

Future Calorimeter in Hall C based on NPS

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(for NPS collaboration)

NPS Science Motivation

A Neutral Particle Spectrometer (NPS) is required to carry out the JLab 12 GeV Hall C program of precision cross section measurements and L/T separations, extending the charged-particle (p , $\pi^{+/-}$, $K^{+/-}$) measurements to neutral particles (γ and π^0). It will open new opportunities in Hall C, utilizing the HMS, SHMS or BigBite spectrometers

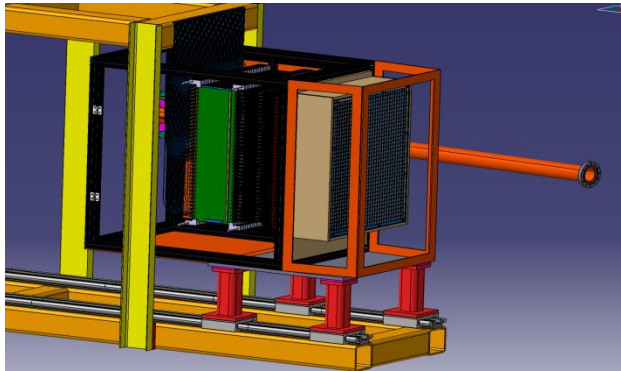
Proposals benefitting from the NPS facility, so far:

- E12-13-007, Measurement of Semi-Inclusive π^0 Production as Validation of Factorization. (25 days, PAC40 approved, A- rating, running with E12-13-010).
- E12-13-010, Exclusive Deeply Virtual Compton and Neutral Pion Cross-Section Measurements in Hall C. (53 days, PAC40 approved, A rating).
- E12-14-003, Wide-Angle Compton Scattering at 8 and 10 GeV photon energies. (18 days, PAC42 approved, A rating).
- E12-14-005, Wide Angle, Exclusive Photoproduction of π^0 Mesons. (18 days, PAC42 approved, B rating).
- E12-17-008. Polarization Observables in Wide-Angle Compton Scattering at large s , t and u . (46 days, PAC45 approved, A- rating).

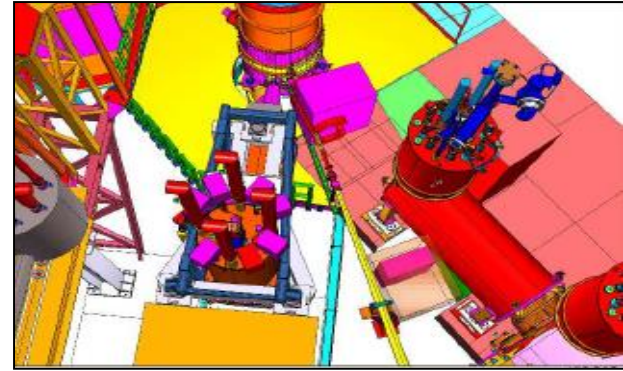
Experiments using NPS Spectrometer

All currently approved experiments will use combination HMS+NPS

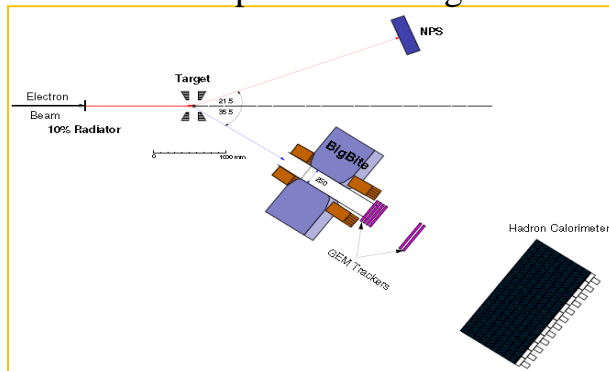
*NPS Calorimeter general view
(ORSAT group design)*



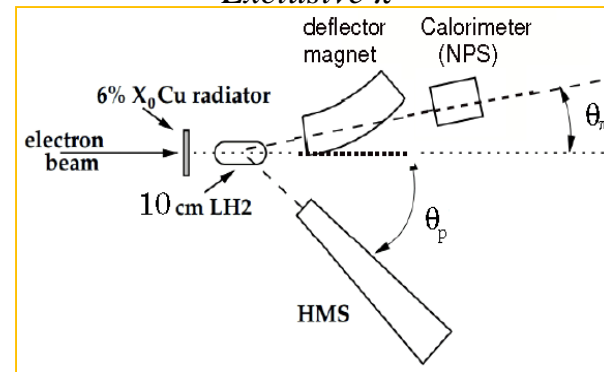
*E12-13-007: Semi-Inclusive π^0 Production,
and E12-13-010: DVCS and π^0*



*E12-17-008 Polarized Wide-Angle
Compton Scattering*



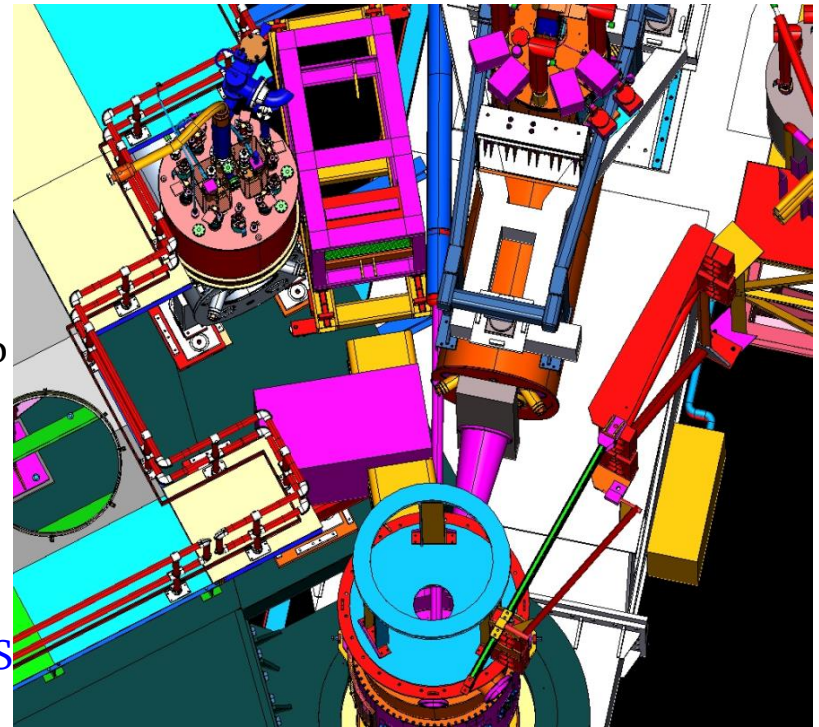
*E12-14-005: Wide-Angle
Exclusive π^0*



NPS Facility

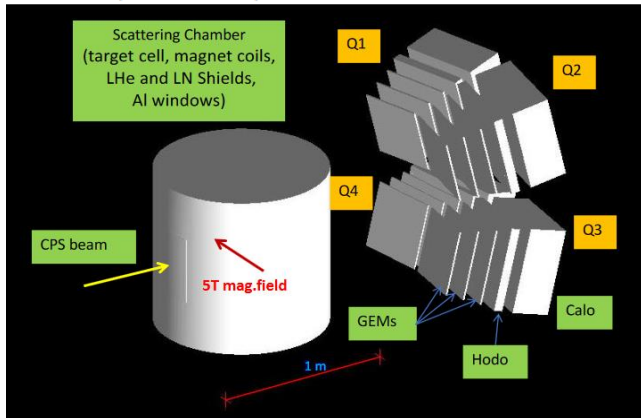
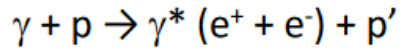
The NPS is an efficient and economical way to meet all of the presently known experimental requirements. It will consist of the following components:

- Solid angle ~ 25 msr at distance 4 m
- ~ 1200 PbWO₄ crystals, each $2.05 \times 2.05 \times 20$ cm³
- Temperature controlled frame (18 ± 0.1 °C)
- HV distribution bases (without amplifiers ?) for operation in a high-rate environments with reduced number dynodes
- Essentially dead-time-less digitizing electronics to independently sample the entire pulse form for each crystal – JLab-developed Flash ADCs (fADC)
- Sweeping magnet of ~ 0.3 - 0.6 Tm field strength
- Cantilevered platforms to allow for precise, remote rotation in the range 5.5° - 30° (on the SHMS carriage), and between 25° and 60° range
- A light monitoring (and curing) system to monitor (and restore) crystal optical properties
- Energy resolution $\sim (2-3)\%/\sqrt{E}$
- Position resolution $\sim 2-3$ mm

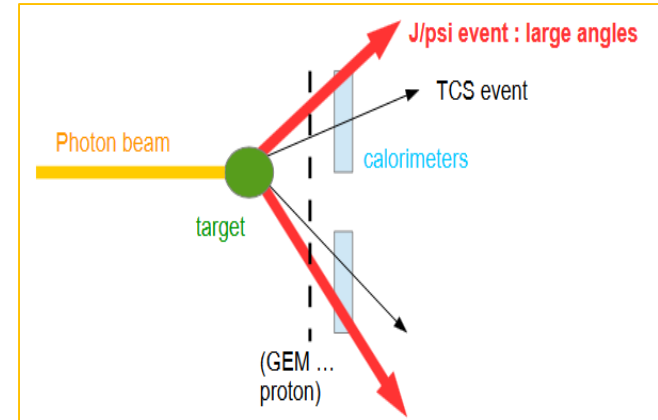


New Ideas using NPS and more in Hall C

- Proposed TCS setup (V. Tadevosyan)

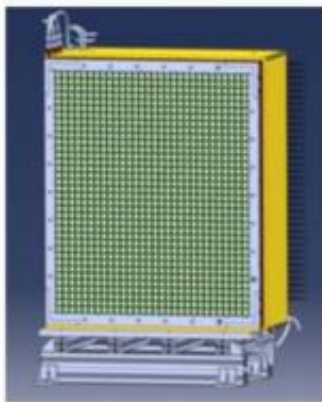


J/psi with NPS/CPS : transverse proton spin asymmetries (M. Boer & students)

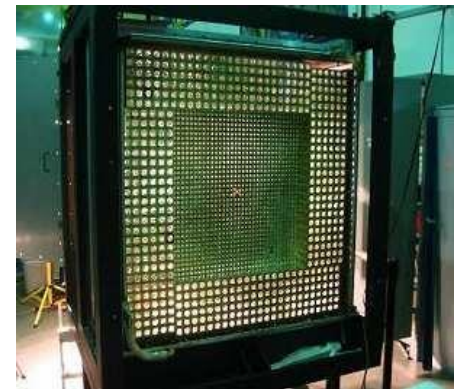


- Transversely Polarized TCS, M. Boer
- Double Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering (DDVCS), M. Boer

Hybrid Calorimeter based on NPS



NPS Calorimeter (~1200 PbWO)



Hybrid Calorimeter similar to PrimEx
HYCAL (PbWO₅ + SciGlass)

Future calorimeters in Hall C

Life shows that any good idea becomes a reality at best 5-10 years after the proposal
So, if we want some new detector/calorimeter in Hall C before 2030, must start Today !

- NPS required calorimeter with about 1200 PbWO_4 crystals, each $2.05 \times 2.05 \times 20 \text{ cm}^3$
- TCS will require combination of four calorimeters, each 529 PbWO_4 crystals, (or 2116 PbWO_4)
- Future experiments may require large acceptance calorimeter similar to BigCal. In principle, we may cover such big solid angle combining several small NPS type calorimeters.
- We may build several (4-6) TCS type calorimeter and use their different combination
- Or calorimeter with a more complicated design
- Let discuss and see what ideas will come up ?
- Of cause, Today we will not come to even very preliminary conclusion, but better to start !
- New physics project we must expect with progress of CEBAF 24 GeV upgrade
- ??