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## CONTROL PHILOSOPHY

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## MODIFICATIONS RECORDING

| ISSUE OF MODIF | DATE | WRITTEN BY | $\begin{gathered} \text { CHECKED } \\ \mathrm{BY} \end{gathered}$ | EVOLUTION OF THE DOCUMENT (Updated pages) | JUSTIFICATION OF THE MODIFICATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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## 1. INTRODUCTION

This document explains how the cold box will operate.
It identifies and describes manual and automatic operations of LCLS-II 4.5K CB system.

## 2. REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

| REF | Document Reference | Document Title |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $[R 1]$ | C1303 A 120 | PID |
| $[R 2]$ | C1303 DS 240 | Turbines Data Sheets |
| $[R 3]$ | C1303 A 116 | PFD - Control Loops |

## 3. GLOSSARY AND ABBREVIATIONS

| LCB | Lower Cold Box |
| :--- | :--- |
| LPL | Low pressure |
| LPR | Cold Box Medium Pressure |
| MP | Compression Station Medium Pressure |
| HP | High Pressure |
| MCS | Main Compression Station |
| PINCH | Lecal temperature difference within an exchanger that is substantially less than either of two <br> terminal differences and is minimum in the exchanger. By extension used also for terminal <br> diferences. |
| SP | Set Point (value used by a regulation loop) |
| TRIM | Valve Lift (Different from actual CV opening) |
| UCB | Upper Cold Box <br> LCB |

## 4. CONTROL LOOPS

### 4.1 CONTROL LOOPS - GENERAL

### 4.1.1 PID action definition

Direct action: If the "Process Value" increases, the PID/actuator value increases.
(Sensor $\pi \rightarrow$ PID Output $\pi$ ).
Indirect action: If the "Process Value" increases, the PID/actuator value decreases,

$$
\text { (Sensor } \boldsymbol{\pi} \boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \text { PID Output У). }
$$

### 4.1.2 Set points

The set points of the control loops shall be adjustable from the HMI.
Modifications of these parameters are restricted to authorized personal.
Calculated set points (such as Turbines speed) shall be edged and the calculation shall not allow the set point to overpass the defined range.

### 4.1.3 Integration windup

Integral windup particularly occurs with process saturation, when the output of the process is limited at the top or bottom of its scale, making the error constant.

For example, the position of a valve cannot be any more open than fully open and also cannot be closed any more than fully closed.
Integral windup makes the actuator reaction way too long in case of a process change.
For instance, Turbines inlet valve may be $100 \%$ open for a long time, with Turbine speed still below the set point. In such condition, the speed controller must always be ready to decrease valve opening if Turbine speed needs to be limited.
In this case anti-windup can actually involve the integrator being turned off for periods of time until the response falls back into an acceptable range.

### 4.1.4 Attenuators definition

Attenuators can be implemented on control loops in order to avoid side effect which can be generated by the control loop.
For instance: discharge temperature of the turbine too low.
The attenuator is calculated and used as follows:

| Attenuator | Sensor: | XT xxxxx |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Sensor Value | X 1 | X 2 |
|  | Attenuator Value | Y 1 | Y 2 |



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$\mathrm{X} 1, \mathrm{X} 2, \mathrm{Y} 1$ and Y 2 shall be adjustable from the HMI.
Modifications of these parameters are restricted to authorized personal.
NB: A control loop can have several attenuators. In this case, the product of the attenuators applies to the loop.

NB: The attenuator coefficient will then apply to the Set Point i.e.:
$\checkmark$ Turbines: .................................................. Speed
$\checkmark$ Valves:....................................................... Opening
$\qquad$
$\checkmark$...

### 4.1.5 SYSTEM ACTION AT FIRST SCAN

At first scan (Power ON), all Automatic actuators (Control Valves, ON/OFF Valves, Heaters) shall be set in


JLAB:
System Action at First Scan: all automatic actuators is set to Automatic mode in their failure position.
In case previous mode was manual, then code will change the mode from manual to auto mode during first scan. Is it ok with you?
ALATUS:
Yes

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### 4.2 CONTROL LOOPS WARM HP FLOW SHARING

### 4.2.1 Introduction

The duty of the HP flow sharing control is to limit the waste of refrigeration from LPR and LPL lines to limit the consumption of Liquid Nitrogen.
Two control valves (PV-22400 and PV-22402) on the HP line drive the flow towards the HP/LPR/LN2 Heat Exchanger (HX-1A) and the HP/LPL Heat Exchangers (HX-1B).

### 4.2.2 TIC-22400 - HP Flow sharing controller on PV-22400 and PV-22402

TIC-22400 tries to minimize the difference of temperature of the various flow streams returning from the Cold Box:

- If LPR or N 2 flows from HX-1A are colder than the LPL flow from HX-1B:
$\rightarrow$ the controller will reduce HP flow to $\mathrm{HX}-1 \mathrm{~B}$ to force more exchange with cold flow from $\mathrm{HX}-1 \mathrm{~A}$.
- If LPR or N 2 flows from $\mathrm{HX}-1 \mathrm{~A}$ are warmer than the LPL flow from $\mathrm{HX}-1 \mathrm{~B}$ :
$\rightarrow$ the controller will reduce HP flow to $\mathrm{HX}-1 \mathrm{~A}$ to force more exchange with cold flow from $\mathrm{HX}-1 \mathrm{~B}$.


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## TIC-22400: Warm HP flow repartition using PV-22400 and PV-22402

| DTIC-22400 | $\underline{\text { Object: }}$ | $\underline{\text { HP flow control }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuators: | PV-22400 and PV-22402 |
|  | Process Value: | Min(TT-22505,TT-22201)-TT-22101 |
|  | Set Point: | $\underline{0.0 K^{*}}$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


### 4.2.3 CORRESPONDANCE BETWEEN TIC-22400 OUTPUT AND PV-22400 and PV022402 OPENING

The correspondence between the controller output and the Valves opening shall be coded as follows:

- PV-22400:


CO shall be set at $45 \%$ and shall be adjustable from HMI .

- PV-22402


C2 shall be set at 55\% and shall be adjustable from HMI .

## When TIC-22400 is turned OFF:

- TIC-22400 output is forced at 0\%
- PV-22400 and PV-22402 remains in their position (the program or the operator takes over on the control of these 2 valves)

When TIC-22400 is turned ON: - see cood down

- TIC-22400 output is forced at $0 \%$
- PV-22402 opening to $100 \%$ shall be on a ramp 1\%/s

JLAB:
What is the failure position for TIC-22400 control? PV22402 $=100 \%$ and PV22400 $=0 \%$ ? Or both valve $0 \%$ ?
ALATUS:
Both Valves at 0\%

### 4.3 CONTROL LOOPS - LIC-22520 : LN2 LEVEL

The LN2 level regulator will control the level of LN2 in the phase separator using the LN2 inlet valve PV-22520.

- LIC-22520: LN2 phase separator level

| LIC-22520 | Object : | LN2 level |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PV-22520 |
|  | Process Value: | LT-22510 |
|  | Set Point : | $\mathbf{7 0 \% \sim 1 3 0 ~ m b a r ~}$ |
|  | Action: | Indirect |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


Conversion Formulae:

$$
\text { Level } \%=\frac{\text { LT }-22510[\text { mbar }]}{190[\text { mbar }]}
$$

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### 4.4 CONTROL LOOPS - ADSORBERS REGENERATION HEATERS

The regeneration heaters are wrapped around the adsorber vessels.
The control will consist in an ON/OFF heating until heater temperature reaches a maximum value.

### 4.4.1 TIC-22418 (A \& B) - 80K Regeneration Heaters Temperature

## ■ TIC-22418 (A-B): 80K Adsorbers regeneration Heaters Temperature

Each 80 K Adsorber is equipped with a set of Heaters:

- 80 K Adsorber A:
- 3 sets of 2 Heaters (A-A-1, A-A-2), (A-A-3, A-A-4), (A-A-5, A-A-6) connected by default.
- 3 Heaters (A-B-1, A-B-2), (A-B-3, A-B-4), (A-B-5, A-B-6) not connected initially (Spares)
- 80K Adsorber B:
- 3 sets of 2 Heaters (B-A-1, B-A-2), (B-A-3, B-A-4), (B-A-5, B-A-6) connected by default.
- 3 Heaters (B-B-1, B-B-2), (B-B-3, B-B-4), (B-B-5, B-B-6) not connected initially (Spares)

Some Heating element are equipped with doubled Temperature sensors.
The program shall use the 2 temperature sensors corresponding to the 2 equipped heating elements being used.

The following describes the Heating elements with the corresponding Temperature sensors.

- 80 K Adsorber A:


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- 80K Adsorber B:


For the Heating control, the temperature to be controlled will be calculated as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{TT}-22418 \mathrm{~A}=\operatorname{Max}[\mathrm{TT}-22418-\mathrm{AA} 1 / \mathrm{TT}-22418-\mathrm{AA} 2 / \mathrm{TT}-22418-\mathrm{AB} 1 / \mathrm{TT}-22418-\mathrm{AB} 2] \\
& \mathrm{TT}-22418 \mathrm{~B}=\operatorname{Max}[\mathrm{TT}-22418-\mathrm{BA} 1 / / \mathrm{T}-22418-\mathrm{BA} 2 / T \mathrm{~T}-22418-\mathrm{BB} 1 / \mathrm{TT}-22418-\mathrm{BB} 2]
\end{aligned}
$$



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| TIC-22418 (A/B) | Object | 80K Adsorbers Heaters temperature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator : | 80K Ads A $\rightarrow$ EH-22418A <br> 80K Ads $B \rightarrow E H-22418 B$ |
|  | Process Value: | 80 K Ads $\mathrm{A} \rightarrow$ TT-22418 A |
|  |  | 80 K Ads B $\rightarrow$ TT-22418 B |
|  | Set Point : | 350 K |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

Note: if TT-22418-AA1 / TT-22418-AA2 have more than 30C difference, an alarm shall be triggered. if TT-22418-AB1 / TT-22418-AB2 have more than 30C difference, an alarm shall be triggered.
Note: if TT-22418-BA1 / TT-22418-BA2 have more than 30C difference, an alarm shall be triggered. if TT-22418-BB1 / TT-22418-BB2 have more than 30C difference, an alarm shall be triggered.

### 4.4.2 TIC-22465 - 20K Regeneration Heaters Temperature

The 20K Adsorber is equipped with a set of Heaters:

- 3 Heaters A-1, A-2, A-3 connected by default.
- 3 Heaters B-1, B-2, B-3 not connected initially (Spares)

Each Heating element is equipped with doubled Temperature sensors.
The program shall use the 3 temperature sensors corresponding to the 3 heating elements being used.

The following describes the Heating elements with the corresponding Temperature sensors.


For the Heating control, the temperature to be controlled will be calculated as follows:
TT-22465 $=$ Max [TT-22465-A1 / TT-22465-A2 $/$ TT-22465-A3 $/$ TT-22465-B1 / TT-22465-B2 / TT-22465-B3]

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| TIC-22465 | Object : | 20K Adsorbers Heaters temperature |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | EH-22465 |
|  | Process Value: | TT-22465 |
|  | Set Point : | 350K |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.

Note: if TT-22465-A1 / TT-22465-A2 / TT-22465-A3 have more than 30C difference, an alarm shall be
if TT-22465-B1 / TT-22465-B2 / TT-22465-B3 have more than 30C difference, an alarm shall be triggered.

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### 4.5 CONTROL LOOPS - TURBINES

### 4.5.1 PFD : Turbines Control

The LN2, turbine 1, turbine 2 and turbine 3 provide cooling power to pre-cool the Helium before final Expansion through Turbine 4. For optimal pre-cooling, the turbines 1, 2 and 3 control the liquefier temperature profile. Turbine 4 controls the production rate.

TURBINES 1, 2, 3: Pre-Cooling \& Cold Box Temperature Profile

- Their speed is controlled by their inlet valves.
- Their speed is adapted to maintain a constant discharge temperature.
- However, T1, T2 and T3 will be slow down by controllers, if
- LPR or LPL Pressure is too High
- Level of LHe is too high
- Refer to section 4.5.3.3 for complete attenuator list

TURBINE 4: Production Rate

- Speed will be kept to its nominal value to maximize production.
- However, T4 will be slow down by controllers, if the production is such that:
- Adsorber Temperature 20K cannot be kept.
- Refer to part 4.5.3.3 for complete attenuator list

5 Control loops related to the Turbines are used:

- Bearing Pressure control loop (1 controller for all 4 Turbines)
- Speed Control loop
- Turbine discharge temperature Control loop
- Brake Pressure Control loop
- Efficiency optimization Control loop

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### 4.5.2 PIC-22405 - Bearings Pressure

## Note: Bearing pressure controller PIC-22405 stait / stop automatically starts/stops all 4 Turbines Brake pressure controllers PIC-224X6.

| PIC-22405 | Object : | Turbines Bearings Pressure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator: | PV-22405 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22405 |
|  | Set Point : | 12 Atm* (Entering lowen value pi |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

The minimum pressure required at turbines bearing inlet determines the set point for this regulation.
Turbines bearing inlet pressure is continuously compared to the bearing discharge pressure to ensure a sufficient stiffness of the Bearing.
The following graph gives the nominal pressure conditions for the 4 Turbines:


## 12 Atm is the lowest acceptable set point for this control loop.

The discharge pressure is not expected to move far from a nominal 1.5 atm value.
$\rightarrow$ The Bearing Pressure set point should thus be fix. But if the operation of the Cold Boxes shows that Turbines discharge pressure varies in wider proportions, a logic to adjust the set point can be developed.

### 4.5.3 SIC-224X2 \& TIC-223X2 - Turbines speed

Turbine Speed is controlled using a cascade regulation:

- Turbine discharge temperature: TIC-223x2
$\rightarrow$ The output of this regulator is used as a set point for the $2^{\text {nd }}$ controller: Speed Control
- Turbine Speed: SIC- $224 \times 3$
$\rightarrow$ Controls the turbine speed by adjusting the turbine inlet valve.
$\rightarrow$ This controller will have attenuators to lower the turbine speed set point before it reaches OFFDESIGN or UNSAFE conditions.

Note: The objective is to operate the Turbines with the inlet valve $100 \%$ open. The set points for the Speed and for the discharge Temperature are therefore slightly further the nominal values (Speed slightly Higher, Temperature slightly lower), but still in the range of a safe operation of the turbines.
Note: For Turbine 4 (Joules Thomson), the discharge temperature is not controlled. $\rightarrow$ Turbine upstream temperature is controlled (20K adsorber temperature is used for this controller).

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

## NOTE: WHILE STARTING CONTROL LOOPS IN CASCADE:

Starting the Control Loops shall be performed smoothly, using Tracking, i.e:

1. When the Speed Control Loops (SIC) is started:
a. The Output of the regulator is set equal to the Control Valve (CV) position. (no Step)
b. The SP (Set point) is equal to the PV (Process Value), i.e. the actual Turbine Speed.
2. When the Temperature Control Loops (TIC) is started:
a. The Output of the regulator is forced at Speed Control Loop SP (Set Point).
b. The SP is equal to the PV, i.e. the actual Turbine Discharge Temperature.

## 3. Once the SIC and TIC have been started:

a. TIC SP can be ramped to the defined value (refer to Turbine Sequences for Ramp value). $\rightarrow$ This will increase TIC output, which will increase SIC set point progressively.
$\rightarrow$ No step in Control Valve is expected!


JLAB:
SIC224X2 set point = Maximum speed if TIC224X2 is OFF.
We have no scenario in control philosophy where SIC is ON and TIC is OFF.
Only situation we can think -> At X514 (turbine nominal state), if operator make TIC loop manual, and then tries to dial in a X $\%$ to go to a specific speed point.
Do we foresee this condition of TIC OFF and ramping speed up to maximum speed automatically during commissioning? ALATUS:
I have no opinion just yet. I believe it can work in any condition with both controllers ON, but I let the window open for a possible disconnection of TIC if found necessary during commissioning

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### 4.5.3.1 SIC-224X2 - SPEED

Note: It shall be possible to set a maximum opening for Each Turbine inlet valve that will be defined during the commissioning. This value will ensure a fast response time of the valve.

- SIC-22432: Turbine 1 Speed
tested

| SIC-22432 | Object | Turbine 1 speed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator : | PV-22432 |  |
|  | Process Value: | ST-22433 | [\%] |
|  | Set Point | 2220 Hz if TIC-22332 is OFF <br> TIC-22332 output if TIC-22332 is ON <br> $[0 \%-100 \%] \rightarrow[1000 \mathrm{~Hz}-2220 \mathrm{~Hz}]$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Action : | Indirect |  |

SIC-22452: Turbine 2 Speed

| SIC-22452 | Object | Turbine 2 speed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator | PV-22452 |  |
|  | Process Value: | ST-22453 | [\%] |
|  | Set Point | 2020 Hz if TIC-22352 is OFF |  |
|  |  | TIC-22352 output if TIC-22352 is ON |  |
|  |  | [0\%-100\%] $\rightarrow$ [1200 Hz - 2020 Hz ] |  |
|  | Action | Indirect |  |

SIC-22472: Turbine 3 Speed

| SIC-22472 | Object | Turbine 3 speed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator | PV-22472 |  |
|  | Process Value: | ST-22473 | [\%] |
|  | Set Point | 1450 Hz if TIC-22372 is OFF TIC-22372 output if TIC-22372 is ON $[0 \%-100 \%] \rightarrow[850 \mathrm{~Hz}-1450 \mathrm{~Hz}]$ |  |
|  | Action : | Indirect |  |

SIC-22482: Turbine 4 Speed

| SIC-22482 | Object : | Turbine 4 speed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator : | PV-22482 |  |
|  | Process Value: | ST-22483 | [\%] |
|  | Set Point : | 1180 Hz if TIC-22466 is OFF <br> TIC-22466 output if TIC-22466 is ON $[0 \%-100 \%] \rightarrow[800 \mathrm{~Hz}-1180 \mathrm{~Hz}]$ |  |
|  | Action : | Indirect |  |

### 4.5.3.2 TIC-224X2 / TIC-22466 - OUTLET TEMPERATURE

Note: When TIC-223X2 is OFF, the PID calculation shall stop, and controller output must be aligned with Speed controller primary set point.

- TIC-22332: Turbine 1 discharge temperature

| TIC-22432 | Object : | Turbine 1 discharge temperature |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PID SIC-22432 for T1 speed set point calculation |
|  | Process Value: | TT-22332 |
|  | Set Point : | 34 K $^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Direct |

## - TIC-22352: Turbine 2 discharge temperature

| TIC-22452 | Object : | Turbine 2 discharge temperature |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PID SIC-22452 for T2 speed set point calculation |
|  | Process Value: | TT-22352 |
|  | Set Point : | 13 K $^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Direct |
|  |  |  |

## ■ TIC-22372: Turbine 3 discharge temperature

| TIC-22472 | Object : | Turbine 3 discharge temperature |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PID SIC-22472 for T3 speed set point calculation |
|  | Process Value: | TT-22372 |
|  | Set Point : | $6.5 \mathrm{~K}^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Direct |

TIC-22466: 20K adsorber outlet temperature

| TIC-22466 | Object : | 20K Adsorber Outlet Temperature |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PID SIC-22482 for T4 speed set point calculation |
|  | Process Value: | TT-22466 |
|  | Set Point : | $18.5 \mathrm{~K}^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

### 4.5.3.3 ATTENUATORS

A speed controller controls the turbines. The turbine speed set point is computed from different parameters (discharge temperature for T1, T2 and T3, and Adsorbers temperature for T4).

The attenuators can decrease the turbine speed set point: SP = Computed $\mathrm{SP} \times \pi$ Attenuators.


ATTENUATORS SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS SAFE GUARDS. (Slow down turbine before Alarms/Trips)
When Turbine parameters approach UNSAFE or OFF-DESIGN conditions, the Turbine Speed Set point is decreased in order to avoid UNSAFE or OFF-DESIGN zones. The following Attenuators are implemented:

## ATtENUATORS PARAMETERS ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE HMI FOR PROCESS ADJUSTMENT.

Speed set point is calculated by multiplication of Turbine nominal speed with a series of attenuators (value between 0.5 and 1), depending of process conditions, as follows:

```
Set Point = NS }\times[\mathrm{ ATFT }\times\mathrm{ ATBT }\times\mathrm{ ATLP }\times\mathrm{ ATDT }\times\mathrm{ ATDL }\times\mathrm{ ATOP]
    - NS = Nominal Speed
    - ATFT = Attenuator on Brake Temperature:
        Slows down turbine if the Brake is too hot.
    - ATBT = Attenuator on Bearing Temperature:
        Slows down turbine if the Bearing is too cold.
    - ATLP = Attenuator on LPL Line Pressure:
        Slows down turbine 3 if LP pressure is too high.
    - ATDT = Attenuator on Discharge Temperature:
        Slows down turbine if discharge temperature is too cold.
    - ATDL = Attenuator on Dewar Level:
        Slows down turbine Dewar Level is too high.
    - ATOP = Attenuator for the Operator: Allows the operator to manually slow down a turbine.
        The operator can directly enter a value for ATOP on the HMI.
```


## If all attenuators $=1$ and TIC-224X2 $/$ TIC-22466 then Set Point $=$ Nominal Speed.

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- ATFT - Turbine Brake Temperature Attenuator:


| Attenuator | Attenuator <br> Parameters | Turbine 1 | Turbine 2 | Turbine 3 | Turbine 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATFT | Sensor | TT-22436 | TT-22456 | TT-22476 | TT-22486 |
|  | AT $_{\min }$ | $50 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
|  | AT $\max$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
|  | FT 1 | 360 K | 360 K | 360 K | 360 K |
|  | FT 2 | 370 K | 370 K | 370 K | 370 K |

- ATBT - Turbine Bearing Temperature Attenuator:


| Attenuator | Attenuator <br> Parameters | Turbine 1 | Turbine 2 | Turbine 3 | Turbine 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATBT | Sensor | TT-22435 | TT-22455 | TT-22475 | TT-22485 |
|  | AT $_{\min }$ | $80 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
|  | AT $_{\max }$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
|  | BT 1 | 275 K | 275 K | 275 K | 275 K |
|  | BT 2 | 280 K | 280 K | 280 K | 280 K |

- ATLP - LPL Line pressure attenuator:


| Attenuator | Attenuator <br> Parameters | Turbine 1 | Turbine 2 | Turbine 3 | Turbine 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATLP | Sensor | - | - | PT-22101 | - |
|  | AT $_{\min }$ | - | - | $50 \%$ | - |
|  | AT $_{\max }$ | - | - | $100 \%$ | - |
|  | LP 1 | - | - | 1.2 atm | - |
|  | LP 2 | - | - | 1.3 atm | - |

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- ATDT - Turbines Discharge Temperature Attenuator:


| Attenuator | Attenuator <br> Parameters | Turbine 1 | Turbine 2 | Turbine 3 | Turbine 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATDT | Sensor | TT-22332 | TT-22352 | TT-22372 | - |
|  | AT $_{\min }$ | $50 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $50 \%$ | - |
|  | AT $_{\max }$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | - |
|  | TT 1 | 25 K | 10 K | 5 K | - |
|  | TT 2 | 30 K | 11 K | 5.5 K | - |

- ATDL - Dewar Level Attenuator:

*LT-31000 is the level transmitter on Customer Dewar.

| Attenuator | Attenuator <br> Parameters | Turbine 1 | Turbine 2 | Turbine 3 | Turbine 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATDL | Sensor | LT-31000* | LT-31000* | LT-31000* | - |
|  | AT $_{\min }$ | $70 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $70 \%$ | - |
|  | AT $\max$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | - |
|  | DL 1 | $75 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $75 \%$ | - |
|  | DL 2 | $80 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $80 \%$ | - |

- ATOP - Operator Attenuator:

| Attenuator | Attenuator <br> Parameters | Turbine 1 | Turbine 2 | Turbine 3 | Turbine 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATOP | Sensor | Forced on HMI | Forced on HMI | Forced on HMI | Forced on HMI |
|  | ATvalue | $20 \% \leq X \leq 100 \%$ | $20 \% \leq X \leq 100 \%$ | $20 \% \leq X \leq 100 \%$ | $20 \% \leq X \leq 100 \%$ | DOCUMENT N ${ }^{\circ}$ : C1303-NT-400(5)

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### 4.5.4 PIC-224X6 \& EIC-224X6 - Turbines Brake and Efficiency

An important parameter to consider for Turbo-expander performance is the U1/C0 factor. This is a nondimensional parameter where U1 is the tip speed of the wheel and C0 is the spouting velocity. The spouting velocity is the fluid speed that would be achieved if the entire isentropic enthalpy drop were to be converted into speed. In other words, it is the speed that is created from putting work into the system.

The following curves are the Efficiency characteristics for each of the 4 Turbines:

Turbine 1:
Expander Performance Curve Impeller Diameter : $\mathbf{5 0 . 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$


Turbine 3:
Expander Performance Curve Impeller Diameter : $\mathbf{4 5 . 5} \mathbf{~ m m}$


## Turbine 2

Expander Performance Curve Impeller Diameter: $\mathbf{4 3 . 5} \mathbf{~ m m}$


Turbine 4
Expander Performance Curve Impeller Diameter: $\mathbf{2 5 . 5} \mathbf{~ m m}$


Air Liquide turbo-expanders are equipped with a brake pressure regulation: EIC-224X6

- Brake Pressure regulator:
- Use brake pressure measurement and compares it to the set point.
- The Output acts on Brake Electro-valve.

The set point of this regulation is fixed whenever the Turbine does not work close to its design temperature. When the turbine works in its design temperature range, the brake pressure set point is determined by the output of a $2^{\text {nd }}$ regulator, called Efficiency Regulator, set in cascade:

- Efficiency regulator: EIC-224X6
- Calculate the actual U1/C0 of the Turbo-expanders and compares it to the set point (optimal U1/C0 for the turbine).
- The Output defines the set point for the brake pressure regulation.
- The process variables for the calculation have the following units:

| Wheel Diameter | m |
| :--- | :---: |
| Turbine Speed | Hz |
| Turbine Inlet / Outlet Temperature | K |
| Turbine Inlet / Outlet / Brake Pressure | atm |

- Turbines wheel diameter:



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### 4.5.4.1 PIC-224X6 - BRAKE PRESSURE

Note:
Brake pressure controllers PIC-224X6 are started / stopped with bearing pressure controller PIC22405.

When PIC-224X6 is stopped, EV-224X6 shall be closed.

- PIC-22436: Turbine 1 brake pressure

| PIC-22436 | Object: | Turbine 1 brake pressure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator : | EV-22436 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22436 |
|  | Set Point : | - 5.0 atm if EIC- 22436 is OFF <br> - EIC-22436 Output if EIC-22436 is ON: $[0 \%-100 \%] \rightarrow[4.0 \mathrm{~atm}-6.0 \mathrm{~atm}]$ |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

PIC-22456: Turbine 2 brake pressure

| PIC-22456 | Object : | Turbine 2 brake pressure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator : | EV-22456 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22456 |
|  | Set Point : | - 5.0 atm if EIC-22456 is OFF <br> - EIC-22456 Output if EIC-22456 is ON: $[0 \%-100 \%] \rightarrow[2.0 \mathrm{~atm}-6.0 \mathrm{~atm}]$ |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

PIC-22476: Turbine 3 brake pressure

| PIC-22476 | Object : | Turbine 3 brake pressure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator : | EV-22476 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22476 |
|  | Set Point : | - 5.0 atm if EIC-22476 is OFF <br> - EIC-22476 Output if EIC-22476 is ON: $[0 \%-100 \%] \rightarrow[3 \mathrm{~atm}-5.5 \mathrm{~atm}]$ |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

- PIC-22486: Turbine 4 brake pressure

| PIC-22486 | Object | Turbine 4 brake pressure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator : | EV-22486 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22486 |
|  | Set Point | - 5.0 atm if EIC-22486 is OFF <br> - EIC-22486 Output if EIC-22486 is ON: $[0 \%-100 \%] \rightarrow[3.3 \mathrm{~atm}-5.5 \mathrm{~atm}]$ |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

### 4.5.4.2 EIC-224X6 - "EFFICIENCY" (OPTIMAL U1/C0)

Note: The Efficiency controller has a direct action. When the U1/C0 calculation increases, the set point of the Brake control loop shall increase to slow-down the Turbine.
Note: When EIC-224X6 is OFF, the PID calculation shall stop, and controller output must be aligned with Brake Pressure controller primary set point.

■ EIC-22436: Turbine 1 U1/C0

| EIC-22436 | Object: | Turbine 1 U1/C0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PID PIC-22436 for T1 brake pressure set point <br> calculation |
|  | Process Value: | Calculated U1/C0 |
|  | Set Point : | U1/C0 $=0.65$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

## - EIC-22456: Turbine 2 brake pressure

| EIC-22456 | Object: | Turbine 2 U1/C0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PID PIC-22456 for T2 brake pressure set point <br> calculation |
|  | Process Value: | Calculated U1/C0 |
|  | Set Point : | U1/C0 $=0.64$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

- EIC-22476: Turbine 3 brake pressure

| EIC-22476 | Object: | Turbine 3 U1/C0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PID PIC-22476 for T3 brake pressure set point <br> calculation |
|  | Process Value: | Calculated U1/C0 |
|  | Set Point: | U1 $/ \mathrm{C0}=0.64$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

EIC-22486: Turbine 4 brake pressure

| EIC-22486 | Object: | Turbine 4 U1/C0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PID PIC-22486 for T4 brake pressure set point <br> calculation |
|  | Process Value: | Calculated U1/C0 |
|  | Set Point: | U1/C0 $=0.62$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

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### 4.5.4.3 HELIUM DATA FOR TURBINE EFFICIENCY CALCULATION

The following Helium Tables are to be entered in the PLC and shall be used by Turbine Efficiency Controller. Helium data points shall be interpolated linearly in the PLC.
Note: If the U1/C0 calculation is "out of Range", the last valid value shall be kept and only replaced when the U1/C0 calculation gives a value in the range.
IMPORTANT NOTE: Enthalpy \& Entropy (Hin, Sin and Sout_ideal) tabular values hereunder are given in J/g.K and $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g}$ for reading purpose. They shall be multiplied by 1000 to convert unit to $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{kg} . \mathrm{K}$ and $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{kg}$ during PLC coding.

- Helium Data for Turbine 1

| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {in }}$ | 7 atm |  | 8 atm |  | 9 tm |  | 10 atm |  | 11 atm |  | 12 atm |  | 13 atm |  | 14 atm |  | 15 atm |  | 16 atm |  | 17 atm |  | 18 atm |  | 19 atm |  | 20 atm |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{in}}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $S_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $S_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $S_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {m }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{s}_{\text {im }}$ |
| 70 K | 380 | 20 | 381 | 19 | 381 | 19.5 | 381 | 19.2 | 381 | 19.0 | 381 | 18.9 | 82 | 8.7 | 82 | 18.5 | 382 | 18.4 | 382 | 18.3 | 383 | 18.1 | 383 | 18.0 | 383 | 17.9 | 383 | 17.8 |
| 69 K | 5 | 19.9 | 375 | 19.6 | 376 | 19.4 | 376 | 19.2 | 376 | 19.0 | 376 | 18.8 | 376 | 18.6 | 377 | 18.5 | 377 | 18.3 | 377 | 18.2 | 377 | 18.0 | 378 | 17.9 | 378 | 17.8 | 378 | 17.7 |
| 68 | 370 | 19.8 | 370 | 19.5 | 370 | 19.3 | 371 | 19.1 | 371 | 18.9 | 371 | 18.7 | 371 | 18.5 | 371 | 18.4 | 372 | 18.2 | 372 | 18.1 | 372 | 18.0 | 372 | 17.9 | 373 | 17.7 | 373 | 17.6 |
| 67 K | 55 | 19.7 | 65 | 19.5 | 365 | 19.2 | 365 | 19.0 | 366 | 18.8 | 366 | 18.6 | 366 | 18.5 | 366 | 18.3 | 366 | 18.2 | 367 | 18.0 | 367 | 17.9 | 367 | 17.8 | 367 | 17.7 | 367 | 17.6 |
| 66 K | 359 | 19.7 | 360 | 19 | 360 | 19.1 | 360 | 18.9 | 360 | 18.7 | 361 | 18.5 | 361 | 18.4 | 361 | 18.2 | 361 | 18.1 | 361 | 17.9 | 362 | 17.8 | 362 | 17.7 | 362 | 17.6 | 362 | 17.5 |
| 65 K | 354 | 19.6 | 354 | 19 | 355 | 19 | 355 | 18.8 | 355 | 18.6 | 355 | 18.5 | 355 | 18.3 | 356 | 18.1 | 356 | 18.0 | 356 | 17.9 | 356 | 17.7 | 357 | 17.6 | 357 | 17.5 | 357 | 17.4 |
| 64 k | 349 | 19.5 | 349 | 19.2 | 349 | 19.0 | 350 | 18.8 | 350 | 18.6 | 350 | 18.4 | 350 | 18.2 | 350 | 18.1 | 351 | 17.9 | 351 | 17.8 | 351 | 17.7 | 351 | 17.5 | 351 | 17.4 | 352 | 17.3 |
| 63 k | 344 | 19.4 | 344 | 19.1 | 344 | 18.9 | 344 | 18.7 | 345 | 18.5 | 345 | 18.3 | 345 | 18.1 | 345 | 18.0 | 345 | 17.8 | 346 | 17.7 | 346 | 17.6 | 346 | 17. | 346 | 17.3 | 346 | 17.2 |
| 62 K | 339 | 19.3 | 339 | 19.1 | 339 | 18.8 | 339 | 18.6 | 339 | 18.4 | 34 | 18.2 | 340 | 18.1 | 340 | 17.9 | 340 | 17.8 | 340 | 17.6 | 34 | 17.5 | 341 | 17.4 | 34 | 17.3 | 341 | 17.1 |
| 61 K | 333 | 19.3 | 334 | 19.0 | 334 | 18.7 | 334 | 18.5 | 334 | 18.3 | 334 | 18.1 | 334 | 18.0 | 335 | 17.8 | 335 | 17.7 | 335 | 17.5 | 33 | 17.4 | 335 | 17.3 | 336 | 17.2 | 336 | 17.1 |
| 60 K | 328 | 19.2 | 328 | 18. | 329 | 18.6 | 329 | 18.4 | 329 | 18.2 | 329 | 18.0 | 329 | 17.9 | 329 | 17.7 | 330 | 17.6 | 33 | 17.4 | 33 | 17.3 | 330 | 17.2 | 330 | 17.1 | 33 | 17.0 |
| 59 K | 323 | 19.1 | 323 | 18 | 323 | 18. | 323 | 18.3 | 324 | 18.1 | 32 | 18.0 | 324 | 17.8 | 324 | 17.6 | 324 | 17.5 | 325 | 17.4 | 325 | 17.2 | 325 | 17.1 | 325 | 17.0 | 325 | 16.9 |
| 58 K | 318 | 19.0 | 318 | 18.7 | 318 | 18.5 | 318 | 18.2 | 318 | 18.1 | 319 | 17.9 | 319 | 17.7 | 319 | 17.5 | 319 | 17 | 319 | 17.3 | 319 | 17. | 32 | 17. | 32 | 16.9 | 320 | 16.8 |
| 57 K | 312 | 18.9 | 313 | 18.6 | 313 | 18.4 | 313 | 18.2 | 31 | 18.0 | 313 | 17.8 | 313 | 17.6 | 31 | 17.5 | 31 | 17. | 314 | 17.2 | 31 | 17.0 | 31 | 16.9 | 31 | 16.8 | 315 | 16.7 |
| 56 K | 307 | 18.8 | 307 | 18.5 | 308 | 18.3 | 30 | 18.1 | 30 | 17.9 | 30 | 17.7 | 30 | 17.5 | 308 | 17.4 | 30 | 17.2 | 30 | 17.1 | 309 | 17.0 | 30 | 16.8 | 30 | 16.7 | 309 | 16.6 |
| 55 K | 302 | 18.7 | 302 | 18.4 | 302 | 18 | 302 | 18.0 | 303 | 17.8 | 30 | 17.6 | 303 | 17.4 | 303 | 17 | 303 | 17.1 | 303 | 17. | 304 | 16.9 | 30 | 16.7 | 304 | 16.6 | 304 | 16.5 |
| 54 K | 297 | 18.6 | 297 | 18 | 297 | 18.1 | 297 | 17 | 297 | 17.7 | 297 | 17.5 | 298 | 17.3 | 298 | 17. | 298 | 17. | 298 | 16. | 298 | 16.8 | 298 | 16.6 | 299 | 16.5 | 299 | 16.4 |
| 53 K | 291 | 18.5 | 292 | 18.2 | 292 | 18.0 | 292 | 17 | 292 | 17.6 | 292 | 17. | 292 | 17.2 | 293 | 17.1 | 293 | 16.9 | 293 | 16.8 | 293 | 16. | 29 | 16.5 | 29 | 16. | 293 | 16.3 |
| 52 K | 286 | 18.4 | 286 | 18.1 | 287 | 17.9 | 287 | 17.7 | 287 | 17.5 | 287 | 17.3 | 287 | 17.1 | 287 | 17.0 | 287 | 16.8 | 288 | 16.7 | 288 | 16.6 | 288 | 16.4 | 28 | 16. | 288 | 16.2 |
| 51 K | 281 | 18.3 | 281 | 18.0 | 281 | 17.8 | 281 | 17.6 | 282 | 17.4 | 282 | 17.2 | 282 | 17.0 | 282 | 16.9 | 282 | 16.7 | 282 | 16.6 | 282 | 16 | 282 | 16.3 | 283 | 16.2 | 283 | 16. |
| 50 K | 276 | 18.2 | 276 | 17.9 | 276 | 17.7 | 276 | 17.5 | 276 | 17.3 | 276 | 17.1 | 277 | 16.9 | 277 | 16.8 | 277 | 16.6 | 277 | 16.5 | 277 | 16.3 | 277 | 16.2 | 277 | 16.1 | 277 | 16.0 |
| 49 K | 271 | 18.1 | 271 | 17.8 | 271 | 17.6 | 271 | 17.4 | 271 | 17.2 | 271 | 17.0 | 271 | 16.8 | 271 | 16.7 | 271 | 16.5 | 272 | 16.4 | 272 | 16.2 | 272 | 16.1 | 27 | 16.0 | 272 | 15.9 |
| 48 K | 265 | 18.0 | 265 | 17.7 | 265 | 17.5 | 266 | 17.3 | 266 | 17.1 | 266 | 16.9 | 266 | 16.7 | 266 | 16.5 | 266 | 16.4 | 266 | 16.3 | 266 | 16.1 | 267 | 16.0 | 267 | 15.9 | 267 | 15.8 |
| 47 K | 260 | 17.9 | 260 | 17.6 | 260 | 17.4 | 260 | 17.1 | 260 | 16.9 | 261 | 16.8 | 261 | 16.6 | 261 | 16.4 | 261 | 16.3 | 261 | 16.1 | 261 | 16.0 | 261 | 15.9 | 261 | 15.8 | 261 | 15. |
| 46 K | 255 | 17.8 | 255 | 17.5 | 255 | 17.3 | 255 | 17.0 | 255 | 16.8 | 255 | 16.6 | 255 | 16.5 | 255 | 16.3 | 256 | 16.2 | 256 | 16.0 | 256 | 15.9 | 256 | 15.8 | 256 | 15.7 | 256 | 15.6 |
| 45 K | 249 | 17.7 | 250 | 17.4 | 250 | 17.1 | 250 | 16.9 | 250 | 16.7 | 250 | 16.5 | 250 | 16.4 | 250 | 16.2 | 250 | 16.1 | 250 | 15.9 | 250 | 15.8 | 250 | 15.7 | 251 | 15.5 | 251 | 15. |
| 44 K | 244 | 17.5 | 244 | 17.3 | 244 | 17.0 | 244 | 16.8 | 245 | 16.6 | 245 | 16.4 | 245 | 16.2 | 245 | 16.1 | 245 | 15.9 | 245 | 15.8 | 245 | 15.7 | 245 | 15.5 | 245 | 15.4 | 245 | 15. |
| 43 K | 239 | 17.4 | 239 | 17.1 | 239 | 16.9 | 239 | 16.7 | 239 | 16.5 | 239 | 16.3 | 239 | 16.1 | 239 | 16.0 | 240 | 15.8 | 240 | 15.7 | 240 | 15.5 | 240 | 15.4 | 240 | 15.3 | 24 | 15.2 |
| 42 K | 234 | 17.3 | 234 | 17.0 | 234 | 16.8 | 234 | 16.5 | 234 | 16.3 | 234 | 16.2 | 234 | 16.0 | 234 | 15.8 | 234 | 15.7 | 234 | 15.5 | 234 | 15.4 | 234 | 15.3 | 234 | 15.2 | 235 | 15.1 |
| 41 K | 228 | 17.2 | 228 | 16.9 | 229 | 16.6 | 229 | 16.4 | 229 | 16. | 229 | 16 | 229 | 15 | 229 | 15.7 | 229 | 15.6 | 229 | 15.4 | 229 | 15.3 | 229 | 15.2 | 229 | 15.0 | 229 | 14.9 |

Inlet Enthalpy ( $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g}$ ) and Entropy ( $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g} . \mathrm{K}$ ) function of Inlet Pressure and Temperature

| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }}$ | 1 atm | 1.25 atm | 1.5 atm | 1.75 atm | 2 atm | 2.25 atm | 2.5 atm | 2.75 atm | 3 atm | 3.25 atm | 3.5 atm | 3.75 atm | 4 atm | 4.25 atm | 4.5 atm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $S_{\text {onujued }}$ Sin | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {outideal }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 183 | 199 | 212 | 225 | 237 | 247 | 257 | 267 | 276 | 284 | 292 | 300 | 308 | 315 | 322 |
| 19.5 | 167 | 182 | 194 | 206 | 216 | 226 | 235 | 244 | 252 | 260 | 267 | 274 | 281 | 288 | 294 |
| 19 | 153 | 166 | 178 | 188 | 198 | 207 | 215 | 223 | 230 | 237 | 244 | 250 | 257 | 263 | 268 |
| 18.5 | 141 | 153 | 163 | 172 | 181 | 189 | 197 | 204 | 210 | 217 | 223 | 229 | 235 | 240 | 245 |
| 18 | 129 | 140 | 149 | 158 | 166 | 173 | 180 | 186 | 193 | 198 | 204 | 209 | 214 | 219 | 224 |
| 17.5 | 119 | 128 | 137 | 145 | 152 | 159 | 165 | 171 | 176 | 182 | 187 | 191 | 196 | 201 | 205 |
| 17 | 109 | 118 | 126 | 133 | 139 | 145 | 151 | 156 | 161 | 166 | 171 | 175 | 179 | 184 | 188 |
| 16.5 | 100 | 108 | 116 | 122 | 128 | 133 | 139 | 143 | 148 | 152 | 156 | 160 | 164 | 168 | 172 |
| 16 | 93 | 100 | 106 | 112 | 117 | 122 | 127 | 132 | 136 | 140 | 143 | 147 | 151 | 154 | 157 |
| 15.5 | 85 | 92 | 98 | 103 | 108 | 112 | 117 | 121 | 125 | 128 | 132 | 135 | 138 | 141 | 144 |
| 15 | 79 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 99 | 103 | 107 | 111 | 114 | 118 | 121 | 124 | 127 | 129 | 132 |
| 14.5 | 73 | 78 | 83 | 87 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 102 | 105 | 108 | 111 | 114 | 116 | 119 | 121 |
| 14 | 67 | 72 | 77 | 81 | 84 | 88 | 91 | 94 | 97 | 99 | 102 | 104 | 107 | 109 | 111 |

Outlet Ideal Enthalpy (J/g) function of Inlet Entropy (J/g.K) and Outlet Pressure

## - Helium Data for Turbine 2

| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {in }}$ | 4 atm |  | 5 atm |  | 6 atm |  | 7 atm |  | 8 atm |  | 9 atm |  | 10 atm |  | 11 atm |  | 12 atm |  | 13 atm |  | 14 atm |  | 15 atm |  | 16 atm |  | 17 atm |  | 18 atm |  | 19 atm |  | 20 atm |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ |
| 45 K | 24 | 18.8 | 249 | 18.4 | 249 | 18.0 | 249 | 17.7 | 250 | 17.4 | 250 | 17.1 | 250 | 16.9 | 250 | 16.7 | 250 | 16.5 | 250 | 16.4 | 250 | 16.2 | 250 | 16.1 | 250 | 15.9 | 250 | 15.8 | 250 | 15.7 | 251 | 15.5 | 251 | 15.4 |
| 44 K | 244 | 18. | 24 | 18. | 244 | 17.9 | 244 | 17.5 | 24 | 17.3 | 44 | 17.0 | 244 | 16.8 | 245 | 16.6 | 245 | 16.4 | 245 | 16.2 | 245 | 16.1 | 245 | 15.9 | 245 | 15.8 | 245 | 15.7 | 245 | 15.5 | 245 | 15.4 | 245 | 15.3 |
| 43 K | 239 | 18.6 | 239 | 18 | 239 | 17.7 | 239 | 17.4 | 239 | 17. | 239 | 16 | 23 | 16.7 | 239 | 16.5 | 239 | 16.3 | 239 | 16.1 | 239 | 16.0 | 240 | 15.8 | 240 | 15.7 | 240 | 15.5 | 240 | 15.4 | 240 | 15.3 | 240 | 15.2 |
| 42 K | 23 | 18.5 | 23 | 18. | 234 | 17.6 | 234 | 17.3 | 234 | 17.0 | 234 | 16.8 | 234 | 16.5 | 234 | 16. | 234 | 16. | 23 | 16. | 234 | 15. | 234 | 15 | 234 | 15.5 | 234 | 15.4 | 234 | 15.3 | 234 | 15.2 | 235 | 15.1 |
| 41 K | 228 | 18.4 | 22 | 17.9 | 228 | 17.5 | 228 | 17.2 | 228 | 16.9 | 29 | 16.6 | 229 | 16.4 | 229 | 16.2 | 229 | 16.0 | 229 | 15.9 | 229 | 15.7 | 229 | 15.6 | 229 | 15.4 | 229 | 15.3 | 229 | 15.2 | 229 | 15.0 | 229 | 14.9 |
| 40 K | 223 | 18.2 | 22 | 17.8 | 223 | 17.4 | 223 | 17.0 | 223 | 16.8 | 23 | 16.5 | 22 | 16.3 | 223 | 16.1 | 223 | 15.9 | 223 | 15.7 | 223 | 15 | 223 | 15.4 | 223 | 15.3 | 224 | 15.2 | 224 | 15.0 | 224 | 14.9 | 224 | 14.8 |
| 39 K | 218 | 18.1 | 218 | 17. | 218 | 17.2 | 218 | 16.9 | 218 | 16.6 | 218 | 16.4 | 218 | 16.2 | 218 | 16. | 218 | 15. | 218 | 15 | 218 | 15. | 218 | 15. | 218 | 15.1 | 218 | 15.0 | 218 | 14.9 | 218 | 14. | 218 | 14.7 |
| 38 | 213 | 18. | 21 | 17 | 21 | 17 | 213 | 16.8 | 213 | 16.5 | 213 | 16.2 | 213 | 16.0 | 213 | 15.8 | 21 | 15 | 213 | 15 | 213 | 15 | 213 | 15.1 | 213 | 15. | 213 | 14.9 | 213 | 14.8 | 21 | 14.6 | 213 | 14.5 |
| 37 K | 207 | 17.8 | 20 | 17.3 | 207 | 17.0 | 207 | 16. | 207 | 16.3 | 207 | 16. | 20 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 207 | 15 | 207 | 15 | 207 | 15 | 207 | 15.0 | 207 | 14.9 | 207 | 14.7 | 207 | 14.6 | 207 | 14.5 | 207 | 14.4 |
| 36 K | 202 | 17. | 202 | 17. | 202 | 16.8 | 20 | 16.5 | 202 | 16.2 | 202 | 16. | 202 | 15. | 202 | 15. | 202 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 202 | 14. | 202 | 14.7 | 202 | 14.6 | 202 | 14. | 202 | 14 | 202 | 14.2 |
| 35 k | 197 | 17. | 197 | 17. | 197 | 16.7 | 19 | 16.3 | 197 | 16.1 | 197 | 15.8 | 197 | 15.6 | 197 | 15 | 196 | 15. | 196 | 15. | 19 | 14. | 19 | 14. | 196 | 14.6 | 19 | 14.4 | 196 | 14.3 | 196 | 14.2 | 196 | 14.1 |
| 34 K | 192 | 17. | 191 | 16.9 | 19 | 16.5 | 191 | 16 | 191 | 15.9 | 91 | 15 | 191 | 15 | 191 | 15 | 191 | 15 | 191 | 14 | 191 | 14.7 | 191 | 14.5 | 191 | 14.4 | 91 | 14.3 | 191 | 14.1 | 191 | 14.0 | 191 | 13.9 |
| 33 K | 86 | 17.2 | 186 | 16. | 18 | 16.4 | 186 | 16.0 | 186 | 15. | 186 | 15.5 | 186 | 15.3 | 186 | 15. | 186 | 14 | 186 | 14. | 186 | 14. | 186 | 14. | 18 | 14. | 18 | 14. | 185 | 14. | 185 | 13.9 | 185 | 13.7 |
| 32 K | 181 | 17.0 | 181 | 16. | 181 | 16.2 | 181 | 15.9 | 181 | 15.6 | 181 | 15.3 | 180 | 15.1 | 180 | 14 | 180 | 14. | 180 | 14.5 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 14. | 180 | 14 | 180 | 13.9 | 180 | 13.8 | 180 | 13.7 | 180 | 13.6 |
| 31 K | 176 | 16.9 | 176 | 16. | 175 | 16.0 | 175 | 15 | 175 | 15.4 | 175 | 15 | 175 | 14.9 | 175 | 14.7 | 17 | 14.5 | 17 | 14.4 | 175 | 14.2 | 175 | 14.0 | 174 | 13.9 | 174 | 13.8 | 174 | 13.6 | 174 | 13.5 | 174 | 13.4 |
| 30 K | 170 | 16.7 | 170 | 16.2 | 170 | 15.8 | 17 | 15. | 170 | 15 | 170 | 15.0 | 170 | 14 | 169 | 14 | 169 | 14 | 169 | 14 | 169 | 14. | 169 | 13. | 169 | 13 | 169 | 13.6 | 169 | 13.5 | 169 | 13.3 | 16 | 13.2 |
| 29 K | 165 | 16.5 | 165 | 16. | 165 | 15.7 | 16 | 15.3 | 164 | 15 | 64 | 14.8 | 164 | 14.6 | 164 | 14.4 | 16 | 14.2 | 16 | 14.0 | 164 | 13.8 | 163 | 13 | 163 | 13.5 | 163 | 13.4 | 163 | 13.3 | 163 | 13.1 | 163 | 13.0 |
| 28 | 160 | 16.3 | 160 | 15. | 15 | 15.5 | 15 | 15.1 | 159 | 14.9 | 159 | 14.6 | 159 | 14 | 159 | 14. | 158 | 14 | 158 | 13.8 | 158 | 13.6 | 158 | 13.5 | 158 | 13.3 | 158 | 13.2 | 158 | 13.1 | 157 | 12.9 | 157 | 12 |
| 27 K | 155 | 16.1 | 154 | 15.7 | 154 | 15.3 | 154 | 14.9 | 154 | 14.7 | 153 | 14.4 | 153 | 14.2 | 153 | 14. | 153 | 13. | 15 | 13 | 153 | 13. | 15 | 13 | 152 | 13.1 | 152 | 13.0 | 152 | 12. | 152 | 12 | 15 | 12.6 |
| 26 | 149 | 15. | 149 | 15 | 14 | 15.1 | 148 | 14 | 148 | 14 | 148 | 14.2 | 148 | 14 | 148 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 13.4 | 147 | 13.2 | 147 | 13.1 | 147 | 12.9 | 146 | 12.8 | 146 | 12.6 | 146 | 12.5 | 146 |  |
| 25 K | 144 | 15. | 14 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 143 | 14.5 | 143 | 14.2 | 142 | 14.0 | 142 | 13.7 | 142 | 13. | 142 | 13 | 142 | 13.2 | 14 | 13. | 14 | 12. | 141 | 12 | 141 | 12. | 140 | 12 | 140 | 12 | 140 | 12,2 |
| 24 K | 139 | 15.5 | 138 | 15.0 | 138 | 14.6 | 138 | 14.3 | 137 | 14.0 | 137 | 13.8 | 137 | 13.5 | 136 | 13.3 | 136 | 13. | 136 | 12. | 13 | 12. | 13 | 12 | 135 | 12 | 135 | 12.3 | 135 | 12. | 134 | 12. | 13 | 11.9 |
| 23 K | 133 | 15.3 | 133 | 14. | 13 | 14. | 13 | 14.1 | 13 | 13.8 | 131 | 13.5 | 131 | 13.3 | 131 | 13. | 130 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 129 | 12.2 | 129 | 12 | 129 | 11 | 129 | 11.8 | 128 | 11.7 |
| 22 K | 128 | 15. | 127 | 14. | 127 | 14.2 | 127 | 13.8 | 126 | 13.5 | 126 | 13.3 | 125 | 13.0 | 125 | 12. | 125 | 12. | 124 | 12 | 124 | 12. | 124 | 12 | 124 | 12.0 | 123 | 11.8 | 123 | 11 | 123 | 11 | 123 |  |
| 21 K | 122 | 14.8 | 122 | 14.3 | 122 | 13.9 | 121 | 13.6 | 121 | 13.3 | 120 | 13.0 | 120 | 12.8 | 119 | 12.6 | 119 | 12 | 119 | 12. | 118 | 12. | 118 | 11 | 118 | 11. | 117 | 11. | 117 | 11 | 117 | 11 | 117 |  |
| 20 K | 117 | 14.5 | 116 | 14. | 116 | 13.6 | 11 | 13.3 | 115 | 13.0 | 115 | 12 | 114 | 12.5 | 114 | 12.3 | 113 | 12.1 | 113 | 11.9 | 112 | 11.7 | 112 | 11.5 | 112 | 11.4 | 111 | 11.2 | 111 | 11.1 | 111 | 11.0 | 110 | 10.9 |

Inlet Enthalpy (J/g) and Entropy (J/g.K) function of Inlet Pressure and Temperature

| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }}$ | 1 atm | 1.25 atm | 1.5 atm | 1.75 atm | 2 atm | 2.25 atm | 2.5 atm | 2.75 atm | 3 atm | 3.25 atm | 3.5 ta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Soutideal | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {outideal }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19.0 | 153 | 166 | 178 | 188 | 198 | 207 | 215 | 223 | 230 | 237 | 244 |
| 18.5 | 141 | 153 | 163 | 172 | 181 | 189 | 197 | 204 | 210 | 217 | 223 |
| 18.0 | 129 | 140 | 149 | 158 | 166 | 173 | 180 | 186 | 193 | 198 | 204 |
| 17.5 | 119 | 128 | 137 | 145 | 152 | 159 | 165 | 171 | 176 | 182 | 187 |
| 17.0 | 109 | 118 | 126 | 133 | 139 | 145 | 151 | 156 | 161 | 166 | 171 |
| 16.5 | 100 | 108 | 116 | 122 | 128 | 133 | 139 | 143 | 148 | 152 | 156 |
| 16.0 | 93 | 100 | 106 | 112 | 117 | 122 | 127 | 132 | 136 | 140 | 143 |
| 15.5 | 85 | 92 | 98 | 103 | 108 | 112 | 117 | 121 | 125 | 128 | 132 |
| 15.0 | 79 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 99 | 103 | 107 | 111 | 114 | 118 | 121 |
| 14.5 | 73 | 78 | 83 | 87 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 102 | 105 | 108 | 111 |
| 14.0 | 67 | 72 | 77 | 81 | 84 | 88 | 91 | 94 | 97 | 99 | 102 |
| 13.5 | 62 | 67 | 71 | 74 | 78 | 81 | 84 | 86 | 89 | 91 | 94 |
| 13.0 | 58 | 62 | 66 | 69 | 72 | 75 | 77 | 80 | 82 | 84 | 86 |
| 12.5 | 54 | 57 | 61 | 64 | 66 | 69 | 71 | 73 | 75 | 77 | 79 |
| 12.0 | 50 | 53 | 56 | 59 | 61 | 64 | 66 | 68 | 70 | 71 | 73 |
| 11.5 | 47 | 50 | 52 | 55 | 57 | 59 | 61 | 62 | 64 | 66 | 67 |
| 11.0 | 43 | 46 | 48 | 51 | 52 | 54 | 56 | 58 | 59 | 61 | 62 |

Outlet Ideal Enthalpy (J/g) function of Inlet Entropy (J/g.K) and Outlet Pressure

DOCUMENT N ${ }^{\circ}$ : C1303-NT-400(5)
PRoJECT: LCLS-II 4.5K COLD BOX SYSTEM
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- Helium Data for Turbine 3

| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {in }}$ | 4 atm |  | 5 atm |  | 6 atm |  | 7 atm |  | 8 atm |  | 9 atm |  | 10 atm |  | 11 atm |  | 12 atm |  | 13 atm |  | 14 atm |  | 15 atm |  | 16 atm |  | 17 atm |  | 18 atm |  | 19 atm |  | 20 atm |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $S_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{s}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{s}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ |
| 25 K | 144 | 15.7 | 144 | 15.3 | 143 | 14.9 | 143 | 14.5 | 143 | 14.2 | 142 | 14.0 | 142 | 13.7 | 142 | 13.5 | 142 | 13.3 | 142 | 13.2 | 141 | 13.0 | 141 | 12.8 | 141 | 12.7 | 141 | 12.6 | 140 | 12.4 | 140 | 12.3 | 140 | 12.2 |
| 24 K | 139 | 15.5 | 138 | 15.0 | 138 | 14.6 | 138 | 14.3 | 137 | 14.0 | 137 | 13.8 | 137 | 13.5 | 136 | 13.3 | 136 | 13.1 | 136 | 12.9 | 136 | 12.8 | 135 | 12.6 | 135 | 12.5 | 135 | 12.3 | 135 | 12.2 | 134 | 12.1 | 134 | 11.9 |
| 23 K | 133 | 15.3 | 133 | 14.8 | 132 | 14.4 | 132 | 14.1 | 132 | 13.8 | 131 | 13.5 | 131 | 13.3 | 131 | 13.1 | 130 | 12.9 | 130 | 12.7 | 130 | 12.5 | 130 | 12.4 | 129 | 12.2 | 129 | 12.1 | 129 | 11.9 | 129 | 11.8 | 128 | 11.7 |
| 22 K | 128 | 15.1 | 127 | 14.6 | 127 | 14.2 | 127 | 13.8 | 126 | 13.5 | 126 | 13.3 | 125 | 13.0 | 125 | 12.8 | 125 | 12.6 | 124 | 12.4 | 124 | 12.3 | 124 | 12.1 | 124 | 12.0 | 123 | 11.8 | 123 | 11.7 | 123 | 11. | 123 | 11.4 |
| 21 K | 122 | 14.8 | 122 | 14.3 | 122 | 13.9 | 121 | 13.6 | 121 | 13.3 | 120 | 13.0 | 120 | 12.8 | 119 | 12.6 | 119 | 12.4 | 119 | 12.2 | 118 | 12.0 | 118 | 11.8 | 118 | 11.7 | 117 | 11.5 | 117 | 11.4 | 117 | 11.3 | 117 | 11.1 |
| 20 K | 117 | 14.5 | 116 | 14.1 | 116 | 13.6 | 116 | 13.3 | 115 | 13.0 | 115 | 12.7 | 114 | 12.5 | 114 | 12.3 | 113 | 12.1 | 113 | 11.9 | 112 | 11.7 | 112 | 11.5 | 112 | 11.4 | 111 | 11.2 | 111 | 11.1 | 111 | 11.0 | 110 | 10.9 |
| 19 K | 112 | 14.3 | 111 | 13.8 | 110 | 13.4 | 110 | 13.0 | 109 | 12.7 | 109 | 12.4 | 108 | 12.2 | 108 | 12.0 | 107 | 11.8 | 107 | 11.6 | 107 | 11.4 | 106 | 11.2 | 106 | 11.1 | 105 | 10.9 | 105 | 10.8 | 105 | 10.7 | 104 | 10.5 |
| 18 K | 106 | 14.0 | 105 | 13.5 | 105 | 13.1 | 104 | 12.7 | 104 | 12.4 | 103 | 12.1 | 103 | 11.9 | 102 | 11.7 | 101 | 11.4 | 101 | 11.3 | 100 | 11.1 | 100 | 10.9 | 100 | 10.7 | 99 | 10.6 | 99 | 10.5 | 98 | 10.3 | 98 | 10.2 |
| 17 K | 101 | 13.7 | 100 | 13.2 | 99 | 12.7 | 99 | 12.4 | 98 | 12.1 | 97 | 11.8 | 97 | 11.5 | 96 | 11.3 | 95 | 11.1 | 95 | 10.9 | 94 | 10.7 | 94 | 10.6 | 93 | 10. | 93 | 10.2 | 92 | 10.1 | 92 | 10.0 | 92 | 9.8 |
| 16 K | 95 | 13.3 | 94 | 12.8 | 94 | 12.4 | 93 | 12.0 | 92 | 11.7 | 91 | 11.4 | 91 | 11.2 | 90 | 10.9 | 89 | 10.7 | 89 | 10.5 | 88 | 10.3 | 88 | 10.2 | 87 | 10.0 | 87 | 9.9 | 86 | 9.7 | 86 | 9.6 | 85 | 9.4 |
| 15 K | 90 | 13.0 | 89 | 12.4 | 88 | 12.0 | 87 | 11.7 | 86 | 11.3 | 85 | 11. | 84 | 10.8 | 84 | 10.5 | 83 | 10.3 | 82 | 10.1 | 82 | 9.9 | 81 | 9.8 | 80 | 9.6 | 80 | 9.4 | 79 | 9.3 | 79 | 9.2 | 79 | 9.0 |
| 14 K | 84 | 12.6 | 83 | 12.0 | 82 | 11.6 | 81 | 11.2 | 80 | 10.9 | 79 | 10.6 | 78 | 10.3 | 77 | 10.1 | 77 | 9.9 | 76 | 9.7 | 75 | 9.5 | 74 | 9.3 | 74 | 9.1 | 73 | 9.0 | 73 | 8.8 | 72 | 8.7 | 72 | 8.6 |
| 13 K | 78 | 12.1 | 77 | 11.6 | 76 | 11.2 | 75 | 10.8 | 74 | 10.4 | 73 | 10.1 | 72 | 9.9 | 71 | 9.6 | 70 | 9.4 | 69 | 9.2 | 68 | 9.0 | 68 | 8.8 | 67 | 8.6 | 66 | 8.5 | 66 | 8.3 | 66 | 8.2 | 65 | 8.1 |
| 12 K | 72 | 11.7 | 71 | 11.1 | 70 | 10.7 | 68 | 10.3 | 67 | 9.9 | 66 | 9.6 | 65 | 9.3 | 64 | 9.1 | 63 | 8.8 | 62 | 8.6 | 61 | 8.4 | 61 | 8.2 | 60 | 8.1 | 59 | 7.9 | 59 | 7.8 | 59 | 7.6 | 58 | 7.5 |
| 11 K | 66 | 11.2 | 65 | 10.6 | 63 | 10.1 | 62 | 9.7 | 60 | 9.3 | 59 | 9.0 | 58 | 8.7 | 57 | 8.4 | 56 | 8.2 | 55 | 8.0 | 54 | 7.8 | 53 | 7.6 | 53 | 7.4 | 52 | 7.3 | 52 | 7.1 | 52 | 7.0 | 51 | 6.9 |
| 10 K | 60 | 10.6 | 58 | 10.0 | 57 | 9.5 | 55 | 9.0 | 53 | 8.6 | 52 | 8.3 | 50 | 8.0 | 49 | 7.7 | 48 | 7.5 | 47 | 7.3 | 47 | 7.1 | 46 | 6.9 | 46 | 6.7 | 45 | 6.6 | 45 | 6.5 | 45 | 6.4 | 45 | 6.3 |
| 9 K | 54 | 9.9 | 51 | 9.2 | 49 | 8.7 | 47 | 8.2 | 45 | 7.8 | 44 | 7.4 | 42 | 7.1 | 41 | 6.9 | 40 | 6.6 | 40 | 6.5 | 39 | 6.3 | 39 | 6.1 | 39 | 6.0 | 39 | 5.9 | 39 | 5.8 | 39 | 5.7 | 39 | 5.6 |
| 8 K | 47 | 9.0 | 44 | 8.3 | 41 | 7.7 | 38 | 7.2 | 36 | 6.8 | 35 | 6.4 | 34 | 6.2 | 33 | 5.9 | 33 | 5.8 | 33 | 5.6 | 32 | 5.5 | 32 | 5.4 | 33 | 5.3 | 33 | 5.2 | 33 | 5.1 | 33 | 5.1 | 33 | 5.0 |

Inlet Enthalpy ( $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g}$ ) and Entropy ( $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g} . \mathrm{K}$ ) function of Inlet Pressure and Temperature

| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }}$ | 0.5 atm | 0.75 atm | 1 atm | 1.25 atm | 1.5 atm | 1.75 atm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{S}_{\text {out_ideal }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {out_ideal }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16.0 | 74 | 84 | 93 | 100 | 106 | 112 |
| 15.5 | 68 | 78 | 85 | 92 | 98 | 103 |
| 15.0 | 63 | 72 | 79 | 85 | 90 | 95 |
| 14.5 | 59 | 67 | 73 | 78 | 83 | 87 |
| 14.0 | 55 | 62 | 67 | 72 | 77 | 81 |
| 13.5 | 51 | 57 | 62 | 67 | 71 | 74 |
| 13.0 | 48 | 53 | 58 | 62 | 66 | 69 |
| 12.5 | 45 | 50 | 54 | 57 | 61 | 64 |
| 12.0 | 42 | 46 | 50 | 53 | 56 | 59 |
| 11.5 | 39 | 43 | 47 | 50 | 52 | 55 |
| 11.0 | 37 | 40 | 43 | 46 | 48 | 51 |
| 10.5 | 34 | 38 | 41 | 43 | 45 | 47 |
| 10.0 | 32 | 35 | 38 | 40 | 42 | 43 |
| 9.5 | 31 | 33 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 40 |
| 9.0 | 29 | 31 | 33 | 35 | 36 | 37 |
| 8.5 | 27 | 29 | 31 | 32 | 34 | 35 |
| 8.0 | 25 | 27 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 |
| 7.5 | 23 | 25 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 7.0 | 22 | 23 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 27 |
| 6.5 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| 6.0 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 22 |
| 5.5 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 20 |
| 5.0 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 17 |

Outlet Ideal Enthalpy (J/g) function of Inlet Entropy (J/g.K) and Outlet Pressure

## - Helium Data for Turbine 4

| $\frac{P_{\text {in }}}{T_{\text {in }}}$ | 4 atm |  | 5 atm |  | 6 atm |  | 7 atm |  | 8 atm |  | 9 atm |  | 10 atm |  | 11 atm |  | 12 atm |  | 13 atm |  | 14 atm |  | 15 atm |  | 16 atm |  | 17 atm |  | 18 atm |  | 19 atm |  | 20 atm |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{s}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $S_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $S_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $S_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {in }}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {in }}$ |
| 7.0 K | 38 | 7.9 | 34 | 7.0 | 30 | 6.3 | 28 | 5.9 | 27 | 5.5 | 27 | 5.3 | 26 | 5.2 | 26 | 5.0 | 26 | 4.9 | 27 | 4.8 | 27 | 4.7 | 27 | 4.7 | 27 | 4.6 | 28 | 4.5 | 28 | 4.5 | 28 | 4.4 | 29 | 4.4 |
| 6.9 K | 37 | 7.7 | 32 | 6.8 | 29 | 6.2 | 27 | 5.7 | 26 | 5.4 | 26 | 5.2 | 26 | 5.1 | 26 | 4.9 | 26 | 4.8 | 26 | 4.7 | 26 | 4.7 | 27 | 4.6 | 27 | 4.5 | 27 | 4.5 | 28 | 4.4 | 28 | 4.4 | 28 | 4.3 |
| 6.8 K | 36 | 7.6 | 31 | 6.6 | 28 | 6.0 | 26 | 5.6 | 26 | 5.3 | 25 | 5.1 | 25 | 5.0 | 25 | 4.9 | 25 | 4.8 | 26 | 4.7 | 26 | 4.6 | 26 | 4.5 | 26 | 4.5 | 27 | 4.4 | 27 | 4.4 | 27 | 4.3 | 28 | 4.3 |
| 6.7 K | 35 | 7.4 | 30 | 6.5 | 27 | 5.8 | 26 | 5.4 | 25 | 5.2 | 25 | 5.0 | 25 | 4.9 | 25 | 4.8 | 25 | 4.7 | 25 | 4.6 | 25 | 4.5 | 26 | 4.5 | 26 | 4.4 | 26 | 4.3 | 27 | 4.3 | 27 | 4.2 | 27 | 4.2 |
| 6.6 K | 33 | 7.2 | 29 | 6.3 | 26 | 5.7 | 25 | 5.3 | 24 | 5.1 | 24 | 4.9 | 24 | 4.8 | 24 | 4.7 | 24 | 4.6 | 25 | 4.5 | 25 | 4.5 | 25 | 4.4 | 25 | 4.3 | 26 | 4.3 | 26 | 4.2 | 27 | 4.2 | 27 | 4.1 |
| 6.5 K | 32 | 7.0 | 27 | 6.1 | 25 | 5.5 | 24 | 5.2 | 23 | 5.0 | 23 | 4.8 | 23 | 4.7 | 24 | 4.6 | 24 | 4.5 | 24 | 4.5 | 24 | 4.4 | 25 | 4.3 | 25 | 4.3 | 25 | 4.2 | 26 | 4.2 | 26 | 4.1 | 27 | 4.1 |
| 6.4 K | 31 | 6.8 | 26 | 5.8 | 24 | 5.3 | 23 | 5.1 | 23 | 4.9 | 23 | 4.7 | 23 | 4.6 | 23 | 4.5 | 23 | 4.5 | 24 | 4.4 | 24 | 4.3 | 24 | 4.3 | 25 | 4.2 | 25 | 4.1 | 25 | 4.1 | 26 | 4.1 | 26 | 4.0 |
| 6.3 K | 29 | 6.6 | 25 | 5.6 | 23 | 5.2 | 22 | 5.0 | 22 | 4.8 | 22 | 4.7 | 22 | 4.5 | 23 | 4.5 | 23 | 4.4 | 23 | 4.3 | 23 | 4.2 | 24 | 4.2 | 24 | 4.1 | 25 | 4.1 | 25 | 4.0 | 25 | 4.0 | 26 | 4.0 |
| 6.2 K | 28 | 6.3 | 23 | 5.4 | 22 | 5.1 | 22 | 4.8 | 22 | 4.7 | 22 | 4.6 | 22 | 4.5 | 22 | 4.4 | 22 | 4.3 | 23 | 4.2 | 23 | 4.2 | 23 | 4.1 | 24 | 4.1 | 24 | 4.0 | 25 | 4.0 | 25 | 3.9 | 25 | 3.9 |
| 6.1 K | 26 | 6.0 | 22 | 5.3 | 21 | 4.9 | 21 | 4.7 | 21 | 4.6 | 21 | 4.5 | 21 | 4.4 | 22 | 4.3 | 22 | 4.2 | 22 | 4.2 | 23 | 4.1 | 23 | 4.0 | 23 | 4.0 | 24 | 4.0 | 24 | 3.9 | 25 | 3.9 | 25 | 3.8 |
| 6.0 K | 24 | 5.7 | 21 | 5.1 | 21 | 4.8 | 20 | 4.6 | 20 | 4.5 | 21 | 4.4 | 21 | 4.3 | 21 | 4.2 | 21 | 4.2 | 22 | 4.1 | 22 | 4.0 | 23 | 4.0 | 23 | 3.9 | 23 | 3.9 | 24 | 3.8 | 24 | 3.8 | 25 | 3.8 |
| 5.9 K | 22 | 5.5 | 20 | 4.9 | 20 | 4.7 | 20 | 4.5 | 20 | 4.4 | 20 | 4.3 | 20 | 4.2 | 21 | 4.1 | 21 | 4.1 | 21 | 4.0 | 22 | 4.0 | 22 | 3.9 | 23 | 3.9 | 23 | 3.8 | 23 | 3.8 | 24 | 3.7 | 24 | 3.7 |
| 5.8 K | 21 | 5.2 | 20 | 4.8 | 19 | 4.6 | 19 | 4.4 | 19 | 4.3 | 20 | 4.2 | 20 | 4.1 | 20 | 4.1 | 21 | 4.0 | 21 | 3.9 | 21 | 3.9 | 22 | 3.8 | 22 | 3.8 | 23 | 3.8 | 23 | 3.7 | 24 | 3.7 | 24 | 3.7 |
| 5.7 K | 20 | 5.0 | 19 | 4.7 | 19 | 4.5 | 19 | 4.3 | 19 | 4.2 | 19 | 4.1 | 19 | 4.1 | 20 | 4.0 | 20 | 3.9 | 21 | 3.9 | 21 | 3.8 | 21 | 3.8 | 22 | 3.7 | 22 | 3.7 | 23 | 3.7 | 23 | 3.6 | 24 | 3.6 |
| 5.6 K | 19 | 4.8 | 18 | 4.5 | 18 | 4.4 | 18 | 4.2 | 18 | 4.1 | 19 | 4.1 | 19 | 4.0 | 19 | 3.9 | 20 | 3.9 | 20 | 3.8 | 21 | 3.8 | 21 | 3.7 | 21 | 3.7 | 22 | 3.6 | 22 | 3.6 | 23 | 3.6 | 23 | 3.5 |
| 5.5 K | 18 | 4.6 | 17 | 4.4 | 17 | 4.3 | 18 | 4.2 | 18 | 4.1 | 18 | 4.0 | 19 | 3.9 | 19 | 3.8 | 19 | 3.8 | 20 | 3.7 | 20 | 3.7 | 21 | 3.7 | 21 | 3.6 | 22 | 3.6 | 22 | 3.5 | 23 | 3.5 | 23 | 3.5 |
| 5.4 K | 17 | 4.5 | 17 | 4.3 | 17 | 4.2 | 17 | 4.1 | 17 | 4.0 | 18 | 3.9 | 18 | 3.8 | 19 | 3.8 | 19 | 3.7 | 19 | 3.7 | 20 | 3.6 | 20 | 3.6 | 21 | 3.5 | 21 | 3.5 | 22 | 3.5 | 22 | 3.4 | 23 | 3.4 |
| 5.3 K | 16 | 4.4 | 16 | 4.2 | 16 | 4.1 | 17 | 4.0 | 17 | 3.9 | 17 | 3.8 | 18 | 3.8 | 18 | 3.7 | 19 | 3.6 | 19 | 3.6 | 19 | 3.6 | 20 | 3.5 | 20 | 3.5 | 21 | 3.4 | 21 | 3.4 | 22 | 3.4 | 22 | 3.3 |
| 5.2 K | 16 | 4.2 | 16 | 4.1 | 16 | 4.0 | 16 | 3.9 | 17 | 3.8 | 17 | 3.7 | 17 | 3.7 | 18 | 3.6 | 18 | 3.6 | 19 | 3.5 | 19 | 3.5 | 20 | 3.5 | 20 | 3.4 | 21 | 3.4 | 21 | 3.3 | 22 | 3.3 | 22 | 3.3 |
| 5.1 K | 15 | 4.1 | 15 | 4.0 | 15 | 3.9 | 16 | 3.8 | 16 | 3.7 | 17 | 3.7 | 17 | 3.6 | 17 | 3.6 | 18 | 3.5 | 18 | 3.5 | 19 | 3.4 | 19 | 3.4 | 20 | 3.4 | 20 | 3.3 | 21 | 3.3 | 21 | 3.3 | 22 | 3.2 |
| 5.0 K | 14 | 4.0 | 15 | 3.9 | 15 | 3.8 | 15 | 3.7 | 16 | 3.6 | 16 | 3.6 | 17 | 3.5 | 17 | 3.5 | 17 | 3.4 | 18 | 3.4 | 18 | 3.4 | 19 | 3.3 | 19 | 3.3 | 20 | 3.3 | 20 | 3.2 | 21 | 3.2 | 21 | 3.2 |

Inlet Enthalpy and Entropy (J/g.K) function of Inlet Pressure and Temperature


Outlet Ideal Enthalpy ( $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g}$ ) function of Inlet Entropy ( $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g} . \mathrm{K}$ ) and Outlet Pressure

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### 4.6 CONTROL LOOPS - TURBINE 4 BY-PASS

### 4.6.1 PFD:



### 4.6.2 TIC-22485 - Turbine 4 by-pass

| TIC-22485 | Object : | 20K Adsorber Temperature by allowing more or less flow in HP Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuator: | PIC-22485 minimum output <br> (ie PV-22485 minimum opening) |
|  | Process Value: | TT-22466 |
|  | Set Point : | 18K* |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.

Note: By acting on PIC-22485 minimum output, this regulator imposes PV-22485 minimum opening. Since PIC-22485 as a Set Point lower than the nominal value for PT-22393 (see section 4.8.4), PIC-22485 will always tend to have a minimum output, and therefore TIC-22485 will act on PV-22485 opening.
PV-22485 shall always remain slightly open even during T4 operation to maintain it cold and ready to operate without disturbing the process.

Therefore, this control loop will always have a minimum output ( $5 \%$ for instance, to be tested and adjusted onsite).

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### 4.6.3 Turbine 4 by-pass valve - Opening action when Turbine 4 stops

When the Turbine 4 is Stopped or Tripped, the by-pass valve PV-22485 already controls the Temperature TT-22466, but may be closed on its minimum opening value (5\%).
PV-22485 opening shall be forced by the system at a higher value. This allows a faster reaction of the valve and avoids too important flow variations in HP Line.
The opening value for PV-22485 shall be calculated to match with the flow in Turbine 4 when the stop occurs. This logic is used in Turbine 4 Stop and Trip sequences.
The calculation below approximates the required valve opening depending on Turbine 4 Flow.
1/ Turbine 4 Flow as a function of Turbine 4 inlet pressure PT-22482:
We can use Turbine 4 inlet pressure PT-22482 as arepresentation of the flow in turbine 4:

$\rightarrow$ We will use this function: $Q m_{\text {Turbine } 4}=14.115 \times P T 22482+90.925$

## 2/ CV of PV-22485 as a function of the calculated Mass Flowrate

PV-22485 shall open to a value that withallow a flow similar to the one in Turbine 4.
In operation, the temperature at PV-22485 will remain between 5.5 K and 7 K and the pressure between 9 atm and 18 atm.
In this Pressure/Temperature range, the helium density varies from $108 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ to $152 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, which represents a total variation of maximum $40 \%$.

| $P(\mathrm{~atm})$ | Density @5.5K <br> $\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | Density @6K <br> $\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | Density @6.5K <br> $\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ | Density @7K <br> $\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | 134.9 | 127.5 | 118.8 | 108.4 |
| 10 | 137.6 | 130.9 | 123.1 | 114.1 |
| 11 | 140.0 | 133.8 | 126.8 | 118.7 |
| 12 | 142.2 | 136.4 | 129.9 | 122.7 |
| 13 | 144.2 | 138.8 | 132.8 | 126.0 |
| 14 | 146.1 | 141.0 | 135.3 | 129.0 |
| 15 | 147.8 | 143.0 | 137.6 | 131.7 |
| 16 | 149.5 | 144.8 | 139.7 | 134.2 |
| 17 | 151.0 | 146.6 | 141.7 | 136.4 |
| 18 | 152.5 | 148.2 | 143.6 | 138.5 |

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We consider the following for PV-22485 Cv calculation:

- Inlet Pressure $=$ Constant $\rightarrow 14 \mathrm{~atm}$.
- Inlet Temperature $=$ Constant $\rightarrow 6.5 \mathrm{~K}$.
- Density of gas $=$ Constant $\rightarrow 136 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
- Cv relation: $C v=k \times Q m \rightarrow k=\sqrt{\rho \times \operatorname{Tin}} /(245 \times \operatorname{Pin})=0.00866$
$\rightarrow$ We use this function: $C v=0.00866 \times Q m$
3/ \% Opening of PV-22485 as a function of the calculated CV
The relation between PV-22485 Cv/and its opening is given below:

$\rightarrow$ We use this function: \%Opening ${ }_{P V-22485}=20.745 \times \operatorname{Ln}(C v)+49.41$
Finally, the approximate required opening for PV-22485 based on PT-22482 before a stop of Turbine 4 would be:

$$
\% \text { Opening } P_{P V-22485}=20.745 \times \Delta n[0.00866 \times(14.115 \times P T 22482+90.925)]+49.41
$$

The table below gives examples of the calculated opening of PV-22485:

| PT-22482 <br> $(\mathrm{atm})$ | Qm <br> $(\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{s})$ | CV <br> $($ USGPM $)$ | PV-22485 <br> \%Open |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 119 | 1.03 | 50 |
| 3 | 133 | 1.15 | 52 |
| 4 | 147 | 1.28 | 54 |
| 5 | 162 | 1.40 | 56 |
| 6 | 176 | 1.52 | 58 |
| 7 | 190 | 1.64 | 60 |
| 8 | 204 | 1.77 | 61 |
| 9 | 218 | 1.89 | 63 |
| 10 | 232 | 2.01 | 64 |
| 11 | 246 | 2.13 | 65 |
| 12 | 260 | 2.25 | 66 |
| 13 | 274 | 2.38 | 67 |
| 14 | 289 | 2.50 | 68 |
| 15 | 303 | 2.62 | 69 |
| 16 | 317 | 2.74 | 70 |
| 17 | 331 | 2.87 | 71 |

Conclusion: Calculation in this Section provides an overall idea about opening range for PV-22485 when T4 is stops: $50 \%$ to $71 \%$. In order to simplify the logic, as soon as a turbine 4 trip/stop is detected, the system shall jump/ramp open PV-22485 to $50 \%$ and then let PID loops (PIC-22485 and TIC-22485) to handle the additional opening regulation.

| (1) Air Liquide | DOCUMENT N$: ~$ C1303-NT-400(5) |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
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### 4.7 CONTROL LOOPS - COLD END BY PASS

### 4.7.1 PFD:

The Cold End by-pass is used to force flow in the Cold Box during the cool down.

TIC-22389 diagram:


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### 4.7.2 TIC-22389: Cold End by-pass

During the cool down of the cold box, PV-22389 has two main roles:

- Drive as much warm gas as possible towards the cold end of the cold box when Cold Box is warm.
- Adjust the gas flow towards the cold end when cold box is cold, and helium gas is more dense.

At the beginning of the cold box, PV-22389 will be fully open.
When the cold box cools down, a controller adjusts the position of PV-22389 to adapt the flow in the HP line to the cool down capacity of the Cold Box.
The comparison between the temperature at 20K adsorber level (TT-22466) and the temperature at PV-22389 level (TT-22386) determines the flow in the HP line.

| TIC-22389 | Object : | Cold end by pass flow |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PV-22389 |
|  | Process Value: | TT-22386 |
|  | Set Point: | SP: $1.3^{*} \times$ TT-22466 if TT-22466 $>30 \mathrm{~K}$ |
|  |  | SP: 1.15* $\times$ TT-22466 if $25 \mathrm{~K}<$ TT-22466 $\leq 30 \mathrm{~K}$ |
|  |  | SP: TT-22466 if TT-22466 $\leq 25 \mathrm{~K}$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.

- V 1 and V 2 shall allow minimum and maximum opening on PV-22389.
- These parameters shall be accessible from the HMI.
- By default, the following values can be set:
(o $\quad V 1=10 \%$
V2=100\%
- These values will be adjusted during commissioning


### 4.8 CONTROL LOOPS - TURBINE 4 DISCHARGE PRESSURE

Turbine 4 discharge pressure is a critical parameter to control.
Indeed, the other turbines are discharging in LPL line or LPR. The discharge volume is important and acts as a buffer, which limits pressure variations.

Turbine 4 discharges in the HP line, a restricted volume limited by five control valves, and located at a temperature level where Helium density varies a lot.
The control philosophy described in this section is inspired from JLAB experience based on the 18 kW Cold Box currently in operation on CHL2.

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| :--- | ---: | ---: |
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### 4.8.1 PFD



### 4.8.2 Control Loops Overview

Five control valves edge turbine 4 discharge circuit. A pressure controller controls each of them directly or indirectly.

PIC-22393 acts on PV-22393 (Dewar inlet valve) and is the main Turbine 4 discharge pressure controller.
The four other pressure controllers will act consecutively to maintain Turbine 4 discharge pressure above its low trip level:


- PV-22393: Dewar inlet valve
- Controlled by PIC-22393, which is the main controller for Turbine 4 discharge pressure.
- PV-22485: Turbine 4 by-pass valve
- Primarily controlled by a Temperature controller TIC-22485 on TT-22466
- A Pressure controller PIC-22485 acts on the minimum output of TIC-22485 to force the valve to open if Turbine 4 discharge pressure drops below 3.0 atm .
- PV-22392: Cold Shields supply valve
- Primarily controlled by a Temperature controller TIC-22392 on TT-22392
- A Pressure controller PIC-22392 acts on the minimum output of TIC-22392 to force the valve to open if Turbine 4 discharge pressure drops below 2.9 atm .
- PV-22390: Subcooler inlet valve
- Primarily controlled by a Level controller LIC-22390 on LT-22195A (see section 4.10.4)
- A Pressure controller PIC-22390 acts on the maximum output of LIC-22390 to force the valve to open if Turbine 4 discharge pressure drops below 2.8 atm.
- PV-22391: 4.5K supply valve
- This valve is more an interface valve than a regulation valve
- However, controller PIC-22391 will close it if Turbine 4 discharge pressure becomes too low.


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### 4.8.3 PIC-22393: Dewar supply

The Dewar supply valve's main objective is to produce LHe in the Dewar. The pressure at Turbine 4 discharge is a good indicator for this valve:

- If the pressure tends to be high, it means that a lot of flow comes from Turbine 4 level.
- The temperature in the Cold Box tends to be cold (Higher liquefaction capacity),
- One of the cold consumers demand decreased (the excess of gas can be liquefied and stored in the Dewar).
- On the contrary, if the pressure tends to be low, it means that a less flow comes from Turbine 4 level:
- The temperature in the Cold Box tends to be high (Lower liquefaction capacity),
- One of the cold consumers demand increased (the deficit of gas shall be compensated by a decrease of the amount of gas that is liquefied and stored in the Dewar).

| PIC-22393 | Object : | Turbine 4 discharge pressure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PV-22393 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22393 |
|  | Set Point : | 3.25 atm |
|  | Action : | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


### 4.8.4 PIC-22485: Turbine 4 by-pass

The Turbine 4 by-pass valve has two main objectives:

- Adjusting the flow in the HP line to cold consumers by controlling the temperature at 20K Adsorbers level (see section 4.6 on TIC-22485), especially when Turbine 4 is Off.
- Helping Controlling the pressure at Turbine 4 discharge

| PIC-22485 | Object : | Turbine 4 discharge pressure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PV-22485 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22393 |
|  | Set Point : | 3.0 atm $^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


### 4.8.5 PIC-22392: Cold Shields supply

The Cold Intercepts supply valve has two main objectives:

- Adjusting the flow to the Cold Intercepts by controlling the return temperature (see section 4.12.3 on TIC-22392)
- Helping Controlling the pressure at Turbine 4 discharge

| PIC-22392 | Object : | Turbine 4 discharge pressure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | Maximum Output of TIC-22392, acting on PV-22392 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22393 |
|  | Set Point : | 2.9 atm $^{*}$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

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### 4.8.6 PIC-22390 - Subcooler supply

The Subcooler supply valve has two main objectives:

- Supplying cold or liquid Helium to the Subcooler (see section 4.10.4 on LIC-22390)
- Helping Controlling the pressure at Turbine 4 discharge

| PIC-22390 | Object : | Turbine 4 discharge pressure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | Maximum Output of LIC-22390, acting on PV-22390 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22393 |
|  | Set Point : | 2.8 atm $^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Direct |

### 4.8.7 PIC-22391: 4.5K supply

| PIC-22391 | Object : | Turbine 4 discharge pressure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PV-22391 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22393 |
|  | Set Point : | 2.7 atm* |
|  | Action: | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.

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### 4.9 CONTROL LOOPS - SUB-COOLER AND DEWAR PRESSURE

### 4.9.1 PFD:

The Subcooler return valve can control the pressure in the subcooler. The set point of the controller PIC22193 will be set at a very low value (1.05 atm for instance) to be sure that PV-22193 is $100 \%$ open. It could be interesting to control the pressure in the subcooler during LINAC pump down to avoid backflow in return line (tbd during commissioning).


### 4.9.2 PIC-22193: Subcooler pressure

| PIC-22193 | Object : | Subcooler pressure control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PV-22193 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22195 |
|  | Set Point : | 1.05 atm* |
|  | Action : | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


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### 4.9.3 PIC-22194: Dewar Pressure

The dewar vapor return valve is dedicated to the control of the pressure in the dewar. Controlling a higher pressure in the dewar compared to the subcooler allows transferring LYe to the subcooler.

| PIC-22194 | Object : | Dewar pressure control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PV-22194 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-31005 |
|  | Set Point : | 1.5 atm $^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


### 4.9.4 PIC-31020: Dewar Overpressure

An additional line supplied by JLAB allows depressurizing the Dewar to the Compression Station via the Atmospheric Heat Exchanger. This depressurization line will be used as a back-up if the pressure increase too much in the Dewar.

| PIC-31020 | Object: | Dewar pressure control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PV-31020 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-31005 |
|  | Set Point: | $1.7 \mathrm{~atm}^{*}$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.

$$
\text { Ple-31020,SP } \rightarrow 1.2 \text { atm (Dewar stop sequence) }
$$

### 4.10 CONTROL LOOPS - SUB-COOLER \& DEWAR LEVEL

### 4.10.1 PFD:

As described in section 4.8.3, the Dewar supply valve will control the pressure downstream Turbine 4.
Therefore, LHe produced by the cold box will primarily be delivered to the Dewar.
The LHe in the subcooler will thus come from the Dewar.
If the cold box capacity exceeds the refrigeration requirements from the users, the LHe level will increase in the Dewar. The Heaters in the Dewar will be used to control the level in the Dewar.


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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

### 4.10.2 LIC-22195A - Subcooler LHe Level (Primary)

| LIC-22195A | Object: | Subcooler level control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PV-22195 |
|  | Process Value: | LT-22195A (Superconductive probe)* |
|  | Set Point : | $70 \%^{*}$ |
|  | Action: | Indirect |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


Note: While 3 different instrumentations are dedicated to the measure of the LHe level in the LHe phase separator, only the lower superconductive probe will be used to control the level.
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The differential pressure transmitter LT-22195C may be used in place of the superconductive probeLT22195A if it is found to offer a more reliable measurement.
Based on the profile of the LHe phase separator and the density of Helium of $120 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ at 1.2 atm pressure, the expected measurements are:

| LT-22195C | Height <br> (in) | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Pressure <br> (mbar) | DPT-22195C | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | $0 \%$ | Bottom of the LHe phase separator |
| $0 \%$ | 2.4 | 59.7 | 0.7 | $2.3 \%$ | Zero of LT 22195A |
| $9 \%$ | 10.4 | 262.9 | 3.2 | $10.7 \%$ | Heaters Interlock |
| $14 \%$ | 14.4 | 364.5 | 4.5 | $15.0 \%$ | Heaters Interlock reset |
| $50 \%$ | 47.4 | 1202.7 | 14.7 | $49.0 \%$ | Top of the Subcooler Exchanger |
| $63 \%$ | 58.5 | 1484.6 | 18.2 | $60.7 \%$ | Level Controller Set Point |
| $75 \%$ | 70.5 | 1789.4 | 21.9 | $73 \%$ | High Level Alarm reset |
| $81 \%$ | 74.5 | 1891.0 | 23.2 | $77.3 \%$ | High Level Alarm |
| $90 \%$ | 82.5 | 2095.5 | 25.7 | $85.7 \%$ | $100 \%$ of LT-22195A / Zero of LT 22195B |
| $95 \%$ | 86.9 | 2207.3 | 27.0 | $90.0 \%$ | Interlock PV-22390 and PV-22195 closed |
| $100 \%$ | 91.3 | 2319.0 | 28.4 | $94.7 \%$ | $100 \%$ of LT 22195B |

### 4.10.3 LIC-22195B - Subcooler LHe Level (Auxiliary)

In case the level would be too high in the subcooler (when cold box is running not connected to the Dewar for instance), a controller acts on the power supply unit HT-22195 which control three pre-wired heaters (EH-22195A, EH-22195B, EH-22195C) in the subcooler.
The set point is set to a high value so that the heater shall not act in normal operation of the system.

| LIC-22195B | Object : | Subcooler level control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | HT-22195 |
|  | Process Value: | LT-22195A (Superconductive probe)* |
|  | Set Point: | $90 \%^{*}$ |
|  | Action: | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.

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### 4.10.4 LIC-22390 - Subcooler LHe Level (Auxiliary)

The subcooler supply valve PV-22390 will supply LHe to the subcooler when the Dewar is not doing it.
The set point will be defined at a lower value than LIC-22195A to ensure that the Dewar remains the primary LHe source to the subcooler.

| LIC-22390 | Object : | Subcooler level control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PV-22390 |
|  | Process Value: | LT-22195A (Superconductive probe)* |
|  | Set Point : | $50 \%{ }^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Indirect |

A minimum output on this controller acts as a minimum opening on PV-22390 to ensure that the valve remains always cold in operation.
The Turbine 4 pressure controller PIC-22390, which helps increasing the pressure if required to avoid Turbine 4 trip, controls the maximum output (refer to section 4.8.6).

### 4.10.5 LIC-31000 - Dewar Level

In order to limit the level in the Dewar, the heaters installed in the Dewar are used to decrease the level.

| LIC-31000 | Object : | Dewar level control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | EH-31000 |
|  | Process Value: | LT-31000 (Superconductive probe) |
|  | Set Point : | $90 \% *$ |
|  | Action : | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


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| :--- | ---: | :--- |
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### 4.11 CONTROL LOOPS - WARM SHIELDS

### 4.11.1 Connection Switch

The warm shields can be connected or disconnected from the Cold Box.
To allow this selection, a dedicated switch must be available on the supervision.

### 4.11.2 DPIC-22241 - Warm Shields Supply flow during Cool Down

During the cool down phase of the Warm Shields, the cold gas is supplied by PV-22441 which will allow cooling the shields down to 80K.

PV-22441 controls a constant pressure drop across the shields. The pressure difference controller acting on PV-22441 is only used:

- during the warm shields cool down
- or during nominal operation of the Warm Shields, when Turbine 1 is OFF

PIC-22441 shall have a set point higher than the one controlled in nominal operation to allow a sufficient cooling flow:


## ■ DPIC-22441: Warm Shields Pressure drop control (Cool Down)

| DPIC-22241 | Object : | Warm Shields Pressure drop control - Cool Down |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PV-22441 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22245-PT-22249 |
|  | Set Point: | 2.5 atm |
|  | Action: | Indirect |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


### 4.11.3 DPIC-22242 - Warm Shields Supply flow during Nominal Operation

In nominal operation, the flow to the warm shields is provided from the outlet line of Turbine 1 via valve PV22245 which is set $100 \%$ open.

In order to allow sufficient flow to the Warm shields, a constant pressure drop across them will be controlled using PV-22242, which duty is to increase the pressure downstream T1:


(\%)

V1 is the minimum position for PV-22242

- Avoids complete closure of the valve
- This shall be accessible from the HMI.
- Indicative value: 20\%


## ■ DPIC-22242: Warm Shields Pressure drop control (Nominal Operation)

| DPIC-22242 | Object : | Warm Shields Pressure drop control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PV-22242 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22245-PT-22249 |
|  | Set Point: | 1 atm |
|  | Action: | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


### 4.12 CONTROL LOOPS - COLD INTERCEPT

### 4.12.1 PFD:



### 4.12.2 PIC-22191 - Cold Intercept Pressure

The control of the pressure in the Cold Intercepts guaranties that the flow is never diphasic.
The pressure in the Cold Intercepts is controlled using the return valve PV-22191.
PIC-22191: Cold Intercepts return Pressure control

| PIC-22191 | Object : | Cold Intercepts Pressure control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator: | PV-22191 |
|  | Process Value: | PT-22191 |
|  | Set Point : | 2.3 atm* |
|  | Action : | Direct |

* Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.


Note: During the cool down of the cold intercepts, the valve used is PV-22192 and the gas is returned in the cool down line. This control loop is used only when the gas returning from the cold intercepts is below 10K. Refer to section 13.1.

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### 4.12.3 TIC-22392 - Cold Intercept Temperature

The flow sent to the Cold Intercepts is controlled by monitoring the return temperature.

- TIC-22392: Cold Intercepts return Temperature control

| TIC-22392 | Object : | Cold Intercepts return Temperature control |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actuator : | PV-22392 |
|  | Process Value: | TT-22191 |
|  | Set Point : | $8 \mathrm{KK}^{*}$ |
|  | Action : | Direct |

Note: This control loop shall be very slow so as not to disturb to much the pressure regulation downstream Turbine 4.
Test Heaters:

1. Warm Shield Heater: EHTR22240
Contactor Command to be on: EHTR22240CMD
User Heat Request \%: EHRT22240RQST [of 30,000 Watts]
Heat Readback: EHTR22240WM
Heater Contactor Status: EHTR22240R
The Conditions for turning off will be if return temp TD22249 $>100 \mathrm{~K}$. Flow F $122245<25 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$, or the valves PV22245/PV22441 being closed or-in-state $\times 600$. OR Signal fatare (TD22249, PDT22245)
2. Cold Shield Heater: EHTR22191
Contactor Command to be on: EHTR22191CMD
User Heat Request \%: EHRT22191RQST [of 4,000 watts]
Heat Readback: EHTR22191 WM
Heater Contactor Status: EHTR22191R
The Conditions for turning off will be if return temp TD $22191>25 \mathrm{~K}$, Flow FT22392<10 g/s, or the valves PV221910/PV221920 being closed or in state X 600 .
3.4.5K Supply Heater: EHTR22190
Contactor Command to be on: EHTR22190CMD
User Heat Request \%: EHRT22190RQST [of 40,000 watts]
Heat Readback: EHTR22190WM
Heater Contactor Status: EHTR22190R
The Conditions for turning off will be if return temp TD22190>100K. Flow FT22190<20 g/s, or the valve PV/22393 being closed


$$
22190, P D T 22190)
$$

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## 5. COOL DOWN LINE LOGIC

### 5.1 PRESENTATION

The cool-down line allows recovering cold helium from:

- The 2K Cold Box (From Sub Atmospheric Line)
- The Cold Intercepts, during their cool down
- The Cold Box cold end by-pass, during cold box cool down.

Note: The Cool Down line also recovers Helium from Warm Shields cool down, but the logic is associated to the Warm Shields Cool Down Logic (See section 12.1).
The temperature inside this line can vary continuously. Helium must be distributed to the corresponding temperature level in the cold box.
Two Cool down line logics are developed:

- One for Cold Box Cool Down and Cold Intercepts Cool Down.
- We call this logic "Transient Modes Cool Down Line Logic"
- This logic is active when:
- Sequence 600 - Cold Box Cool Down is not in Initial step X600
- And PV-22220 is closed (Warm Shields not in Initial Cool Down)
- And Sequence 900-4.5K Supply is in initial step X900.
- This logic uses TT-22189 as main temperature sensor.
- One for Sub Atmospheric line recovery
- We call this logic "Sub Atmospheric Recovery Cool Down Line Logic"
- This logic is active when:
- Sequence 600 - Cold Box Cool Down is in Nominal step X61d
-in X608 or X609 or X610 as in page 92 - in X620 in page 79 (This requires cool down logic to remain active as in X620 we still have 4.5 k Supply ON)
- And Sequence 900-4.5K Supply is not in initial step X900.
- This logic uses TT-22190 as main temperature sensor.

Note: An interlock forces open PV-22110 when PT-22190>3 atm and PT-22190>PT-21000.

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

### 5.2 TRANSIENT MODES COOL DOWN LINE LOGIC



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## PROJECT: LCLS-II 4.5K COLD BOX SYSTEM

The cool down line valves opening logic is as follows:

| Valve | Opening Speed | Closing Speed | Opening Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PV-22110 | $5 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | 10\%/sec | - Not opening condition for PV-22115 \& PV-22135 \& PV-22140 \& PV-22150 \& PV-22 160 \& PV-22180 |
| PV-22115 | 2\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - \|TT-22189-TT-22411|<30K <br> TT-22189 $\geq 70 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22135 | $2 \% / \sec J$ | $10 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | - \|TT-22189-TT-22430|< $<30 \mathrm{~K} J$ <br> - $70 \mathrm{~K}>$ TT-22189 $\geq 40 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22140 | 2\%/sec | $10 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | - \|TT-22189 - TT-22440|<30K <br> - $40 \mathrm{~K}>\mathrm{TT}-22189 \geq 30 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22150 | 2\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - \|TT-22189-TT-22450|<30K <br> - $30 \mathrm{~K}>\mathrm{TT}-22189 \geq 20 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22160 | $2 \% /$ sec |  | - \|TT-22189-TT-22466|<30K <br> - $20 \mathrm{~K}>$ TT-22189 $\geq 10 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22180 | $2 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | $10 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | $\|T T-22189-T T-22470\|<30 K$ <br> $10 K>T T-22189$ |

Note: When the logic is lost for one valve, it starts to close only when the following valve to open is opened at 100\%

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

### 5.3 SUB ATMOSPHERIC RECOVERY COOL DOWN LINE LOGIC



PROJECT: LCLS-II 4.5K COLD BOX SYSTEM
The cool down line valves opening logic is as follows:

| Valve | Opening Speed | Closing Speed | Opening Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PV-22110 | 5\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - Not opening condition for PV-22115 \& PV-22135 <br> \& PV-22140 \& PV-22150 \& PV-22160 \& PV-22180 |
| PV-22115 | 2\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - \|TT-22190 - TT-22411|<30K <br> - TT-22190 $\geq 70 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22135 | 2\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - ITT-22190-TT-22430\|<30K <br> - $70 \mathrm{~K}>\mathrm{TT}-22190 \geq 40 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22140 | 2\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - \|TT-22190 - TT-22440| < 30K <br> - $40 \mathrm{~K}>\mathrm{TT}-22190 \geq 30 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22150 | 2\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - \|TT-22190-TT-22450|<30K <br> - $30 \mathrm{~K}>\mathrm{TT}-22190 \geq 20 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22160 | 2\%/sec | - $10 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | - \|TT-22190-TT-22466|<30K <br> - $20 \mathrm{~K}>\mathrm{TT}-22190 \geq 10 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22180 | 2\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - \|TT-22190-TT-22470|<30K <br> - $10 \mathrm{~K}>\mathrm{TT}-22190>6 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22190 | 0.5\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - 6K > TT-22190 |

Note: When the logic is lost for one valve, it starts to close only when the following valve to open is opened at 100\%

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## 6. OVERALL CONTROL PHILOSOPHY

The following graph is a simplified representation of the overall operation logic. It shows all the automatic sequences and the manual operations allowing operating the Cold Box.


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## 7. SEQUENCE 410 / 430 - VACUUM SYSTEMS

The logic shall be the same for the Upper Cold Box vacuum system (Sequence 410) and the Lower Cold Box Vacuum System (Sequence 430).
This section will be developed based on the tags from Upper Cold Box Vacuum System.
Same logic sequence will be used for LCB Vacuum Sequence replacing the tags in PLC programming.

### 7.1 VACUUM SYSTEM - PRE REQUISITS

- Operator check list (Manual Operation):
- Roughing Pump Disconnect switched "ON"
- Diffusion Pump Disconnect switched "ON"
- Cooling water supply and return valves open (MV-23411, MV-23419)
- MV-23611 (Vacuum Gauge Vent) "Closed"
- MV-23610 (Vacuum Gauge Isolation Valve) "Open"
- MV-23613 (Diffusion Pump Oil Add Port) "Closed"
- MV-23612 (Vacuum Cart Valve) "Closed"
- MV-23616 (Vacuum Cart Valve) "Closed"
- MV-23615 (Roughing Pump Isolation Valve) "Open"
$\rightarrow$ In order to avoid roughing pump overheating, MV-23615 shall be partially open only to limit the flow in the roughing pump until the pressure in the Vacuum shell is lower. This procedure is described in the Operator Manual.
- System permissive:
- E-Stop not engaged
- Instrument Air "ON"
- All actuators to be controllable by the control system (No operator mode)
- No active Alarm or interlock


### 7.2 VACUUM SYSTEM - DIFFUSION PUMPS THERMAL SNAP SWITCHES

- "Cooling-fail thermal snap-switch" - TSH-23610:

This component protects the Diffstak against damage due to failure of the cooling-water supply. If the temperature of the Diffstak increases above the normal operating level, the switch will operate to disconnect the heater from the electrical supply. The switch is preset during manufacture and automatically resets when the temperature of the pump returns to normal. The switch is mounted on the fixing plate, which is permanently attached to the cooling-coil on the Diffstak body.


- "Pump-ready thermal snap-switch" - TSH-23611:

This switch indicates when the pump is in a fully operational state. The switch will operate at a preset temperature level when the jet system in the pump has reached operating temperature. The switch is positioned at the end of the ejector-stage housing.

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### 7.3 VACUUM SYSTEM - START



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### 7.4 VACUUM SYSTEM - STOP OR TRIP

| UCB Vacuum Sequence - Stop or Trip |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| X416 | -Close PV-23611 and PV-23616 - Stop EH-23610 - Start Timer 1 minute | Isolate Vacuum Chamber Stop Diffusion Pump |
| $416$ | - ZSL-23611 <br> - End Timer 1 minute | Gate Valve closed <br> Vacuum Pump Cool down |
| X410 | - Close PV-23611, PV-23614 and PV-23616 -Stop VP-23610 - Stop EH-23610 | Isolate Vacuum Chamber <br> Stop Roughing Pump <br> Stop Diffusion Pump |

### 7.5 VACUUM SYSTEM - EMERGENCY STOP

If an E-stop generates the following:

- Sequence is stopped and reset (Step 410)
- All actuators fail in their safe position


## TURBINE SEQUENCES

JLAB: While entering state X514: SIC is OFF -> SIC output is equal to X\% of the PV22432 opening in order to reach 200 Hz .
SIC turns ON -> TIC turns ON at the same time. Is it required to ramp the speed up to either (i) minimum speed ( 1000 Hz for T 1 ) or (ii) maximum speed ( 2220 Hz for T 1 ) in a $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{s}$ ramp before and then turn TIC ON for further regulation?
ALATUS:(i): No, (ii): No
JLAB:We need to ramp the speed to the new speed set point (in between $1000-2220 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) obtained from Attenuators (and TIC as soon as TIC is ON).
ALATUS:Yes. And if we want to have the option not to start TIC, we can ramp set point to Calculated speed (which is maximal speed * Attenuators coefficients)

## TURBINE SEQUENCES

JLAB:
Before starting SIC, TIC and EIC control loop, do we need to unlatch the manual mode (only once while entering to step X514) and set it to auto mode. This may eliminate error possibility of code if user left it in manual mode during previous run and forget.
ALATUS: Yes
JLAB: Counter argument is $->$ if user really wants to keep one of these control loops in manual mode at X514, then what? ALATUS: He should be able to turn it in manual once it is $1^{\text {st }}$ automatically started in X514.

| (1) Air Liquide | DOCUMENT N$: ~$ C1303-NT-400(5) |  |
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## 8. SEQUENCES - TURBINES

Turbo-expanders rotation is generated by a pressure difference on the Turbo wheel. Starting the turbines consists in opening the inlet valve progressively. The four turbines being on different configurations, there operating sequences slightly differ from one to another.

### 8.1 SEQUENCE 510 - TURBINE 1

### 8.1.1 Turbine 1 - Start

Turbine 1 Sequence - Start

| $510$ | - Turbine 1 Authorization | Switch on the Supervision to be activated by the operator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | If Turbine 1 Authorization switch is removed and Turbine Sequence in step 511, 512, 513 or 514, go to step 515. |
|  | - Turbine 1 Start Order <br> - No Turbine 1 Alarm or Trip condition activated <br> Cool Down Sequence in Step X602 to X610 | From Seq 600 or Switch on the Supervision |
|  |  | Cold Box Cool Down Sequence |
| X511 | =Open PV-22242 at 100\% | Ramp 1\%/s until $20 \%$ then open at 100\% |
| 511$\downarrow$ | -PV-22242 at 100\% |  |
|  | - ZSH-22242 active | PV-22242 open status check |
| X512 | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-Open EV- } 22432 \\ & \text {-Open PV-22432 } \end{aligned}$ | PV-22432 Air supply / fast discharge valve Ramp 0.5\%/s |
| $\underset{\downarrow}{512}$ ¢ ST-22433 $>200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | -ST-22433 $>200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| X513 | - Stop Ramping and Fix opening of PV-22432 at the current value | Stabilization |
| 513 $\downarrow$ -Timer 10 sec | - Timer 10 sec |  |
| X514 | -Start Control loops: <br> -SIC-22432 <br> - TIC-22332 <br> - Ramp TIC-22332 set point <br> -When TT-22432 < 70K, start Control loop <br> -EIC-22436 | Speed Control Loop <br> Ramp speed Set Point (up and down) 50Hz/s <br> Discharge Temperature Control Loop <br> Ramp $=5 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{min}$ from Current to Nominal <br> Efficiency Control Loop (stopped whenever Turbine inlet temperature is higher than 70K or other process values outside of Table Range) |

At this step, the turbine is in nominal mode. The next steps will stop the Turbine.
JLAB:
At X514, if EIC224X6 is OFF; what is the ramp rate (X atm/s) to go back PIC224X6 set point of 5.0 atm ?
ALATUS:
We canagree ondmec

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### 8.1.2 Turbine 1 - Stop

Turbine 1 Sequence - Stop
Furbine 1 Stop Order
14 Or
$\downarrow \quad$ Not Turbine 1 Authorization from step 511, 512, 513 or 514

| X515 | Stop Control loops: -SIC-22432 -TIC-22332 -EIC-22436 Close PV-22432 | Ramp 5\%/sec |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 515 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | $- \text { PV-22432 at } 0 \%$ |  |  |
| X516 | Close EV-22432 Close PV-22242 -Close PV-22245 | Ramp 5\%/s. | . |

PV-22242 = 0\%
ZSL-22242 Activated PV-22242 close status check

| $516$ | ZSL-22242 Activated <br> And <br> PV-22245 = 0\% <br> ZSL-22245Activated | PV-22242 close status check <br> PV-22245 close status check |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X510 | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-Stop Control loops: } \\ & \text {-SIC-22432 } \\ & \text {-TIC-22332 } \\ & \text {-EIC-22436 } \\ & \text {-Close PV-22432, PV-22242 \& PV-22245 } \\ & \text { - Close EV-22432 } \end{aligned}$ | Close ato\% with no Ramp PV-22432 Air supply / fast discharge valve |

### 8.1.3 Turbine 1 - Trip

Turbine 1 Sequence - Trip
511, 512
513, 514, - Cold Box General Trip
515, 516 - Turbine 1 Trip
$\downarrow$


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### 8.2 SEQUENCE 520 - TURBINE 2

### 8.2.1 Turbine 2 - Start

Turbine 2 Sequence - Start

| - Turbine 2 Authorization |  | Switch on the Supervision to be activated by the operator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $520$ <br> - Turbine 2 Start Order |  | If Turbine 2 Authorization switch is removed and Turbine Sequence in step 521, 522, 523 or 524, go to step 525. |
|  |  | From Seq 600 or Switch on the Supervision |
|  | No Turbine 2 Alarm or Trip condition activated Cool down Sequence in Step X603 to X610 | Cold Box Cool Down Sequence |
| X521 | - Open PV-22358 |  |
| 521$\downarrow$ |  |  |
| X522 | - Open EV-22452 <br> - Open PV-22452 | PV-22452 Air supply / fast discharge valve Ramp 0.5\%/s |
| $\begin{gathered} 522 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered} \quad-\mathrm{ST}-22453>200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |
| X523 | - Stop Ramping and Fix opening of PV-22452 at the current value | Stabilization |
| 523$\downarrow$$\quad$-Timer 10 sec |  |  |
| X524 | -Start Control loops: <br> - SIC-22452 <br> -TIC-22352 <br> - Ramp TIC-22352 set point <br> -When TT-22452 < 45K, start Control loop <br> - EIC-22456 | Speed Control Loop <br> Ramp speed Set Point (up and down) 50Hz/s <br> Discharge Temperature Control Loop <br> Ramp $=-5 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{min}$ from Current to Nominal <br> Efficiency Control Loop (stopped whenever <br> Turbine inlet temperature is higher than 45 K or other process values outside of Table Range) |

At this step, the turbine is in nominal mode. The next steps will stop the Turbine

### 8.2.2 Turbine 2 - Stop

Turbine 2 Sequence - Stop
Turbine 2 Stop Order


Not Turbine 2 Authorization from step 521, 522, 523
or 524

| X525 | -Stop Control loops -SIC-22452 -TIC-22352 -EIC-22456 Close PV-22452 | Ramp 5\%/sec | , |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $525$ | -PV-22452 at 0\% |  |  |
| X526 | Close EV-22452 |  |  |
| $526$ | ZSL-22358 |  |  |


| X520 | -Stop Control loops: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | -SIC-22452 |  |
|  | -EIC-22352 |  |
|  | -Close PV-22456 \& PV-22358 |  |
| -Close EV-22452 | Close at 0\% with no Ramp |  |
| PV-22452 Air supply / fast discharge valve |  |  |

### 8.2.3 Turbine 2 - Trip

Turbine 2 Sequence - Trip
$\begin{array}{cl}521,522, \\ 523,524, \\ 525,526 \\ \downarrow & \text { - Cold Box General Trip } \\ & \text { - Turbine } 2 \text { Trip }\end{array}$


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### 8.3 SEQUENCE 530 - TURBINE 3

### 8.3.1 Turbine 3 - Start

Turbine 3 Sequence - Start

|  | - Turbine 3 Authorization | Switch on the Supervision to be activated by the operator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - Turbine 3 Start Order <br> - No Turbine 3 Alarm or Trip condition activated <br> - Cool down Sequence in Step X604 to X610 | If Turbine 3 Authorization switch is removed and Turbine Sequence in step 531, 532, 533 or 534, go to step 535. <br> From Seq 600 or Switch on the Supervision <br> Cold Box Cool Down Sequence |
| X531 | -Open PV-22378 |  |
| $\underset{\substack{531 \\ \downarrow}}{\text { ¢ }}$ |  |  |
| X532 | - Open EV-22472 -Open PV-22472 | PV-22472 Air supply / fast discharge valve Ramp 0.5\%/s |
| $\begin{gathered} 532 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | - ST-22473>200Hz |  |
| X533 | -Stop Ramping and Fix opening of PV-22472 at the current value | Stabilization |
| $\begin{gathered} 533 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | -Timer 10 sec |  |
| X534 | $\begin{aligned} &- \text { Start Control loops: } \\ & \text {-SIC-22472 } \\ &=\text { TIC-22372 } \\ & \text {-Ramp TIC-22372 set point }\end{aligned}$ <br> VIf TT-22472 - TT-22372 $\geq 50 \mathrm{~K}$ Then hold Ramp on TIC-22372 set point. <br> -When TT-22472 < 25K, start Control loop =EIC-22476 | Speed Control Loop <br> Ramp speed Set Point (up and down) 50Hz/s <br> Discharge Temperature Control Loop <br> Ramp $=-5 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{min}$ from Current to Nominal <br> Avoid the risk of having a too high Temperature difference on HX-9. <br> Efficiency Control Loop (stopped whenever Turbine inlet temperature is higher than 25 K or other process values outside of Table Range) |

At this step, the turbine is in nominal mode. The next steps will stop the Turbine

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### 8.3.2 Turbine 3 - Stop

## Turbine 3 Sequence - Stop

Turbine 3 Stop Order

| 534 | Turbine 3 Stop Order <br> Or |
| :---: | :--- |
| $l$ | Not Turbine 3 Authorization from step 531, 532, 533 | or 534


| X535 | -Stop-Control loops: -SIC-22472 - TIC-22372 - EIC-22476 Close PV-22472 | Ramp 5\%/sec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 535 | V-22472 at 0\% |  |

$\downarrow$ PV-22472 at 0\%

| X536 | $\frac{- \text { Close EV-22472 }}{\text {-Close PV-22378 }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\begin{gathered} 536 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | ZSL-22378 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X530 | - Stop Control loops: - SIC-22472 - TIC-22372 - EIC-22476 <br> - Close PV-22472 \& PV-22378 - Close EV-22472 | Close at 0\% with no Ramp PV-22472 Air supply / fast discharge valve |

### 8.3.3 Turbine 3 - Trip

Turbine 3 Sequence - Trip
531, 532,
533, 534

- Cold Box General Trip

535, 536

- Turbine 3 Trip

| X530 | - Stop Control loops: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - SIC-22472 |  |
|  | - TIC-22372 -EIC-22476 |  |
|  | - Close PV-22472 \& PV-22378 | Close at 0\% with no Ramp |
|  | - Close EV-22472 | PV-22472 Air supply / fast discharge valve |

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### 8.4 SEQUENCE 540 - TURBINE 4

### 8.4.1 Turbine 4 - Start

The Turbines 4 is a Joules Thomson Turbine. As such, it is installed in line with the HP Line.
When the Turbine 4 is stopped, the HP Joules Thomson flow is controlled by Turbine 4 by-pass control loop TIC-22485.
This control loop is not stopped when Turbine 4 is in operation.
However, PV-22485 needs to have a lower opening \% compared to PV-22482, the reason being that the flow through Turbine 4 shall be maximized.
Therefore, TIC-22466 set point is set at a higher value than TIC-22485 set point:

- TIC-22466 SP $=18.5 \mathrm{~K}$
- TIC-22485 SP $=18 \mathrm{~K}$


## Turbine 4 Sequence - Start

## - Turbine 4 Authorization

- Turbine 4 Start Order
No Turbine 4 Alarm or Trip condition activated
- No Turbine 4 Alarm or Trip condition activated
- Cold Box Cool Down Sequence in Step X610

Switch on the Supervision to be activated by the operator
If Turbine 4 Authorization switch is removed and Turbine Sequence in step 541, 542, 543 or 544, go to step 545.
From Seq 600 or Switch on the Supervision

Cold Box Cool Down Sequence

| X541 | -Open PV-22388 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 541 <br> $\downarrow$ | - ZSH-22388 |  |
| X542 | -Open EV-22482 <br> -Open PV-22482 | PV-22472 Air supply / fast discharge valve <br> Ramp 0.2\%/s (slower than other turbines) |
| 542 <br> $\downarrow$ | -ST-22483 $>200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |

Note: The cool down of Turbine 4 is a tricky transient phase for the Cold box since it will force warm flow toward the LHe stored in the Subcooler and the Dewar. It must be done very slowly so as to limit the flow of LHe vaporized, and thus limiting the perturbation for the Cold Box.

| X543 | -Stop Ramping and Fix opening of PV-22482 <br> at the current value | Stabilization |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | -Timer 10 sec |  |
| $\qquad 43$ | And | Turbine 4 circuits cold enough to allow more flow <br> through the Turbine |
|  | -TT-22382 <10K |  |

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| X544 | - Start Control loops: <br> -SIC-22482 <br> -TIC-22466 <br> - Ramp TIC-22466 set point <br> - EIC-22486 | Speed Control Loop <br> Ramp speed Set Point (up and down) 50Hz/s <br> 20K Adsorber Outlet Temperature Control <br> Loop <br> Ramp $=+/-0.5 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{min}$ from Current to Nominal <br> Efficiency Control Loop (stopped whenever <br> Turbine inlet temperature is higher than 7K) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

At this step, the turbine is in nominal mode. The next steps will stop the Turbine.

### 8.4.2 Turbine 4 - Stop

## Turbine 4 Sequence - Stop

Turbine 4 Stop Order

| $544$ | Or |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Not Turbine 4 Authorization from step 541, 542, 543 or 544 |  |
| X545 | - Record PT-22482 -lffPV-22485<50\% Hold TIC-22485 and R <br> Then restart TIC-22485 | Ramp 5\%/sec (refer to Section 4.6.3) This is to anticipate the closing of Turbine 4 inlet valve and minimize the impact on the Joules Thomson flow. TIC-22485 remains active |
|  | $P V-22482$ and $P V-22485$ are ramped at the same time: $P V-22482$ to 0\% and PV-22485 to a fixed value. |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 545 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | -PV-22482 at 0\% |  |
| X546 | $\frac{\text { - Close EV-22482 }}{\text { - Close PV-22388 }}$ |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 546 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered} \quad \text { ZSL-22388 }$ |  |  |
| X540 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Stop Control loops: } \\ \text { - SIC-22482 } \\ \text { - TIC-22466 } \\ \text { - EIC-22486 } \\ \text {-Close PV-22482 } \\ \text { - Close EV-22482 } \end{array}$ | PV-22482 Air supply / fast discharge valve |

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### 8.4.3 Turbine 4 - Trip/Emergency Stop

When Turbine 4 is tripped, as when it is stopped, the by-pass valve PV-22485 shall be forced open to a certain value so as to allow HP flow towards the JT valve.

The controller TIC-22485 is already activated (not stopped during Turbine 4 operation), but forcing opening the valve will allow a faster reaction of the system.

2 different Turbine 4 Trips are to be considered however:

- Turbine 4 Trip only: The Trip is not due to a general Cold Box Trip or Emergency Stop.
- Turbine 4 Trip from Cold Box Trip or Emergency Stop.

The difference between the 2 cases is that:

- After a Turbine 4 Trip, the controller TIC-22485 acting on PV-22485 remains active.
- After a Cold Box Trip, the controller TIC-22485 acting on PV-22485 is stopped.


## Turbine 4 Sequence - Trip (Turbine 4 Trip only)



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Turbine 4 Sequence - Trip (Cold Box Trip or Emergency Stop)
541,542,
543,544
545,546
545,546 - Cold Box General Trip / Emergency Stop


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## 9. MANUAL OPERATION - COLD BOX PREPARATION BEFORE COOL DOWN

The Cold Box preparation is a manual operation that is performed from the Supervision system as well as from the Upper Cold Box platform and the Turbines area.

### 9.1 COLD BOX PREPARATION - PRE REQUISITS

- All the utilities are available (compressed air, water, electricity).
- The compression station is in nominal operation.
- Automatic valves are in manual mode and in their failure position (control loop associated).
- Control loops in Manual mode (Stopped).
- No fault is displayed or in progress.
- Turbines bearings valves open:



### 9.2 COLD BOX PREPARATION - MANUAL OPERATIONS

### 9.2.1 Start Turbine Bearings pressure Control Loop and all 4 Brake pressüre Control Loops- From control system supervision

- Open PV-22405 in manual progressively so as not to disturb MCS HP control loop.
- When PT-22405 = 11 Atm, turn ON PIC-22405.
- Turn ON PIC-22436, PIC-22456, PIC-22476, PIC-22486.

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### 9.2.2 Connect Adsorbers to the HP Line

- Connect the 80K adsorber to be used during Cold Box Cool Down
- Open the outlet valve PV-22420A or PV-22420B Opening ramp $=0.5 \% / 5$
- Open the inlet valve PV-22415A or PV-22415B
- Connect the 20 K adsorber
- Open the outlet valve PV-22466
- Open the inlet valve PV-22461


### 9.2.3 Connect HP Cold end to HP Line

- Open T4 by-pass valve at $100 \%$


### 9.2.4 Connection of the Cold Box to the MCS - From Upper Cold Box Platform

- Connect LPL line to the MCS
- Use MV-22101 to equalize pressures between Cold Box and MCS
- Open MV-22100
- Close MV-22101.
- Connect LPR line to the MCS
- Use MV-22201 to equalize pressures between Cold Box and MCS
- Open MV-22200
- Close MV-22201.
- Prepare Cool Down Line
- Check that the Manual Valve between the Vaporizer and the MCS LP Line is open
- Open PV-22110 to equalize pressure between Cool Down Line and MCS
- If PT-22190<1.1 atm, then close PV-22110.
- Connect HP line to the MCS
- Use MV-22401 or MV-22407 to pressurize the Cold Box HP line if PT-22393 $=$ PT-22400

- Close MV-22401 or MV-22407.

pr 22402.

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## 10. SEQUENCE 600 - COLD BOX COOL DOWN

### 10.1 COLD BOX COOL-DOWN - PRE-REQUISITS

- MCS is running in nominal operation.
- Cold Box is pressurized and connected:
- ZSH -22100 \& ZSH -22200
- PV-22400 @ 100\% \& PV-22402 @ 100\%.
- Cold Box vacuum in Upper and Lower Cold Boxes OK
- PT-23610 < 10-3 mbar.
- PT-23630 < 10-3 mbar.
- Adsorbers are connected or by-pass line open:
- PV-22415A \& PV-22420A @100\%, or PV-22415B \& PV-22420B @100\%, or PV-22421 @100\%.
- PV-22461 \& PV22466 @100\%, or PV-22460 @100\%.

A check is necessary to ensure that beds are regenerated before connection.
Else, cool-down can be done using adsorber by-pass.

- LN2 is available

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

### 10.2 COLD BOX COOL-DOWN - PFD



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| :--- | ---: | ---: |
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### 10.3 COLD BOX COOL DOWN - START

During the first step of the cool down, the cold power is mainly brought by the first three turbines and by the liquid nitrogen through HX1A.
Important Note:
During this $1^{\text {st }}$ part of the cool down, a small amount of LN2 is used to minimize temperature difference between:

- HX2 HP stream (Warm) and HX2 LN2 stream (Cold)
- HX1A HP and LPR streams (Warm) and HX1A GN2 stream (Cold)

LN2 control loop is not started, and the control system will only open LN2 supply valve at a small opening so as not to have Liquid level in the LN2 phase separator.
During the beginning of the cool down, only the HP flow sharing control on HX-1B is started.

## Cool Down from 300K to 120 K

## Cold Box Preparation and Flow Circulation

- COLD BOX COOL DOWN START order MCS-is-running in nominal-operationNot a code condition - Manual
checking Cold Box is pressurized and LPR and LPL Lines are connected:

> EZSH-22100\& ZSH-22200

- |P T-22400 - PT -22402|<200 mbar.

HP Line pressurized and ready for connection

- PT -23610 < 10-3 mban

Vacuum in Upper and Lower Cold Boxes OK
600
-PT-23630 < 10-3 mbar.
-80K Adsorbers or by pass valves are connected
$\downarrow$
-PV-22415A \& PV-22420A @100\%
-or PV-22415B and PV-22420B @100\% -or PV-22421 @100\%

- 20K Adsorber or by pass valves are connected
-PV-22461 \& PV22466 @100\%
- or PV-22460 @ $100 \%$
- PV-22246 (Failed Open) open at 100\% -PIC-22405 ON and Bearings pressure OK


601
$\downarrow$
-End of Timer 2 min

## Subcooler Connection

| X602 | $\left.\frac{\text { Start TIC-22400 }}{- \text { Start PIC-22193 }} \text { (Set sp-1:0.5 }\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Initial Output 0\% (PV-22400 closed) } \\ & \text { Set point } 1.05 \mathrm{~atm} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | - Start Cold end by-pass control loop TIC-22389 with a minimum output (minimum opening) at $10 \%$. | Refer to section 4.7 |
| cond. | 22390 at 20 | Opening Ramp 0.2\%/s |
|  | - Close PV-22390 if PT-22195 > 1.5 Atm | Closing Ramp 1\%/s |
| $\times 662$ | - Start Timer 2 min |  |

602
$\downarrow$ -End of Timer 2 min
TURBINES 1, 2, 3 START


At this step (X605), the system will start LN2 supply and Helium circulation in the Cold Box via the Cool down line and the Subcooler.

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## LN2 PRE COOLING START

| X606 | - If LN2 pre-cooling authorized, Start LN2 preliminary supply: <br> If $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { TT- } 22520>120 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { TDT-22520A>-25K } \\ & \text { TDT-22520B>-25K }\end{aligned}\right.$ <br> $\rightarrow$ Open PV-22520 at TDT-22520A_SP <br> If <br> $\rightarrow$ Open PV-22520 at TDT-22520B_SP <br> Else <br> $\rightarrow$ Close PV-22520 <br> -Ramp Maximum Opening of TIC-22389 at 80\% | LN2 pre-cooling Authorization is a variable that can be activated from a the HMI by operator <br> TDT-22520A $=$ TT-22525 - TT-22412 <br> TDT-22520B = TT-22511 - TT-22412 <br> TDT-22520A_SP $=20 \%$ (to be adjusted) <br> Opening Ramp 1\%/s <br> TDT-22520B_SP $=5 \%$ (to be adjusted, the valve shall just be cracked open at this stage to maintain the supply line cold) Opening Ramp 1\%/s <br> Closing Ramp 5\%/s <br> Ramp 2\%/s <br> Opening value to be adjustable from HMI if needed to be reduced. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

Note: PV-22520 opening values shall be adjustable parameters from HMI.
The next step of the cool down happens when the HP temperature downstream HX-1A reaches 120K. At this step, LN2 can be used in normal conditions.

At this step, the cold end-by pass position shall also be continuously adjusted son that the flow in the cool down line is limited while temperature in the cold box decreases.

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

## COOL DOWN FINAL

| 606 <br> $\downarrow$ | Alarm implemented if TT-22412 $>120 \mathrm{~K}$ <br> and LT-22510>25\% |
| :--- | :--- |
| X607 | - Start LN2 Control Loop LIC-22520 | | $\rightarrow$ Set Point (LN2 level) forced at $0 \%$ and then |
| :--- |
| ramped by $2 \%$ / min until the set point value is $70 \%$ |

When the 20K adsorber reaches its nominal temperature around 18K, the JT flow control based on PV-22485 (Turbine 4 by-pass) is started:

| $\begin{gathered} 607 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | [-TT-22466 < 19K | 20K Adsorber at its nominal temperature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X608 | - Set TIC-22485 output at PV-22485 value -then Start TIC-22485 <br> - Start PIC-22485 <br> eClose-PV-22190 (Subcooler Outlet to Cooll <br> Down Line) <br> -Stop TIC-22389: <br> Set-PV-22389 min opening at $0 \%$ and Close PV-22389 | Set Point $=$ TT-22466 then Ramp $0.05 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{min}$ to 18 K (Refer to section 4.6) <br> Set Point $=$ PT-22393 then Ramp $0.05 \mathrm{~atm} / \mathrm{s}$ to 3. Oatm (Refer to section 4.8.4) <br> $\rightarrow P V-22485$ will close slowly Ramp 1\%/s |

TIC-22485 acting on PIC-22485, it is important that the output is initially set at PV-22485 current value to avoid a fast closing of the valve.


At this step, the only remaining condition for the Cold box to be in nominal step is to have the Dewar connection sequence also in nominal step.

609

- Dewar connection sequence in Step X654 Nominal step

| X610 | Cold Box in Nominal Step |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

This step corresponds to the nominal step for the Cold Box.
At this step, Turbine 4 sequence can start or stop upon request of the operator.

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### 10.4 COLD BOX COOL DOWN - STOP

The Cold Box stop sequence stops the Turbines, the LN2 pre-cooling, and isolate the Cold box from its cold interfaces.

## Cold Box Cool Down - Stop

600, 601, 602,
603, 604, 605,
606, 607, 608, Cold Box Stop Order 609, 610
$\downarrow$

| X620 | -Reset Cold box Start order <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> - Sut "Cold Box in Nominal mode" variable at 0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

620
$\downarrow$

| X621 | - Turbine 3 Stop order <br> -4.5K Supply Stop order <br> - Cold Intercepts Stop order <br> -Stop PIC-22390 and LIC-22390 <br> - Close PV-22390 at 0\% <br> - LHe Dewar connection Stop order | No Ramp <br> Will activate step X658 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

621
$\downarrow$

- Turbine 3 Sequence in step 530
$\downarrow \quad-4.5 \mathrm{~K}$ Supply Sequence in step 900
- LHe Dewar Sequence in step 650

| X622 | - Stop TIC-22400 - Close PV-22400 at 0\% - Open PV-22402 at $100 \%$ - Turbine 2 Stop order - Warm Shields Stop order - Stop TIC-22485 and PIC-22485 - Open PV-22485 at 30\% | Ramp 1\%/sec <br> Ramp 1\%/sec <br> Ramp 5\%/s |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 622 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | -Turbine 2 Sequence in step 520 |  |  |
| X623 | - Turbine 1 Stop order - Stop LIC-22520 and close PV-22520 | arnamalay | No rainlo |

623 - Turbine 1 Sequence in step 510,
$\downarrow$-PV-22520 closed

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| X624 | - Close 80K Adsorbers Valves | Closing Ramp 10\%/sec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - Open PV-22421 0\% | No Ramp |
|  | - Close PV-22402 at $100 \%$ | Ramp 1\%/sec |
|  | - Set 80K Adsorber that was connected "Offline" | See section 16.1 |
|  | - Close 20KAdsorber Valves | Closing Ramp 10\%/sec |
|  | - Open PV-22460 | No Ramp |
|  | - Set 20K Adsorber "Offline"3 |  |
|  | - Open PV-22389 at 20\% | Ramp 0.5\%/sec |

At this step, the cold box is stopped and isolated from its cold interfaces.
The warm shields and cold intercepts may still be in their 30 minutes timing to allow cold gas expansion towards the Cool Down line.

The Cold by-pass PV-22389 is opened to depressurize the HP Line.

| $\begin{gathered} 624 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | - Cold Intercepts Sequence in step 800 <br> - Warm Shields Sequence in step 700 | $p \vee 22421 /$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X600 | -Stop TIC-22485, PIC-22485 and Close PV-22485 <br> - Stop TIC-22400 <br> -Close PV-22400 <br> - Close PV-22402 <br> - Stop LIC-22520 and close PV-22520 <br> - Close PV-22421 <br> -Close PV-22415A / PV-22415B <br> - Close PV-22420A / PV-22420B <br> - Stop TIC-22418A/B and stop EHTR-22418A/B <br> - Close PV-22460 <br> - Close PV-22461 / PV-22466 <br> Stop TIC-22465 and stop EHTR-22465 <br> - Stop PIC-22193 and Close PV-22193 <br> - Stop PIC-22390, LIC-22390 and close PV-22390 <br> - Stop LIC-22195B and Stop EH-22195 <br> - Stop TIC-22389 and Close PV-22389 <br> - Stop PIC-22405 and close PV-22405 <br> - Stop PIC-22436 and close PV-22436 <br> -Stop PIC-22456 and close PV-22456 <br> - Stop PIC-22476 and close PV-22476 <br> - Stop PIC-22486 and close PV-22486 <br> - Stop "Transient Modes Cool down line logic" <br> -Stop "Sub Atmospheric Recovery Cool Down Line Logic" |  |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

All Cold Box control loops are stopped and all automatic valves are in their failure position
The Cold Box can be warmed -up manually.
Note: The operator may also want to leave the cold box in cold conditions (for a quick restart operation). In this case, he will open manually all required valves to allow gas expansion in internal lines toward the cool down line (refer to associated Manual operation procedure).
Note: $\quad$ All actions in step X600 shall be latched so that valves can be opened by the operator when Cold Box Cool Down sequence is not started.

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### 10.5 COLD BOX COOL DOWN - TRIP / EMERGENCY STOP

The Cold Box TRIP / Emergency Stop can either be launched by:

- A Cold Box Trip order (refer to the Alarm, Interlock and Trip list)
- The activation of an Emergency switch on the system.

The Cold Box TRIP / Emergency Stop will:

- Force all auxiliary sequences in their initial step (Except the Vacuum Sequence).
- Stop and reset all the control loops,
- Turn all Cold Boxes actuators in their failure position (Except Vacuum skids actuators).


## Cold Box Cool Down - Trip / Stop

600, 601, 602,
$603,604,605$,
$606,607,608$,
$609,610,620$, - Cold Box General Trip / Emergency Stop
$621,622,623$,
624
$\downarrow$


Note: All actions in step X600 shall be latched so that valves can be opened by the operator when Cold Box Cool Down sequence is not started.

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## 11. SEQUENCE 650 - LHE DEWAR CONNECTION MANAGEMENT

This sequence controls the connection of the Dewar with the cold box during the Cold Box Cool Down.
This sequence monitors the temperature difference between the Dewar and the Cold Box to connect the Dewar at the right time. It also adapts the opening of the subcooler during the cool down, depending on the opening condition of the Dewar. This will ensure that not too much flow is sent in the Cold Box.

### 11.1 LHE DEWAR CONNECTION MANAGEMENT - START

## LHE DEWAR CONNECTION

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 650 | "LHe Dewar connection" start order |
| $\downarrow$ | And |
| - Sequence 600 in either of steps X603 |  |
| to X610. |  |

Operator Order from HMI And
Cool down sequence in appropriate step

The subcooler is already connected in the Cold Box in Step X602.
The Dewar is slowly connected to the cold-box. Indeed, the CB and LHe storage can be at cryogenic temperature while the connection line is warm. (A few hours without gas circulation can warm the line up to ambient temperature).

| X651 | -Close PV-22393, PV-22194 and PV-22195 if: <br> -PT-22100 > 1.2 atm <br> -Close PV-22393 if: <br> -PT-31000 > 1.6 atm <br> -Close PV-22195 at 5\% if: <br> -TT-22195<80K <br> Else: <br> Open Dewar Vapor return valve PV 22194 at 100\%/ <br> - Open Dewar LHe return valve PV-22195 at\|100\% <br> -Open Dewar supply valve PV-22393 at 20\% | Ramp 5 \%/s <br> Ramp 5 \%/s <br> Ramp 5 \%/s <br> Opening Ramp 0.05\%/s <br> Opening Ramp 0.05\%/s <br> Opening Ramp 0.01\%/s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

The conditions on PT-22100 and PT-31000 will help avoiding a fast vaporization of LHe during the connection.

Note: The temperature of the Dewar is regarded all along the sequence and drives the opening of PV-22195

- If the Dewar is warm, PV-22195 can be opened to help cold gas circulation in the Dewar
- If the Dewar is cold, this valve does not require to be opened to more than $5 \%$. The small opening allows maintaining the valve cold and limits the transfer of LHe (if any) to the Subcooler.
- If the Dewar is cold, the sequence will move down to the following Steps. These precautions prevents any issue until the sequence reaches the appropriate step.


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651
$\downarrow$

| X652 | Start Dewar pressure control loop PIC-22194 <br> -PV-22195 closed at 5\% if: <br> -TT-22195 < 80K <br> else: Freezes in place <br> - Continue Opening Dewar supply valve PV-22393 at 20\% |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 652 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | -TT-22466<19K |

LHe Dewar is connected
LHe Dewar is depressurized


Same condition that transition 607 in Cold
Box cool down sequence
Set Point = PT-22393 then Ramp 0.05 $\mathrm{atm} / \mathrm{min}$ to 3.25 atm

Dewar is at Liquid Helium Temperature
Enough Level in the Dewar to start Subcooler level main Control loop

- All Set points ramped to their nominal values.

| X654 | Start Dewar level control LIC-31000 <br> - Set a minimum opening of PV-22195 at 5\% <br> $\frac{\text {-If LT-31000 }>25 \% \text { then Start LIC-22195A }}{- \text { Initial Set Point = LT-22195A }}$ | (Refer section 4.10.5) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Then Ramp Set Point to $70 \%$ | Ramp 0.1\%/min |

Step X654 is the nominal step of this sequence.

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| :--- | ---: | :--- |
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### 11.2 LHE DEWAR CONNECTION MANAGEMENT - STOP

## LHE DEWAR CONNECTION STOP

## 651, 652,

653, 654, - "LHe Dewar connection" stop order
$\downarrow$

| X655 | -Stop LIC-22195A and Close PV-22195 <br> -Stop LIC-31000 and Stop Dewar Heaters <br> - Start PIC-31020 | Ramp 5\%/s Set Point = PT- 3100 then ramp at $0.001 \mathrm{~atm} / \mathrm{min}$ to 1.2 atm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $655$ | -PV-22195 closed |  |
| X656 | -Stop PIC-22393 and close PV-22393 | Ramp 0.5\%/s |
| $656$ | -PV-22393 closed <br> PV-22195 closed Cd NH d tho |  |
| X650 | -Stop PIC-22194 and closed PV-22194 <br> - Stop PIC-22393 and close PV-22393 <br> - Stop LIC-22195A and Close PV-22195 <br> - Stop LIC-31000 and Stop Dewar Heaters f |  |

655 $\downarrow$

| X655 | -Stop LIC-22195A and Close PV-22195 <br> -Stop LIC-31000 and Stop Dewar Heaters <br> - Start PIC-31020 | Ramp 5\%/s Set Point = PT- 3100 then ramp at $0.001 \mathrm{~atm} / \mathrm{min}$ to 1.2 atm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $655$ | -PV-22195 closed |  |
| X656 | -Stop PIC-22393 and close PV-22393 | Ramp 0.5\%/s |
| $656$ | -PV-22393 closed <br> PV-22195 closed Cd NH d tho |  |
| X650 | -Stop PIC-22194 and closed PV-22194 <br> - Stop PIC-22393 and close PV-22393 <br> - Stop LIC-22195A and Close PV-22195 <br> - Stop LIC-31000 and Stop Dewar Heaters f |  |

### 11.3 LHE DEWAR CONNECTION MANAGEMENT - TRIP / EMERGENCY STOP

## LHE DEWAR CONNECTION STOP

| $\begin{aligned} & 651,652,653, \\ & 654,655,656, \end{aligned}$ | - Cold Box General Trip / Emergency Stop |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X650 | - Stop PIC-22194 and closed PV-22194 <br> - Stop PIC-22393 and close PV-22393 <br> - Stop LIC-22195A and Close PV-22195 <br> - Stop LIC-31000 and Stop Dewar Heaters |  | 1 |

$\longrightarrow-1+2$

$\qquad$
From Cold Box Cool Down sequence Step X621 3

## 12. SEQUENCE 700 - WARM SHIELDS

### 12.1 WARM SHIELDS - FLOW RETURN LOGIC

The temperature returned from the warm Shields will vary:

- During shields cool down, it will go from 300K down to the nominal temperature $\sim 50 \mathrm{~K}$.
- During shields warm-up, temperature will rise up again.

Therefore, the return line is equipped with three valves allowing the distribution of the gas at the appropriated temperature level in the cold box. The logic will act during the warm shields cool down and warm-up sequences.

$\pi-22249$

| Valve | Opening Speed | Closing Speed | Opening Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PV-22110 | $5 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | $10 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | - PV-22220 Opened <br> - MV-22115 Glosed Not open 50 |
| PV-22115 | $\xrightarrow{2} \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | 10\%/sec | - PV-22220 Opened <br> - Not opening condition for PV22135 \& PV22140\&PV22150 \& PV22160 \& PV22180 \& PV22190 |
| PV-22220 | 4\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - TT-22249 > 80K |
| PV-22225 | 5\%/sec | 10\%/sec | - $80 \mathrm{~K} \geq$ TT-22249 $>65 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| PV-22249 | - $5 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ | 10\%/sec | - TT-22249 565 K |

When the logic is lost for one valve, the valve starts to close only when the following valve opening reaches $50 \%$.

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### 12.2 WARM SHIELDS - START

Note: Warm Shields sequence can be started at any step of the cold box cool down sequence, but it shall not be started while the Cold Intercepts are also in Cool Down sequence. A permissive in the initial transition of the Warm Shields Cool Down prevents this sequence to start if the Cold Intercepts cool down sequence is active.

## Warm Shields - Start to Nominal



This step is the Nominal Step for the Warm Shields

If Turbine 1 stops, the sequence needs to go back to step X702 to supply the Warm Shields with PV-22441:


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### 12.3 WARM SHIELDS - STOP

## Warm Shields - Stop



Step 700 corresponds to the initial step for the Warm Shields.
Step 705 is a "Normal Stop" step before returning to initial step. It allows opening PV-22220 during 30 minutes to allow gas expansion exhaust in the shields return line.

## Q. Air Liquide

### 12.4 WARM SHIELDS - TRIP / EMERGENCY STOP

During a General Cold Box trip or an Emergency Stop, the sequence would go directly back to step 700.

## Warm Shields - Trip / Emergency Stop

701,702,
703,704,
705
$\downarrow$


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## 13. SEQUENCE 800 - COLD INTERCEPTS

### 13.1 COLD INTERCEPTS - START

Note: Cold Shields sequence can only be started when Cold Box is in Nominal Mode.
The Cold Shields can be cooled down simultaneously with the Warm Shields only if warm shields return temperature is below 70K.
In this mode, the Cool down Line is also in Nominal Mode. The gas returning from the Cold Shields will be returned at the appropriate level of Temperature, in the Cold Box.

## Cold Intercepts - Start

- Cold Box Cool Down sequence in step 608, 609 or 610 and PT- $22393<4$ atm
-TT-22249<80K \& PV-22220 closed
- Cold Shields Start Order -Cool Down Line logic active

Cold Box Cold end pressure shall be controlled and low enough to allow cold intercept opening
When TT-22249 <80K (in steps 702 to 704 of Warm Shields), and PV-22220 is closed, it shall be possible to start cold intercept cool-down

| X801 | -Open PV-22192 at 20\% | Ramp 1\%/s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 801 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | - PV-22192 at 20\% <br> -PT-22191<1.4 atm |  |
| X802 | - Start Cold Shields Temperature control TIC-22392 <br> - Start Turbine 4 discharge pressure auxiliary control PIC-22392 with initial output at 100\% | See section 4.12.3 See section 4.8.5 |
| $802$ | -TT-22191<10K |  |
| X803 | - Open PV-22191 at 20\% | Ramp 0.5\%/s |
| $803$ | -PV-22191 at 20\% |  |
| X804 | - Close PV-22192 at 0\% | Ramp 2\%/s |
| $804$ | -PV-22192 at 0\% |  |
| X805 | - Start Cold Shields Pressure control PIC-22191 | See section 4.12.2 |

This step is the Nominal Step for the Cold Shields

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### 13.2 COLD INTERCEPTS - STOP

## Cold Intercepts - Stop

801, 802
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 803, } 804 \text { Fold Shields Stop Order } & \text { From the Operator on HMI or from Cold } \\ 805 & \text { Box Stop Sequence }\end{array}$
$\downarrow$


807
$\downarrow$

| X800 | -Stop Cold Shields Temperature Regulation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IC-22392 |  |  |
|  | - Stop Turbine 4 discharge pressure auxiliary control PIC-22392 |  |  |
|  | - Close PV-22392 at 0\% |  |  |
|  | - Stop Cold Shields Pressure Regulation PIC-22191 |  |  |
|  | - Close PV-22191 at 0\% <br> - Open PV-22192 at 0\% <br> Gose |  |  |

Step 800 corresponds to the initial step for the Cold Shields.
Step 806 is a "Normal Stop" step before returning to initial step. It allows opening PV-22192 during 30 minutes to allow gas expansion exhaust in the shields return-line.

### 13.3 COLD INTERCEPTS - TRIP / EMERGENCY STOP

During a General Cold Box trip or an Emergency Stop, the sequence would go directly backto step 800.

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## Cold Intercepts - Trip / Emergency Stop

801, 802
803, 804
805, 806

- Cold Box General Trip / Emergency Stop
$\downarrow$



## 14. SEQUENCE 900-4.5K SUPPLY

Note: 4.5 K Supply sequence can only be started when Cold Box is in Nominal Mode. The 4.5 K Supply will not be cooled down simultaneously with the Warm Shields.

In this mode, the Cool down Line is also in Nominal Mode. The gas returning from the 2 K Cold Box cool down will be returned at the appropriate level of Temperature, in the Cold Box.

### 14.1 4.5K SUPPLY - START

### 4.5K Supply - Start

- Cold Box Cool Down sequence in step 608,609 or 610 and PT-22393 < 4atm
$900-$ TT-22249 < 80K \& PV-22220 closed
$\downarrow$
-4.5K Supply Start Order

| X901 | - Open PV-22391 at 100\% <br> -Start Cool Down Line Logic for Sub Atmospheric Recovery <br> -Stop "Transient Modes Cool Down Line Logic" | Ramp 0.5\%/s <br> Refer to Section 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $901$ | -PV-22391 at 100\%. |  |
| 902 | - Start Turbine 4 discharge pressure auxiliary control PIC-22391 with initial output at 100\% and Set Point at 2.7 atm | See Section 4.8.7 |

This step is the Nominal Step for the 4.5K Supply

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

### 14.2 4.5K SUPPLY - STOP

### 4.5K Supply - Stop

| $\begin{gathered} 901,902 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-4.5K Supply Stop Order } \\ & \text { OR } \\ & \text { Cold Box stop Order } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X905 | - Stop Turbine 4 discharge pressure auxiliary control PIC-22391 <br> - Close PV-22391 | Ramp 5\%/s |
| $\begin{gathered} 905 \\ \downarrow \end{gathered}$ | -PV-22391 closed |  |
| X900 | -Stop Turbine 4 discharge pressure auxiliary control PIC-22391. <br> -Close PV-22391 at 0\% <br> Stop Cool Down Line Logic for Sub Atmospheric Recovery |  |

### 14.3 4.5K SUPPLY - TRIP / EMERGENCY STOP

### 4.5K Supply - Trip / Emergency Stop



## 15. MANUAL OPERATION - WARM-UP

### 15.1 WARM-UP - PRE REQUISITS

- All the utilities are available (compressed air, water, electricity).
- The compression station is in nominal operation.
- Cold Box stopped sequence completed $\rightarrow$ Step X600
- Automatic valves are in manual mode and in their failure position (control loop associated).
- All Control loops Stopped.
- No fault is displayed or in progress.
- Turbines bearings valves open.

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### 15.2 WARM-UP - DIAGRAM



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### 15.3 WARM-UP - PROCEDURE

Only the Turbines bearing pressure control loop shall be maintained during this sequence to protect the turbines against any mistaken opening of inlet or outlet valves while Cold Box lines are under pressure.

## WARM-UP Manual Procedure

- Check that Turbines Inlet and Outlet valves are closed.
$\downarrow \quad$ - Check that Turbines bearings are operating properly.
- Check that MV-22200 \& MV-22100 are open (ZSH-22200 \& ZSH-22100 active).

| Step 1 | Adsorbers Depressurization, Warm-Up and Regeneration |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | For each adsorber that was used and is cold and under pressure, follow the procedures <br> described in sections: <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> 16.2.1 - Adsorber depressurization - Adsorber warm-up <br> 16.2.2 - Adsorber depressurization before pumping <br> 16.2.5 - Adsorber pumping |

$\downarrow \quad 80 \mathrm{~K}$ and 20K Adsorbers are warm, clean, and filled with Helium at 1 atm.

| Step 2 | LN2 Phase Separator Draining |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | If LN2 is remaining in LN2 phase separator, it must be drained before starting the Warm-up: <br> - Drain LN2 using HV-22512 |

$\downarrow \quad$ - LN2 Phase separator fully drained

| Step 3 | Emptying LHe phase separator |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | If LHe is remaining in the Subcooler, it must be evacuated before starting the warm-up: <br> - Close MV-22100 <br> - Open PV-22110 <br> - Open PV-22190 <br> - Vaporize LHe from subcooler using EH-22195 <br> (This will avoid sub cooling the Heat Exchangers and freezing the LPL outlet Line) |

Note: Step 1, 2 and 3 can be performed simultaneously.

| ( Al | uide | DOCUMENT N ${ }^{\circ}$ : C1303-NT-400(5) <br> PROJECT: LCLS-II 4.5K COLD BOX SYSTEM |  | Page : 96/137 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step 4 | Preparation for Warm-Up |  |  |  |
| 4 | - Open following valves: <br> - PV-22400 \& PV-22402 at 100\% <br> HX1a \& HX1B HP Valves <br> - PV-22421 at 100\% <br> 80K Adsorbers by-pass <br> - PV-22460 at 100\% <br> 20K Adsorbers by-pass <br> - PV-22485 at 100\% <br> Turbine 4 by-pass <br> - PV-22193 at 100\% <br> Sub-Cooler outlet <br> - PV-22191 at 100\% <br> LPL to Cool Down Line <br> - PV-22110 at 100\% Cool Down Line to 300K <br> - Leave Open LPR and LPL inlet valves to allow gas expansion <br> - MV-22100 <br> LPL Outlet Valve <br> - MV-22200 <br> LPR Outlet Valve <br> - Close 80K and 20K Adsorbers: <br> - PV-22415 A/B, PV-22420 A/B <br> 80K Adsorbers in \& out <br> - PV-22461 and PV-22466 <br> 20K Adsorbers in \& out |  |  |  |

$\downarrow \quad$ All valves in position and MCS still running

| Step 5 | Warm Up Cold Box internals |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Open progressively (not more than 5\% steps every 10 sec to avoid Compression Station issues) <br> - PV-22390 up to 50\% <br> - PV-22389 up to 80\% <br> Sub-Cooler inlet <br> Cool Down by-pass |
| 5 | Note: Position of PV-22390 and PV-22389 to be adjusted according to: <br> - The Flow available from the compression station <br> - The capacity of the Atmospheric Exchanger recovering gas from the Cool Down Line along the Continuous Warm-Up |

$\downarrow \quad$ Warm up complete:

| Step 6 | Stop Warm-Up and Isolate Cold Box |
| :---: | :--- |
| 6 | Close PV-22390 and PV22389 progressively (not more than 5\% steps every 10 sec to avoid <br> Compression Station issues) <br> Close all valves opened in Step 3 |
| $\quad \downarrow \quad$ All Valves Closed. |  |

Warm-Up is completed.

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| :--- | ---: | :--- |
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## 16. MANUAL OPERATION - ADSORBERS

### 16.1 ADSORBERS: STATE

## Adsorbers operation is Manual.

The following logic is a proposal intended to help the operation team.
It may or may not be implemented by JLAB.
$\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|}\hline \text { Adsorber } & 80 \mathrm{~K} & 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ \hline \text { Composition } & \begin{array}{c}\mathrm{He} \\ +5 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{N} \\ 2\end{array}+1 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{O}\end{array}\right)$

NOTE: The exact operating time can be adapted if the system is used at partial load or with an impurity content lower than the design values.

The adsorbers can be in different states depending on their temperature, the position of their inlet and outlet valves, the operation of the regeneration Heater, the duration spent online...

Adsorber State is "detected" by the program and displayed to inform the Operating Team.
The logic to switch from one state to the following one is as follows:


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| :---: | :---: | :---: |



### 16.2 ADSORBERS: REGENERATION MANUAL SEQUENCE

Step 1: Isolation
Step 2: Depressurization
Step 3: Warm-up
Step 4: Purging
Step 5: Filling/Connection

### 16.2.1 Adsorber depressurization



In order to limit the waste of He , adsorbers can be depressurized in the Cold Box LPL Line toward the Compression station.
$\rightarrow$ This is allowed only if adsorber temperature is:

- Below 90K for 80K adsorbers
- Below 25K for 20K adsorber.

If temperature is higher, then it is depressurized via the clean-up distribution system to the atmosphere.

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After having isolated the adsorber from the cycle (inlet and outlet process valves closed), the adsorber is depressurized by the operator to the low pressure circuit.
Note: The depressurization of the Adsorber must be smooth, using the depressurization line equipped with the orifice (JLAB scope). This is important to avoid increasing the pressure on the LPL line to the MCS, as well as the risk of fluidization of the Adsorber bed.

When the pressure inside the adsorbers and in the regeneration circuit is below 1,20 atm then depressurization is finished.

### 16.2.2 Adsorber warm-up

The adsorber is depressurized and ready for warm-up.
The electrical heater control loop shall be started from the supervision.
The pressure in the circuit will increase due to helium thermal expansion AND impurities desorption.


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| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | PROJECT: LCLS-III 4.5K COLD BOX SYSTEM | Pa1/137 |

The operator shall open the vent valve to the atmosphere to continuously release the pressure.
The warm-up is considered completed when the internal adsorber temperature reaches:

- 200 K for 80 K adsorbers.
- 120 K for 20 K adsorber

Note: $\quad$ Adsorber wall temperature shall be limited to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(373 \mathrm{~K})$ to avoid insulation damage.

### 16.2.3 Adsorber depressurization before pumping

Regeneration Heater is stopped.
The pressure in the adsorber may be higher than 1 atm depending on the setting pressure of RV23702A in this example.

The pressure shall be decreased down to atmospheric pressure before pumping.


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### 16.2.4 Adsorber pumping

Adsorber is depressurized, the purging pump is started.


The valve to be used on the Atmospheric Heater manifold is the the unrestricted one to limit the pressure drop between the pump and the adsorber.
The pumping operation is intended to remove all impurities remaining in the adsorber.
The pressure in the adsorber at the end of the pumping phase shall be lower than 50 mbar (less than 10 mbar at pump suction).
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### 16.2.5 Adsorber filling



The valve to the purge pump is closed.
The filling operation is intended to fill the adsorber up to 1 atm using the 3 atm He distribution System (JLAB Scope).

Pumping + Filling cycle shall be repeated 3 times to complete the regeneration of the adsorber.

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### 16.2.6 Adsorber re-cool down

The re-cool down of the adsorber after the regeneration is done using cold pure helium from the online adsorber (for the 80K adsorber) or from the by-pass line (for the 20K adsorber).


## The discharge valve of the adsorber is open at $10 \%$.

The cold Helium used to re-cool the adsorber is sent back to the Cold Box LPL line via the atmospheric Heater. The valve to be used on the atmospheric Heater manifold is the one associated with the restriction orifice, to help limiting the cool down flow, and maintain the pressure in the adsorber.

The re-cool down operation is completed when the temperature of the adsorber inlet temperature is as close as 2 K from the outlet temperature.


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| HAZOP node | Alarm / Trip Name | Type | Phase (if specified) | Sensor | Condition | Action | Message | Reset Conditions |
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| HX DELTA TEMPERATURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#1 | -TDT-22400NHiHi | Alarm |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TT-22505 } \\ & \& \\ & \text { TT-22400 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mid \text { TT- } 22400-\mathrm{TT}-22505 \mid>30 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { and } \\ \text { LT- } 22510>25 \% \end{gathered}$ |  | High Temperature difference on $\mathrm{HX}-1 \mathrm{~A}$ Warm End N2 Stream | $\begin{gathered} \mid \text { TT- } 22400-\mathrm{TT}-22505 \mid<25 \mathrm{~K} \\ \mathrm{Or} \\ \text { LT- } 22510<25 \% \end{gathered}$ |
| \#1 | TDT-22400NTriphi | Trip |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { IT-22505 } \\ \& \\ \text { TT-22400 } \end{gathered}$ | $\mid$ TT-22400-TT-22505\|>50K and <br> LT-22510 > 25\% | Cold Box Cool Down Sequence 600 Trip | Too High Temperature difference on HX-1A Warm End N2 Stream | Operator Reset and Or \|TT-22400-TT-22505|<40K Or LT-22510<25\% |
| \#1 | TDT-22400MHiHi | Alarm |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { TT-22201 } \\ \& \\ \text { TT-22400 } \end{gathered}$ | \|TT-22400-TT-22201|>30K and <br> Or Turbine 1 Sequence not in step $\times 510$ Or Turbine 2 Sequence not in step X520 Or Warm Shields Sequence not in step X700 |  | High Temperature difference on HX -1A Warm End LPR Stream | $\mid$ TT-22400-TT-22201\|<25K Or And Turbine 1 Sequence in step $\times 510$ And Turbine 2 Sequence in step $\times 520$ And Warm Shields Sequence in step $\times 700$ |
| \#1 | TDT-22400MTripHi | Trip |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { TT-22201 } \\ \& \\ \text { TT-22400 } \end{gathered}$ | \|TT-22400-TT-22201|>50K and <br> Or Turbine-1 Sequence not in step $\times 510$ Or Turbine 2 Sequence not in step $\times 520$ Or Warm Shields Sequence not in step X700 | Cold Box Cool Down Sequence 600 Trip | Too High Temperature difference on HX -1A Warm End LPR Stream | Operator Reset and $\|\mathrm{TT}-22400-\mathrm{TT}-22201\|<40 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{Or}$ <br> And Turbine 1 Sequence in step X510 And Turbine 2 Sequence in step X520 <br> And Warm Shields Sequence in step X700 |
| \#1 | TDT-22400LHiHi | Alarm |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TT-22101 } \\ & \& \\ & \text { TT-22400 } \end{aligned}$ | \|TT-22400-TT-22101|>30K and <br> Or Turbine 3 Sequence not in step X530 Or PV-22193 >0\%, Or PV-22115>0\% Or PV-22135 >0\%, Or PV-22140>0\% Or PV-22150 >0\%, Or PV-22160 >0\% Or PV-22180 >0\%, Or PV-22190>0\% |  | High Temperature difference on HX -1B Warm End LPL Stream | \|TT-22400-TT-22101|<25K Or <br> And Turbine 3 Sequence in step $\times 530$ And PV-22193=0\%, And PV-22115=0\% And PV-22135=0\%, And PV-22140=0\% And PV-22150=0\%, And PV-22160=0\% And PV-22180=0\%, And PV-22190=0\% |
| \#1 | (TDT-22400LTripHi) | Trip |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { TT-22101 } \\ \& \\ \text { TT-22400 } \end{gathered}$ | TTT-22400-TT-22101\|>50K and <br> Or Turbine 3 Sequence not in step $X 530$ Or PV-22193>0\%, Or PV-22115>0\% OrPV-22135 >0\%, Or PV-22140>0\% Or PV-22150 >0\%, Or PV-22160>0\% Or PV-22180 >0\%, Or PV-22190>0\% | Cold Box Cool Down Sequence 600 Trip | Too High Temperature difference on HX-1B Warm End LPL Stream | Operator-Reset And Or Or- $\|T-22101\|<40 \mathrm{~K}$ And Turbine 32400 Sequence in step $\times 530$ And $\mathrm{PV}-22193=0 \%$, And $\mathrm{PV}-22115=0 \%$ And $\mathrm{PV}-22135=0 \%$. And $\mathrm{PV}-22140=0 \%$ And $\mathrm{PV}-22150=0 \%$, And $\mathrm{PV}-22160=0 \%$ And $\mathrm{PV}-22180=0 \%$, And $\mathrm{PV}-22190=0 \%$ |
| \#1 | TDT-22412NHiHi | Alarm |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { TT-22511 } \\ \& \\ \text { TT-22412 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mid \text { TT- } 22412-\mathrm{TT}-22511 \mid>30 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { and } \\ \text { LT- } 22510>25 \% \end{gathered}$ |  | High Temperature difference on HX-1A Cold End N2 Stream | $\begin{gathered} \mid \text { TT- } 22412-\text { TT- } 22511 \mid<25 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { Or } \\ \text { LT- } 22510<25 \% \end{gathered}$ |
| \#1 | UDT-22412NTripHis | Trip |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { TT-22511 } \\ \& \\ \text { TT-22412 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \|T \mathrm{~T}-22412-\mathrm{TT}-22511\|>50 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { and } \\ 4 \mathrm{~T}-22510>25 \% \end{gathered}$ | Cold Box Cool Down Sequence 600 Trip | Too High Temperature difference on HX-1A Cold End N2 Stream | Operator-Reset and Or \|TT-22412-TT-22511|<40K Or LT-22510 $<25 \%$ |


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|  |  |  <br> Air Liquide creative oxygen |  | DOCUMENT N ${ }^{\circ}$ : C1303-NT-400(0) <br> PROJECT: LCLS-II 4.5K COLD BOX SYSTEM |  |  | $\text { ISTEM } \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Page : } 11 \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |
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| HAZOP node | Alarm : Trip Name | Type | Phase <br> (if specified) | Sensor | Condition | Action | Message | Reset Conditions |
| \#14 | TT-22372LoLo | Alarm |  | TT-22372 | TT-22372 < 5.5K |  | Turbine 3 Discharge Temperature Low | TT-22372 > 5.5K |
| \#14 | TT-22372TripLo | Trip |  | TT-22372 | TT-22372 < 5.0K | Turbine 3 Trip | Turbine 3 Discharge Temperature Too Low | Operator Reset and TT-22372 > 5.5K |
| \#11 | TT-22476HiHi | Alarm |  | TT-22476 | TT-22476 > 370 K |  | Turbine 3 brake temperature high | TT-22476 < 365 K |
| \#11 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { TT-22475TripHi } \\ \hline 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Trip | - | TT-22476 | TT-22476 > 375 K | Turbine 3 Trip | Turbine 3 brake temperature too high | Operator Reset and TT-22476 < 365 K |
| \#11 | TT-22475LOLO | Alarm |  | TT-22475 | TT-22475 < 275 K |  | Turbine 3 bearings temperature low | TT-22475 > 280 K |
| \#11 | TT-22475TripLo | Trip |  | TT-22475 | TT-22475 < 270 K | Turbine 3 Trip | Turbine 3 bearings temperature too low | Operator Reset and TT-22475 > 280 K |
| \#11 | ST-22473TripLo | Trip | Turbine 3 sequence not in step X530 | ST-22473 | ST-22473 < 30 Hz during 5secANDPV-22472 > 10\% | Turbine 3 Trip | Turbine 3 no speed | Operator Reset and PV-22472 closed |
| \#11 | ST-22473 HiHi | Alarm |  | ST-22473 | ST-22473 > 1456 Hz |  | Turbine 3 speed high | ST-22473 < 1450 Hz |
| \#11 | ST-22473TripHi | Trip |  | ST-22473 | ST-22473 > 1498 Hz | Turbine 3 Trip | Turbine 3 speed too high | Operator Reset and <br> ST-22473 < 1450 Hz |
| \#11 | ST-22473CrCr | Alarm |  | ST-22473 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ST- } 22473>760 \mathrm{~Hz} \& \\ \text { ST-22473 }<840 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \text { During } 120 \mathrm{sec} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Turbine 3 in Critical speed Zone | $\begin{gathered} \text { ST- } 22473<760 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { or } \\ \text { ST- } 22473>840 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |
| \#11 | ST-22473TripCr | Trip |  | ST-22473 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { ST- } 22473>760 \mathrm{~Hz} \& \\ \text { ST-22473 }<840 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \text { During } 180 \mathrm{sec} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Turbine 3 Trip | Turbine 3 in Critical speed Zone 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Operator Reset and } \\ \text { ST- } 22473<760 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { or } \\ \text { ST- } 22473>840 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |
| \#15 | PT-22372TripVH | Trip |  | d (PT-22372) / dt | $\frac{\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{PT}-22372 / \mathrm{dt})}{\mathrm{PT}-22372}>30 \% / \mathrm{s}$ | Turbine 3 Trip | T3 discharge pressure Variation High | Operator Reset |
| \#11 | ST-22473TripVH | Trip |  | d(ST-22473) / dt | d(ST-22473/dt) > $200 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{s}$ | Turbine 3 Trip | T3 speed Variation too High | Operator Reset |
| \#11 | PV-22472TripLo | Trip | Turbine 3 sequence not in step X530 | PV-22472 | PV-22472 closed during 180s (Valve Position feedback < 3\%) | Turbine 3 Trip | T3 inlet valve closed | Operator Reset |
| \#11 | PV-22373 TripLo | Trip | , * | ZSH-22378 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not ZSH-22378 during } \\ -180 \text { s in Steps X531 and X536 } \\ \hline-5 s \text { in any other step } \end{gathered}$ | Turbine 3 Trip | T3 Outlet valve opening issue | Operator Reset |


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| HAZOP node | Alarm / Trip Name | Type | Phase (if specified) | Sensor | Condition | Action | Message | Reset Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Turbine 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#12 | PT-22482 HiHi | Alarm |  | PT-22482 | PT-22482 > 18.9 atm |  | Turbine 4 inlet pressure high | PT-22482 < 18.5 atm |
| \#12 | PT-22482TripHi- | Trip |  | PT-22482 | PT-22482 > 19.35 atm | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 inlet pressure too high | Operator Reset and PT-22482 < 18.5 atm |
| \#13 | PT-22382LoLo | Alarm | Turbine 4 sequence not in step X540 | PT-22382 | PT-22382 < 2.76 atm |  | Turbine 4 discharge pressure low | PT-22382 > 2.8 atm |
| \#13 | PT-22382TripLo | Trip | Turbine 4 sequence not in step X540 | PT-22382 | PT-22382 < 2.6 atm | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 discharge pressure too low | Operator Reset and PT-22382 > 2.8 atm |
| \#13 | PT-22382HiHi | Alarm |  | PT-22382 | PT-22382 > 3.9 atm |  | Turbine 4 discharge pressure High | PT-22382 < 3.7 atm |
| \#13 | PT-22382TripHi | Trip |  | PT-22382 | PT-22382 > 4.06 atm | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 discharge pressure too High | Operator Reset and PT-22382 < 3.7 atm |
| \#12 | PDT-22×85LoLo | Alarm |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PT-22485 \& } \\ & \text { PT-22185 } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{PT}-22485-4.6}{\mathrm{PT}-22185}<2.13$ |  | Turbine 4 Bearing Pressure difference low | $\frac{\text { PT }-22485-4.55}{\text { PT }-22185}>2.1$ |
| \#12 | PDT-22X85TripLo | Trip |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PT-22485 \& } \\ & \text { PT-22185 } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { PT }-22485-4.4}{\text { PT }-22185}<2.13$ | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 Bearing Pressure difference too low | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} \text { Operator Reset and } \\ \frac{\text { PT }-22485-4.55}{\text { PT }-22185}>2.1 \end{array} ~ \end{aligned}$ |
| \#12 | PDT-22X8XLoLo | Alarm |  | PT-22486 | PT-22486-PT-22382<-0.06 atm |  | Turbine 4 brake pressure low | PT-22486-PT-22382> -0.06 atm |
| \#12 | PDT-22×8XTriplo | Trip |  | PT-22486 | PT-22486 - PT-22382<-0.19 atm | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 brake pressure too low | Operator Reset and PT-22486 - PT-22382> -0.06 atm |
| \#12 | PDT-22×8×HiHi | Alarm |  | PT-22486 | PT-22486 - PT-22382> 2.74 atm |  | Turbine 4 brake pressure high | PT-22486 - PT-22382<2.74 atm |
| \#12 | PDT-22×8×TripH | Trip |  | PT-22486 | PT-22486 - PT-22382> 2.87 atm | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 brake pressure high | Operator Reset and <br> PT-22486 - PT-22382<2.74 atm |
| \#12 | $\checkmark$ | Turbine 4 Wheel Pressure Formula: PT |  |  |  | $>\mathrm{K} \times \mathrm{PT}$ | $\times\left(\frac{P T-22482}{P T-22382}\right)^{\sigma-1}$ with $\sigma=0.53$ |  |
| \#12 | T4-KHiHi | Alarm |  | PT-22488 | $K>1.20$ |  | Turbine 4 wheel pressure high | $\mathrm{K}<1.20$ |
| \#12 | 4_KTripHi | Trip |  | PT-22488 | $K>1.25$ | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 wheel pressure too high | Operator Reset and $K<1.20$ |
| \#12 | PT-2248×HiHi | Alarm |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PT-22483 \& } \\ \text { PT-22484 } \end{gathered}$ | PT-22483-PT-22484 > 1.5 tm |  | Turbine 4 inlet filter pressure drop High | PT-22483-PT-22484 < 0.2 atm |
| \#12 | PT-2248XTripHi | Trip |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PT-22483 \& } \\ & \text { PT-22484 } \end{aligned}$ | PT-22483-PT-22484 > 2.5 atm | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 inlet filter pressure drop too High | Operator Reset and PT-22483 - PT-22484 < 0.2 atm |


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| HAZOP node | Alarm / Trip Name | Type | Phase (if specified) | Sensor | Condition | Action | Message | Reset Conditions |
| \#14 | TT-22382LoLo | Alarm |  | TT-22382 | TT-22382 < 5.0K |  | Turbine 4 Discharge Temperature Low | TT-22382 > 5.2 K |
| \#14 | TT-22382TripLo | Trip |  | TT-22382 | TT-22382 < 4.5K | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 Discharge Temperature Too Low | Operator Reset and TT-22382 > 5.2 K |
| \#12 | TT-22486HiHi | Alarm |  | TT-22486 | TT-22486 > 370 K |  | Turbine 4 brake temperature high | TT-22486 < 365 K |
| \#12 | TT-22486TripHi | Trip |  | TT-22486 | TT-22486 > 375 K | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 brake temperature too high | Operator Reset and TT-22486 < 365 K |
| \#12 | TT-22485LoLo | Alarm |  | TT-22485 | TT-22485 < 275 K |  | Turbine 4 bearings temperature low | TT-22485 > 280 K |
| \#12 | TT-22485TripLo | Trip |  | TT-22485 | TT-22485 < 270 K | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 bearings temperature too low | Operator Reset and TT-22485 > 280 K |
| \#12 | ST-22483TripLo | Trip | Turbine 4 sequence not in step X540 | ST-22483 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ST- } 22483<30 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \text { during } 5 \mathrm{sec} \text { ANDPV- } 22482>10 \% \end{gathered}$ | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 no speed | Operator Reset and PV-22482 closed |
| \#12 | ST-22483HiHi | Alarm |  | ST-22483 | ST-22483 > 1232 Hz |  | Turbine 4 speed high | ST-22483<1210 Hz - |
| \#12 | ST-22483TripHi | Trip |  | ST-22483 | ST-22483 > 1268 Hz | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 speed too high | Operator Reset and ST-22483 < 1210 Hz |
| \#13 | ST-22483CSCS | Alarm |  | ST-22483 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { ST- } 22483>600 \mathrm{~Hz} \& \\ \text { ST-22483 }<750 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \text { During } 240 \mathrm{sec} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Turbine 4 in Critical speed Zone 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ST- } 22483<600 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { or } \\ \text { ST- } 22483>750 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |
| \#13 | ST-22483TripCS | Trip |  | ST-22483 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ST-22483>600 Hz \& } \\ \text { ST-22483 }<750 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \text { During } 360 \mathrm{sec} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Turbine 4 Trip | Turbine 4 in Critical speed Zone 1 | Operator Reset and ST-22483 < 600 Hz or ST-22483>750 Hz |
| \#13 | PT-22382TripVH | Trip |  | d(PT-22382) / dt | $\frac{\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{PT}-22382 / \mathrm{dt})}{\mathrm{PT}-22382}>11 \% / \mathrm{s}$ | Turbine 4 Trip | T4 discharge pressure Variation High | Operator Reset |
| \#12 | ST22483 TripVH | Trip |  | $\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{ST}-22483) / \mathrm{dt}$ | $\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{ST}-22483 / \mathrm{dt})>200 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{s}$ | Turbine 4 Trip | T4 speed Variation too High | Operator Reset |
| \#12 | PV-22482Tripto | Trip | $\frac{\text { Turbine } 4 \text { sequence }}{\text { not in step } \times 540}$ | PV-22482 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PV-22482 closed during } 180 \mathrm{~s} \\ & \text { (Valve Position feedback <3\%) } \end{aligned}$ | Turbine 4 Trip | T4 inlet valve closed | Operator Reset |
| \#12 | PV-22388TripLo | Trip |  | ZSH-22388 | Not ZSH-22388 during <br> $-180 s$ in Steps $X 541$ and $X 546$ <br> $-5 s$ in any other step | Turbine 4 Trip | T4 Outlet valve opening issue | Operator Reset |

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| Alarm / Trip Name | Type | Phase (if specified) | Sensor | Interlocked equipment (if any) | Condition | Action | Message | Reset Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UCB VACUUM SKID |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DPT-23610TripVH | Trip |  | PT-23610 | PV-23611 | $\Delta \mathrm{PT}-23610>100 \mathrm{mTorr} / \mathrm{min}$ ( $-0.133 \mathrm{mbar} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | Vacuum sequence Trip | System Vacuum failure on UCB | Operator Reset |
| RT-23610TripVH | Trip |  | PT-23610 | PV-23611 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DP-23610 running and } \\ & \text { PT-23610 }>250 \text { mTorr ( } \sim 0.33 \text { mbar) } \end{aligned}$ | Vacuum sequence Trip | System Vacuum failure on UCB | Operator Reset |
| PV-23611ErEr | Alarm |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ZSL-23611 } \\ \text { \& ZSH-23611 } \end{gathered}$ | PV-23611 | ZSL-23611 \& ZSH-23611 off off simultaneously during 1 min |  | Vacuum Gate Valve not fully open/closed on UCB | ZSL-23611 or ZSH-23611 Operator Reset |
| -PV-23611TripEr | Trip |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ZSL-23611 } \\ \text { \& ZSH-23611 } \end{gathered}$ | PV-23611 | ZSL-23611 \& ZSH-23611 simultaneously | Vacuum sequence Trip | Vacuum Gate Valve end switched failure on UCB | Operator Reset |
| PV-23611TripLo | Trip |  | ZSH-23611 | PV-23611 | PV-23611 open order and not ZSH-23611 after 4 sec | Vacuum sequence Trip | Vacuum Gate Valve opening failure on UCB | Operator Reset |
| PV-23611TripHi | Trip |  | ZSL-23611 | PV-23611 | PV-23611 close order and not ZSL-23611 after 4 sec | Vacuum sequence Trip | Vacuum Gate Valve closing failure on UCB | Operator Reset |
| TSH-23610TripHi | Trip |  | TSH-23610 | EH-23610 | TSH-23610 <br> (Temperature over $46^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+1-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Vacuum sequence Trip | Diffusion Pump over heating on UCB | Operator Reset |
| FSL-23418TripLo | Trip |  | FSL-23418 | EH-23610 | FSL-23418 | Vacuum sequence Trip | Cooling water flow on Vacuum skid too low on UCB | Operator Reset |
| VP-23610TripLo | Trp | . | VP-23610 breaker | VP-23610 | VP-23610 breaker stops the pump | Vacuum sequence Trip | Primary Pump breaker failure on UCB | Operator Reset |
| DP-23610TripLo | Trp |  | DP-23610 breaker | DP-23610 | DP-23610 breaker stops the pump | $\underset{\text { Trip }}{\text { Vacuum sequence }}$ | Diffusion Pump breaker failure on UCB | Operator Reset |




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| HAZOP node | Type | Phase (if specified) | Sensor | Interlocked equipment | Condition | Action | Reset Conditions | Fallback position | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DEWAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#13 | Temporary Interlock |  | TT-22393-TT-22193 | PV-22393 | IF (TT-22393-TT-22193) > 45K | Force PV-22393 Maximum Opening at 5\% | (TT-22393-TT-22193) < 30K <br> Ramp Max Opening at $100 \%(1 \% / \mathrm{sec})$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Maximum opening of } \\ \text { PV-22393 back at its value } \\ \underline{\text { before Interlock }} \end{gathered}$ | Limit HP flow in HX-12 if Cold DT High to avoid Cold Box Trip |
| **13 | Temporary Interlock |  | TT-22393-TT-22194 | PV-22393 | IF $\mid$ TT-22393-TT-22194\|>45K | Force PV-22393 <br> Maximum Opening at 5\% | \|TT-22393-TT-22194| < 30K Ramp Max Opening at 100\%(1\%/sec) | Maximum opening of PV-22393-back at its value before Interlock | Limit HP flow to the Dewar if the Dewar is much colder or warmer than Cold Box (Dewar. Connection) |
| \#14 | Temporary - interlock |  | TT-22194 | PV-22194 | TT-22194 > 7K <br> And TT-22193 < 7K | Force PV-22194 Maximum Opening at 10\% | TT-22194 < 6K <br> Ramp Max Opening at 100\%(1\%/sec) | Maximum opening of PV-22194 back at its value before Interlock | Limit warm Flow from Dewar into the Cold Subcooler |
| \#14 | Temporary Interlock |  | PV-22193, <br> TT-22193. <br> TT-22194 | PV-22194 | PV-22193 > 10\%, <br> And TT-22193>80K, <br> And TT-22194 < 10K | Force PV-22194 <br> Maximum <br> Opening at 10\% | TT-22193 < 80K <br> Or TT-22194>10K <br> Ramp Max Opening at $100 \%(1 \% / \mathrm{sec})$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Maximum opening of } \\ & \frac{\text { PV-22194 back at its value }}{\text { before Interlock }} \end{aligned}$ | Prevent cold flow from Dewar to Warm HX12 (Subcooler being also warm) |
| \#14 | Temporary Interlock |  | PV-22193, <br> TT-22193, <br> TT-22195 | PV-22195 | PV-22193>10\% <br> And TT-22193 $>80 \mathrm{~K}$ <br> And TT-22195 < 10K | Force PV-22195 <br> Maximum Opening at 5\% | TT-22193 < 80K Or TT-22195>10K Ramp Max Opening at $100 \%(1 \% / \mathrm{sec})$ | Maximum opening of PV-22195 back at its value before Interlock | Prevent cold flow from Dewar to Warm HX12 (Subcooler being also warm) |
| \#14 | Temporary Interlock | Cold Box Cool Down Sequence in Nominal Step X610 | -T-22195 | RV-22195 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TT}-22195>7 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { and } \mathrm{PV}-22195>10 \% \end{gathered}$ | Force PV-22195 Maximum Opening at $10 \%$ | TT-22195 < 6K Ramp Max Opening at $100 \%(1 \% / \mathrm{sec})$ | - Maximum opening of PV-22195 back at its value before Interlock | Limit warm Flow back in Cold Subcooler |
| \#13 | Temporary Interlock |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LT-22195A } \\ & \text { \& LT-22195B } \end{aligned}$ | PV-22195 | LT-22195A > 90\% <br> \& LT-22195B > 50\% during more than 1 min | Force PV-22195 <br> Maximum Opening at 5\% | LT-22195A $<85 \%$ for more than 1 min <br> Ramp Max Opening at $100 \%$ ( $1 \% / \mathrm{sec}$ ) | Maximum opening of PV-22195 back at its value before Interlock | Limit LHe transfer in Subcooler if Level gets high |

$\Rightarrow$
JLAB:
GENERAL: Some of the interlock action requires valves maximum opening go to an intermediate values (Example $10 \%$ or $5 \%$ etc.). If the valve is at $0 \%$, we wouldn't want
an Interlock to open it to $10 \%$ in that case. Ex: PV22400/402, PV22520, PV22390, PV22193 and Dewar interlocks.
If valve \% opening tries to go beyond the interlocked value X\% (Example 10\%) in above cases, interlock will override and prevent exceeding the interlocked value.
ALATUS:
"If valve \% opening tries to go beyond the interlocked value X\% (Example 10\%) in above cases, interlock will override and prevent exceeding the interlocked value." is
indeed the expected way the interlock shall be coded.

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| Air Liquide <br> cratro orygen | DOCUMENT N ${ }^{\circ}$ : C1303-NT-400(0) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| Input Signal |
| :---: |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |
| $0-100 \%$ |


| Signal Range | Range Supplier |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4-20 mA | 0-500 PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | $0-500$ PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | $0-500$ PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 0-500 PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | 0-500 PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | 0-500 PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 0-500 PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | 0-500 PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | 0-500 PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 0-500 PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0-500$ PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0-500$ PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | $0-500$ PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0-500$ PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0-500$ PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 0-500 PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 0-500 PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | 0-500 PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | 0-500 PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0-250$ PSIA |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0-250$ PSIA |
| 4-20 mA | 0-250 PSIA |




- Differential Pressure Transmitters

| Differential Pressure Transmitters |  |  |  | 入 |  |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tag | Process Range | Manufacturer | Model | Signal Range | Range Supplier | Input Signal | $\begin{gathered} \text { Program } \\ \text { conversion } \end{gathered}$ | Display |
| RIS9.10 PDT-22461 | 0-2 Atm | GE UNIK | 5000 PTX50G2-TB-A1-CA-HO-PE Pressure Range: 0-2 atm, Wet/wet differential | 4-20 mA | $\begin{gathered} 0-2 \text { Atm (0-2026 } \\ \text { mbar) } \end{gathered}$ | 0-100\% | 0-100\% | 0-2026 mbar |
| RIS8.2 O FT-22245 | 0-45 mbar | Endress+Hauser | PMD55-AA21BD67DGBHAJA2A+N3PB | 4-20 mA | 0-100 mbar | 0-45\% | 0-100\% | $0-45 \mathrm{mbar}$ |
| RIS10. 13 FT-22391 | 0-30 mbar | Endress+Hauser | PMD55-AA21BD67DGBHAJA2A+N3PB | 4-20 mA | $0-100 \mathrm{mbar} \backslash$ | 0-30\% | 0-100\% | $0-30 \mathrm{mbar}$ |
| RIS10.14 FT-22392 | $0-30 \mathrm{mbar}$ | Endress+Hauser | PMD55-AA21BD67DGBHAJA2A+N3PB | 4-20 mA | 0-100 mbar | 0-30\% | 0-100\% | 0-30 mbar |
| RIS8.3 OFT-22432 | 0-30 mbar | Endress+Hauser | PMD55-AA21BD67DGBHAJA2A+N3PB | 4-20 mA | 0-100 mbar | 0-30\% | 0-100\% | $0-30 \mathrm{mbar}$ |
| RIS8 $/ \geqslant 0 \mathrm{FT}-22452$ | 0-20 mbar | Endress+Hauser | PMD55-AA21BD67DGBHAJA2A+N3PB | 4-20 mA | 0-100 mbar | 0-30\% | 0-100\% | $0-20 \mathrm{mbar}$ |
| R1510.45 $\rightarrow$ FT-22472 | 0-30 mbar | Endress+Hauser | PMD55-AA21BD67DGBHAJA2A+N3PB | 4-20 mA | 0-100 mbar 0 | 0-30\% | 0-100\% | 0-30 mbar |
| R158.5 OFT-22482 | 0-30 mbar | Endress+Hauser | PMD55-AA21BD67DGBHAJA2A+N3PB | 4-20 mA | 0-100 mbar | 0-30\% | 0-100\% | $0-30 \mathrm{mbar}$ |
| R1s9.14 PDT-22195C B | 0-30 mbar | Endress+Hauser | PMD55-AA21BD67DGBHAJA2A+N3PB | 4-20 mA | 0-100 mbar | 0-30\% | 0-100\% | 0-30 mbar |
| 2156.4 PP IT-22510 | 0-0.2 Atm. | GE UNIK | 5000 PTX50G2-TB-A1-CA-HO-PE Pressure Range: 0 to 5 psi Wet/wet differential | 4-20 mA | $\begin{gathered} 0-5 \text { psi }(0-340 \\ \text { mbar } 344 \cdot 74 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 0-56\% | 0-100\% | 0-190 mbar |
| 21S6. 5 ¢ PDT-22414 | 0-2000 mbar | GE UNIK | 5000 PTX50G2-TB-A1-CA-HO-PE Pressure Range: 0 to 2000 mbar Wet/wet differential | 4-20 mA | 0-2000 mbar | 0-100\% | 0-100\% | 0-2000 mbar |

- Superconductive Probes Transmitters

| Tag | Process <br> Range | Manufacturer | Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LT-22195A | $4.5-450 \mathrm{~K}$ | American <br> Magnetics | Model 1700 He Only |
| LT-22195B | $4.5-450 \mathrm{~K}$ | American <br> Magnetics | Model 1700 He Only |

R1S6.8 VT 31000
RIS 6.9 PDT 31005
RIS6.10 VPT31005
R1S6.11 TCG 31091
R159.13 $\because$ PT 22487

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |


*Equations for calculating Pressure Versus Analog Output Voltage for the Granville-Phillips 275912-EU vacuum gauge:

| on where $y=$ Pressure and $x=$ Voltage | Coefficients |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a | ${ }^{-0.02585}$ |
|  | b | 0.03767 |
| bx+cx ${ }^{2}+\mathrm{dx}^{3}+\mathrm{ex}^{4}+5 \mathrm{x}^{3} \times 1133.3$ | $c$ | ${ }^{0.04563}$ |
| $\left.a+b x+c x^{2}+d x^{3}+e x^{4}+f x^{5}\right) \times 1333$ | d | 0.1151 |
|  | e | $-0.04158$ |
|  | 1 | 0.008737 |
| $y_{\text {tor }}=\frac{a+c x+e x^{2}}{1+b x+d x^{2}+t x^{1}}$ | a | 0.1031 |
|  | b | -0.3986 |
| $m_{m}=\left(\frac{a+c x+e x^{2}}{1+b x+d x^{2}+[x}\right) \times 133.3$ | c | ${ }^{-0.02322}$ |
|  | d | ${ }^{0.07438}$ |
|  | - | 0.07229 |
| $=\left(\frac{a+c x+e e^{2}}{1+b x+d x^{2}+f x^{\prime}}\right) \times 1.333$ | f | -0.006866 |
| $y_{t x n}=\frac{a+c x}{1+b x+d x^{2}}$ | a | 100.624 |
|  | b | -0.37679 |
|  | $c$ | -20.5623 |
| $y_{m s}=\left(\frac{a+c x}{1+b x+d x^{2}}\right) \times 133.3$ | d | 0.0348656 |


21. APPENDIXE 3 - VENTURI FLOW CALCULATION

### 21.1 VENTURI FLOW CALCULATION - INTRODUCTION

 All flow are obtained by means of venturi tubes (pressure differential devices) and calculated according to ISO 5167.The Venturi elements are defined in the Data Sheet document C1303 DS 460 (2). The following equation is used to calculate the mass flow going through the flow element.

$$
Q_{m}=\frac{C}{\sqrt{1-\beta^{4}}} \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot d^{2}}{4} \cdot \sqrt{200 \cdot \Delta P \cdot \rho}
$$

The correction factor $k=\frac{C}{\sqrt{1-\beta^{4}}} \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot d^{2}}{4} \cdot \sqrt{200}$ is calculated for the design case and is considered constant. The formula is simplified:

$$
Q_{m}=k \sqrt{\Delta P \cdot \rho}
$$ density will be calculated using two different ways:

For flowmeters operating in cold temperatures (Turbine 4 inlet - FT-22482 / Cold Intercepts supply - FT-22392 / 4.5K supply - FT-22391), helium In higher temperature conditions ( $T>7 \mathrm{~K}$ ), when the Helium behaves like a perfect gas, we use the following equation:
The density is calculated from tabulated values from Hepack thermodynamic library to be implemented in the program. The density value shall then be calculated from Pressure and Temperature:

$$
\text { With: } \quad Q_{m}[\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{s}], d[\mathrm{~m}], \Delta P[\mathrm{mbar}], \rho[\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m} 3]
$$ With: $\quad P[k P a], T[K], \quad R=8.314 / 4.003=2.077 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kg} . \mathrm{K}$

In lower temperature conditions ( $\mathrm{T}<7 \mathrm{~K}$ ), density tables are provided for each flowmeter. The density shall be taken from this table based on
-. Pi, Pj, Ti, Tj and the associated density: pii, pij, pji, pjj can all be found in the input chart. - P and T are measured parameter: $\mathrm{Pi}<\mathrm{P}<\mathrm{Pj}$ and $\mathrm{Ti}<\mathrm{T}<\mathrm{Tj}$


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21.2 VENTURI FLOW CALCULATION - PARAMETERS
The following Table provides the coefficients to be used for each Flowmeter, as well as examples of calculation which gives an indication of the inaccuracy that can be expected from the calculation only (the inaccuracy coming from the measurement loop is indicated in Flowmeters Data Sheet document C1303 DS 460 (2)).

|  | C | $\beta$ | d | $\varepsilon$ | k | Pin | Tin | PProcess | Pcalcul | PTable | $\Delta \mathrm{P}$ | Qmprocess | Qmcalcul | Errorcalcu | Qmtable | Errortable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FT-22245 | 1 | 0.414 | 34.3 mm | 1 | 0.0133 | 3.7 bara | 37.4 K | $4.7 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | $4.8 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | NA | 45 mbar | $190.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | $194.3 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | 2.0\% | NA | NA |
| FT-22432 | 1 | 0.402 | 33.3 mm | 1 | 0.0125 | 18.1 bara | 55.5 K | $15.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | $15.7 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | NA | 30 mbar | $261.4 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | $270.4 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | 3.4\% | NA | NA |
| FT-22452 | 1 | 0.422 | 34.9 mm | 1 | 0.0138 | 18.0 bara | 29.9 K | $27.6 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | $28.9 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | NA | 20 mbar | $318.6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | $331.3 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | 4.0\% | NA | NA |
| FT-22472 | 1 | 0.348 | 28.8 mm | 1 | 0.0093 | 17.9 bara | 16.5 K | $53.1 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | $52.2 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | NA | 30 mbar | $367.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | $367.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | 0.1\% | NA | NA |
| ET-22482 | 1 | 0.400 | 21.9 mm | 1 | 0.0054 | 17.9 bara | 6.9 K | $139.3 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | $124.7 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | $139.4 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | 30 mbar | $344.3 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | $330.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | 4.2\% | 348.9.9/s | 1.3\% |
| FT-22391 | 1 | 0.310 | 17.0 mm | 1 | 0.0032 | 3.3. bara | 4.6 K | $129.9 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | $34.9 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | $128.9 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | 30 mbar | $200.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | $104.2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | 47.9\% | $200.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | 0.1\% |
| FT-22392 | 1 | 0.194 | 8.3 mm | 1 | 0.0008 | 3.0 bara | 5.4 K | $94.8 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | 26.6 kg/m 3 | $94.7 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | 30 mbar | $40.6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | $21.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ | 47.0\% | 40.6 g/s | 0.0\% |

Based on the process tables provided in the next section, the program calculates the following densities:

21.3 VENTURI FLOW CALCULATION - PARAMETERS
21.3.1 FT-22482 - Density Tabulation
9



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| N | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 0 \\ \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ \infty \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \sim \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|c} \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \underset{\sim}{c} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \end{array}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{N}} \underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{2}} \underset{\sim}{\dot{N}}$ | $$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\substack{c \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \hline} \underset{\sim}{\infty}}{\substack{2}}$ |  | $\stackrel{N}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$ | $\infty$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \hdashline \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | flo |  | $\underset{f}{f}$ | $\underset{\sim}{c}$ | $\mathfrak{c}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { g} \\ & \dot{f} \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{N} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{n} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| or | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{6}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & \frac{\infty}{\sim} \\ & \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \underset{\sim}{\sim} & \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \underset{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|c} \infty \\ \stackrel{\sim}{c} \\ \underset{\sim}{n} \\ \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{y}{x}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} n \\ \dot{y} \\ \vdots \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} m \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{2}$ | - |
| $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \dot{\varrho} \\ \hline \end{array}\right\|$ | $\mathfrak{c}$ | ֵֻ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \boldsymbol{\sim} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | N | $\begin{array}{l\|l} N \\ \underset{\sim}{N} \\ \sim \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{N}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|c} \underset{\sim}{j} & \underset{\sim}{j} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | + | 0 |  |  | $\infty$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & m \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline-\bar{n} \\ \hline \stackrel{y}{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ | - |
| ก | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \hline-\underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | no | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{m} \\ & \stackrel{y}{c} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | N | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \sim \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{*}} \underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{*}} \underset{\sim}{2}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\mathrm{N} \\ \hline \\ \hline}}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & \frac{9}{2} \end{aligned}$ | N | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \stackrel{n}{2} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |
| $\stackrel{\ominus}{\omega}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline+ \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\stackrel{\text { O}}{\underset{\mathrm{N}}{2}}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\mathrm{N}}}{ }$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{N}{\mathrm{~N}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \stackrel{\sim}{\circ} \\ \stackrel{\sim}{\infty} \\ \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ \sim \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $y \underset{z}{y}$ | $\underset{\ddagger}{\mathscr{F}}$ |  | $0$ | $\stackrel{i}{i}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} n \\ \\ \end{array}$ | $$ |
| ®ٌ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{r} \\ & \dot{i} \\ & \stackrel{i}{7} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ}}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n}}$ | $\underset{\sim}{f}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{3}{\sim}$ | 0 0 0 |  |  | $$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{m}{c}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $0$ |  |  | - | $$ |  |  | $$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \dot{C} \\ \end{array}$ |
| Hi | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{9} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{9}{\mathrm{~N}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\mathrm{~N}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \substack{c \\ \underset{\sim}{c} \\ \hline} & \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{c} \underset{\sim}{c}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{+}$ |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{i}{i n}$ | Niv | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \dot{N} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { m } \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$ | $$ |
| ఱో | $\stackrel{O}{\mathrm{C}}$ | $$ |  | $\underset{\sim}{\top}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \infty & \sim \\ \stackrel{\sim}{c} \\ \stackrel{\sim}{c} & \stackrel{\sim}{r} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ddot{0}$ | $\underset{\sim}{2}$ | $\stackrel{?}{\Omega} \underset{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \\ \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\,\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\sim} \\ & \dot{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\sim}{i}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \cdots \\ & \sim \\ & \end{aligned}$ | - |
| N్ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \hat{N} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \stackrel{\infty}{\infty} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \underset{\sim}{\mathrm{N}} \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{c}{9}$ |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{e}} \underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{n}} \underset{\sim}{n}$ |  |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\dot{\sigma}} \underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\bullet}{\dot{j}} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\tau} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{e}} \underset{\sim}{d}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} y \\ \underset{y}{c} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 듣 | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{n}$ | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \\ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \omega \\ \stackrel{n}{n} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N} \\ & \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} n \\ \dot{n} \\ \end{array}$ | N |
| $\bar{i}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \underset{\sim}{N} \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\underset{\sim}{\text { Nin }}$ |  | הָ | $\begin{aligned} & \sim \\ & \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | $\stackrel{\Gamma}{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & \stackrel{y}{6} \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \substack{n \\ \stackrel{\mu}{n} \\ \underline{n}} \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 0 \\ \substack{n \\ \\ \hline \\ \hline} \end{array}\right.$ |  | $\underset{\sim}{n}$ | $\stackrel{3}{1}$ |
| $\sim$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \sim \\ \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \hline \end{array}\right\|$ | $\underset{\sim}{\mathrm{N}}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{\substack{0 \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \hline \\ \hline}}{2}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|c} \infty \\ \infty \\ \underset{\sim}{c} & \underset{\sim}{c} \\ \underset{\sim}{c} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \underset{\sim}{n} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\stackrel{\substack{9 \\ \\ \hline}}{ }$ |  | بٌ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{R} \end{gathered}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{N} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} m \\ i n \\ i \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ \\ \end{gathered}\right.$ | - |
| E | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | $\stackrel{\sim}{\circ}$ |  | $0 \stackrel{\sim}{\circ}-$ |  | ? | $\stackrel{\sim}{\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}} \underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\circ} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\circ} \mid$ |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\circ}$ | $?$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\circ$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\circ}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{4}{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  | $11$ |  | $\mathrm{RO}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{N}^{\circ}: \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0(0) \\ & \mathbf{B O} \end{aligned}$ | SY | TEM |  | ge | 34/1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21.3.2 FT-22391-Density Tabulation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Density (kg/m3) |  | FT-22391 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | TT-22391 (K) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 6 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PT- } \\ & 22391 \\ & \text { (atm) } \end{aligned}$ | 2.5 | 132.9 | 131.2 | 129.3 | 127.3 | 125.1 | 122.6 | 119.8 | 116.6 | 112.8 | 107.9 | 100.9 | 86.5 | 54.8 | 44.7 | 39.8 | 36.5 | 34.1 | 32.1 | 30.5 | 29 |
|  | 2.6 | 133.3 | 131.6 | 129.8 | 127.8 | 125.7 | 123.3 | 120.6 | 117.6 | 114.0 | 109.6 | 103.6 | 94.0 | 70.2 | 51.7 | 44.3 | 40.0 | 36.9 | 34.6 | 32.7 | 31 |
|  | 2.7 | 133.7 | 132.0 | 130.2 | 128.3 | 126.2 | 123.9 | 121.3 | 118.4 | 115.1 | 111.0 | 105.8 | 98.2 | 83.7 | 61.3 | 50.0 | 44.0 | 40.1 | 37.3 | 35.0 | 33 |
|  | 2.8 | 134.1 | 132.4 | 130.7 | 128.8 | 126.8 | 124.5 | 122.0 | 119.3 | 116.1 | 112.3 | 107.6 | 101.2 | 91.0 | 72.5 | 57.0 | 48.8 | 43.8 | 40.3 | 37.6 | 35 |
|  | 2.9 | 134.4 | 132.8 | 131.1 | 129.3 | 127.3 | 125.1 | 122.7 | 120.0 | 117.0 | 113.4 | 109.1 | 103.6 | 95.5 | 81.9 | 65.2 | 54.4 | 47.9 | 43.6 | 40.4 | 37 |
|  | 3 | 134.8 | 133.2 | 131.5 | 129.7 | 127.8 | 125.7 | 123.3 | 120.8 | 117.9 | 114.5 | 110.5 | 105.5 | 98.8 | 88.5 | 73.5 | 60.8 | 52.7 | 47.3 | 43.4 | 40 |
|  | 3.1 | 135.1 | 133.6 | 131.9 | 130.2 | 128.3 | 126.2 | 123.9 | 121.5 | 118.7 | 115.5 | 111.8 | 107.2 | 101.4 | 93.0 | 80.8 | 67.6 | 57.9 | 51.4 | 46.7 | 43 |
|  | 3.2 | 135.5 | 134.0 | 132.3 | 130.6 | 128.7 | 126.7 | 124.5 | 122.1 | 119.4 | 116.4 | 112.9 | 108.7 | 103.5 | 96.5 | 86.5 | 74.1 | 63.5 | 55.8 | 50.4 | 46 |
|  | 3.3 | 135.8 | 134.3 | 132.7 | 131.0 | 129.2 | 127.2 | 125.1 | 122.8 | 120.2 | 117.3 | 114.0 | 110.1 | 105.3 | 99.2 | 90.9 | 80.0 | 69.1 | 60.5 | 54.2 | 49. |
|  | 3.4 | 136.1 | 134.7 | 133.1 | 131.4 | 129.6 | 127.7 | 125.6 | 123.4 | 120.9 | 118.1 | 115.0 | 111.3 | 106.9 | 101.5 | 94.3 | 85.0 | 74.5 | 65.4 | 58.3 | 53. |
|  | 3.5 | 136.5 | 135.0 | 133.5 | 131.8 | 130.1 | 128.2 | 126.2 | 124.0 | 121.6 | 118.9 | 115.9 | 112.4 | 108.4 | 103.4 | 97.2 | 89.0 | 79.4 | 70.1 | 62.5 | 56 |
|  | 3.6 | 136.8 | 135.4 | 133.8 | 132.2 | 130.5 | 128.7 | 126.7 | 124.5 | 122.2 | 119.6 | 116.7 | 113.5 | 109.7 | 105.1 | 99.5 | 92.4 | 83.8 | 74.7 | 66.8 | 60 |
|  | 3.7 | 137.1 | 135.7 | 134.2 | 132.6 | 130.9 | 129.1 | 127.2 | 125.1 | 122.8 | 120.3 | 117.5 | 114.4 | 110.8 | 106.6 | 101.6 | 95.2 | 87.5 | 79.0 | 70.9 | 64 |
|  | 3.8 | 137.4 | 136.0 | 134.5 | 133.0 | 131.3 | 129.6 | 127.7 | 125.6 | 123.4 | 121.0 | 118.3 | 115.3 | 111.9 | 108.0 | 103.3 | 97.7 | 90.7 | 82.8 | 74.9 | 67 |
|  | 3.9 | 137.7 | 136.3 | 134.9 | 133.4 | 131.7 | 130.0 | 128.1 | 126.1 | 124.0 | 121.6 | 119.0 | 116.2 | 113.0 | 109.3 | 104.9 | 99.7 | 93.5 | 86.2 | 78.6 | 71 |
|  | 4 | 138.0 | 136.7 | 135.2 | 133.7 | 132.1 | 130.4 | 128.6 | 126.6 | 124.5 | 122.2 | 119.7 | 117.0 | 113.9 | 110.4 | 106.4 | 101.6 | 95.9 | 89.3 | 82.0 | 75 |

21.3.3 FT-22392 - Density Tabulation

| FT-22392 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Density (kg/m3) |  | TT-22392(K) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 6 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PT- } \\ & 22392 \\ & \text { (atm) } \end{aligned}$ | 2.5 | 132.9 | 131.2 | 129.3 | 127.3 | 125.1 | 122.6 | 119.8 | 116.6 | 112.8 | 107.9 | 100.9 | 86.5 | 54.8 | 44.7 | 39.8 | 36.5 | 34.1 | 32.1 | 30.5 | 29.2 | 28.0 | 26.9 | 26.0 | 25.1 | 24.3 | 23.6 | 23.0 | 22.4 | 21.8 |
|  | 2.6 | 133.3 | 131.6 | 129.8 | 127.8 | 125.7 | 123.3 | 120.6 | 117.6 | 114.0 | 109.6 | 103.6 | 94.0 | 70.2 | 51.7 | 44.3 | 40.0 | 36.9 | 34.6 | 32.7 | 31.1 | 29.8 | 28.6 | 27.5 | 26.6 | 25.7 | 24.9 | 24.2 | 23.5 | 22.9 |
|  | 2.7 | 133.7 | 132.0 | 130.2 | 128.3 | 126.2 | 123.9 | 121.3 | 118.4 | 115.1 | 111.0 | 105.8 | 98.2 | 83.7 | 61.3 | 50.0 | 44.0 | 40.1 | 37.3 | 35.0 | 33.2 | 31.7 | 30.3 | 29.1 | 28.1 | 27.1 | 26.3 | 25.5 | 24.8 | 24.1 |
|  | 2.8 | 134.1 | 132.4 | 130.7 | 128.8 | 126.8 | 124.5 | 122.0 | 119.3 | 116.1 | 112.3 | 107.6 | 101.2 | 91.0 | 72.5 | 57.0 | 48.8 | 43.8 | 40.3 | 37.6 | 35.4 | 33.7 | 32.1 | 30.8 | 29.6 | 28.6 | 27.7 | 26.8 | 26.0 | 25.3 |
|  | 2.9 | 134.4 | 132.8 | 131.1 | 129.3 | 127.3 | 125.1 | 122.7 | 120.0 | 117.0 | 113.4 | 109.1 | 103.6 | 95.5 | 81.9 | 65.2 | 54.4 | 47.9 | 43.6 | 40.4 | 37.9 | 35.8 | 34.1 | 32.6 | 31.3 | 30.1 | 29.1 | 28.1 | 27.3 | 26.5 |
|  | 3 | 134.8 | 133.2 | 131.5 | 129.7 | 127.8 | 125.7 | 123.3 | 120.8 | 117.9 | 114.5 | 110.5 | 105.5 | 98.8 | 88.5 | 73.5 | 60.8 | 52.7 | 47.3 | 43.4 | 40.5 | 38.1 | 36.1 | 34.5 | 33.0 | 31.7 | 30.6 | 29.6 | 28.6 | 27.8 |
|  | 3.1 | 135.1 | 133.6 | 131.9 | 130.2 | 128.3 | 126.2 | 123.9 | 121.5 | 118.7 | 115.5 | 111.8 | 107.2 | 101.4 | 93.0 | 80.8 | 67.6 | 57.9 | 51.4 | 46.7 | 43.3 | 40.5 | 38.3 | 36.4 | 34.8 | 33.4 | 32.1 | 31.0 | 30.0 | 29.1 |
|  | 3.2 | 135.5 | 134.0 | 132.3 | 130.6 | 128.7 | 126.7 | 124.5 | 122.1 | 119.4 | 116.4 | 112.9 | 108.7 | 103.5 | 96.5 | 86.5 | 74.1 | 63.5 | 55.8 | 50.4 | 46.3 | 43.1 | 40.6 | 38.5 | 36.7 | 35.1 | 33.7 | 32.5 | 31.4 | 30.4 |
|  | 3.3 | 135.8 | 134.3 | 132.7 | 131.0 | 129.2 | 127.2 | 125.1 | 122.8 | 120.2 | 117.3 | 114.0 | 110.1 | 105.3 | 99.2 | 90.9 | 80.0 | 69.1 | 60.5 | 54.2 | 49.6 | 45.9 | 43.0 | 40.7 | 38.6 | 36.9 | 35.4 | 34.0 | 32.8 | 31.8 |
|  | 3.4 | 136.1 | 134.7 | 133.1 | 131.4 | 129.6 | 127.7 | 125.6 | 123.4 | 120.9 | 118.1 | 115.0 | 111.3 | 106.9 | 101.5 | 94.3 | 85.0 | 74.5 | 65.4 | 58.3 | 53.0 | 48.9 | 45.6 | 42.9 | 40.7 | 38.8 | 37.1 | 35.7 | 34.3 | 33.2 |
|  | 3.5 | 136.5 | 135.0 | 133.5 | 131.8 | 130.1 | 128.2 | 126.2 | 124.0 | 121.6 | 118.9 | 115.9 | 112.4 | 108.4 | 103.4 | 97.2 | 89.0 | 79.4 | 70.1 | 62.5 | 56.6 | 52.0 | 48.3 | 45.3 | 42.8 | 40.7 | 38.9 | 37.3 | 35.9 | 34.6 |
|  | 3.6 | 136.8 | 135.4 | 133.8 | 132.2 | 130.5 | 128.7 | 126.7 | 124.5 | 122.2 | 119.6 | 116.7 | 113.5 | 109.7 | 105.1 | 99.5 | 92.4 | 83.8 | 74.7 | 66.8 | 60.3 | 55.2 | 51.2 | 47.8 | 45.1 | 42.8 | 40.8 | 39.0 | 37.5 | 36.1 |
|  | 3.7 | 137.1 | 135.7 | 134.2 | 132.6 | 130.9 | 129.1 | 127.2 | 125.1 | 122.8 | 120.3 | 117.5 | 114.4 | 110.8 | 106.6 | 101.6 | 95.2 | 87.5 | 79.0 | 70.9 | 64.1 | 58.6 | 54.1 | 50.4 | 47.4 | 44.9 | 42.7 | 40.8 | 39.1 | 37.6 |
|  | 3.8 | 137.4 | $136 . C$ | 134.5 | 133.0 | 131.3 | 129.6 | 127.7 | 125.6 | 123.4 | 121.0 | 118.3 | 115.3 | 111.9 | 108.0 | 103.3 | 97.7 | 90.7 | 82.8 | 74.9 | 67.8 | 61.9 | 57.1 | 53.1 | 49.8 | 47.1 | 44.7 | 42.6 | 40.8 | 39.2 |
|  | 3.9 | 137.7 | 136.3 | 134.9 | 133.4 | 131.7 | 130.0 | 128.1 | 126.1 | 124.0 | 121.6 | 119.0 | 116.2 | 113.0 | 109.3 | 104.9 | 99.7 | 93.5 | 86.2 | 78.6 | 71.5 | 65.3 | 60.2 | 55.9 | 52.3 | 49.3 | 46.7 | 44.5 | 42.6 | 40.8 |
|  | 4 | 138.0 | 136.7 | 135.2 | 133.7 | 132.1 | 130.4 | 128.6 | 126.6 | 124.5 | 122.2 | 119.7 | 117.0 | 113.9 | 110.4 | 106.4 | 101.6 | 95.9 | 89.3 | 82.0 | 75.0 | 68.6 | 63.2 | 58.7 | 54.8 | 51.6 | 48.8 | 46.4 | 44.3 | 42.5 |

### 22.4 CONTROL LOOPS PID - COLD END

22.5 CONTROL LOOPS PID - WARM AND COLD SHIELDS


[^0]:    * Indicative Values: Accessible from HMI.

