

TREK @ J-PARC: Beyond the Standard Model with Stopped K^+

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Outline

- **TREK Program**

- **E06: Search for Time Reversal Symmetry Violation**
- **E36: Test of Lepton Universality**
- **Search for Heavy Neutrinos**
- **Search for Light Bosons**

} Lower intensity

- **TREK Apparatus**

- **Status**



E36 data taking completed!

<http://trek.kek.jp>

The TREK program

- **E06**

(Time Reversal Experiment with Kaons, TREK)

“ **Measurement of T-violating transverse muon polarization (P_T) in $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu$ decays** ”

Proposal to PAC 1

100-270 kW

Stage-1 approved since July 2006

Spokespeople: Jun Imazato and M.K.

- **E36** (Test of Lepton Universality,
Search for Heavy Neutrinos and Light Bosons)

“ **Measurement of $\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu) / \Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu)$ and search for heavy sterile neutrinos using the TREK detector system** ”

Proposal to PACs 10-11,13-18

30-50 kW

Stage-1 approved since August 2012

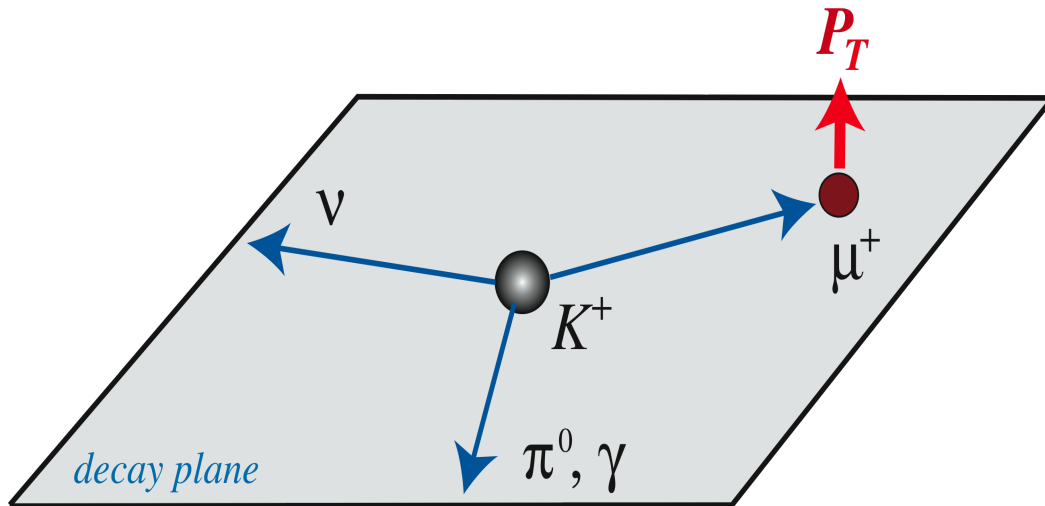
Stage-2 approved since September 2013

Spokespeople: M.K. and Suguru Shimizu

Timeline of TREK

- 2006: E06 (T-violation) Proposal (PAC1)
- 2009: J-PARC PS and HF start operating
- 2010: E36 (LFU/HNS) Proposal (PAC10)
- 2011: E36 stage-1 recommended (PAC11)
- 2012: E36 stage-1 approved (PAC15)
- 2013: E36 stage-2 recommended (PAC17)
- 2014: E36 stage-2 approved (PAC18)
- **Detector preparation November 2014 – April 2015**
- **First commissioning run April 8 (24) – May 7, 2015**
- **Second commissioning run June 3 – 26, 2015**
- **Implemented improvements in summer 2015**
- **Production run October 14 – November 24, 2015**
- **Run extended until December 18, 2015**

TREK/E06: Transverse muon polarization



- $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu$
- Decay at rest
- T-odd correlation

$$P_L = \frac{\vec{\sigma}_\mu \cdot \vec{p}_\mu}{|\vec{p}_\mu|},$$

$$P_N = \frac{\vec{\sigma}_\mu \cdot (\vec{p}_\mu \times (\vec{p}_\pi \times \vec{p}_\mu))}{|\vec{p}_\mu \times (\vec{p}_\pi \times \vec{p}_\mu)|},$$

$$P_T = \frac{\vec{\sigma}_\mu \cdot (\vec{p}_\pi \times \vec{p}_\mu)}{|\vec{p}_\pi \times \vec{p}_\mu|}.$$

$P_T \neq 0 \Rightarrow$ T violation
 (CPT theorem) \Rightarrow CP violation
 Sakurai 1957

KEK-E246:

$P_T = -0.0017 \pm 0.0023(\text{stat}) \pm 0.0011(\text{sys})$
 ($|P_T| < 0.0050$: 90% C.L.)

M. Abe et al., PRL83 (1999) 4253

M. Abe et al., PRL93 (2004) 131601

M. Abe et al., PRD72 (2006) 072005

Limits of lepton universality (LU)

- **e, μ , and τ : Different masses, same gauge couplings, valid experimentally**
- **μ -e universality has been rather well established**
- **Recent summary by A. Pich, arXiv:1201.0537v1 [hep-ph] (2012)**

	$\Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow \nu_\tau e \bar{\nu}_e} / \Gamma_{\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu e \bar{\nu}_e}$	$\Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow \nu_\tau \pi} / \Gamma_{\pi \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu}$	$\Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow \nu_\tau K} / \Gamma_{K \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu}$	$\Gamma_{W \rightarrow \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau} / \Gamma_{W \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu}$
$ g_\tau/g_\mu $	1.0007 ± 0.0022	0.992 ± 0.004	0.982 ± 0.008	1.032 ± 0.012
	$\Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow \nu_\tau \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu} / \Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow \nu_\tau e \bar{\nu}_e}$	$\Gamma_{\pi \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu} / \Gamma_{\pi \rightarrow e \bar{\nu}_e}$	$\Gamma_{K \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu} / \Gamma_{K \rightarrow e \bar{\nu}_e}$	$\Gamma_{K \rightarrow \pi \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu} / \Gamma_{K \rightarrow \pi e \bar{\nu}_e}$
$ g_\mu/g_e $	1.0018 ± 0.0014	1.0021 ± 0.0016	0.998 ± 0.002	1.001 ± 0.002
	$\Gamma_{W \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu} / \Gamma_{W \rightarrow e \bar{\nu}_e}$		$\Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow \nu_\tau \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu} / \Gamma_{\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu e \bar{\nu}_e}$	$\Gamma_{W \rightarrow \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau} / \Gamma_{W \rightarrow e \bar{\nu}_e}$
$ g_\mu/g_e $	0.991 ± 0.009	$ g_\tau/g_e $	1.0016 ± 0.0021	1.023 ± 0.011

- **Recent development of τ spectroscopy**

$$\tau_\tau, m_\tau, \tau_\tau/\tau_\mu = (m_\tau/m_\mu)^5 (g_\tau/g_\mu)^2, \text{ couplings to } W \text{ and } Z^0$$

- **LEP-II [PDG 2010]** $R_{\tau\ell}^W = \frac{2 \text{BR}(W \rightarrow \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\text{BR}(W \rightarrow e \bar{\nu}_e) + \text{BR}(W \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu)} = 1.055(23)$

2.4 σ dev.

- **BABAR [Phys. Rev. D 82, 072005 (2010)]**

$$\mathcal{R}(D^{(*)}) = \mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau) / \mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell)$$

3.5 σ dev.

- **LHCb [Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 151601 (2014)]**

$$\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-) / \text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ e^+ e^-) = 0.745^{+0.090}_{-0.074} \pm 0.0036$$

2.6 σ dev.

- **Possible link to proton charge radius puzzle**

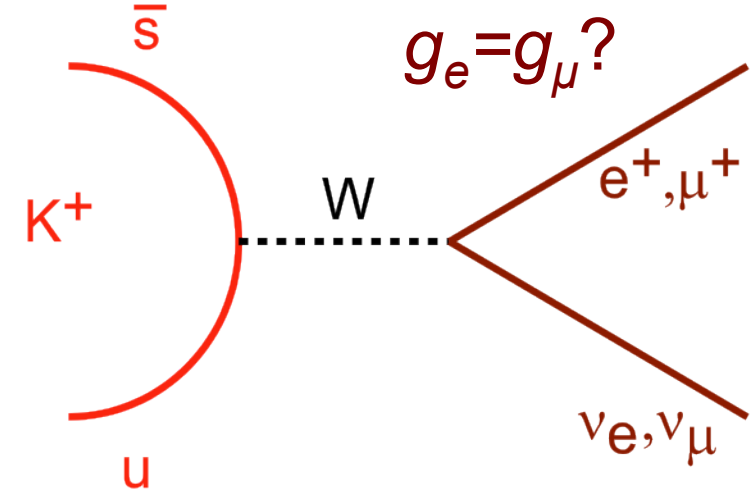
7 σ dev.

$$r_e (\mu\text{H}) = 0.84087 \pm 0.00039 \text{ fm}, \quad r_e (\text{CODATA2010}) = 0.8775 \pm 0.0051 \text{ fm}$$

Lepton universality in Standard Model K_{l2}

Standard Model:

- $$\Gamma(K_{l2}) = g_l^2 \frac{G^2}{8\pi} f_K^2 m_K m_l^2 \left(1 - \frac{m_l^2}{m_K^2}\right)^2$$
- In the ratio of $\Gamma(K_{e2})$ to $\Gamma(K_{\mu2})$, hadronic form factors are cancelled



- $$R_K^{SM} = \frac{\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu)}{\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu)} = \frac{m_e^2}{m_\mu^2} \left(\frac{m_K^2 - m_e^2}{m_K^2 - m_\mu^2} \right)^2 \underbrace{(1 + \delta_r)}_{\text{radiative correction (Internal Brems.)}}$$

helicity suppression

- Strong helicity suppression of the electronic channel enhances sensitivity to effects beyond the SM
- Highly precise SM value

$$R_K^{SM} = (2.477 \pm 0.001) \times 10^{-5} \text{ (with } \delta_r = -0.036\text{); } \delta R_K / R_K = 0.04\%$$

V. Cirigliano, I. Rosell, Phys. Rev. Lett. 99, 231801 (2007)

Experimental status of R_K

- Highly precise SM value

$$R_K = (2.477 \pm 0.001) \times 10^{-5} \text{ (with } \delta_r = -0.036), \quad \delta R_K/R_K = 0.04\%$$

V. Cirigliano, I. Rosell, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **99**, 231801 (2007)

- KLOE @ DAΦNE (in-flight decay)

$$R_K = (2.493 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.019) \times 10^{-5}$$

F. Ambrosino et al., *Eur. Phys. J. C* **64**, 627 (2009)

- NA62 @ CERN-SPS (in-flight decay)

$$R_K = (2.488 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.007) \times 10^{-5}$$

C. Lazzeroni et al., *PLB* **719**, 105 (2013)

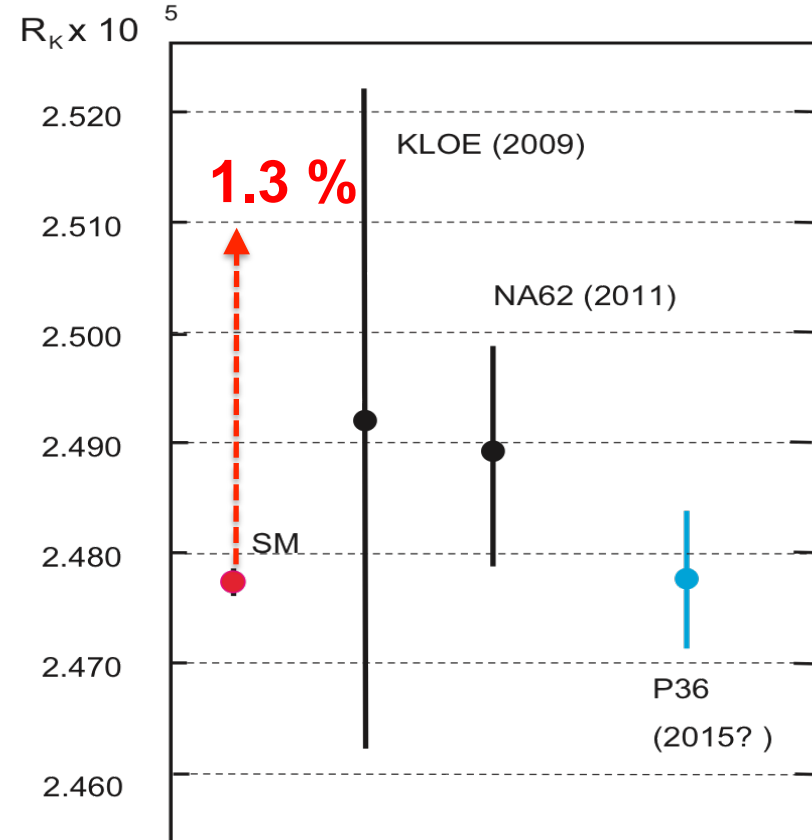
- World average (2012)

$$R_K = (2.488 \pm 0.009) \times 10^{-5}, \quad \delta R_K/R_K = 0.4\%$$

- Systematics:

- In-flight-decay experiments: kinematics overlap
- E36 stopped K^+ : detector acceptance and target
- E36 complementary to in-flight experiments

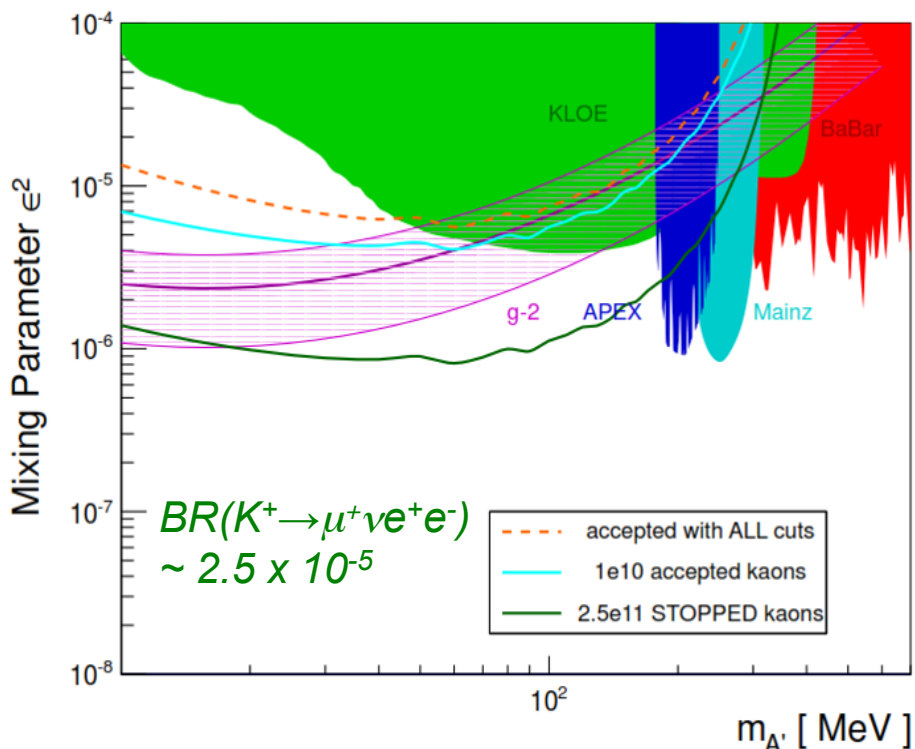
- E36 goal: $\delta R_K/R_K = \pm 0.2\%$ (stat) $\pm 0.15\%$ (syst) [0.25% total]



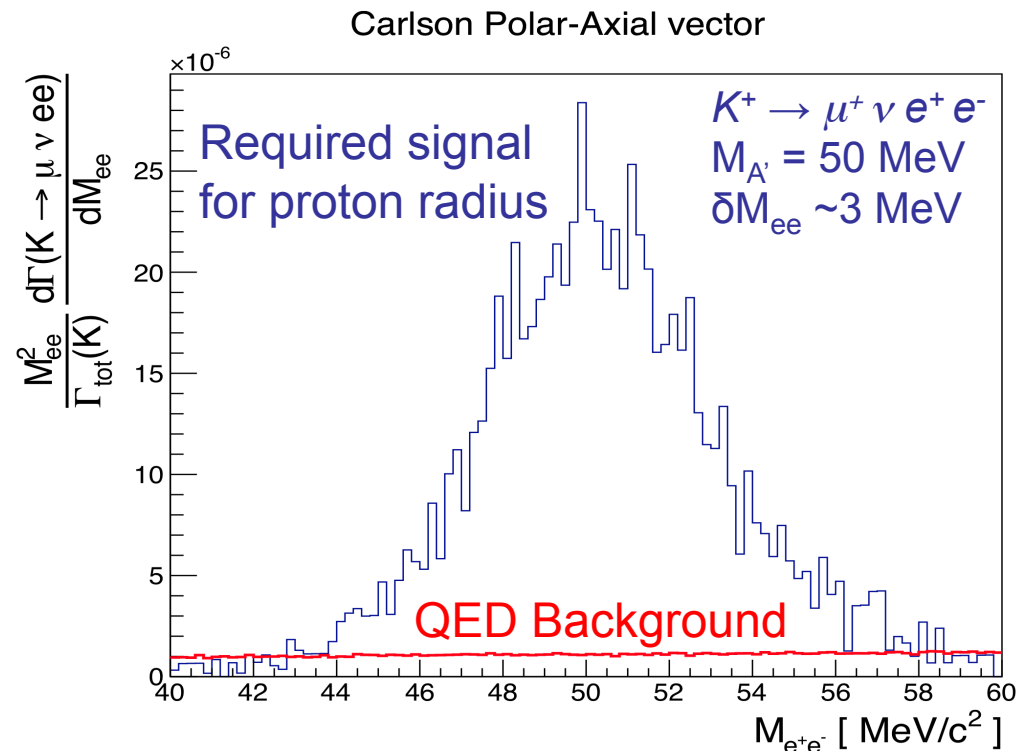
Dark photon / light neutral boson search

- Dark photons (universal coupling) well motivated by dark matter observations (astronomical, direct, positron excess) and $g_\mu-2$ anomaly
- Light neutral bosons (selective coupling) for proton radius puzzle
- Search for visible decay mode of $A' \rightarrow e^+e^-$ in K^+ decays
 Kaons: $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu A'$; $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ A'$ (also invisible decay);
 Pions: $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma A'$, using $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$ (21.13%) and $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \pi^0$ (3.27%)

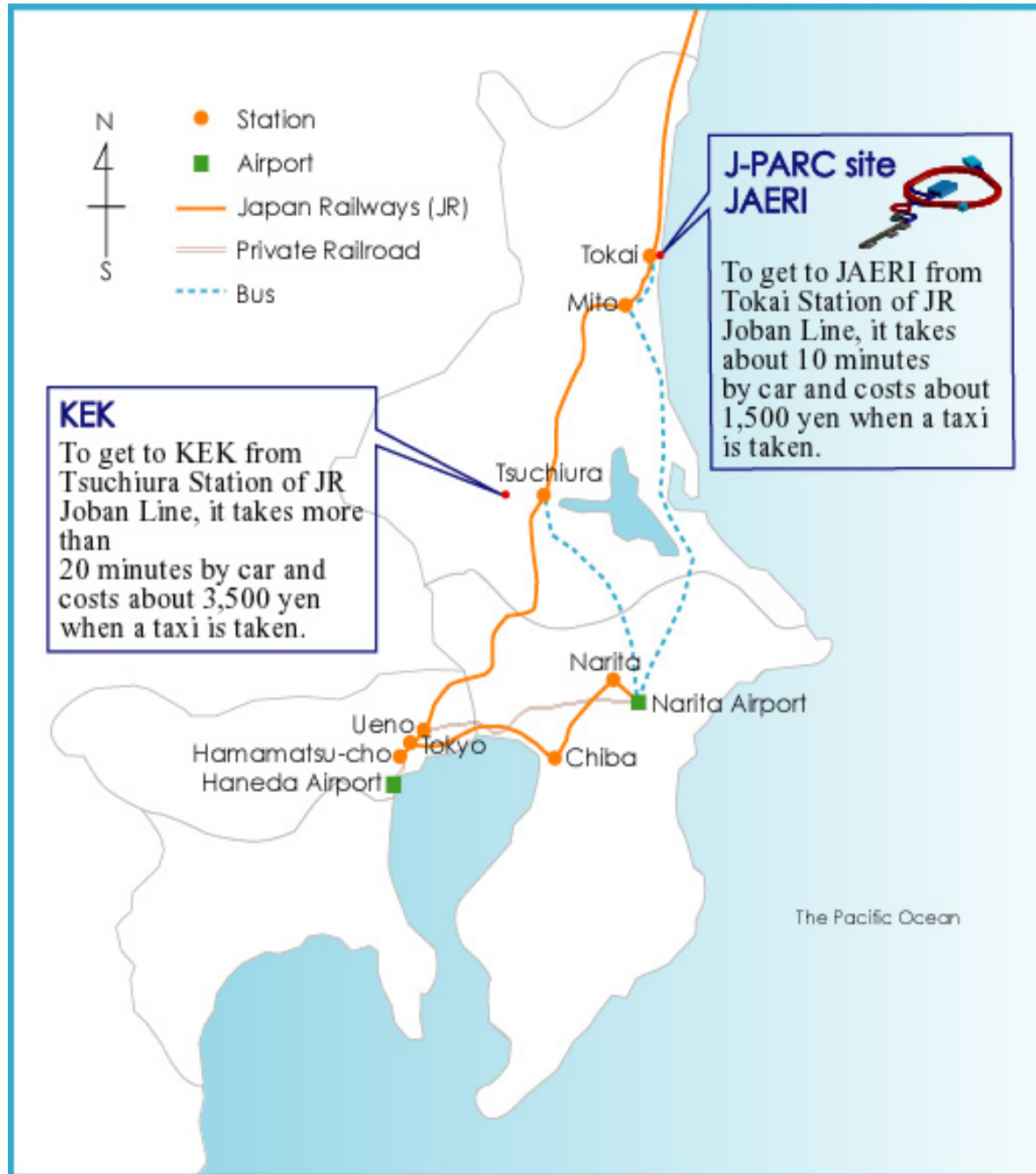
E36: Dark photon exclusion limit



E36: Light boson expected signal



Location of J-PARC



**J-PARC Facility
(KEK/JAEA)**

South to North

Linac

3 GeV
Synchrotron

Neutrino Beams
(to Kamioka)

Materials and Life
Experimental
Facility

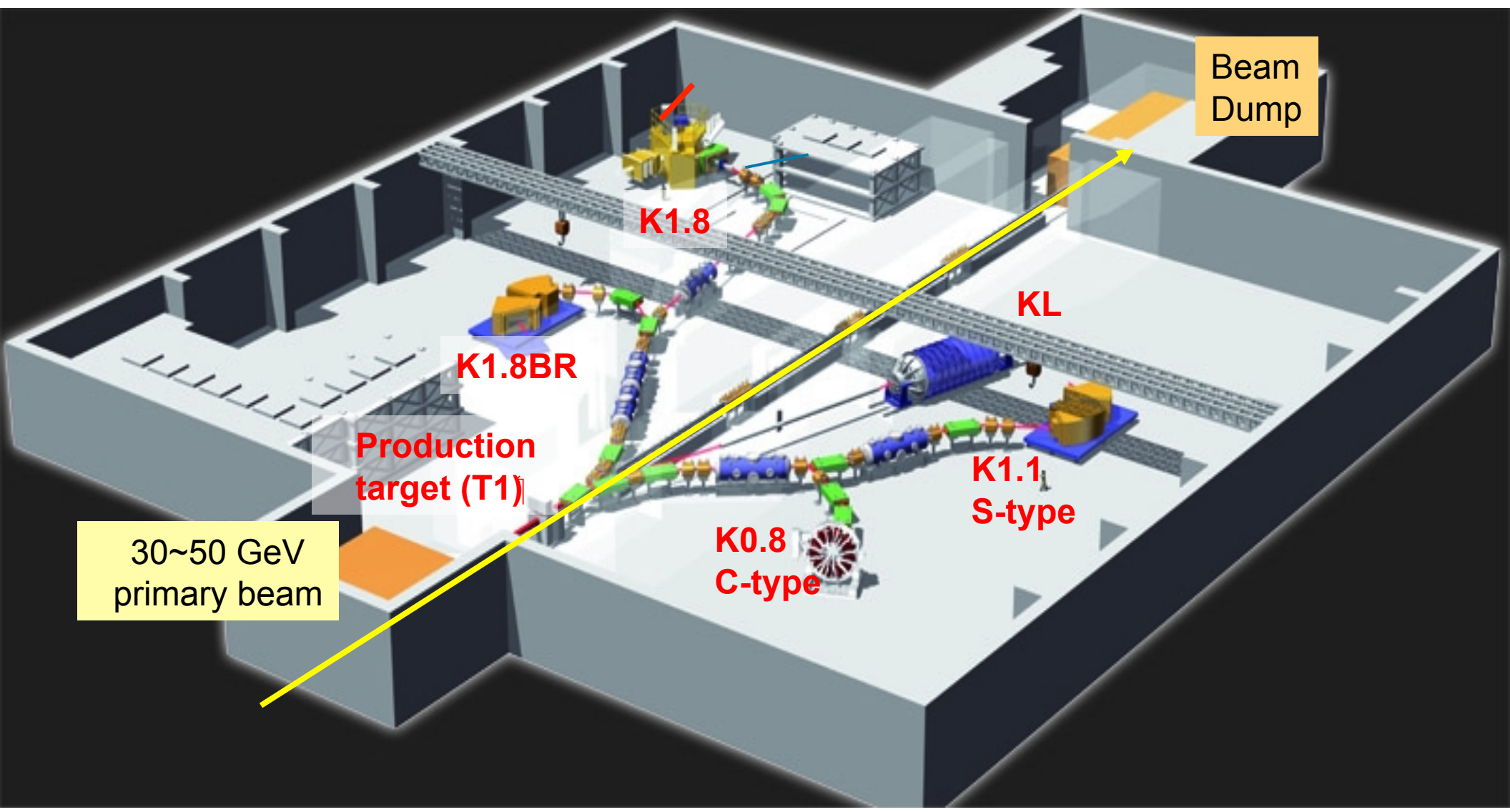
50 GeV
Synchrotron

Hadron Exp.
Facility

- CY2007 Beams
- JFY2008 Beams
- JFY2009 Beams

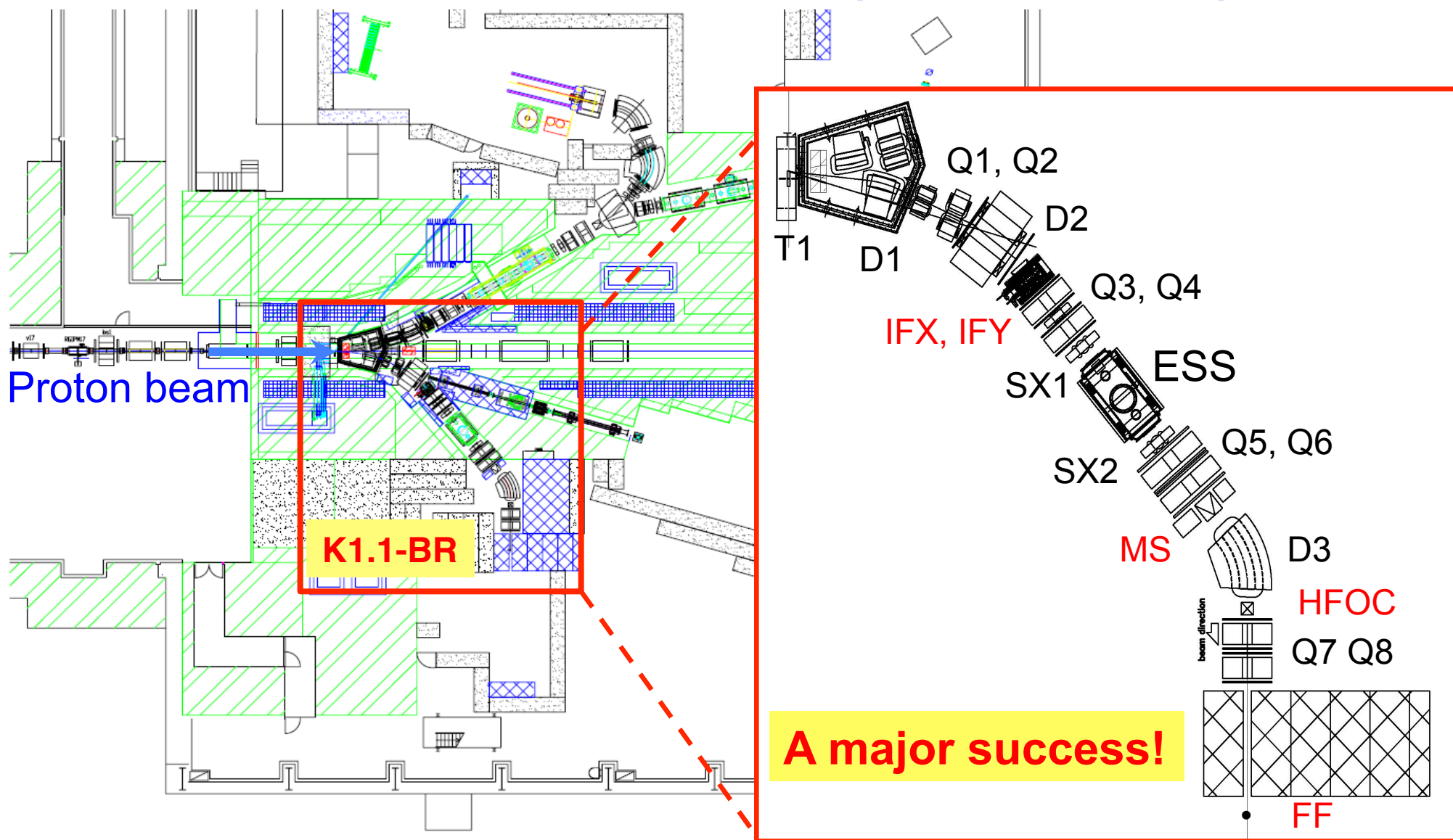
Bird's eye photo in January of 2008

J-PARC Hadron Experimental Hall



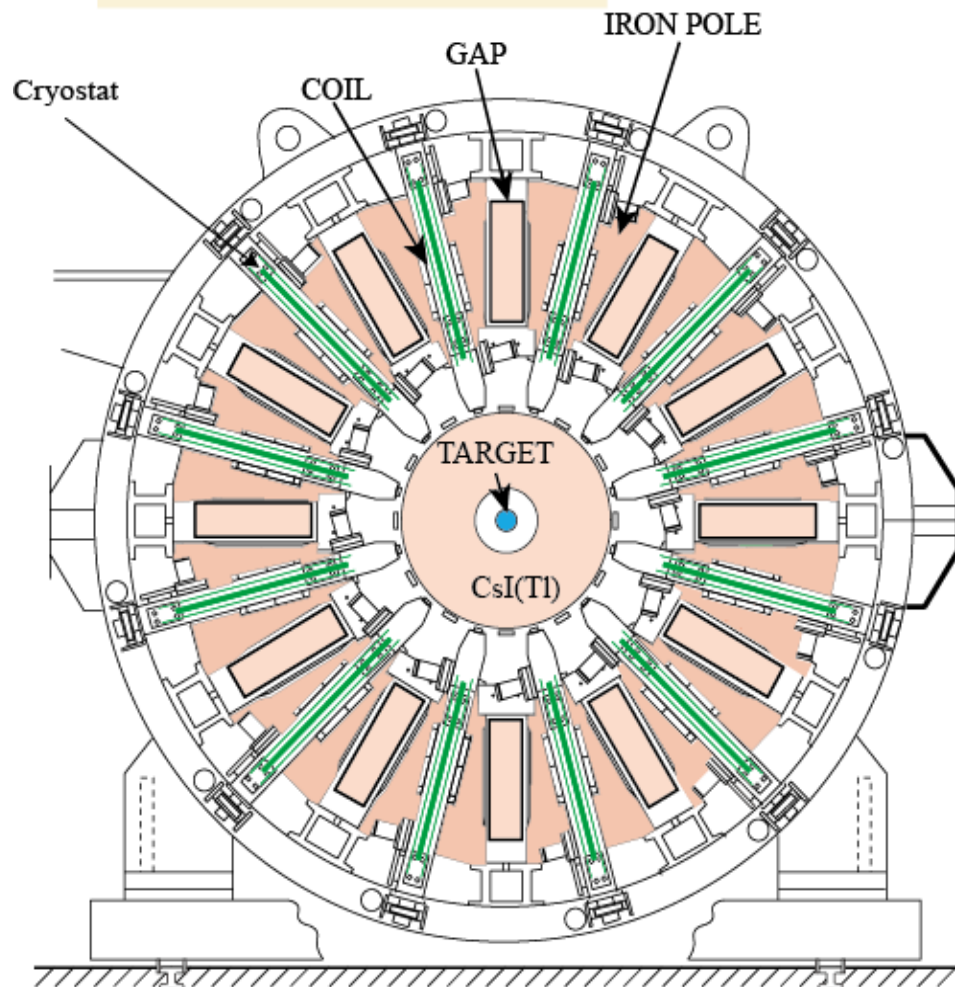
K1.1BR beamline

- K1.1BR constructed in 2009/10, commissioned by TREK Coll. in Oct. 2010
- Re-aligned after 11/3/11 earthquake, re-commissioned in June 2012
- **J-PARC Hadron Hall operations restarted in April 2015**
- π/K ratio of ~ 1.3 observed, kaon flux within expectation ($1.4 \times 10^6/\text{spill}$ @ 32kW)

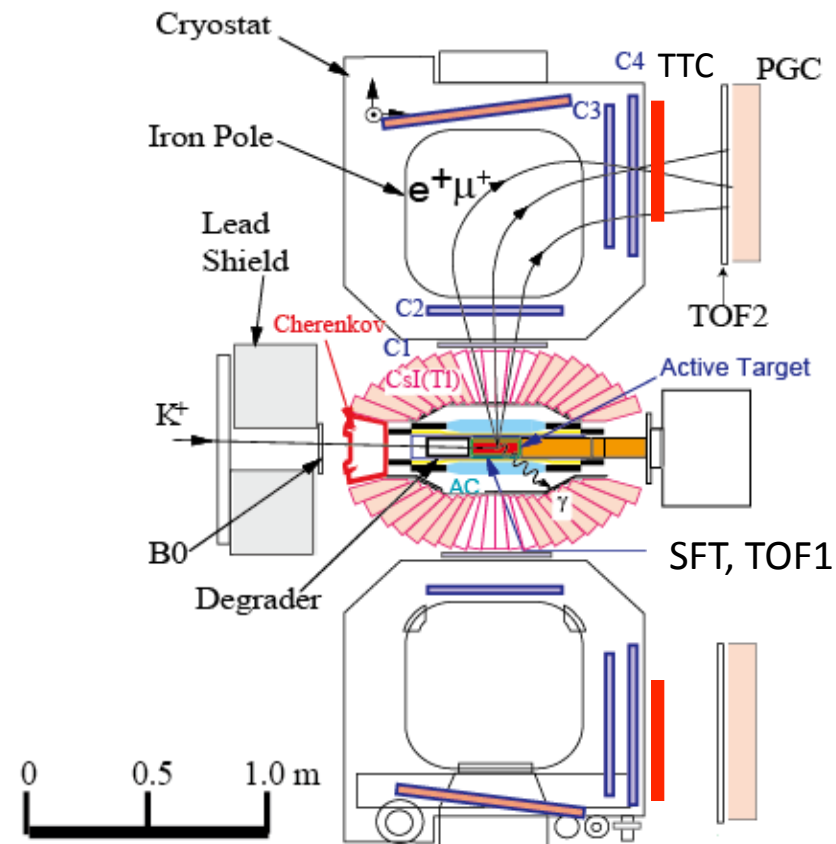


The TREK apparatus for E36

End View



Side View



Modest upgrade of KEK-PS E246

Stopped K method

- K1.1BR beamline
- Fitch Cherenkov
- K^+ stopping target

Tracking

- MWPC (C2, C3, C4)
- Spiral Fiber Tracker(SFT)

PID

- TOF1,2; TTC
- Aerogel Cherenkov (AC)
- Pb glass counter (PGC)

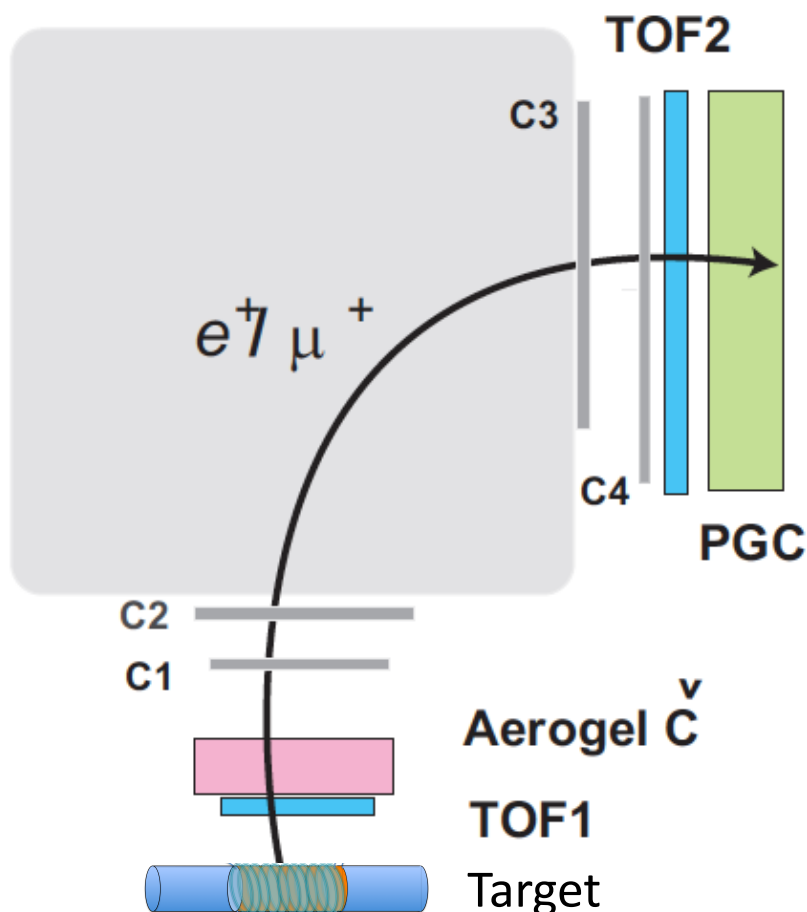
Gamma ray

- CsI(Tl)

μ^+/e^+ identification

PID with:

- TOF
- Aerogel Č
- Lead glass

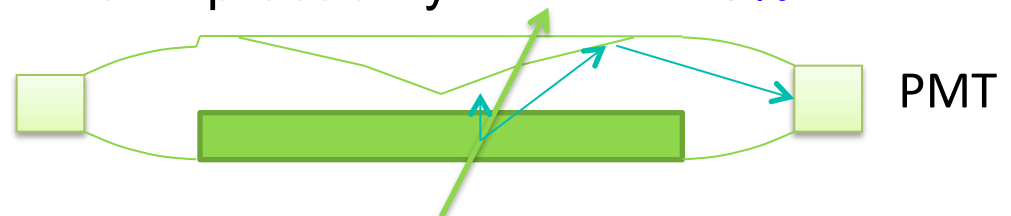


TOF

Flight length	250 cm
Time resolution	<100 ps
Mis-ID probability	7×10^{-4}

Aerogel Č counter

Radiator thickness	4.0 cm
Refraction index	1.08
e^+ efficiency	>98%
Mis-ID probability	3%



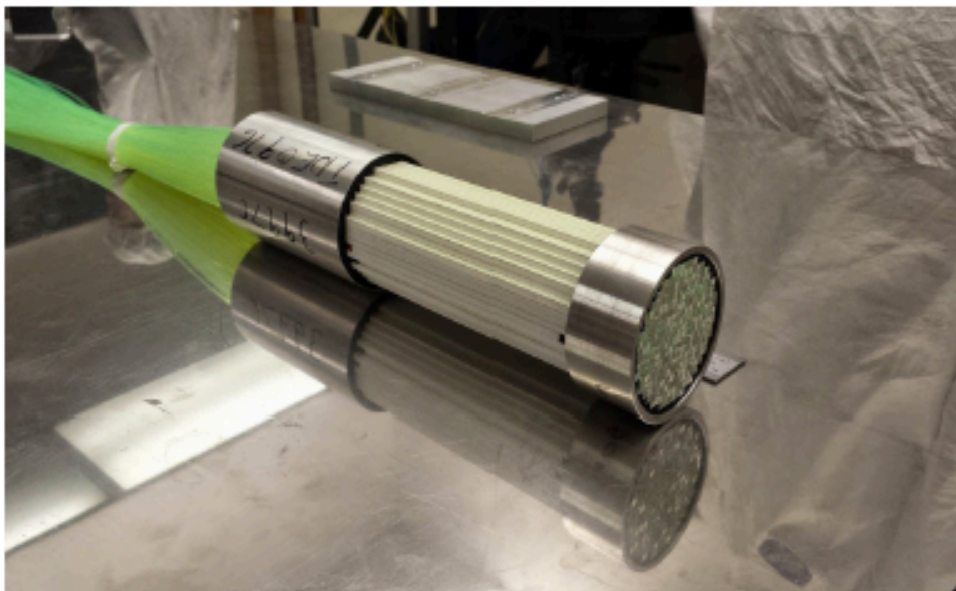
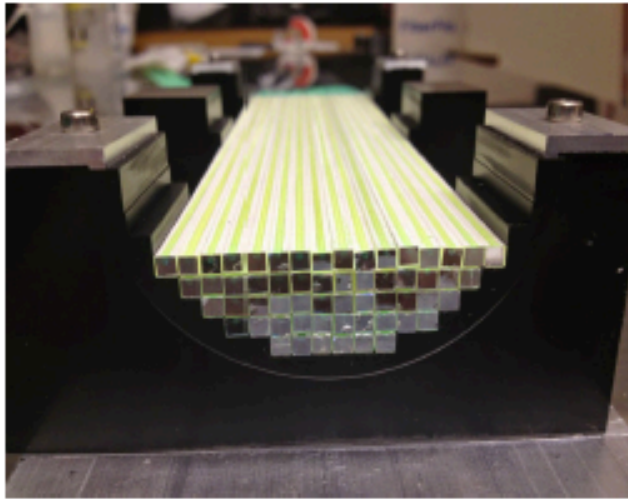
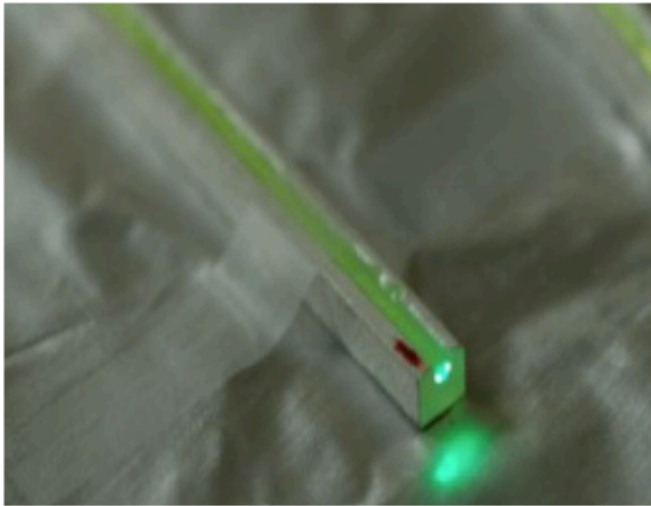
Lead glass (PGC)

Material	SF6W
Refraction index	1.05
e^+ efficiency	98%
Mis-ID probability	4%

$$P_{\text{mis}}(\text{total}) = P_{\text{mis}}(\text{TOF}) \times P_{\text{mis}}(\text{AČ}) \times P_{\text{mis}}(\text{LG}) = 8 \times 10^{-7} < O(10^{-6})$$

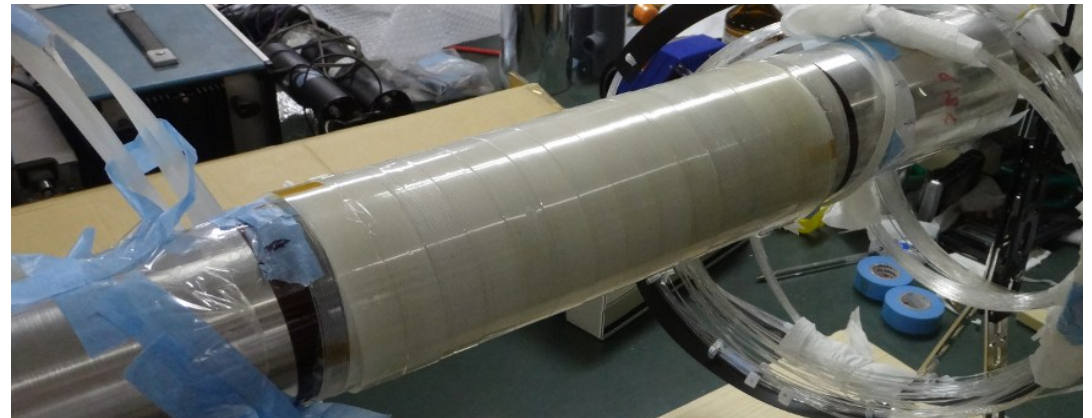
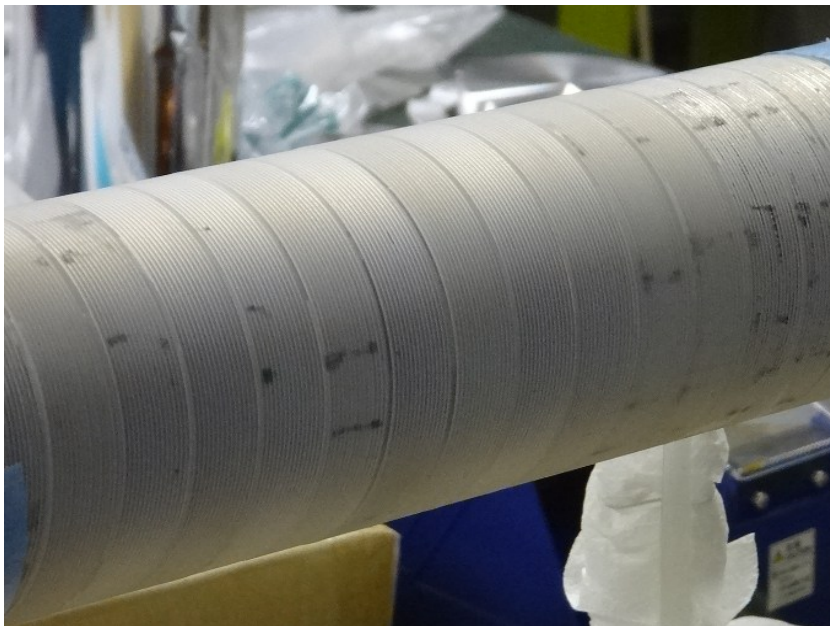
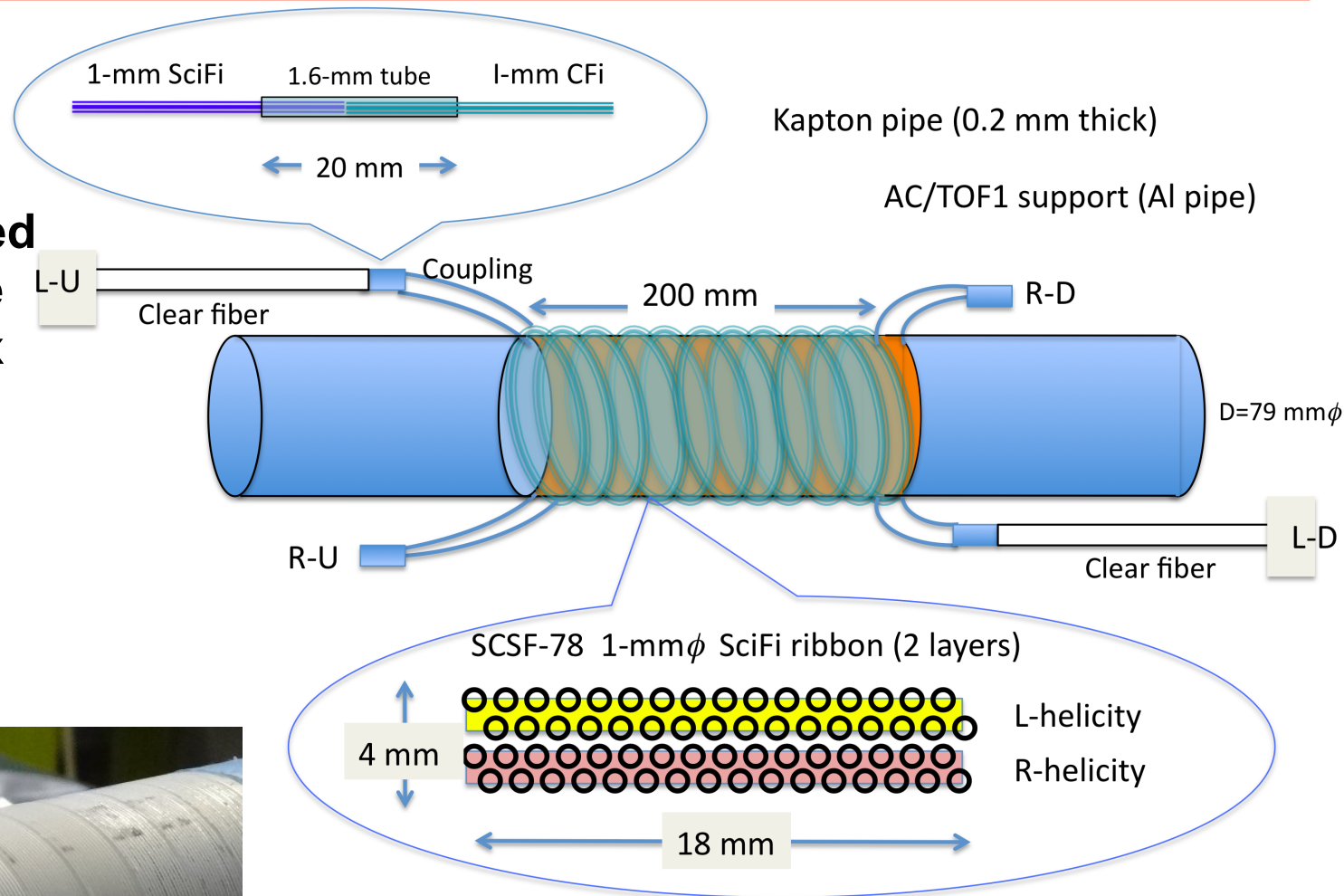
Scintillating-fiber kaon stopping target

- Built at TRIUMF (delivered to J-PARC in September 2014)
- 256 scintillating fibers (3x3 mm²), WLS fiber in groove
- MPPC readout



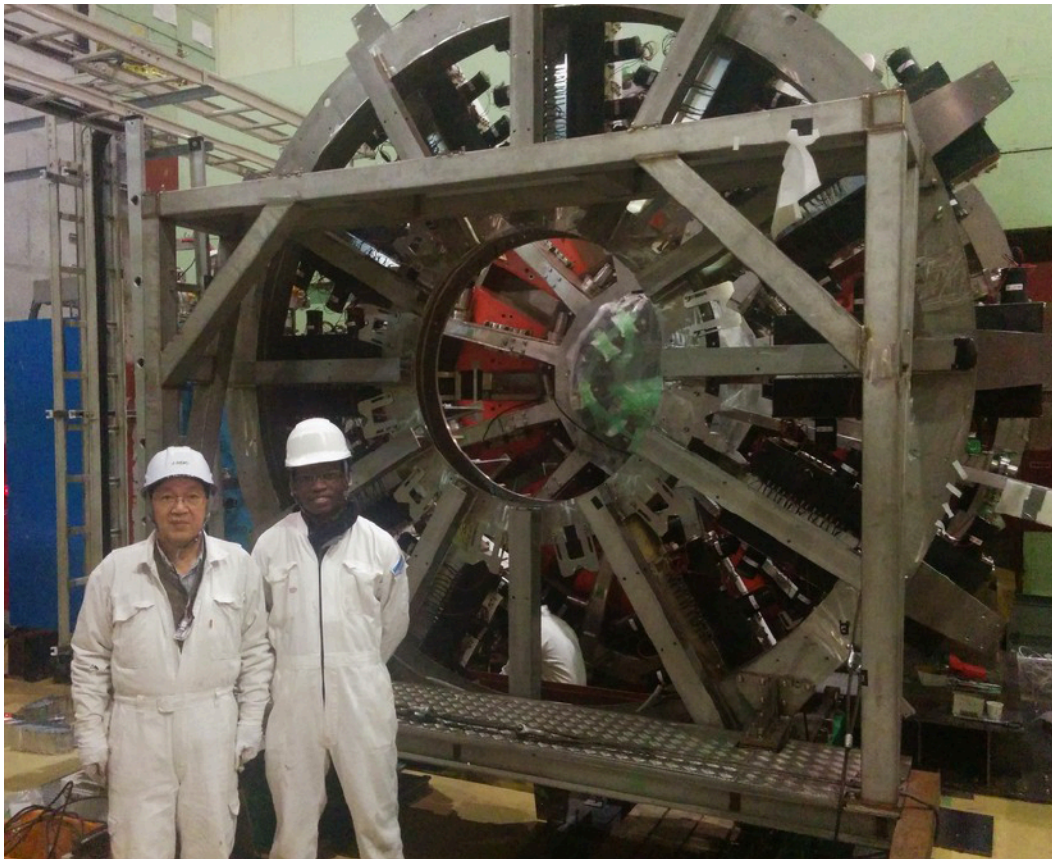
Spiraling fiber tracker (SFT)

- Double-layer fibers in 2 helicities wrapped around target bundle for near target vertex
- Using spare MPPC channels from fiber target

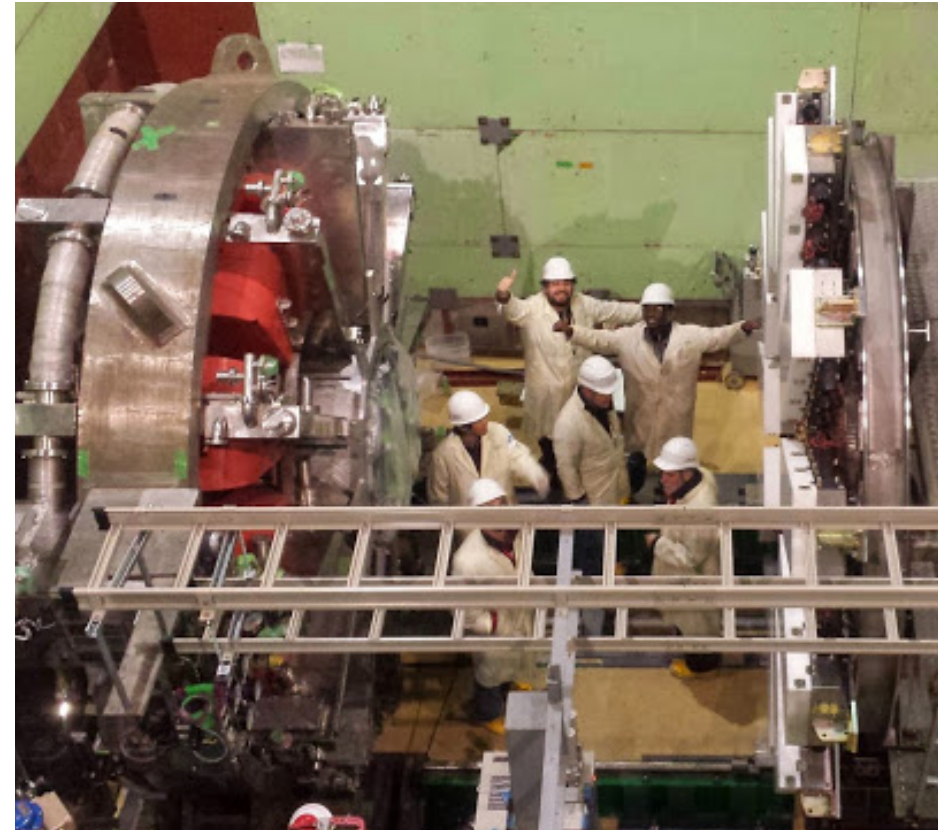


TREK/E36 installation and commissioning

- Completed detector installation Apr. 2015
- Electronics and DAQ set up and tested (area available only mid-January)
- Conditioning of MWPCs



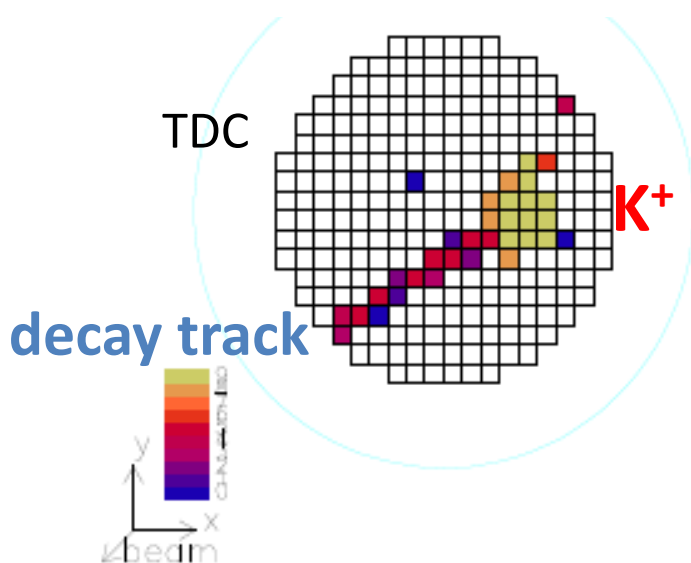
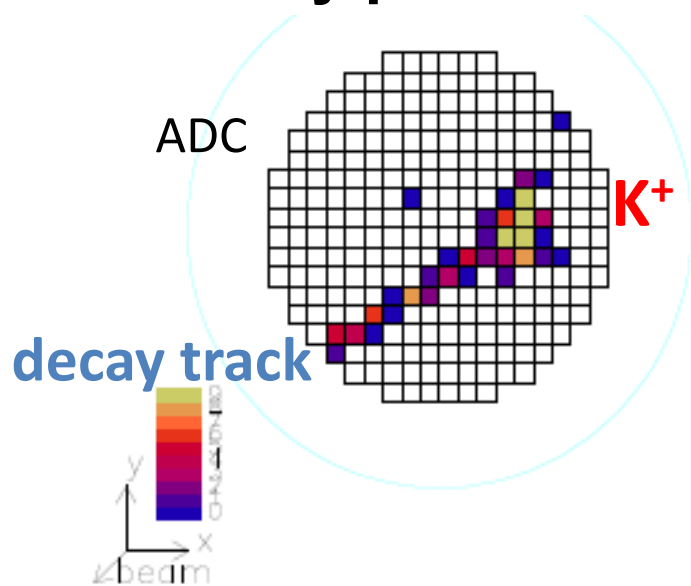
 Bishoy Dongwi (Hampton U.)



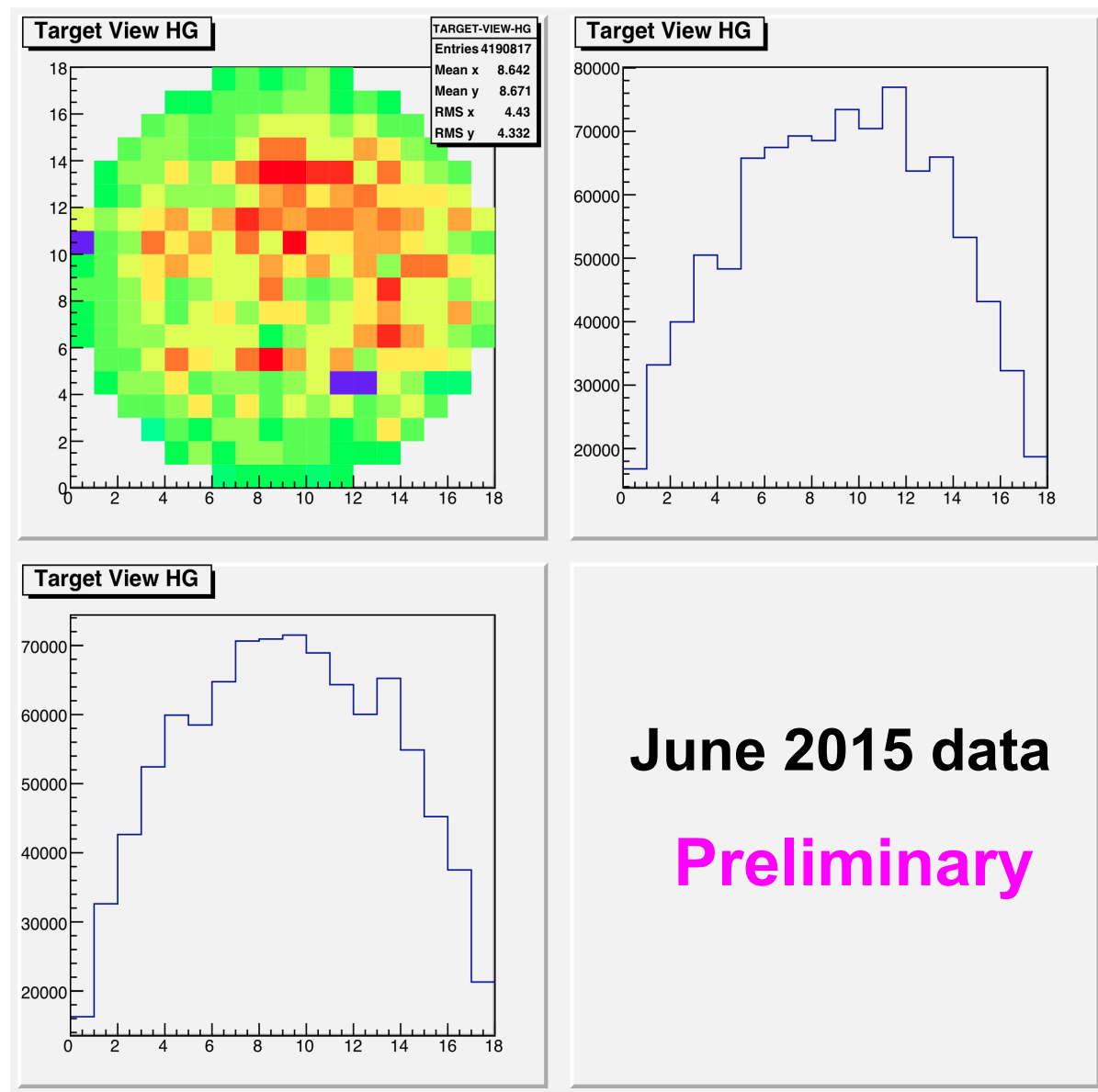
- Commissioning of TGT+TOF1+SFT with cosmic rays
- Check-out of all detectors with beam
- Commissioning of toroidal magnet (cryogenics) only after April 24

Target performance

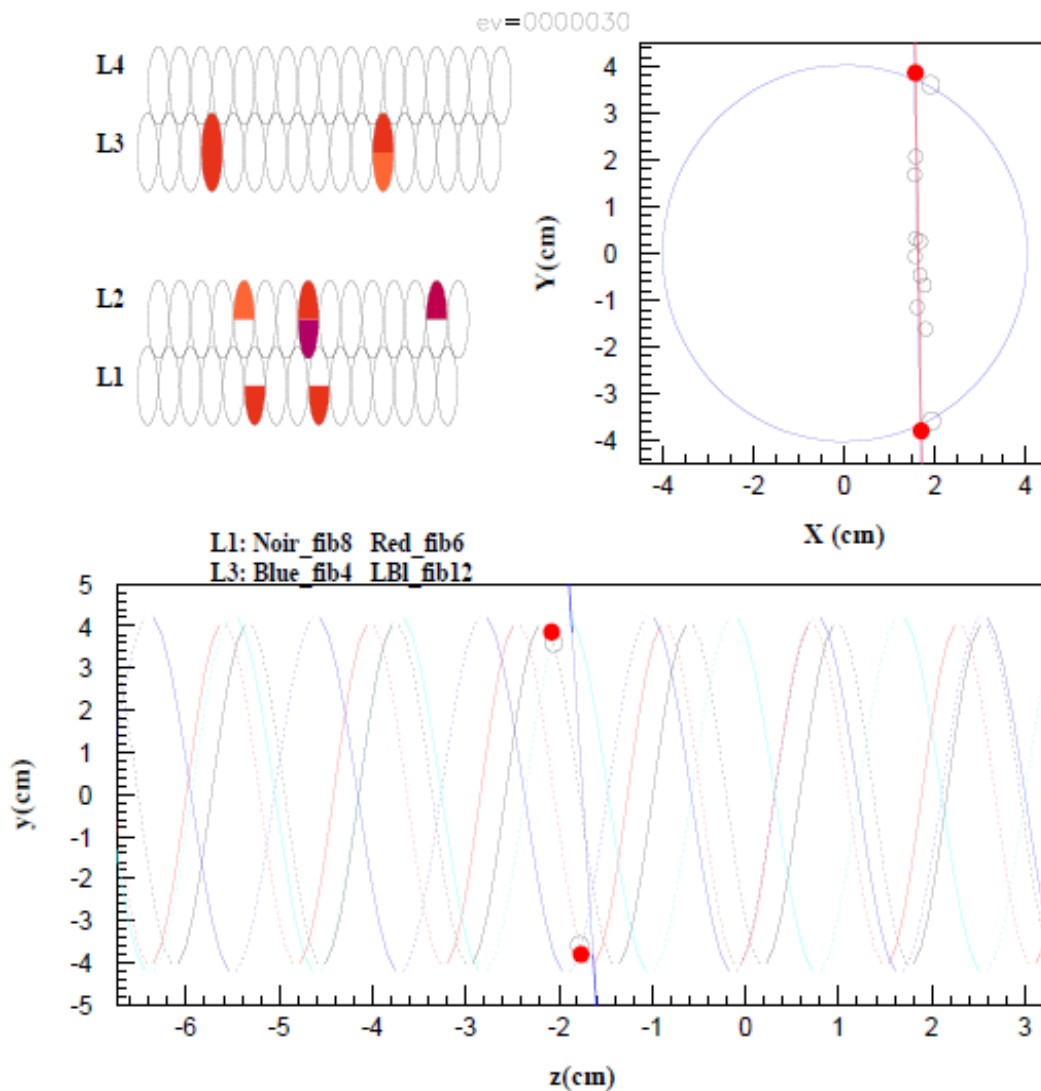
Kaon stop and track of decay particle



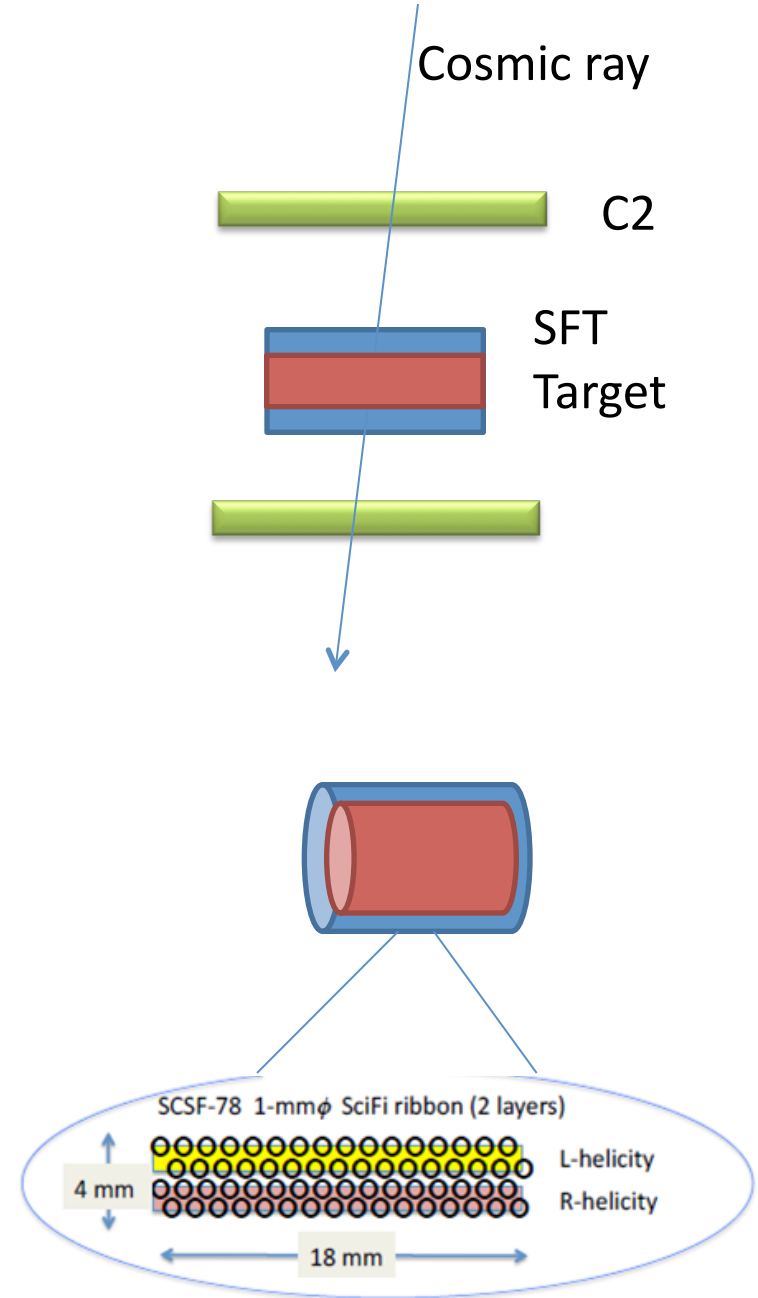
Kaon beam profile



Track identification by central detector



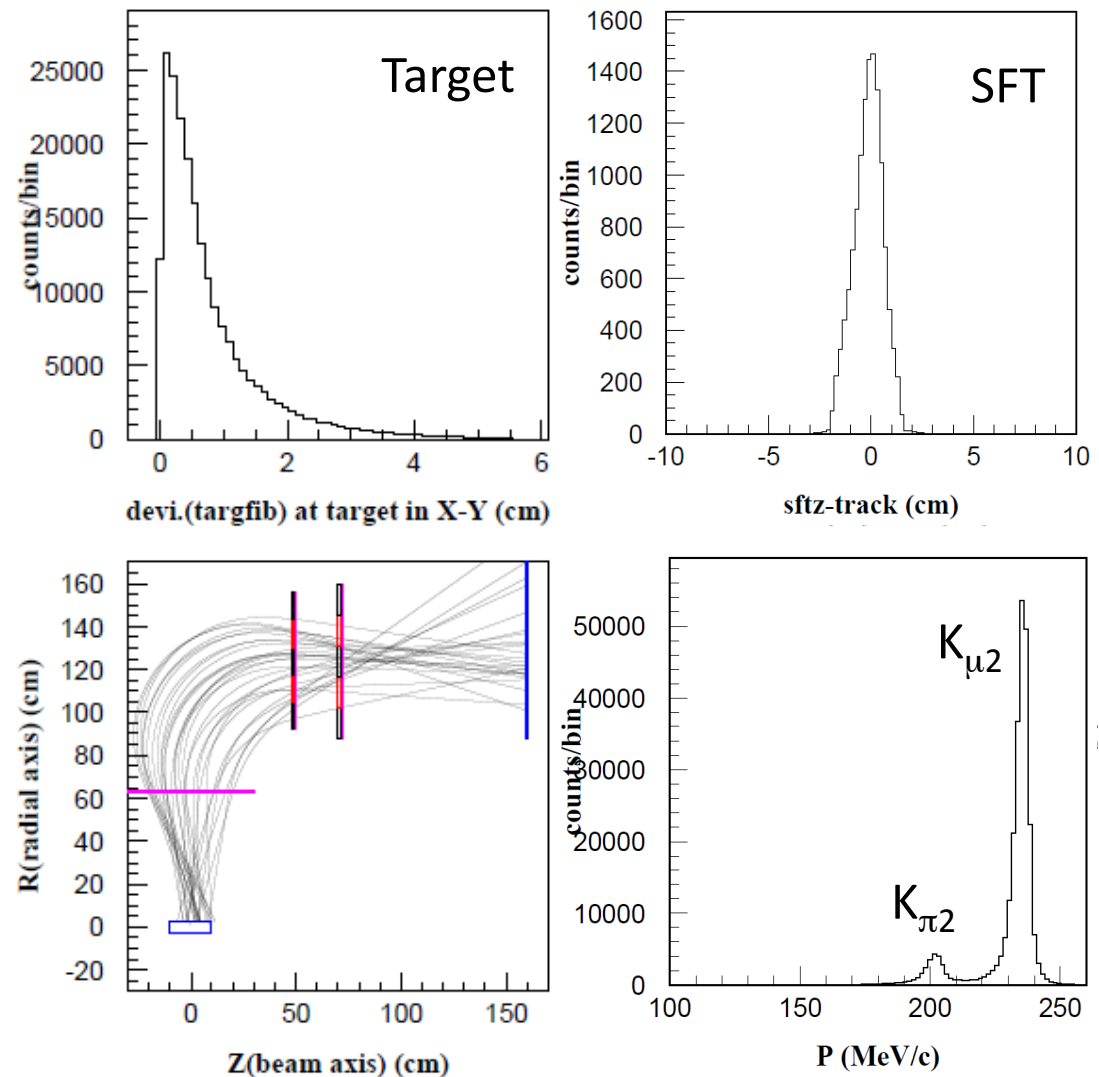
**SFT+Target consistency
established with C-ray**



Momentum determination

- Charged particle momentum determined by 3-point tracking (C2, C3, C4)
- Events selected requiring track consistency with target and SFT
- Monochromatic peaks from $K_{\mu 2}$ and $K_{\pi 2}$

Track consistency

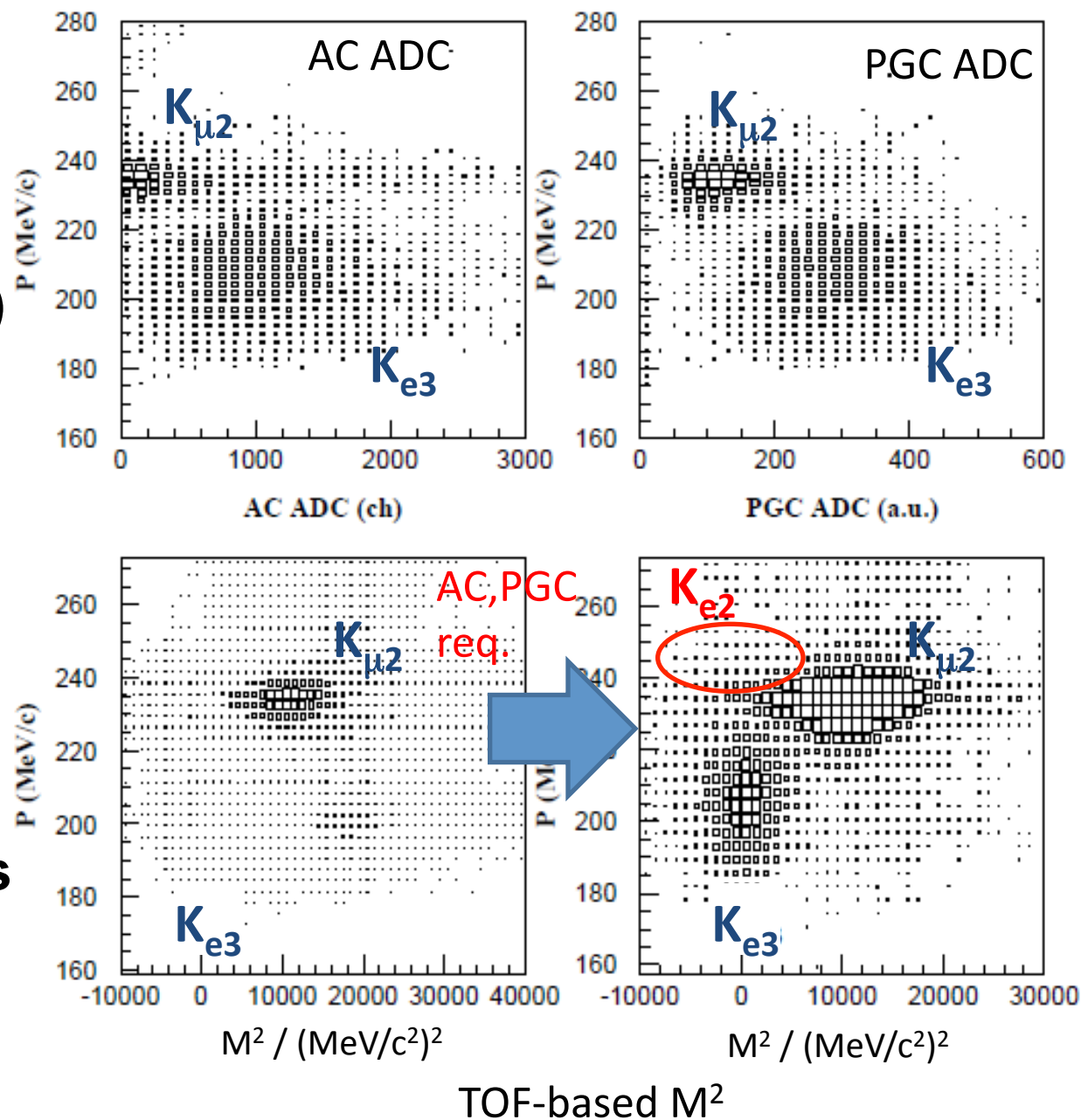


Very preliminary

Particle identification by AC, PGC, and TOF

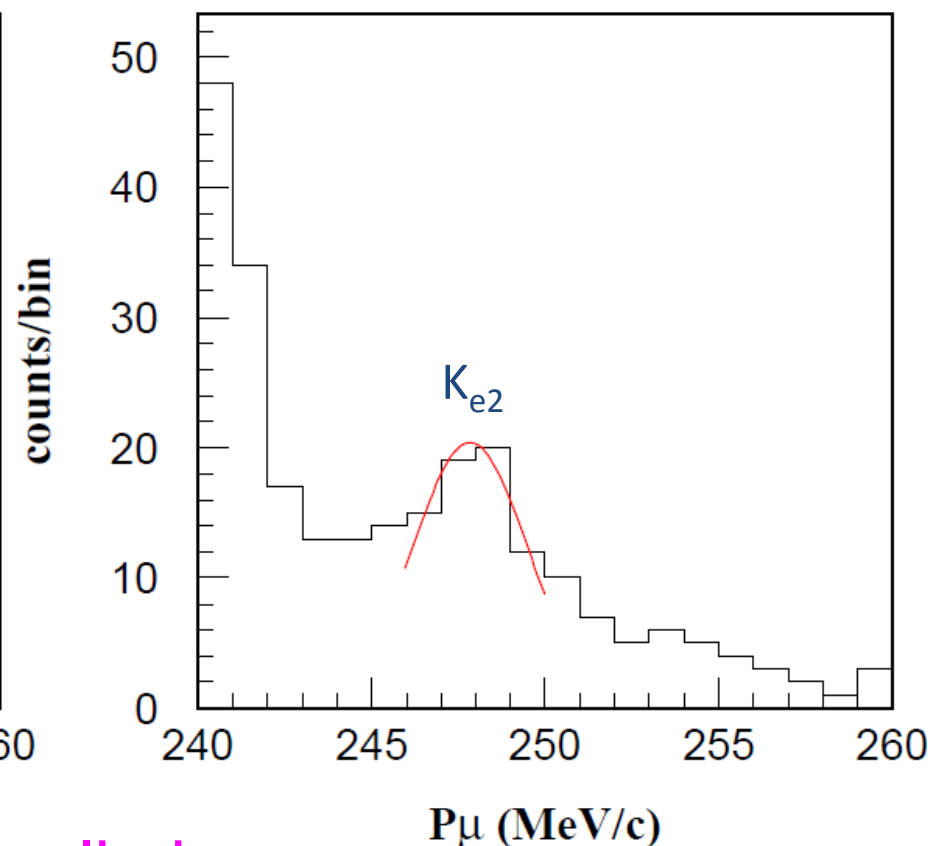
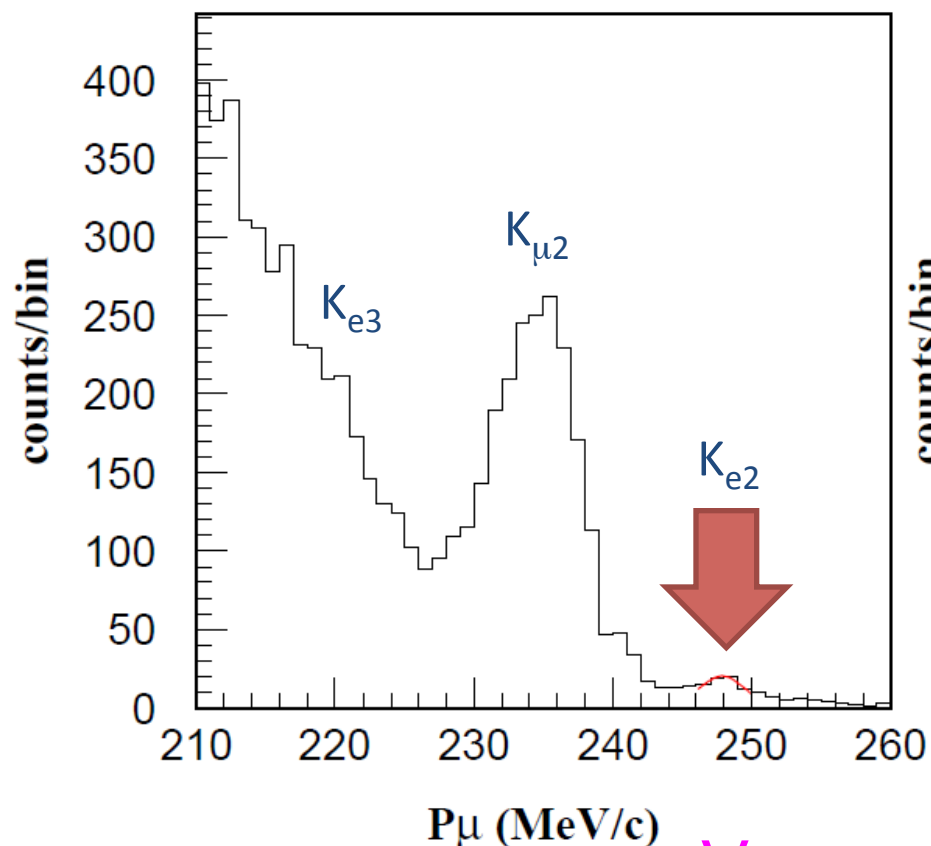
- AC and PGC performing as expected
- TOF resolution below expectation due to TOF1 performance (June data)
- Suppression of muon mis-identification below $O(10^{-8})$ level achievable with refined analysis
- Refined analysis of PID performance in progress

Very preliminary



K_{e2} events

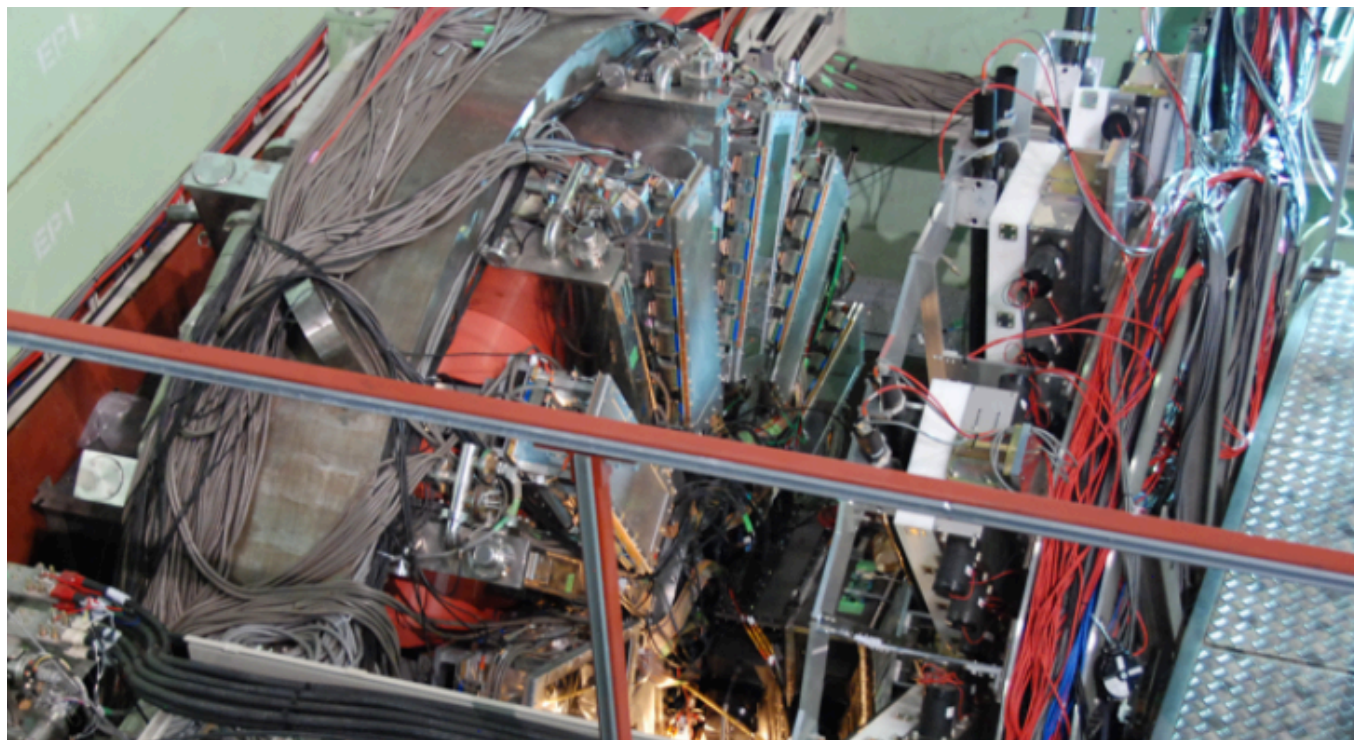
- Observed K_{e2} peak in the momentum spectrum after PID cuts
- Statistics from 100 runs in June 2015
- Improved trigger purity and dead time by additional trigger counter (TTC) and by requiring >1 target fiber hit in the trigger
- Collected $\sim 40k$ K_{e2} events in fall 2015 (estimate based on $K_{\mu2}$)



Very preliminary

Summary

- **Substantial progress of TREK/E36 @ J-PARC toward realization**
- **E36: Measure $K_{e2}/K_{\mu2}$ ratio – test of lepton universality to 0.25% (beam power 30-40 kW)**
- **Searches for dark photon/light boson and heavy sterile neutrino**
- **Experiment has been fully commissioned in spring 2015**
- **Production running has been completed (Oct. 14 – Dec. 18, 2015)**
- **Pursue TREK/E06 (T-violation) in the future at extended Hadron F.**



TREK (E36/E06) collaboration

~30 collaborators

Spokespeople:

M.K., S. Shimizu

CANADA

University of Saskatchewan

Department of Physics and Engineering

University of British Columbia

Department of Physics and Astronomy

TRIUMF

Universite de Montreal

Laboratoire de Physique Nucleaire

USA

University of South Carolina

Department of Physics and Astronomy

University of Iowa

Department of Physics

Iowa State University

College of Liberal Arts & Sciences

Hampton University

Department of Physics

JAPAN

Osaka University

Department of Physics

Chiba University

Department of Physics

Rikkyo University

Department of Physics

High Energy Accel. Research Organization (KEK)

Institute of Particle and Nuclear Studies

RUSSIA

Russian Academy of Sciences (RAS)

Institute for Nuclear Research (INR)

VIETNAM

University of Natural Sciences

Backup

Lepton universality violation in K_{l2}

- SUSY with LFV for K_{e2}
 - ◆ Charged Higgs H^+ mediated LFV SUSY
 - ◆ Large enhancement from m_τ^2/m_e^2
 - ◆ A sizable effect of $\Delta R_K/R_K \sim 1.3\%$ possible
[J. Girrbach and U. Nierste, arXiv:1202.4906;](#)
[A. Masiero, P. Paradisi, and R. Petronzio,](#)
 Phys. Rev. D 74, 011701 (2006);
 JHEP11, 042 (2008)

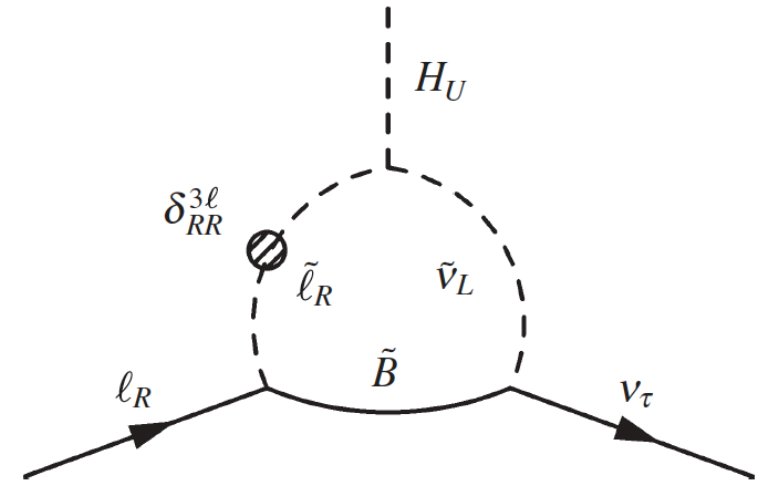


FIG. 1. Contribution to the effective $\bar{\nu}_\tau \ell_R H^+$ coupling.

- General discussions on SUSY effects

[R.M. Fonseca, J.C. Romão, A.M. Teixeira, Eur. Phys. J. C 72, 2228 \(2012\)](#)

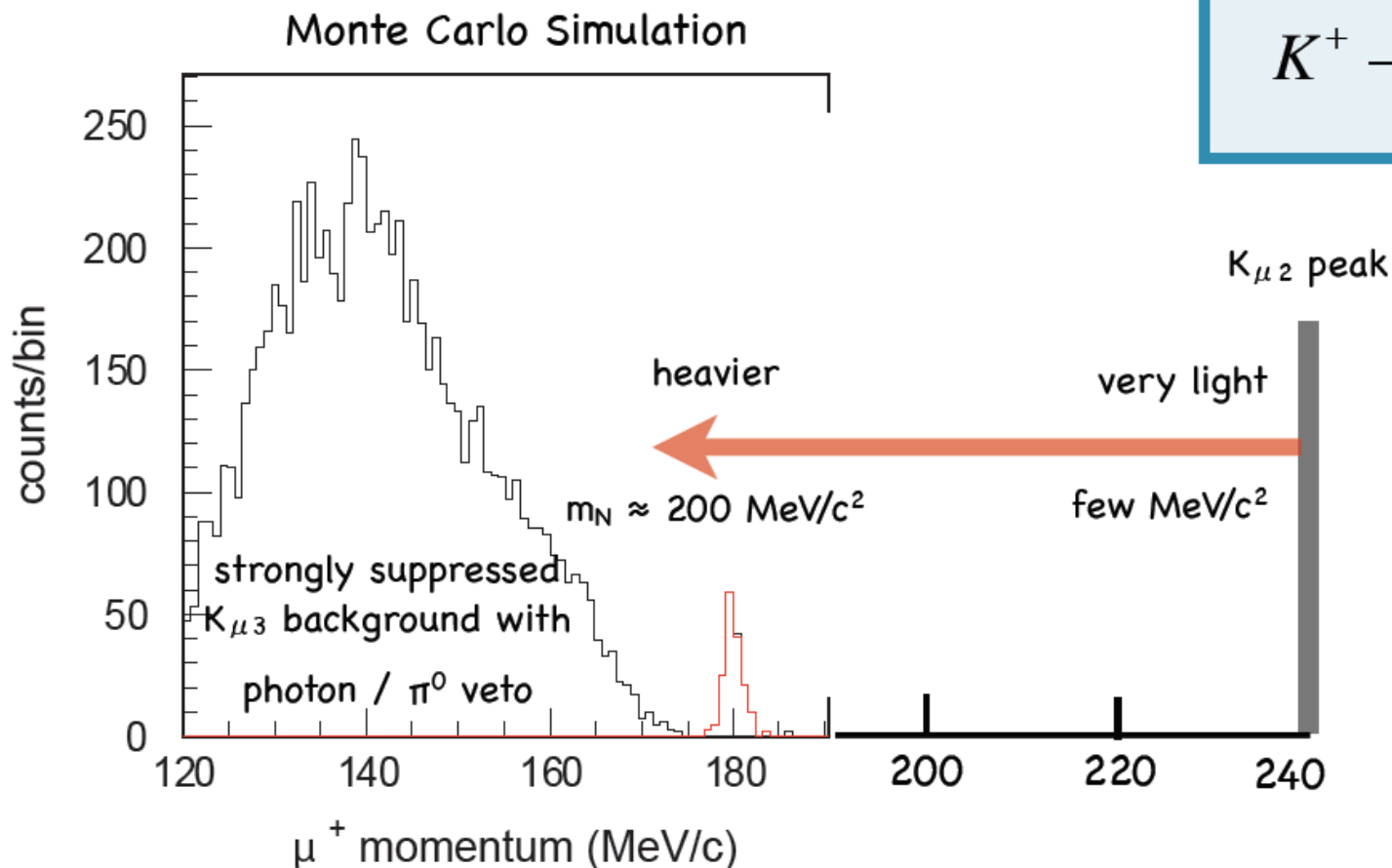
- ◆ strong constraints from $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ and $B_u \rightarrow \tau \nu$
- ◆ $|\Delta R_K/R_K| \sim O(10^{-3})$

- Neutrino mixing

R_K constrains neutrino mixing parameters within SM extensions involving

- ◆ 4th generation of quarks and leptons [H. Lacker, A. Menzel, JHEP07, 006 \(2010\)](#)
- ◆ sterile neutrinos [A. Abada et al., JHEP02, 048 \(2013\) \[arXiv: 1211.3052\]](#)

Heavy neutrino search in $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ N, e^+ N$



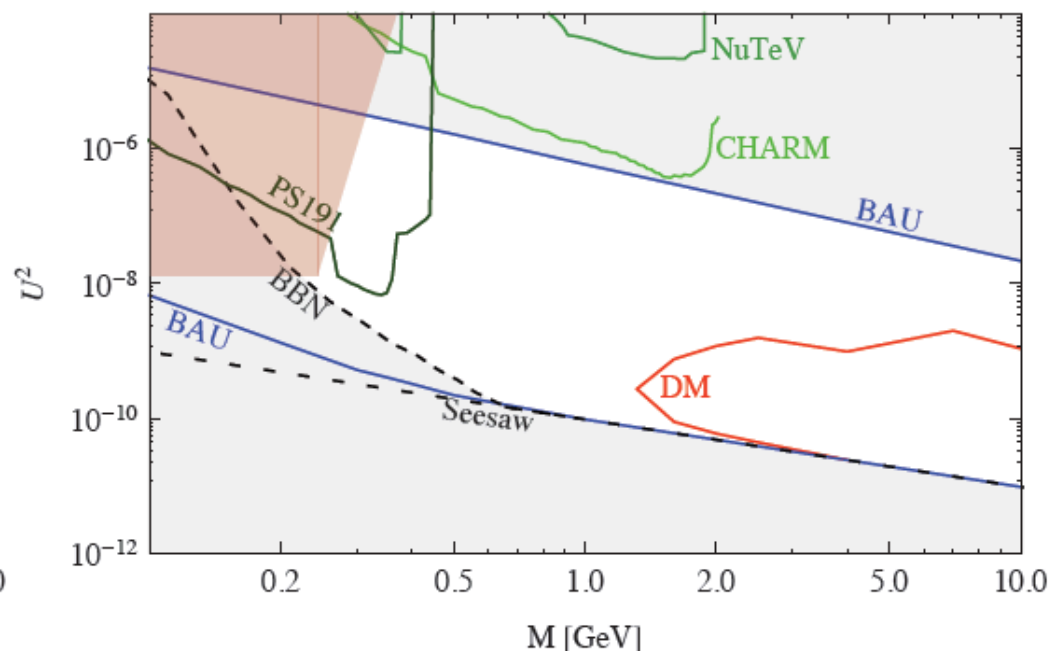
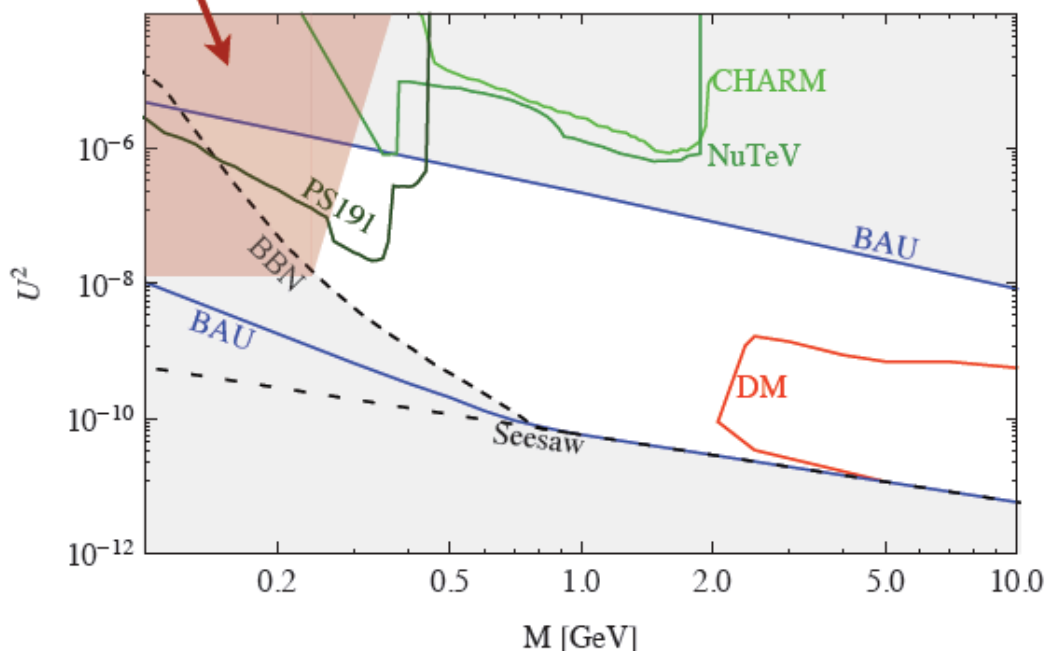
- ν Minimal Standard Model (ν MSM)
 - Explanation of DM and BAU
 - Possibility of $M_N \leq M_K$
- Search for monochromatic peaks in $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ N, K^+ \rightarrow e^+ N$
 D. Gorbunov and M. Shaposhnikov, JHEP0710, 015 (2007)

Heavy neutrino search in $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ N, e^+ N$

very approximate
TREK sensitivity region

normal hierarchy

inverted hierarchy



BAU Baryon asymmetry of the Universe

DM Dark matter

BBN Big bang nucleosynthesis

≡ Sterile neutrino searches

L. Canetti, M. Drewes, M. Shaposhnikov,
Phys. Rev. Lett. **110**, 061801 (2013)

Projected TREK / E36

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ N, e^+ N) \lesssim 2 \times 10^{-8}$$

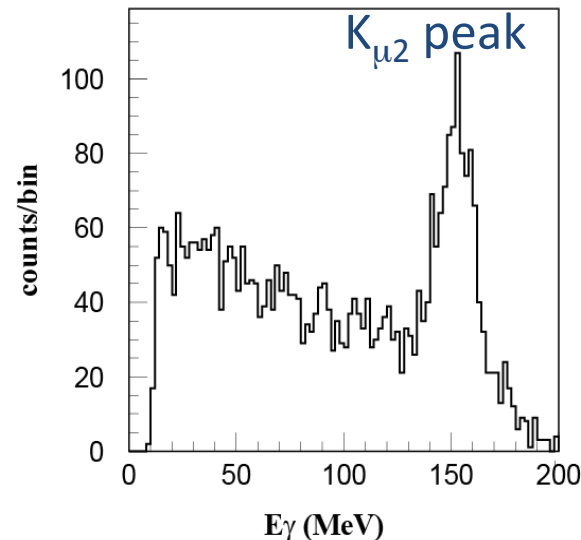
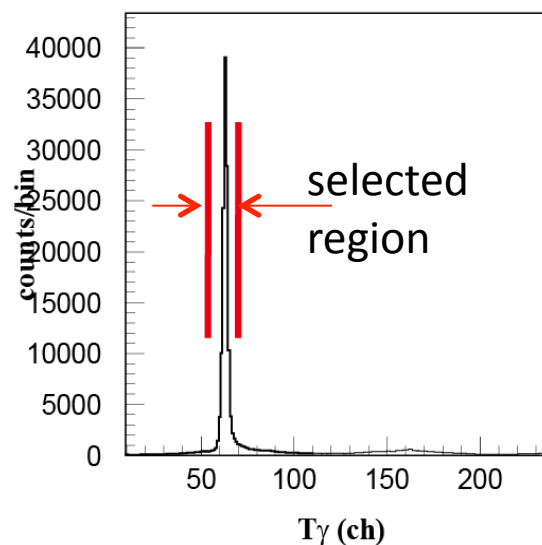
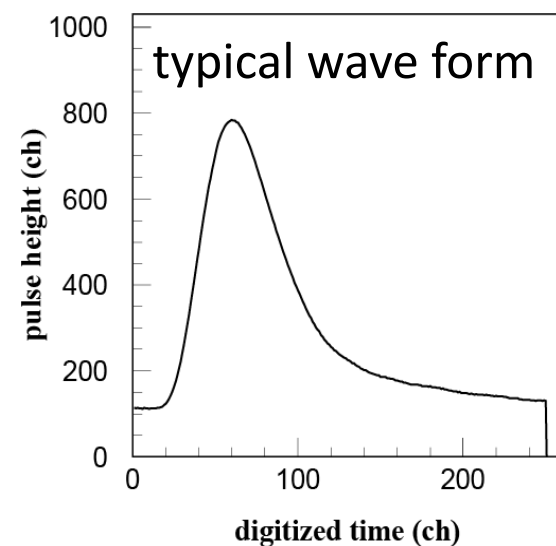
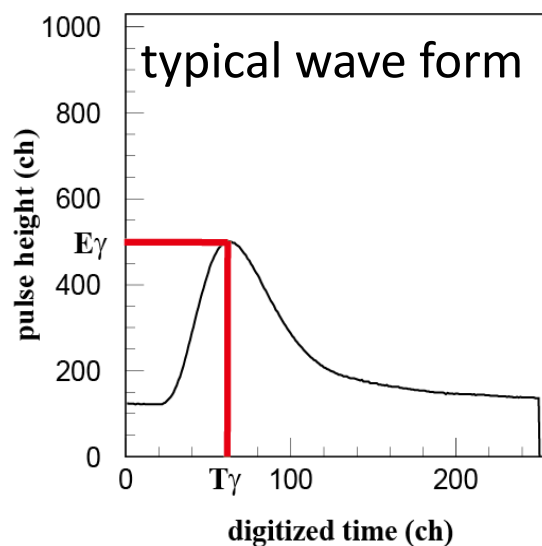
$$U^2 \lesssim 3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ for } M_N < 200 \text{ MeV}$$

sensitivity for $M_N > 200 \text{ MeV}$ needs more study

CsI(Tl) calorimeter analysis

- Energy and timing obtained by pulse shape data from FADC (VF48)
- Events from the K^+ decays were selected
- $K_{\mu 2}$ events with single crystal hit used for the energy calibration
- Deposited muon energy used for energy calibration of each crystal

Very preliminary



Calibration data from early June

Combining spectrometer + calorimeter

- $K_{\pi 2}$ events selected by analyzing momentum and TOF (M^2)
- π^0 invariant mass reconstructed by selecting two-cluster events
- Large π^+ / π^0 opening angle obtained
- Confirmed that the total E36 system works correctly and is consistent with E246

