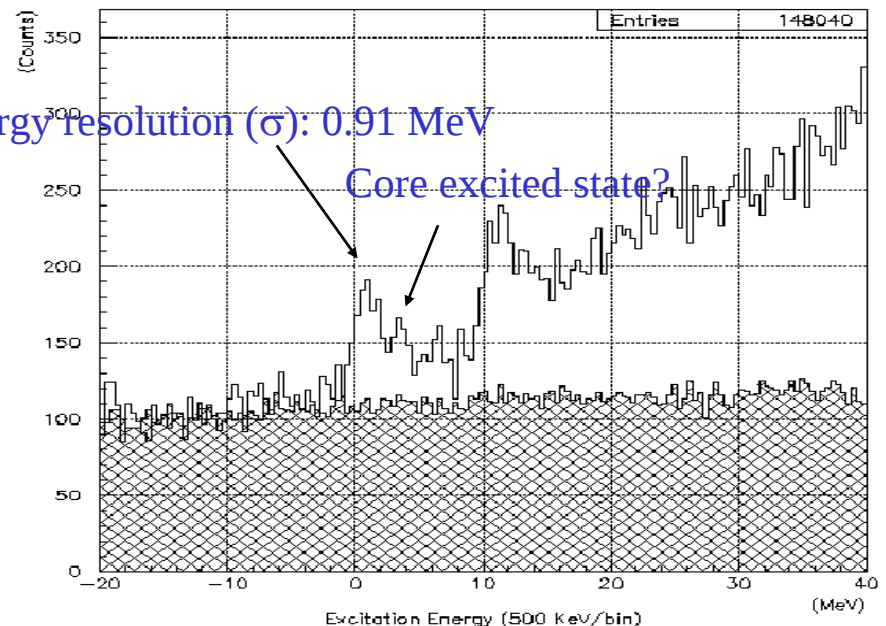
Current Λ , Σ^0 and $^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$ Spectra

- 12C target: partial data (~90 hrs out of 110 hrs
30 uA equivalent)

Energy resolution (σ): 0.93 MeV

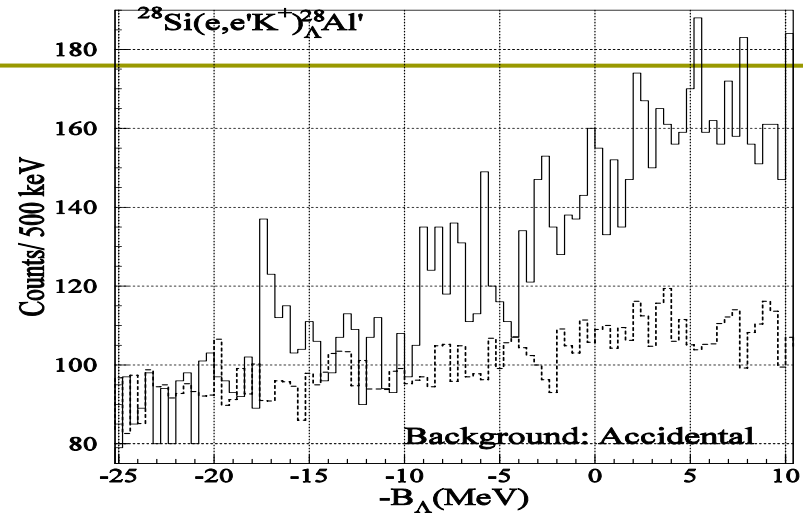


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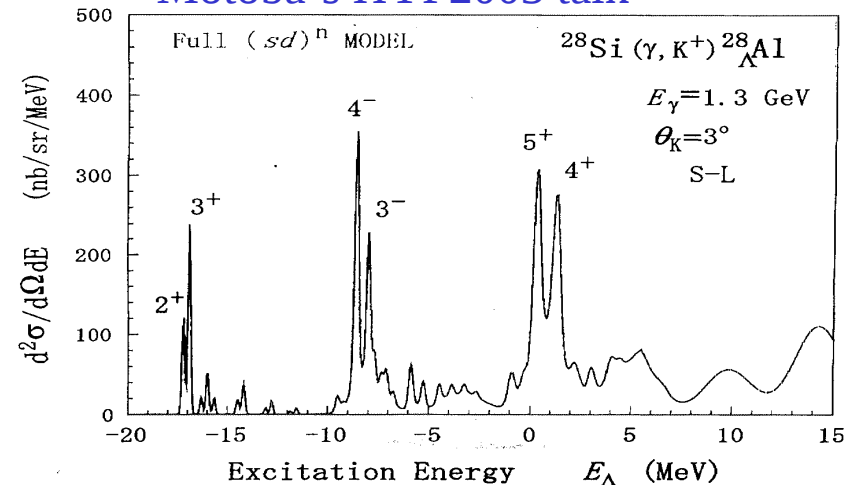


Current $^{28}_{\Lambda}\text{Al}$ Spectrum

- Partial data: 170 hrs 13 uA equivalent (214 hrs total)



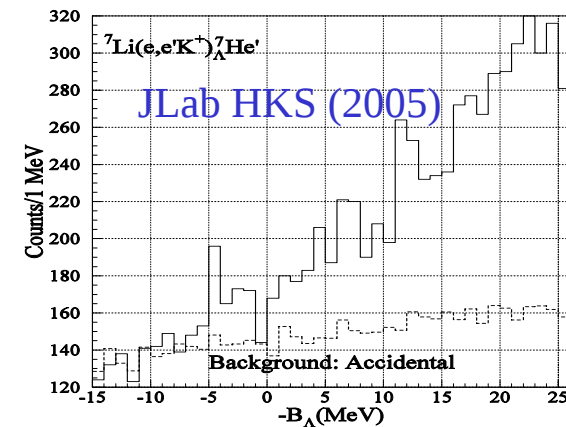
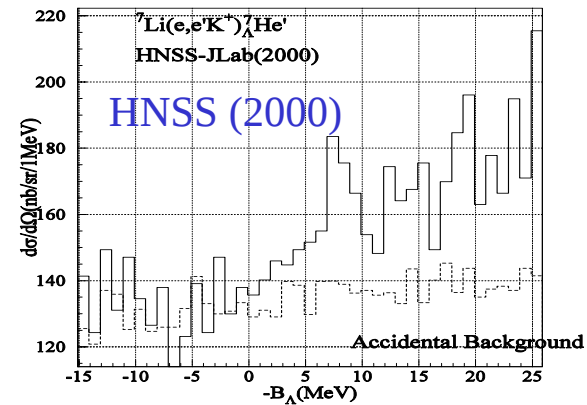
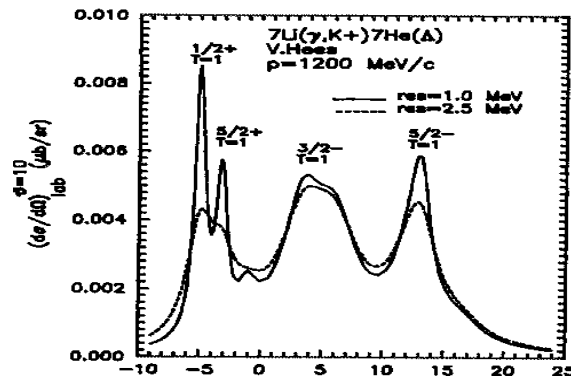
Motoba's HYP2003 talk



Current ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ spectrum

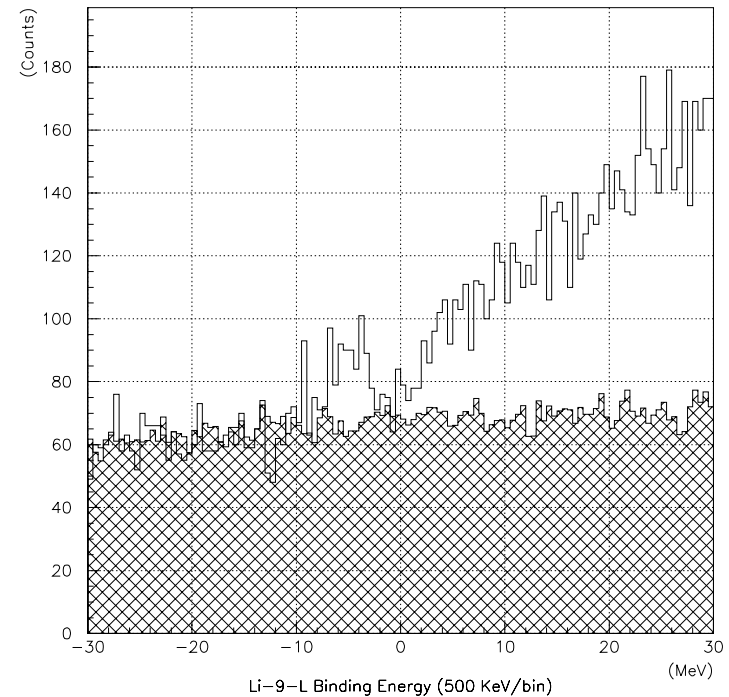
- Indication of ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ ground state at $B_{\Lambda} = 5$ MeV
- Peak structure at $-B_{\Lambda} \sim 7$ MeV consistent with observation of HNSS spectrum

Richter's calculation (PRC, 43(2753))



Current ${}^9_{\Lambda}\text{Li}$ Spectrum

- Indication of bound states



Future Work for Data Analysis

- ▣ Spectrometer calibration
- ▣ Yield study to determine the source of yield loss (Engine acceptance, detector efficiencies...)
- ▣ More detailed detector calibration