

SHMS Heavy Gas Cerenkov

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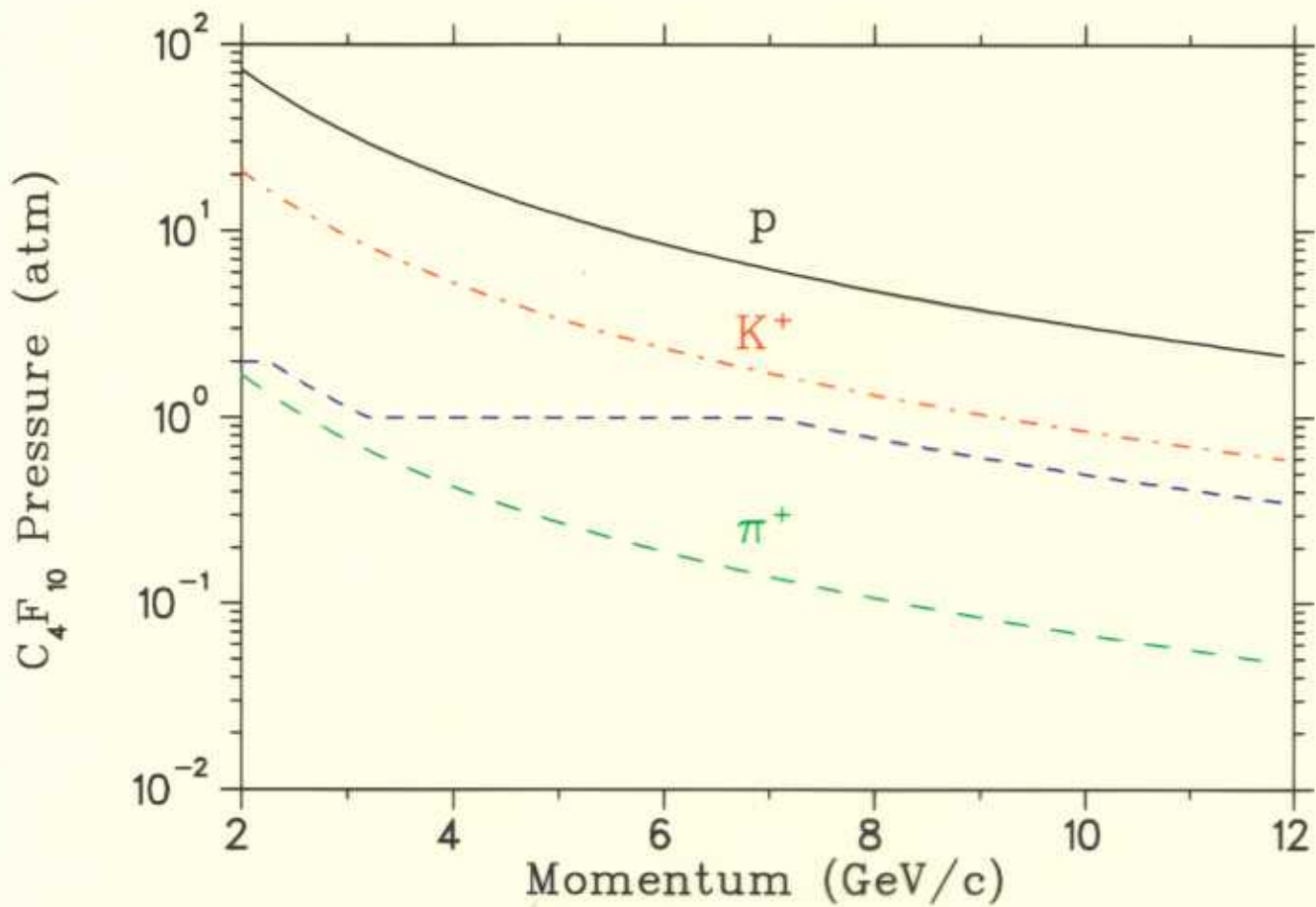
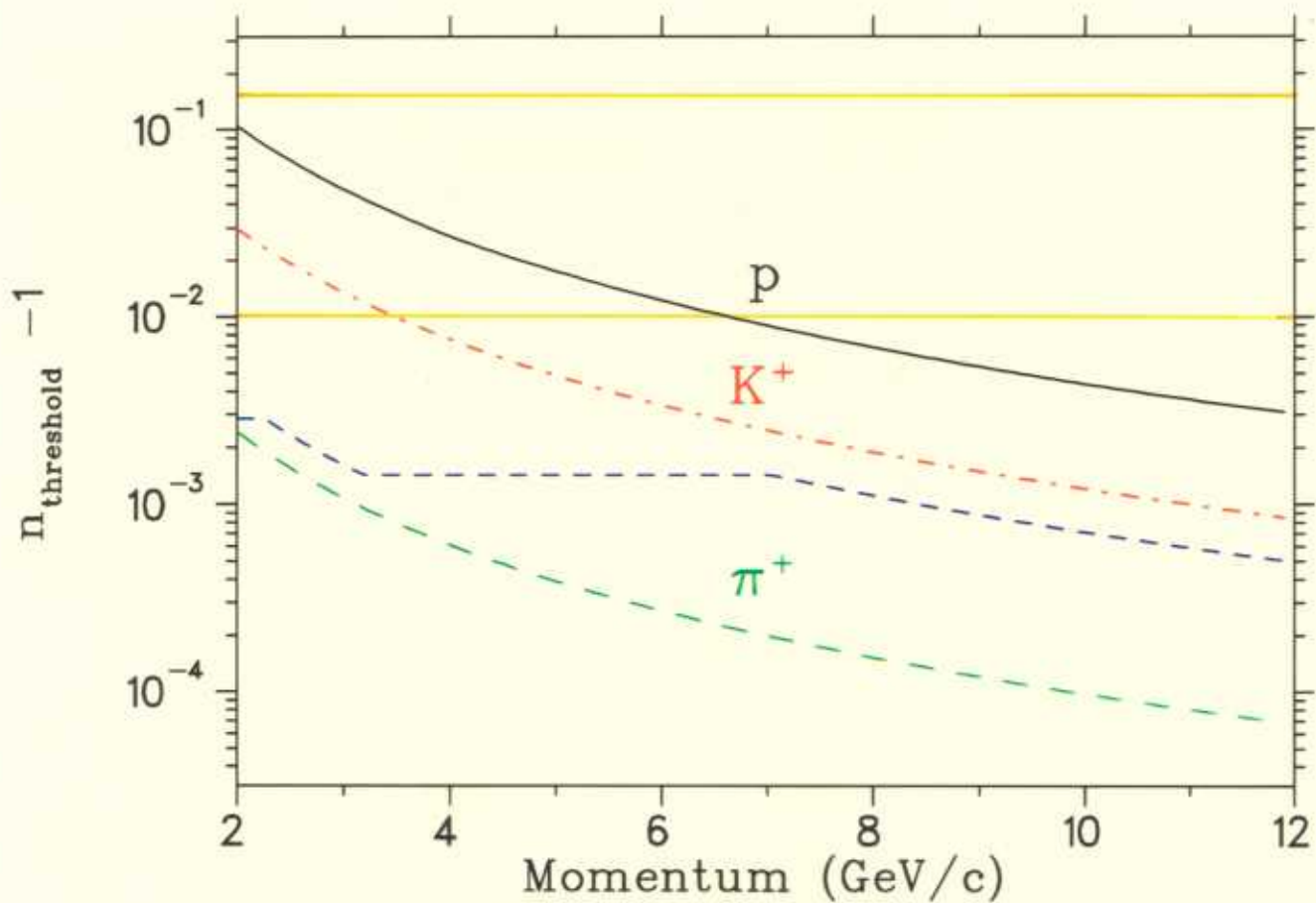
Introduction

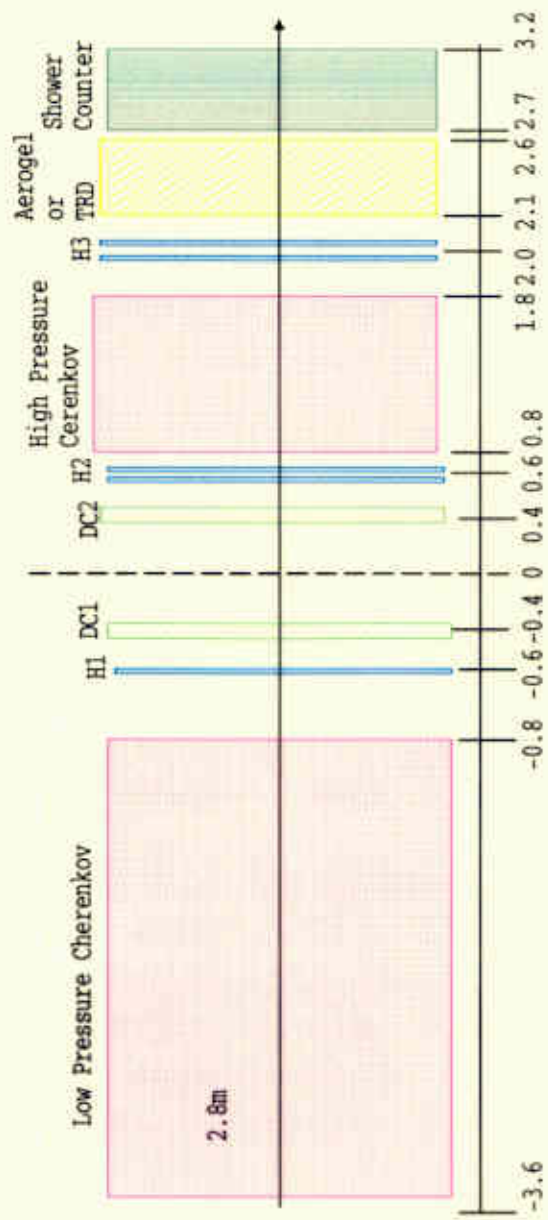
Many experiments planned for the Hall C after the upgrade require good π^\pm identification in the SHMS.

- Pion form factor.
 - With 11 GeV beam, the maximum π^+ momentum in the SHMS is 8.1 GeV/c.
- Color transparency studies utilizing the $(e, e'\pi)$ reaction at large $z = E_h/\nu$.
- Fragmentation duality studies with semi-exclusive π^\pm and K^\pm detection in SHMS.
- Color transparency studies utilizing the $(e, e'p)$ reaction.
 - Require good π^+ rejection capability for ejected high momentum nucleon.

Above ~ 3 GeV/c, hadron species cannot be reliably distinguished by time of flight over the 2.6 m baseline planned for the SHMS detector stack.

- Good PID will therefore require a series of Cerenkov detectors, each with different n
 - $e^- / \pi^- \Rightarrow$ Low Pressure Cerenkov.
 - $\pi^\pm / K^\pm \Rightarrow$ Heavy Gas Cerenkov.
 - $K^+ / p \Rightarrow$ Aerogel Cerenkov.

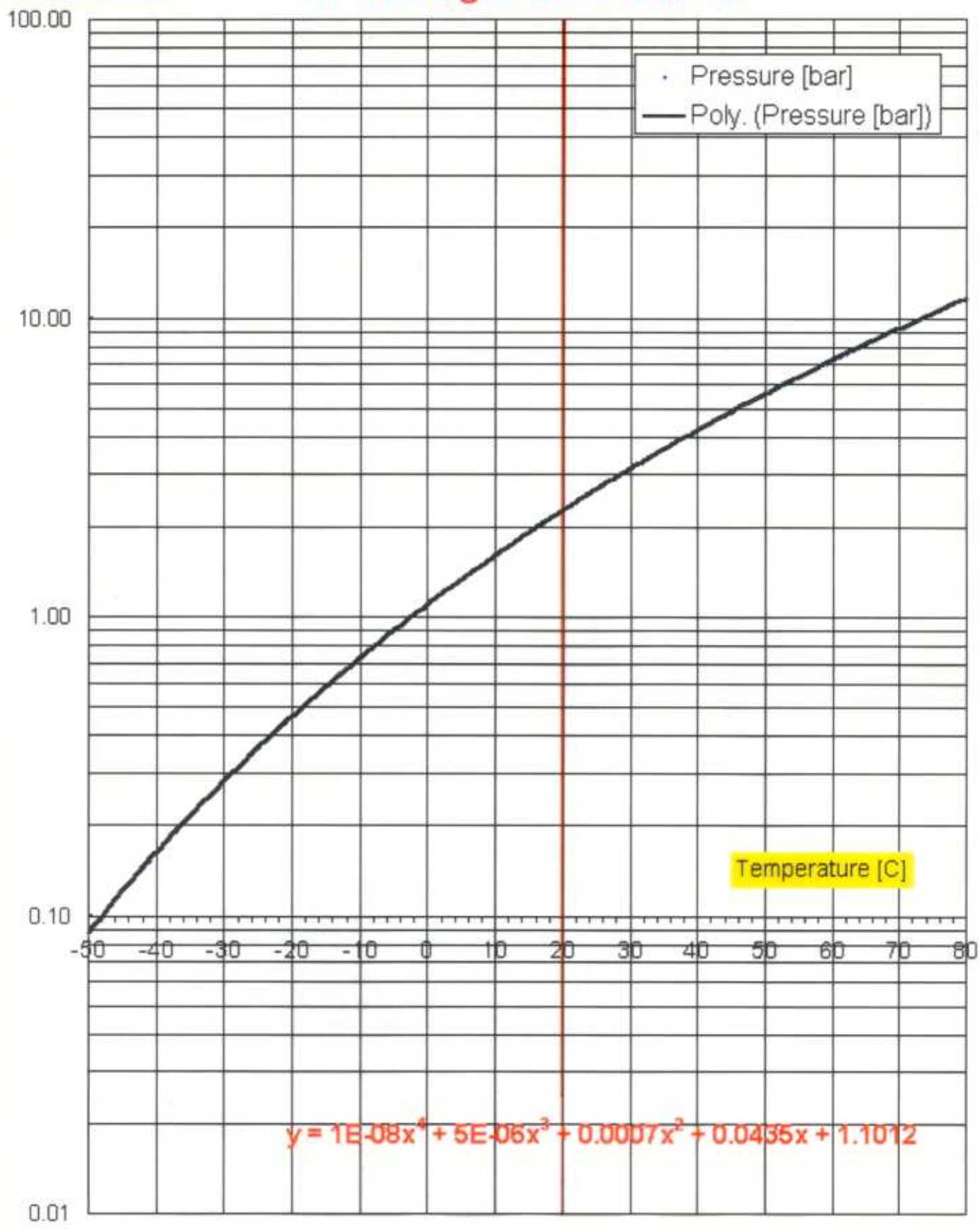




Pressure [bar]

P - T diagram for C4F10

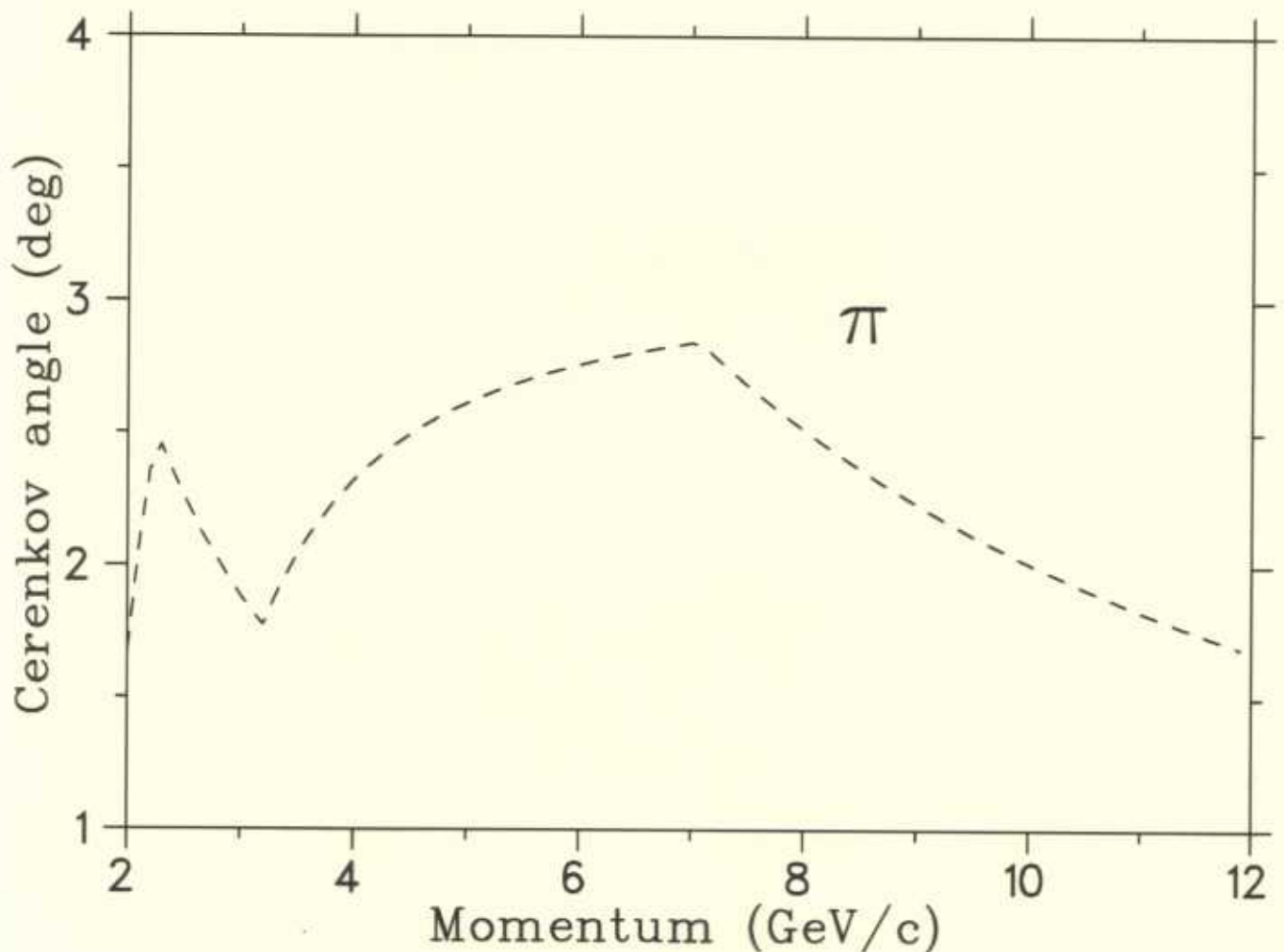
1 bar = 1.0125 atm



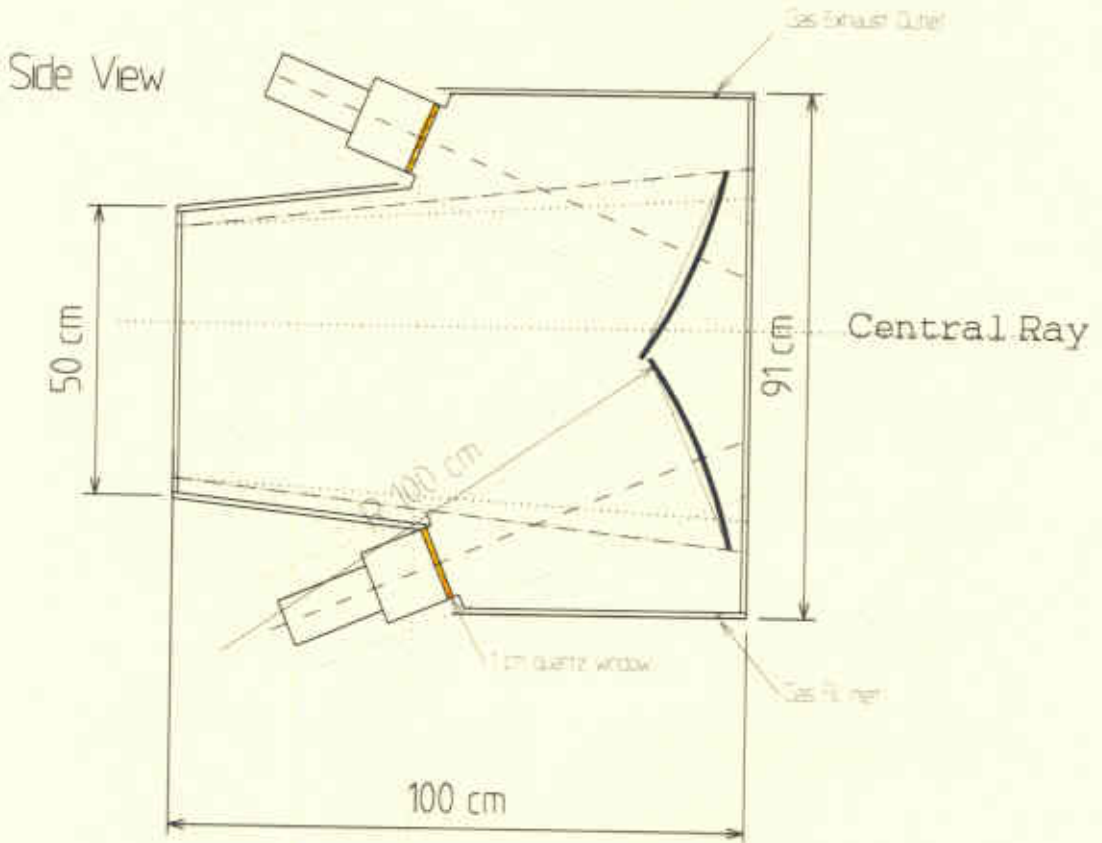
Constraints:

- Maximum pressure for π^+ but not K^+ , to maximize Cerenkov light production.
- Detector pressure must be maintained below C_4F_{10} vapor pressure.
 - At $20^\circ C$ the vapor pressure is 2.3 atm.
- Allow a gas pressure set accuracy of 0.1 atm (1.4 psi) to protect against accidental trigger of detector by K^+ .
- Take into account the $\pm 10\%$ SHMS momentum bite.

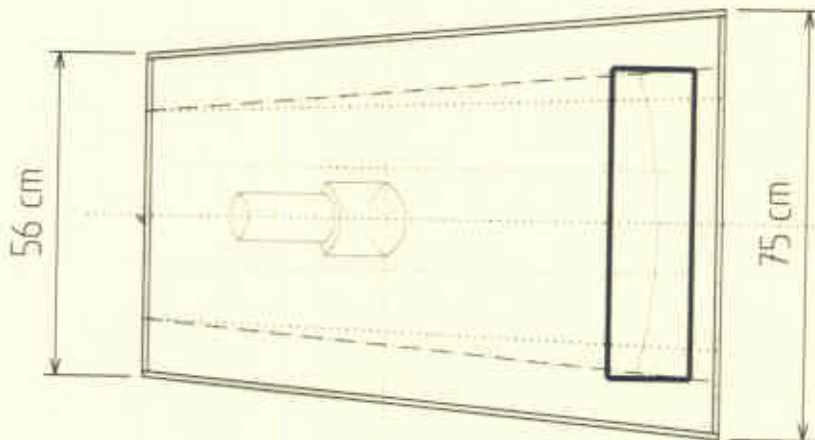
$$P(\pi^+ : p_{\text{SHMS}} - 10\%) < P(K^+ : p_{\text{SHMS}} + 10\%) - 0.1 \text{ atm}$$



SHMS Heavy Gas Cerenkov

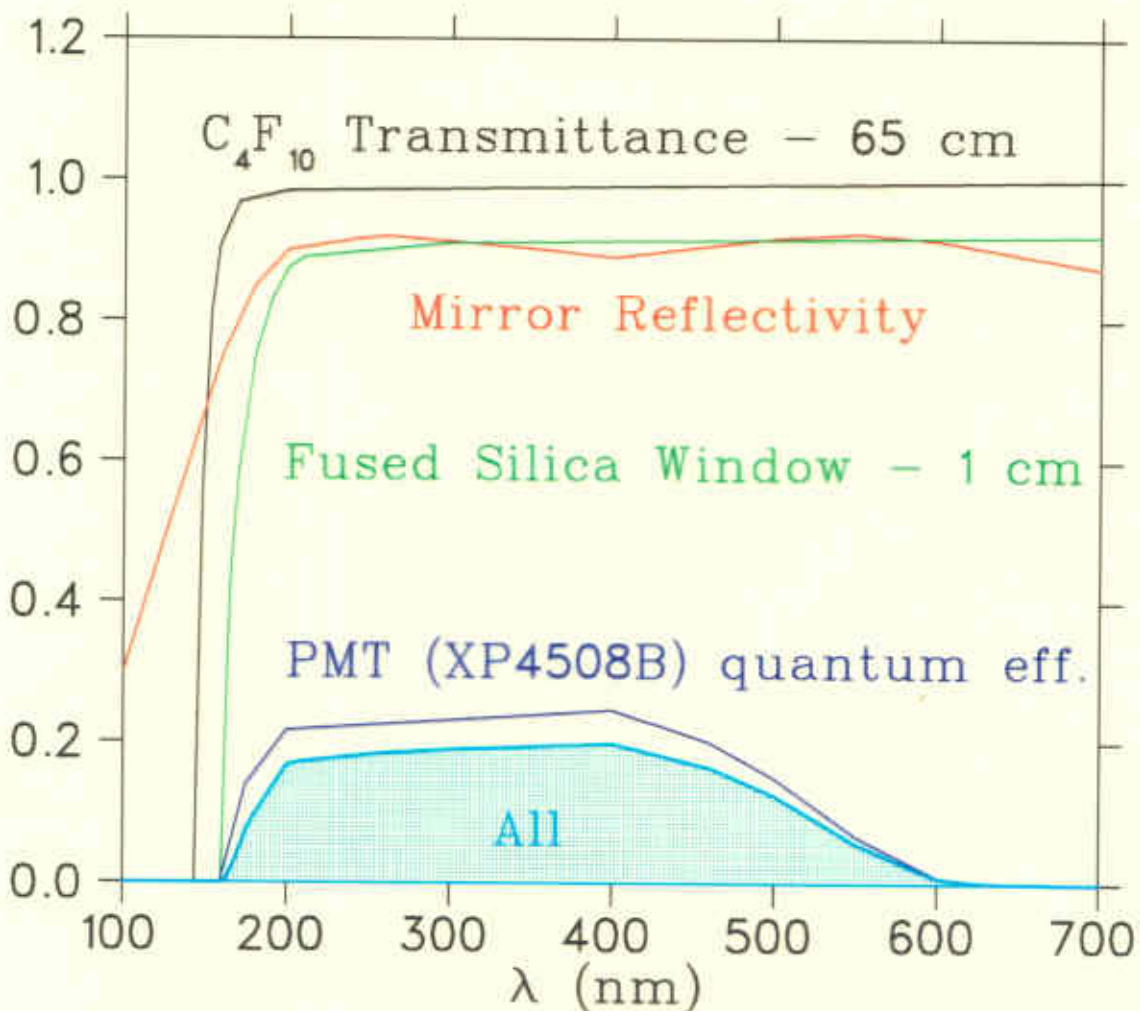


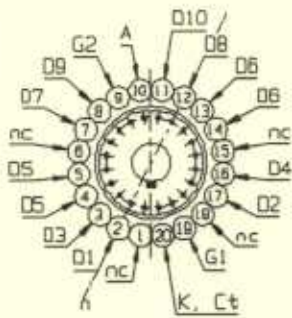
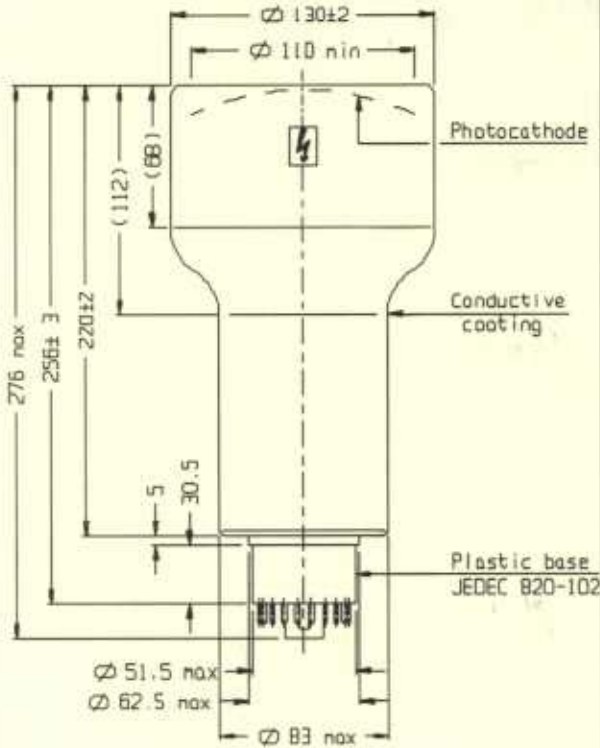
Top View



Heavy Gas Cerenkov Components

- Two high quality thin glass mirrors, structurally reinforced outside beam envelope.
 - Reference aluminum mirror coating from Lambda/Ten Optics.
- PMT views enclosure through 1 cm thick UV-grade fused silica window.
- Photonis XP4508B flat face PMT, mounted flush to window.
- 0.020" titanium beam entrance and exit windows.
 - Windows must safely function with 1 atm differential in either direction.

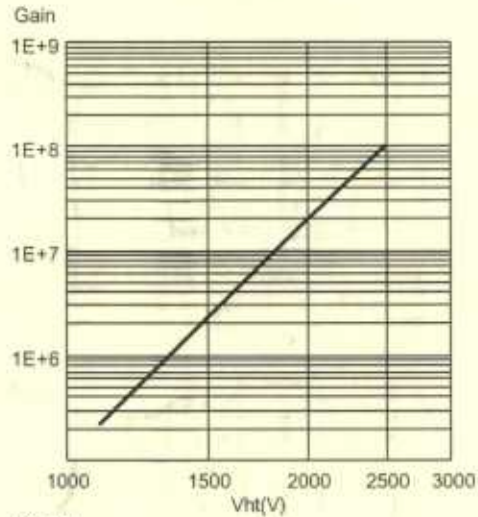




- ref.: 51200010
- nc: not connected
- n: plane of symmetry of the multiplier

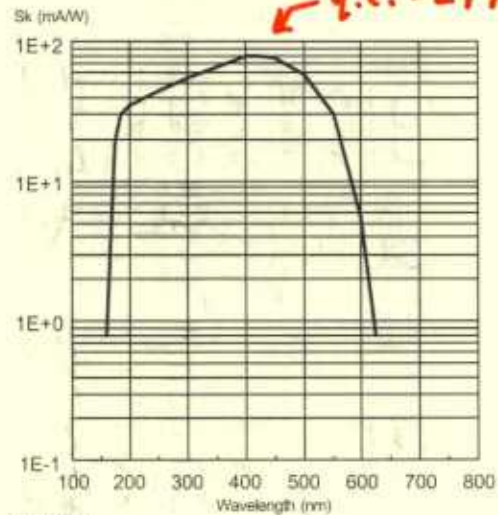
- K: cathode Dn: dynode
- G1, G2: focusing electrodes
- A: anode Ct: coating

Typical gain curve



XP4508

Typical spectral characteristics



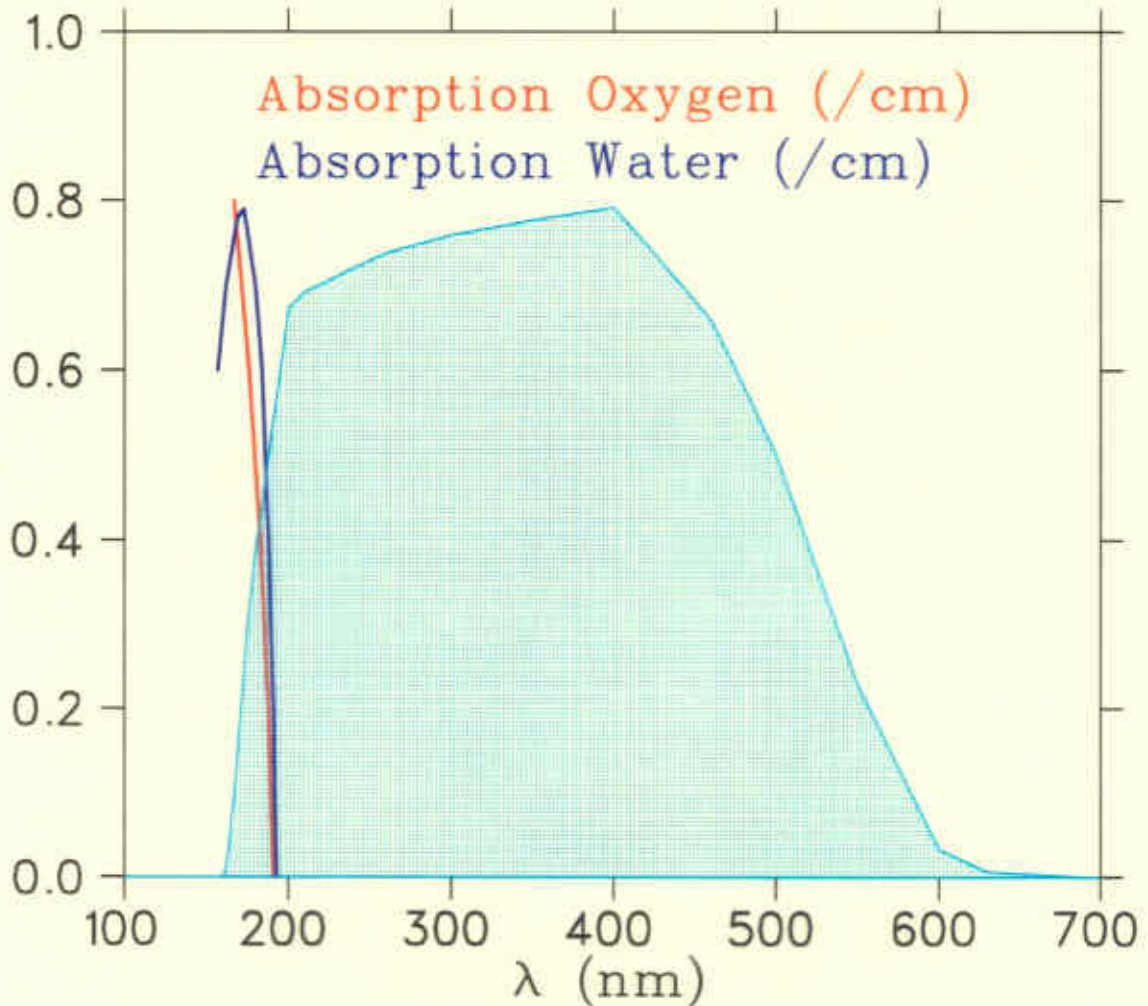
XP4508

Accessories

- Socket : FE1120
- Mu-metal shield : MS175
- Voltage divider (-HV) : VD105K

Effect of Gas Contamination

- Water and oxygen strongly absorb below 200 nm.
 - Cerenkov light has ~ 120 cm mean path length through gas.



- Nitrogen has an effect on the refractive index.

Gas System Requirements

- Although C_4F_{10} is only available in standard industrial quality, it is expensive and so a recovery system is desirable.
- Use of C_4F_{10} is regulated by the EPA.
 - “Final Rule - Protection of Stratospheric Ozone”, 40 CFR Part 9 & 82, July 13, 1995
 - Mandates the use of a recovery and recycling system to minimize the release of perfluorocarbons (PFCs) to the atmosphere.
- Hall D C_4F_{10} Cerenkov requirements are more demanding than for SHMS, and so we should be able to copy whatever gas system they eventually build.
 - Cold trap ?
 - Filter ?

Expected Performance

- Conservative estimate assuming 65 cm radiator length, possible optical mis-alignment.
- Offline cut placed at 1.5 p.e.

