SHMS Aerogel Construction Details

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Hall C Winter Workshop

January 13, 2012

Outline

- Simulations
 - SimCherenkov
 - GEANT4/GEMC
- Simulation Verification—Prototypes
- Data Acquisition System
- PMT and Aerogel Studies
 - Uniform Sensitivity
 - Gain Testing
 - Aerogel Index Verification

GEANT4 Monte-Carlo of the Kaon Aerogel Detector

- In fall 2011 started modeling detector in GEANT4
- GEMC is a framework based on GEANT4 libraries to simulate the passage of particles through matter



Design drawing [Bert Metzger]

Initial GEMC model

GEMC: https://gemc.jlab.org/gemc/Home.html

GEANT4/GEMC Sensitive Materials



GEANT4/ GEMC – Sensitive Materials (continued)



GEANT4/GEMC - Efficiency



SimCherenkov - Light Collection Efficiency

A FORTRAN Monte Carlo simulation was written to model the KACD, allowing for manipulating the detector geometry to simulate the effects of light guides on the detection efficiency.





The prototype extension volume simulates the light guide in the full detector. Preliminary tests with a 8x8 cm cube gave a 23% detection efficiency.

Conclusion: for aerogel quality tests use a prototype without extension volume

Distance vs. Photoelectrons



Efficiency decreases as distance between PMT window and Aerogel increases.

Length vs. Photoelectrons



Efficiency increases as PMT window is exposed, and decreases as length of light guide exceeds dimensions of PMT window.

Simulation Verification: Prototypes

- Initial prototype could be used to study effect of light guides on detector efficiency, but had limitations to carry out the aerogel quality tests
- New prototypes built at CUA and JLab is closer representation of slice of the KACD



Prototype summer 2011

- Modeled in GEMC
- Use for aerogel testing at CUA starting this spring semester





GEANT4 simulation



CUA prototype built by student Mike Metz

[see A. Mkrtchyan talk for new Jlab/Yerevan prototype and test results]

Model of our test setup

Data Acquisition System

Built a data acquisition system at CUA in summer/fall 2011 for PMT and aerogel tests [NH, MM, MAPC,...]



PMT Testing: Gain Studies



• PMT gain studies of the 5-inch PMTs from Bates



 Initial studies were done at JLab in summer 2011 and are documented in our Wiki http://www.vsl.cua.edu/cua_phy/index.php/MainPage:Nuclear:KaonDetector

Initial results using our setup at CUA are consistent with those data

PMT Testing: Uniform Sensitivity

- Test to analyze the uniformity of the response across the PMT photocathode window
 - Blue color, to be close to the Cherenkov radiation wavelength
- Flashed by a TTL pulse, with 40 ns of width.
- We can also control the intensity using a potentiometer.
- The PMT face was divided in a matrix of 25 x 25 positions (spaced by 5mm)
- •Position scanning: the LED was flashed 500 times in each position
- High voltage in PMT of -1.9kV









Aerogel Testing: Quality

Will use new prototype built at CUA by Mike Metz to test aerogel quality. This prototype has also been modeled in GEANT4/GEMC.



Tests will start spring 2012 at CUA [NH, MM, MAPC,...]

[see A. Mkrtchyan talk for new Jlab/Yerevan prototype and test results]

Summary

- Kaon aerogel Cerenkov detector and its prototypes modeled using GEANT4/GEMC and SimCherenkov MonteCarlo programs
- Data Acquisition System built and operational
- PMT and aerogel testing underway
 - PMT uniform sensitivity
 - Gain testing
 - Aerogel index and quality



Acknowledgements



- Dr. Tanja Horn and the Catholic University of America Nuclear Physics Group
- Jefferson Lab Hall C Staff and Users
- David Abbott, Jack Segal, Maurizio Ungaro, Yerevan Group
- Marco Carmignotto, Michael Metz, Nathaniel Hlavin, Kevin Wood, Katya Gilbo

Research supported in part by NSF grants PHY-1019521 and PHY-1039446

