

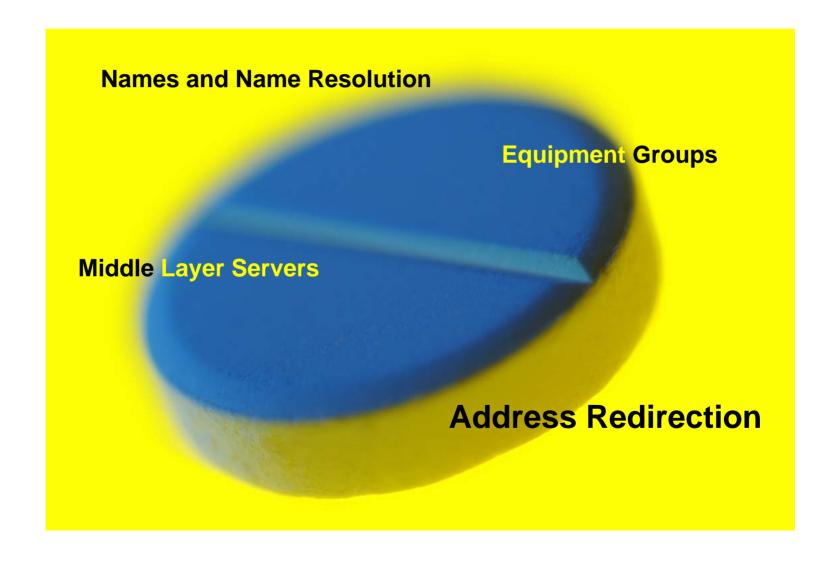
# 'Device Address Redirection' as a tool in the TINE control system

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## Active Ingredients



# Control System Naming

XYZ/PQR/QZ157-W

No hierarchical structure matches all needs

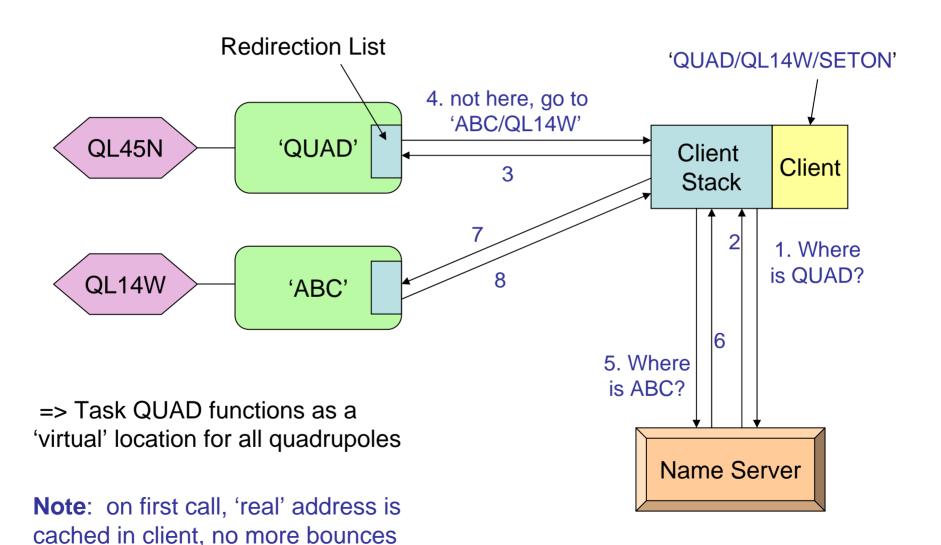
- □ Computer (server) –oriented (~ TINE)
   easy, but doesn't match accelerator structure
- □ Wild-card –oriented ?
  barbaric, freezes in one view of system
- □ Accelerator functionality –oriented ?
  requires sophisticated name resolution

## **Equipment Groups**

for large distributed control systems (from my experience with ~1400 asst. Magnet PS)

- ☐ Need versatile, overlapping groups for different accelerator activities (flexibility)
- ☐ Groups should be defined and encapsulated below the console client level (middle layer)
- □ Need to implement some groups as client/server devices with their own methods ('business logic')

#### 'Device Address Redirection'



#### **Current Uses**

- □ Redirect device property requests (e.g. history requests go to archive server)
- □ Create virtual servers with lists of devices distributed across 'real' servers. A special 'Group Name Server' has been implemented.
- ☐ For FLASH linac, a 'Half-Virtual Server' provides a single point of access for magnet PS devices and PS groups distributed over multiple servers.

#### Some Comments

- ☐ Is Redirection a **Terrific Feature**, or a **Kludge**?
  - For a large distributed system, complete centralization of the name resolution can become quite complicated (dynamic registration, permutations), and encapsulation of information at a lower level may be a cleaner solution
- ☐ Trying to load too much functionality into control system names is asking for trouble. It is better to have flexible mechanisms for grouping devices as needed.
- ☐ Use middle layer groups to encapsulate business logic and protect your console clients from low level details

(but this has limited relation to redirection!)