

# Building Modern Web Applications

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Productive Edge



# Productive Edge At-a-Glance

2008

Founded as a software engineering firm focused on Web application development with agile processes and open source technologies

“Enterprise Boutique”

Built on quality and personal touch technologies

150+ resources

45% onshore 80% employees

55% offshore 20% contractors

2013/2014



Service offerings now span:

WEB

MOBILE

DIGITAL

MANAGED



Office in 4 countries



Headquarters in Chicago

# What we do

We provide end-to-end, full stack, high quality web and mobile solutions.

## end-to-end

strategy, visual design, user experience, business analysis, development, testing, analytics, support

## full stack

front end, back end, web, mobile, integration, data

## solutions

business outcomes realized & measured

## high quality

user validated, thoroughly tested

# Brief History of the Evolution of Apps

Pre  
1990's

1990's

Shared systems

Console-based  
Applications

In-house infrastructure

Birth of the internet



# Brief History of the Evolution of Apps

Pre  
1990's

1990's

2000's

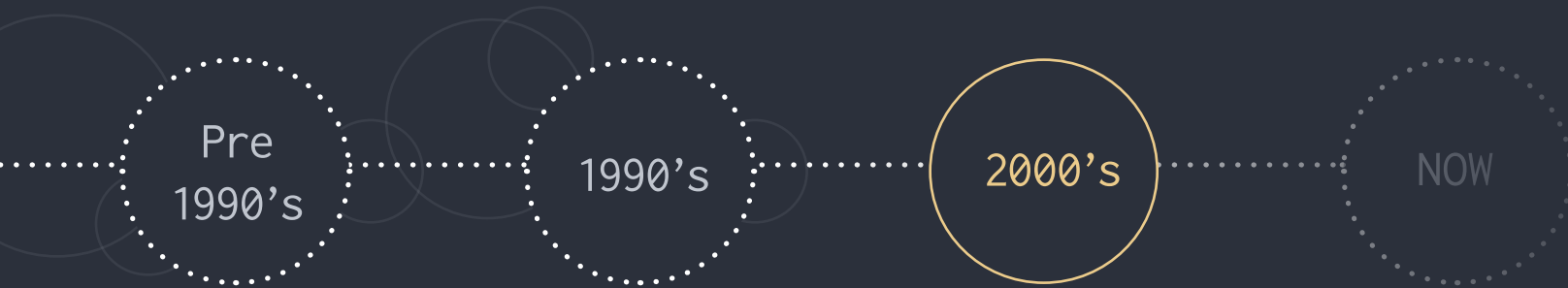
Client-Server Apps

CSS allows for quick  
improvements beyond  
simple text

Enterprise embraces  
frameworks: Java &  
Microsoft's ASP



# Brief History of the Evolution of Apps



PHP released-now 80%  
of web sites run it

Co-location facilities

AJAX allows for building  
rich web applications

Browsers become the  
de facto client

Bring on the Javascript  
frameworks

Browsing on phones  
becomes commonplace

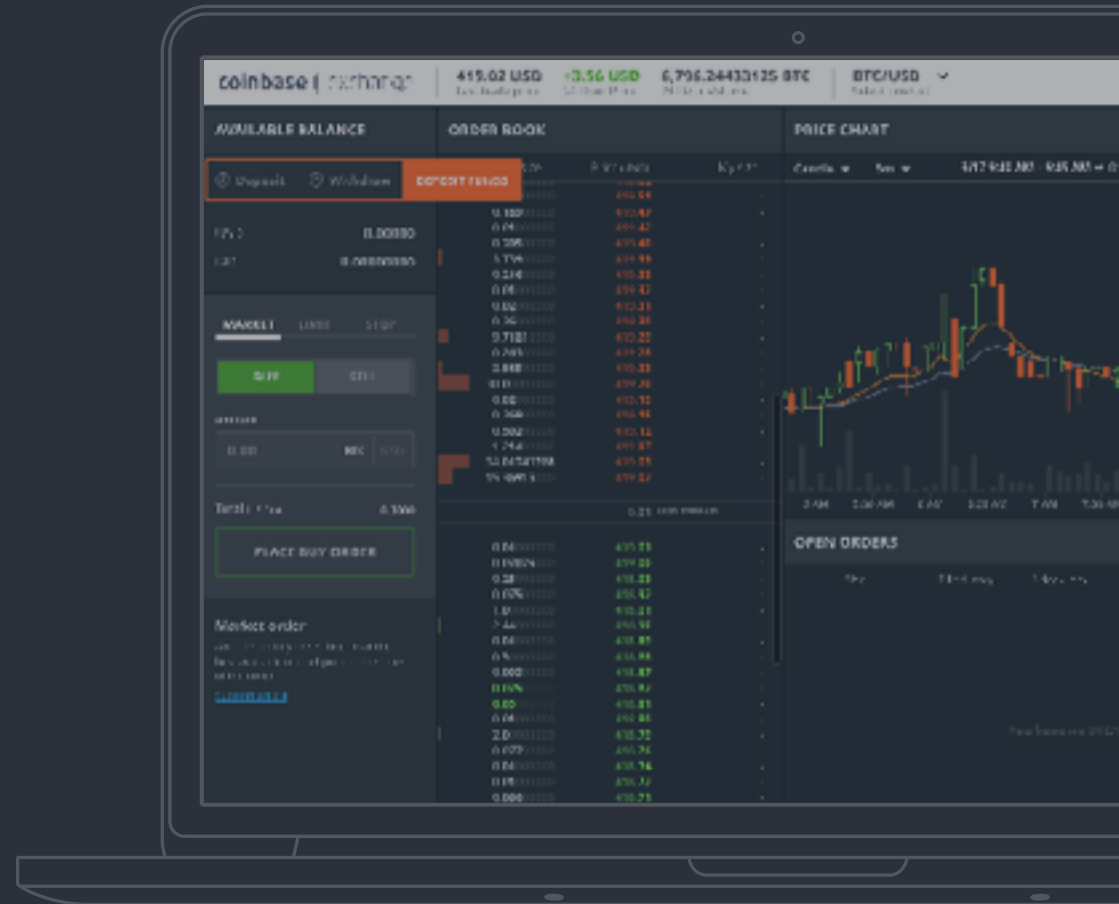
# Brief History of the Evolution of Apps

.....  
NOW

Modern development  
requires modern processes

Focus on performance  
and quality

Applications require  
a mixed skillset



# Development Processes

## Waterfall

Requirements up front

Rigid budget and timeline

Project phases for  
Development and testing

## Agile

Embrace change

Iterative development

Continuous delivery



# Hybrid – Practical Agile



Productive Edge's  
model for working with  
our clients

Early Discovery phase to  
understand requirements

Early technical spikes  
to mitigate risk



Established deadline and budget  
Iterative development

Continuous delivery



# Continuous Delivery

## Working towards:

- Reacting faster
- Reducing risk & cost
- Flexible releases

## Separate environments

- Test
- Staging
- Production

## Automated builds

- Test builds triggered by code check-ins
- Contain automated quality gates
  - Build success
  - Unit tests Code that tests other code
  - Other rules available

# Cloud Services



## Infrastructure-as-a-Service

- Servers
- Databases
- Caches
- Specific services
  - Notifications such as Email or mobile messaging
  - Message Queueing



## Usable On-Demand

- Scriptable, burstable configuration
- Redundancy
- Geographical shortest hop
- Leading providers
  - Amazon Web Services
  - Microsoft Azure
  - OpenStack – RackSpace / NASA project open-sourced with wide support

# Anatomy of a Simple Application

Server “Back End”

Computation

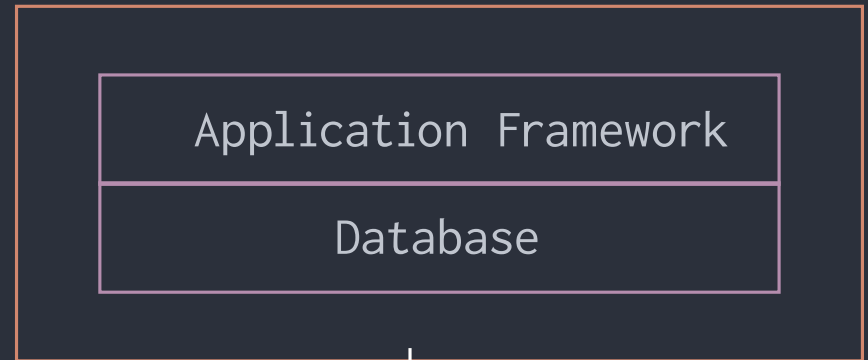
Persistence

Browser “Front End”

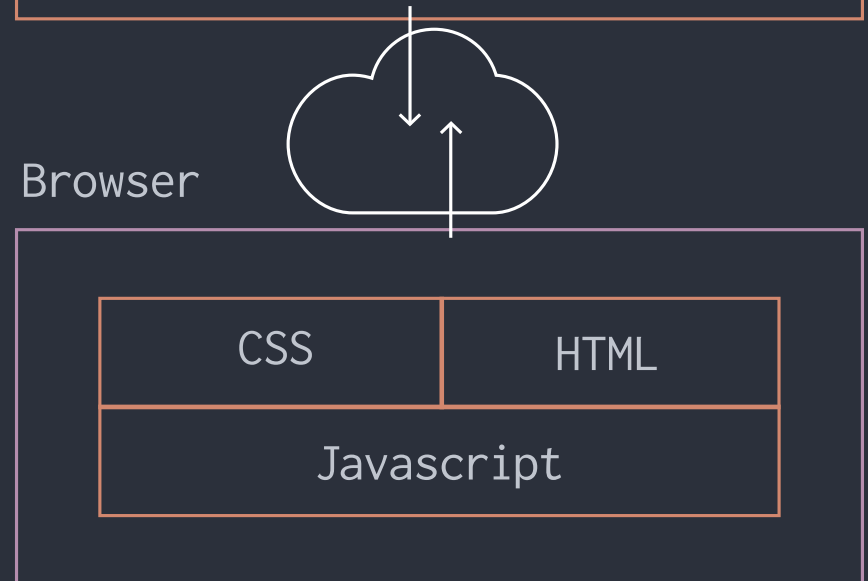
Rendering

Interaction

Server



Browser



# Common Back-End Frameworks

## Java

Runs anywhere,  
but typically  
Linux

## Microsoft .Net

Windows-based  
ASP.NET MVC widely  
popular

## PHP

Commonly with  
the LAMP stack  
(Linux, Apache,  
MySQL & PHP)  
All open source  
Huge adaptation

# Service-based Architecture

Applications become a mash-up of multiple services

- Enable multiple clients, whether web or mobile

## Microservice

- Independently deployable applications
- Focus on specific domain

Services focus on RESTful design

- Representational State Transfer the architecture of the web
- Semantic use of endpoints

Client

GET /authors/wilczek

```
200 OK
{
  count: 48,
  publications: [
    { id:1, title:" Superheavy Light
Quarks and the Strong P, T
Problem" },
    { id:2, title:"Oscillatory
Attractors: A New Cosmological Phase" },
    ...
    { id:48, title:"Asymptotically Free
Gauge Theories. 1" }
  ]
}
```

High-Energy Physics  
Publications Service

# What's a Database Today?



Relational most common understanding, row oriented

- Ex: MySQL or SQL Server

“NoSQL” various non-relational databases that solve certain problems well

- Document – most common NoSQL, store objects as documents [MongoDB]
- Column – highly efficient aggregation of data (ex: avg height of users) [Cassandra]
- Graph – Nodes with relationships [Neo4J]
  - Solves problem queries like “Show me pizza restaurants in Chicago that my friends like”
- Key-Value store – Highly efficient retrieval of objects by key [memcached]



# Search



Providing near  
real-time results

Solve problems where  
databases struggle:

- Geospatial searching
- Faceting
- Spellcheck

Lucene

- Java-based indexing  
of documents



Apache Solr & Elasticsearch

- Lucene-based search engines
- Offer updated integration and ease of use
- Cutting-edge scalability
- Elasticsearch completely controlled by modern service

# Javascript: Language of the Web

## jQuery

- Cross-platform library for manipulating a web page
- Most popular Javascript library by a wide margin
- Included in many frameworks and platforms

## Backbone.js

- Lightweight templating engine for binding data models to HTML

## AngularJS

- Web application framework for single page applications
- Enables two-way data-binding between HTML and back-end services

## React

- Latest framework gaining popularity
- Renderings beyond HTML allow for HTML5 elements and

# Simplifying Design Execution

Frameworks for streamlining HTML, CSS and JS components

Most popular:

Bootstrap & Foundation

Responsive

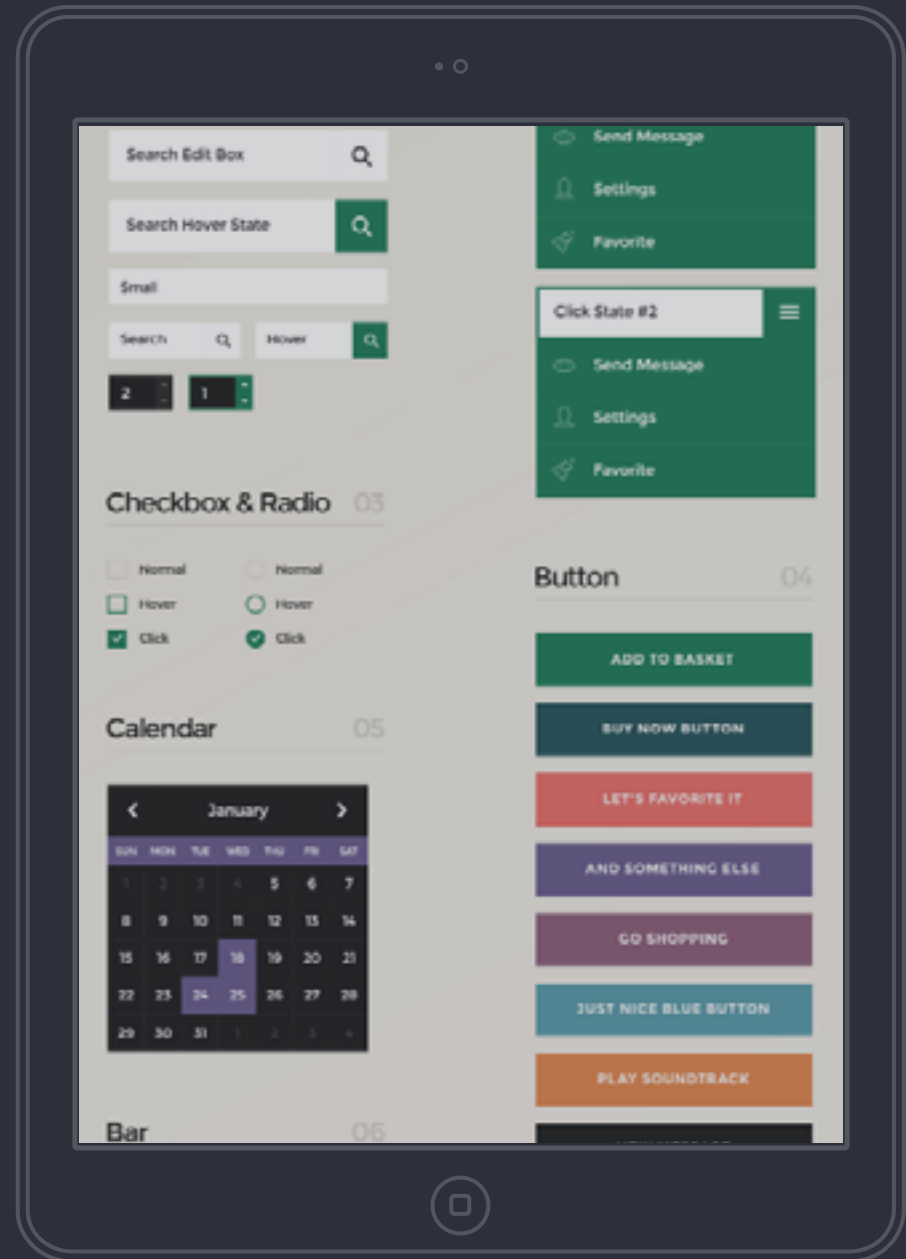
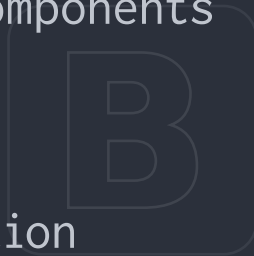
Grid system

Stylized, themeable

CSS components

Optional Javascript extensions

Ex: Pop-up modal or fixed sidebar



# Javascript from Front to Back

## Node.js

Runtime environment for writing Javascript applications

Fast execution using Google V8 engine

Enables full-stack development in Javascript

Built in package manager

## MEAN stack

Trending Javascript-based development stack

Compare to LAMP stack

Client



Server



Database



# Caching

## Client-side cache

- Browser does not request resource from server
- Commonly used for static resources

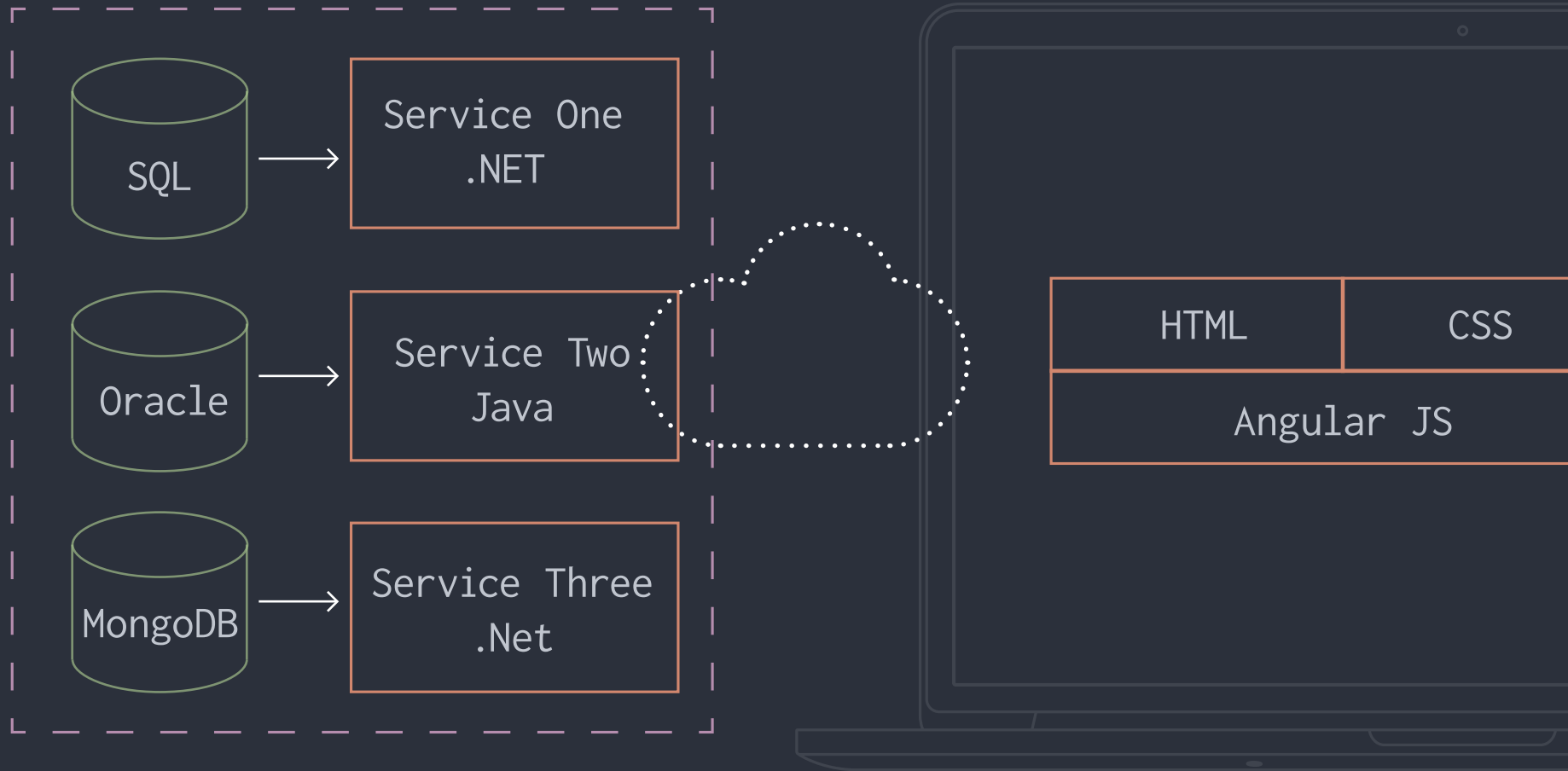
## Server-side cache

- Web server caches outgoing requests
- Does not re-process upon further request

## Distributed application caches

- Distributed cache consists of multiple nodes across infrastructure
- Eliminate redundant calls to long running processes
  - Database queries
  - Intense calculations
- Typically NoSql Key-Value store
- Various patterns for loading data into the cache

# The Result



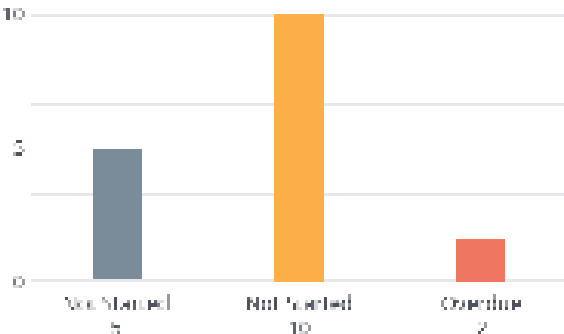
WELCOME, ALICE

Insights Dashboard

EDIT LAYOUT

NEW WIDGET

My Work Status (Due This Week)



My District's Execution Performance

Location	% Complete	%Overdue	#Overdue
1000	75%	80%	4
1001	71%	81%	3
1002	79%	90%	2
1003	85%	63%	9
1004	84%	53%	12
1005	71%	91%	3
TOTAL DISTRICTS: 500	71%	91%	3

My District's High Priority Projects

Projects	Due	%Comp
Operations & Management Manual - Not...	7/28	55%
Delight the Customer Weekly Huddle	7/28	74%
P-Card / T&E Card Survey	8/1	56%
Please Share Feedback on Supply Logisti...	8/1	44%
Delight the Customer Weekly Huddle	8/2	33%
RIN and Field Label Orders	8/3	30%
1-6 of 10		1 2

My District's Historical Execution Performance (Last 6 Weeks)

Location	This Week	Last Week	7/5/15	6/28/15	6/21/15	6/14/15
1000	75%	80%	95%	98%	100%	100%
1001	75%	80%	95%	98%	100%	100%
1002	75%	80%	95%	98%	100%	100%
1003	75%	80%	95%	98%	100%	100%
1004	75%	80%	95%	98%	100%	100%
1005	75%	80%	95%	98%	100%	100%
TOTAL DISTRICTS: 500	75%	80%	95%	98%	100%	100%

Project Mix by Department (This Week)

