

GEANT4 and Pion Photo-production in the intermediate energy regime at Jefferson Lab

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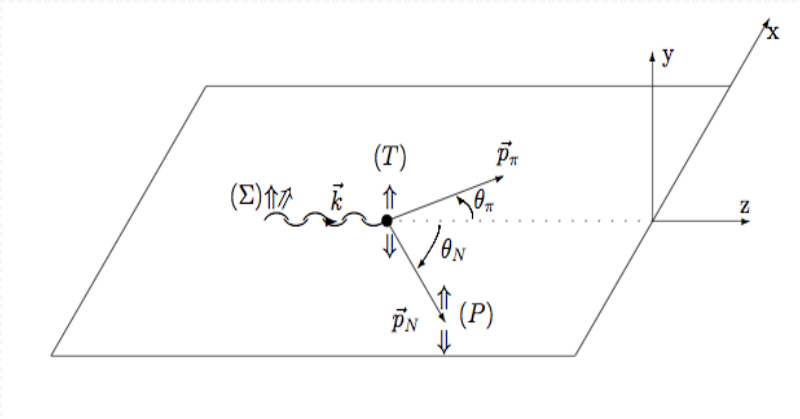
Université Cheikh Anta Diop, Dakar (Sénégal)

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Introduction

- **Pion photo-production : alternative method for probing the matter**
 - Electromagnetic and hadronic Interactions combined



Resonances identified

- In the intermediate energy regime
- **GEANT₄,**
 - tool for simulation and data analysis
 - Validate G₄ physics using Jlab data in the GeV range

Outline

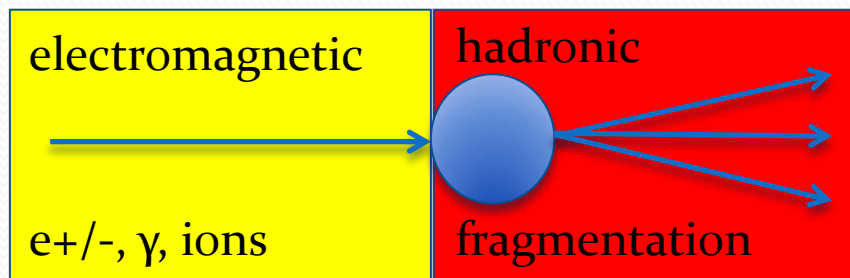
- **GEANT₄ Overview**
- **Cross section comparison**
- **Data comparison analysis**
- **Results**
 - ❖ **Total cross sections**
 - ❖ **Angular distribution**
 - ❖ **Total cross section integrated**
 - ❖ **Energetic distribution**
- **Conclusion & perspectives**

GEANT4 Overview (1/4)

- **GEANT₄ : GEometry ANd Tracking 4**
 - Developed and maintained by an international collaboration
- **Purpose:** simulate the interaction between particle and matter
- **Application:** high-energy, nuclear, space and material sciences to medical physics
- **Ingredients**
 - Large flexible set of models for physical interactions of leptons and hadrons
 - Electromagnetic and hadronic processes (both elastic and inelastic)
 - Range : eV to TeV
 - Extensive support of geometry and visualization tools + advanced scoring and tracking options

GEANT4 Overview (2/4)

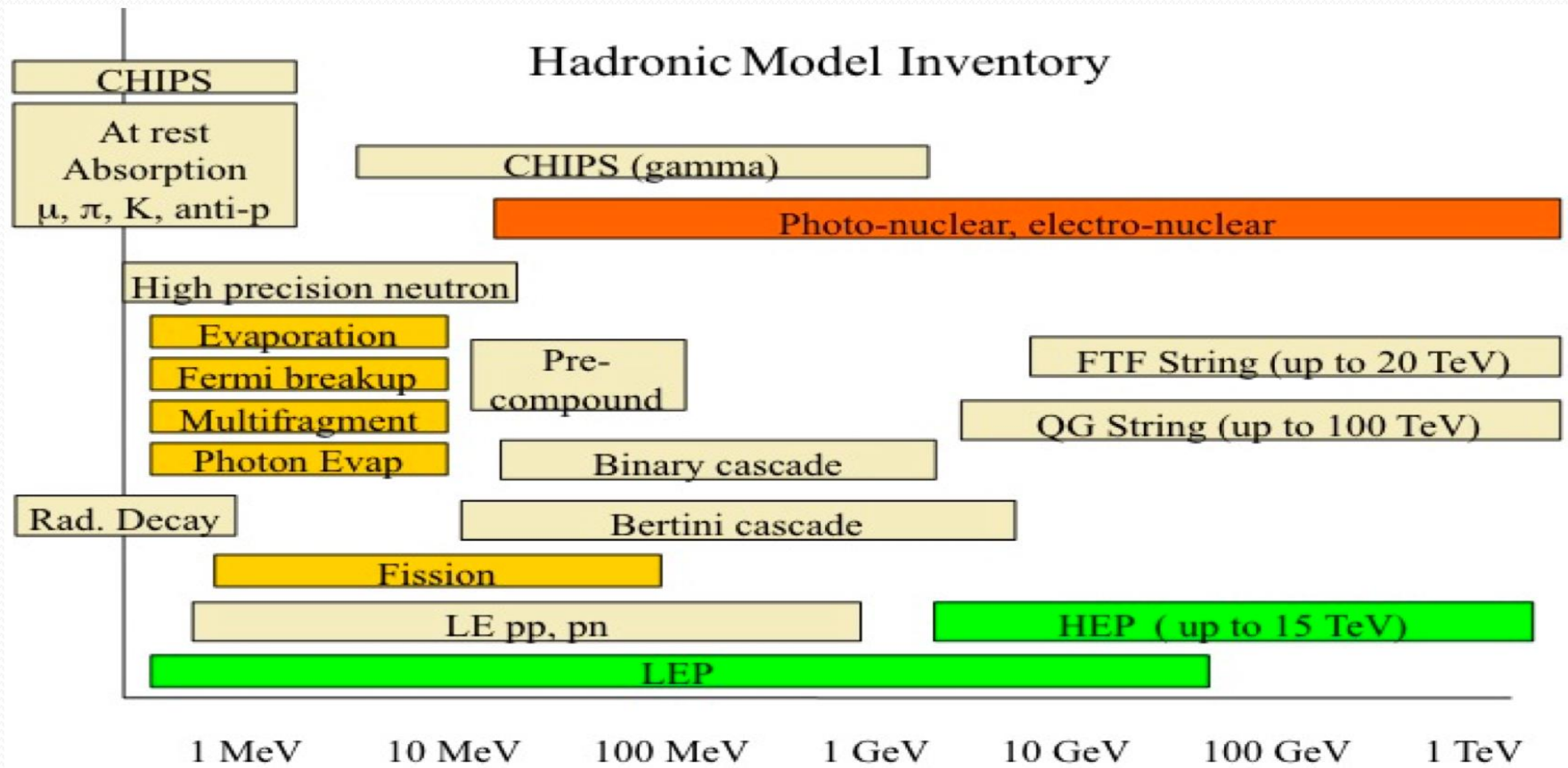
- Interactions in GEANT4 as a physical process and its associated model(s);
- Two distinct packages: electromagnetic physics and hadronic physics;



- Photo-and lepto-nuclear interactions in a hybrid process;
- Hadro-nuclear interaction in a hadronic process

GEANT4 Overview (3/4)

- Tens of categories of hadronic models (Geant4 .9.6.p02)



GEANT4 Overview (4/4)

- Different models considering incidents particles

Model	Incident Particles	Incident Energy	Applications
Parameterized Low Energy Parameterized (LEP) High Energy Parameterized (HEP)	p, n, π , K, Λ , Σ , Ω , Ξ , α , t, d.	0 \rightarrow \sim 30 GeV \sim 10 \rightarrow 15 TeV	Describing showers in detectors
Pre-compound (PRECO)	p, n	0 \rightarrow 170 MeV	- Used for nucleus interactions at low energies
Cascade Bertini (BERT) Binary Invariant Cascade (BIC)	p, n, π , K, Λ , Σ^+ , Σ^- , Ω^- , Ξ^- , Ξ^0 p, n., Gamma π^+ , π^-	0 \rightarrow 10 GeV 0 \rightarrow 10 GeV 0 \rightarrow 1.3 GeV	For intermediates energies
String Quark –Gluon –String (QGS) Fritiof (FTF)	p, n, K, π .	\sim 10 \rightarrow \sim TeV Down to much lower \sim 3 GeV	Recommended for use in shielding applications as well in High energy
Chiral – Invariant – Phase – Space (CHIPS)	μ , π , K, anti-p, anti-baryon Gamma	At rest \sim 1MeV \rightarrow \sim 1GeV	For low to medium range energies
High Precision neutron (HP)	Neutrons	< 20 MeV	- Requires detailed for neutron transport - Can be used for radiation protection
Low Background experiments (LBE)		Low energies	
Other Capture Fission Isotope production	In a nucleus Modeling Sequence for π^- ; Validation of CHIPS for Pion Neutron	At rest Low energies < 100 MeV From 100 MeV down to thermal	Useful for activation studies

Cross sections comparison (1/3)

- **Jefferson Lab:** Pion photo-production experimental data from Hall B
- **Comparison:** PDG and GEANT₄ (CHIPS & BERT)

- **PDG:** Particle Data Group

Large collaboration aimed at summarizing data for particle physics and related fields

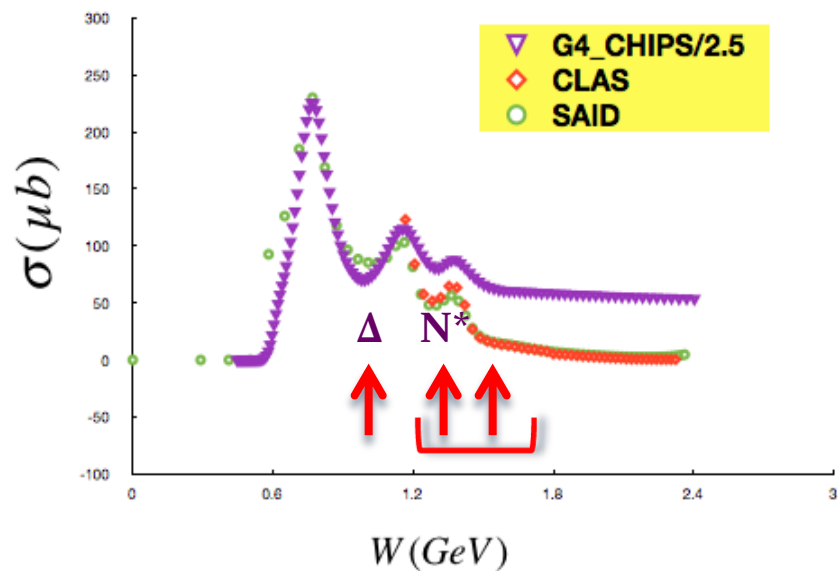
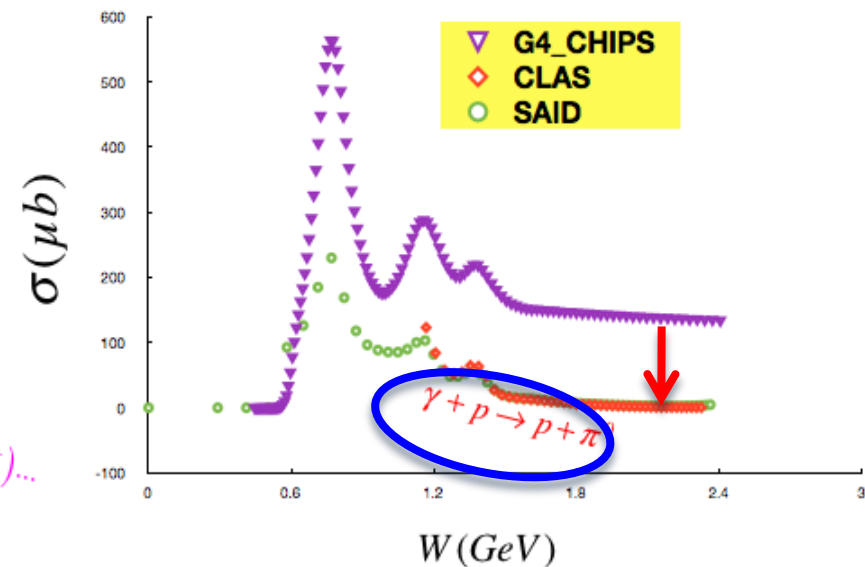
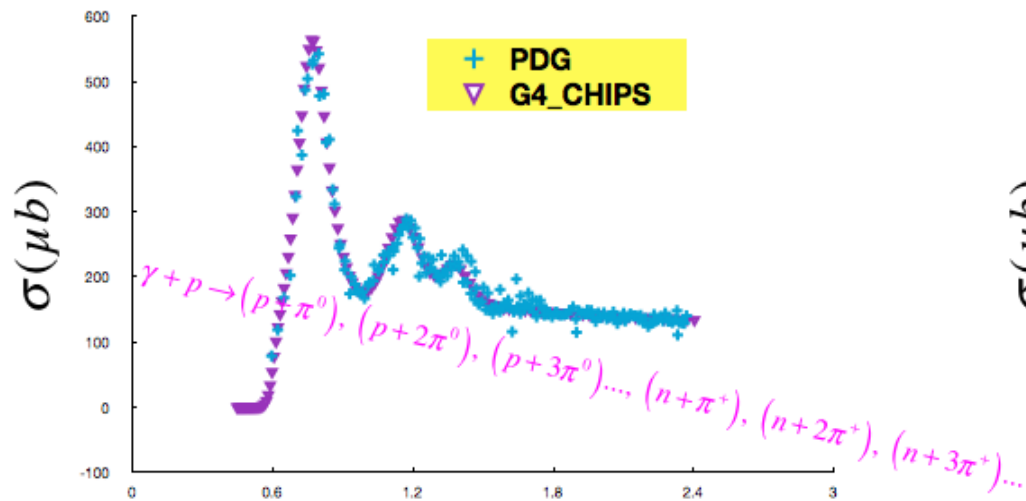
Database that includes various compilations and evaluations of elementary particles properties

Comparison: GEANT₄ and SAID+Jefferson Lab experimental data

- **SAID:** Scattering Analysis Interactive Dial-in

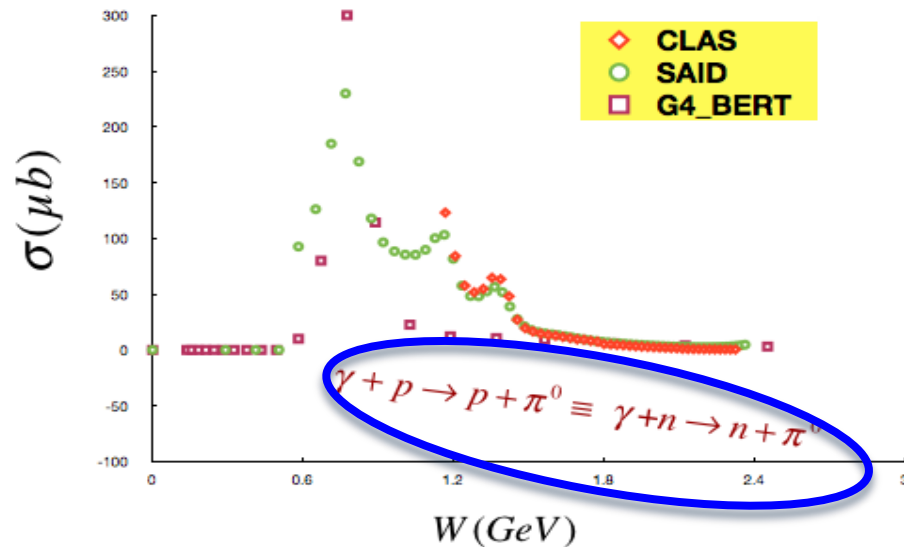
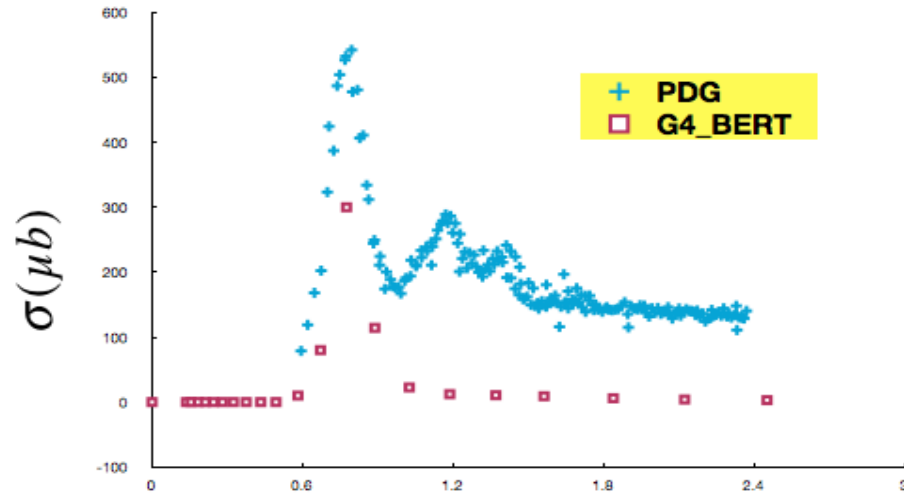
(Phenomenological model driven from world-wide experimental data and maintained by GWU)

Cross sections comparison (2/3)



- G4_CHIPS
 - fits perfectly with PDG;
 - reproduce correctly the experimental resonances (G4_CHIPS/2.5)

Cross sections comparison (3/3)



- G4_BERT

- Describes relatively well Δ resonances but few data in this range
- Limitation: same results for photo-production of $\gamma(p,p)\pi^0$ and $\gamma(n,n)\pi^0$
- More simulation and comparison with data using this model is highly desirable

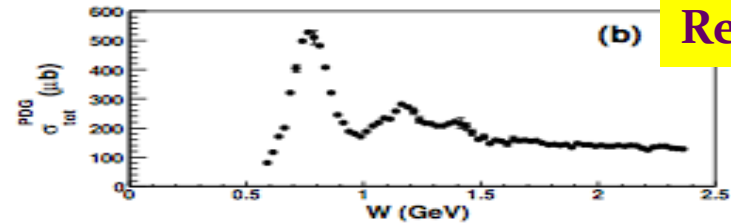
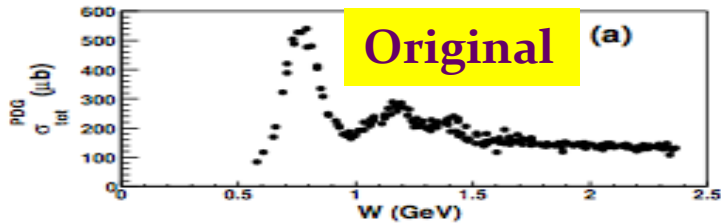
Data comparison analysis(1/2)

1. Generate 2 histograms with same binning
2. Perform χ^2 minimization
 - ① Follow the prescription from Gagunashvili
 - ② N. D. Gagunashvili, *Chi square goodness of fit tests for weighted histograms*, Journal of Instrumentation 10 (2015) P0500
3. Check normalized residuals for low statistics issue

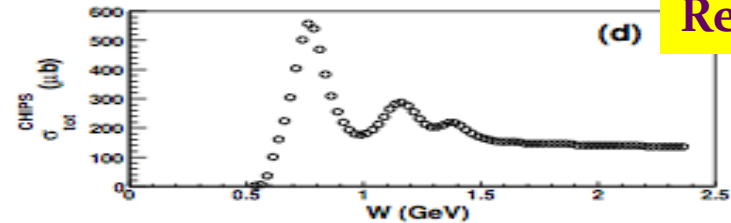
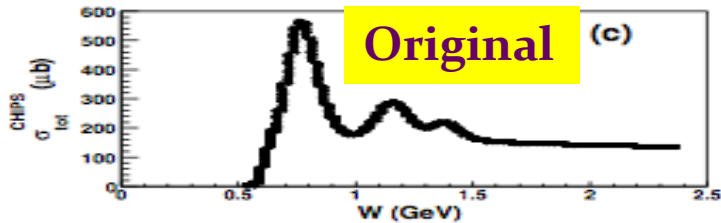
Notes

- Example: total cross section CHIPS vs. PDG
- Similar approach for all work:
 - ✓ Geant4 vs. SAID
 - ✓ Angular & energy distributions

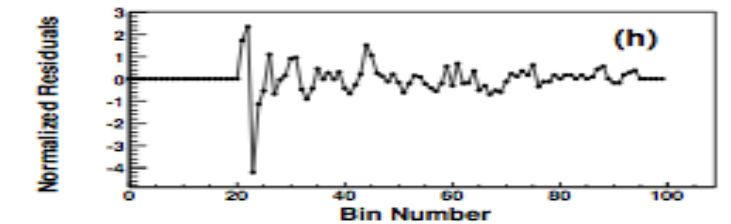
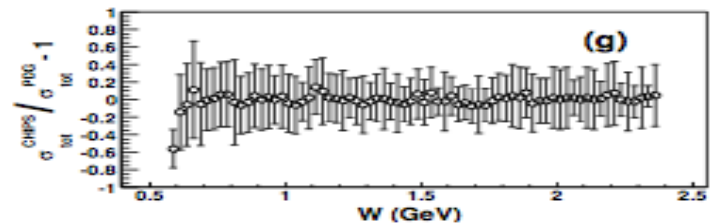
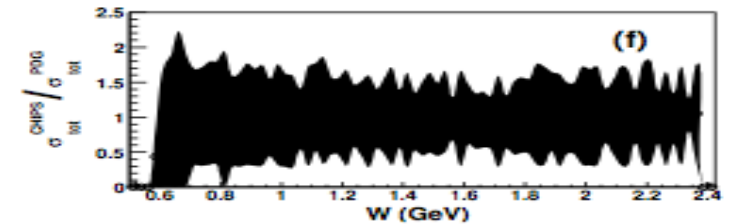
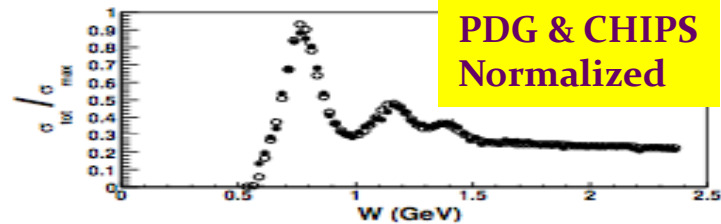
Data comparison analysis(2/2)



PDG



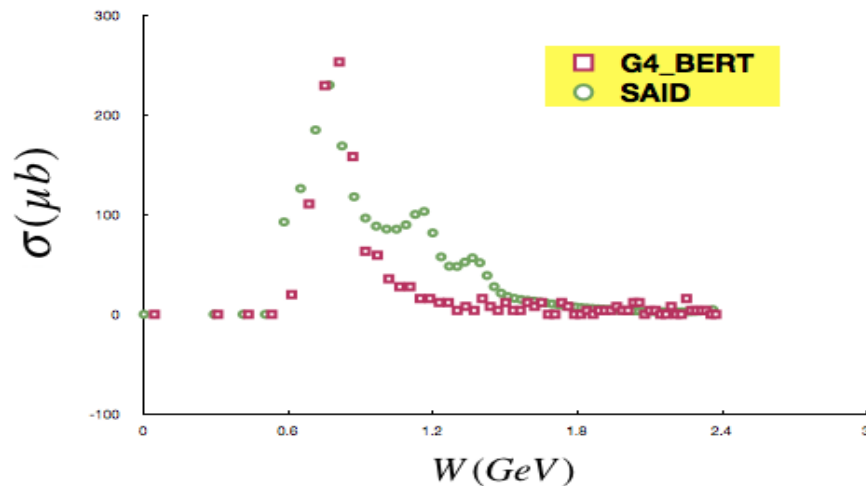
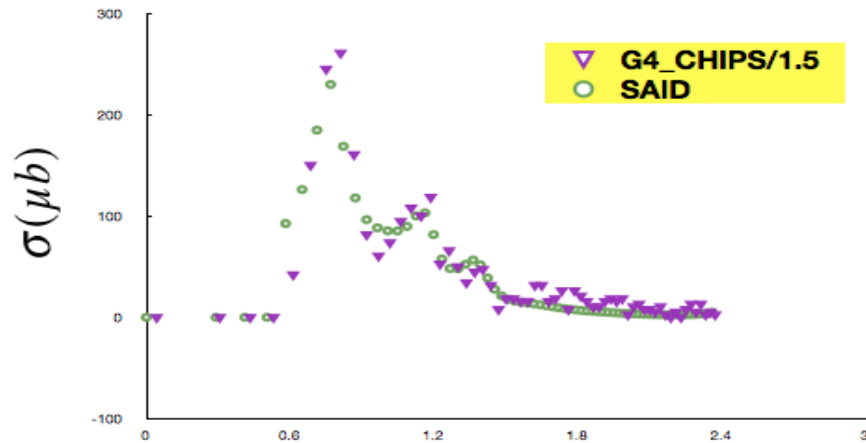
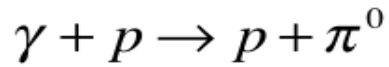
CHIPS



χ^2	42.342
Ndf	73
p-value	99.846%

Results

Total Cross sections



- **G4_CHIPS**

- Confirmation that CHIPS describes very well the fitting model, hence the experimental data
- Simulation is improved but over estimation with a smaller coefficient
- Lots of fluctuations after the second resonance

(see differential cross section simulation)

- **G4_BERT**

- Tabulated data fit with simulation results
- Geant4 database only for protons
- Recommendation: do not use for neutrons

Results

Differential Cross sections

- JLab experiments total cross sections : obtained from $\Sigma d\sigma/d\Omega$
- Differential cross section : generated both angular and energetic distributions
- **Objective** : detailed comparison between Geant4 and Jlab/SAID data for σ_{Tot} and $d\sigma/d\Omega$
 - simulate number of events under scattering angle theta in the lab frame

From the kinematics data, we calculate theta in the center of mass frame following the relation

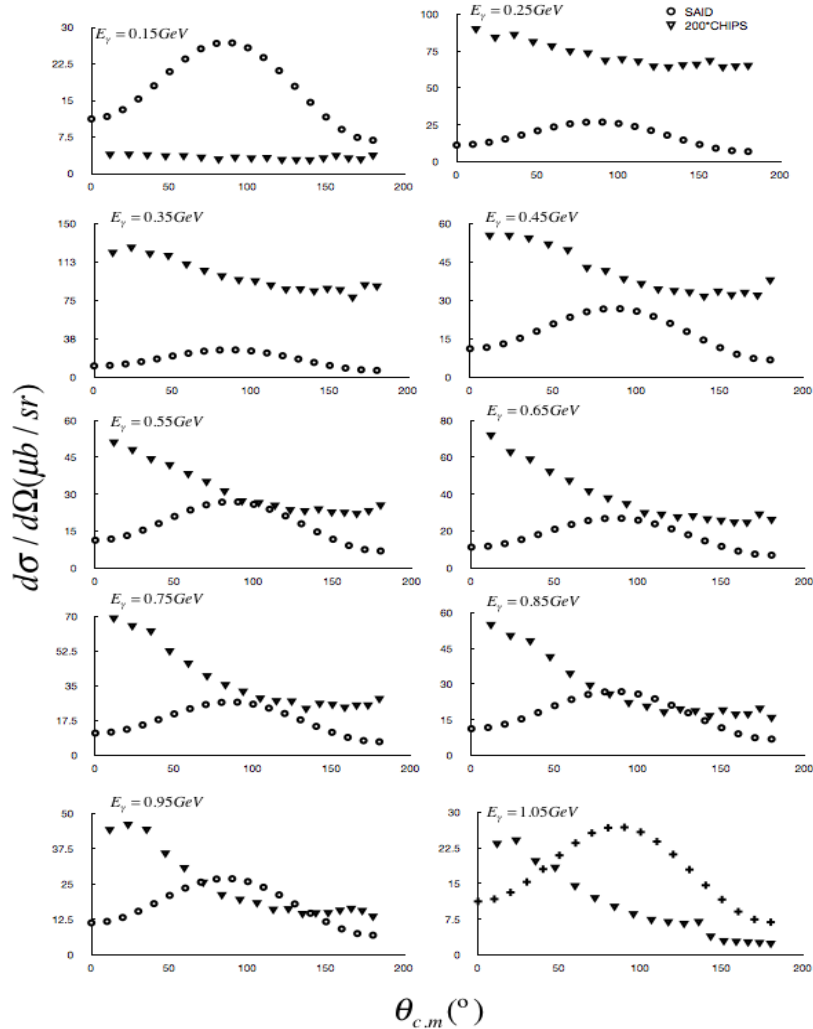
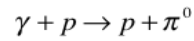
$$q_{c.m} = a \tan \left(\frac{\sin(q_{lab})}{\cos(q_{lab}) - \left(\frac{m_{\rho^{\pm,0}} * E_{lab}^g}{m_{prot} * P_{\rho^{\pm,0}}} \right)} \right) \quad (5)$$

- Differential cross section calculated for :
 - a given energy and variable angle: angular distribution
 - a given angle and variable energy: energetic distribution

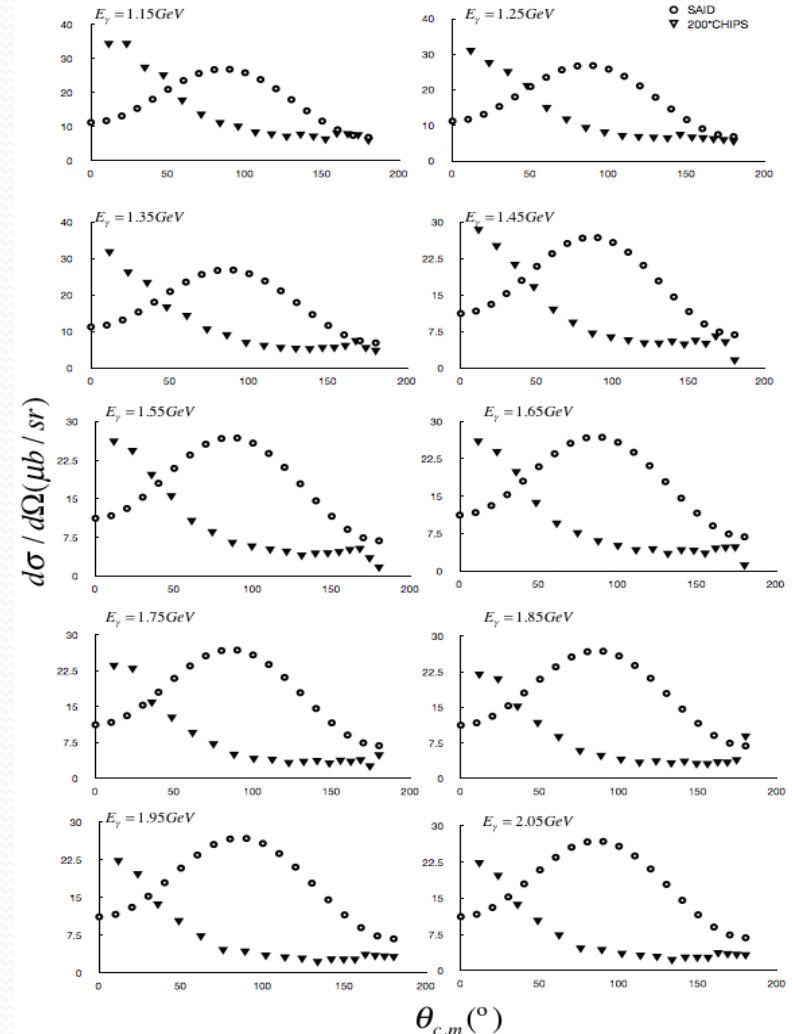
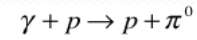
Results

Angular Distributions

“Low Energy”



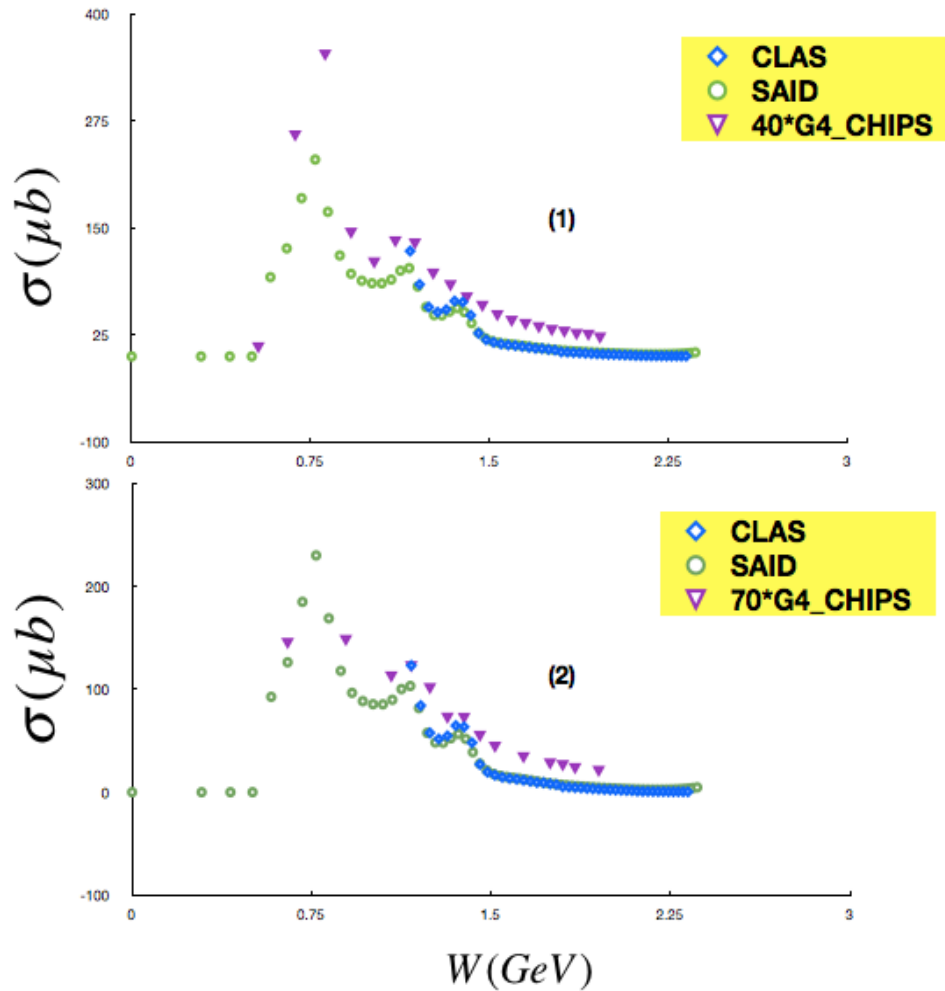
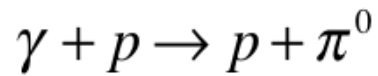
“High Energy”



Very different distributions!!

Results

Total Cross sections integrated



- Differential cross section integrated over scattering angles

(1): Third resonance not well-described
(Energy step used is not the same as Jlab)

(2): Rebinning shows good agreement

In process ...

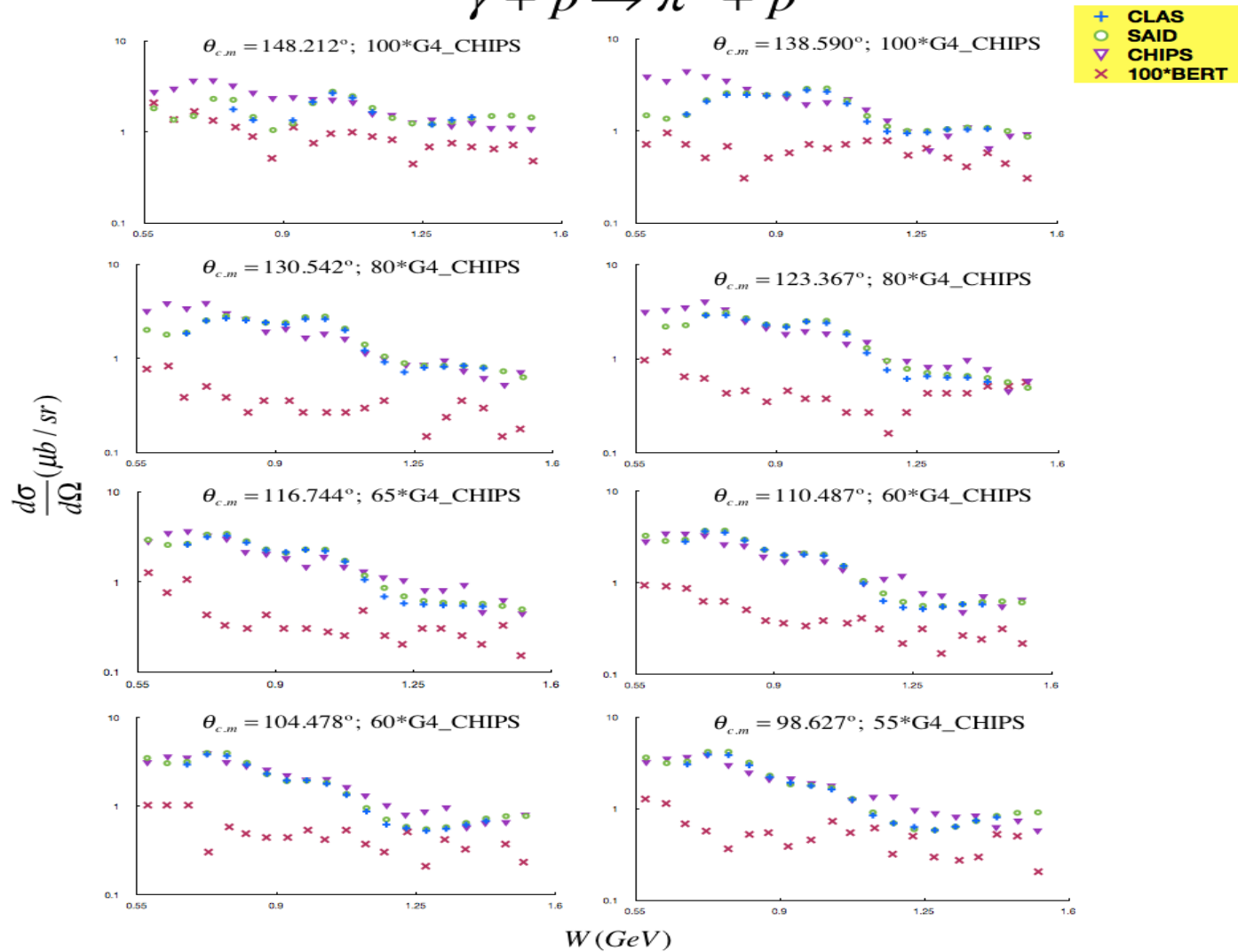
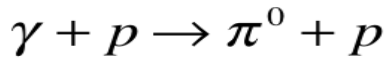
(1)
Different binning

(2)
Same binning

Results

Energetic Distributions (1/2)

Backward Angle

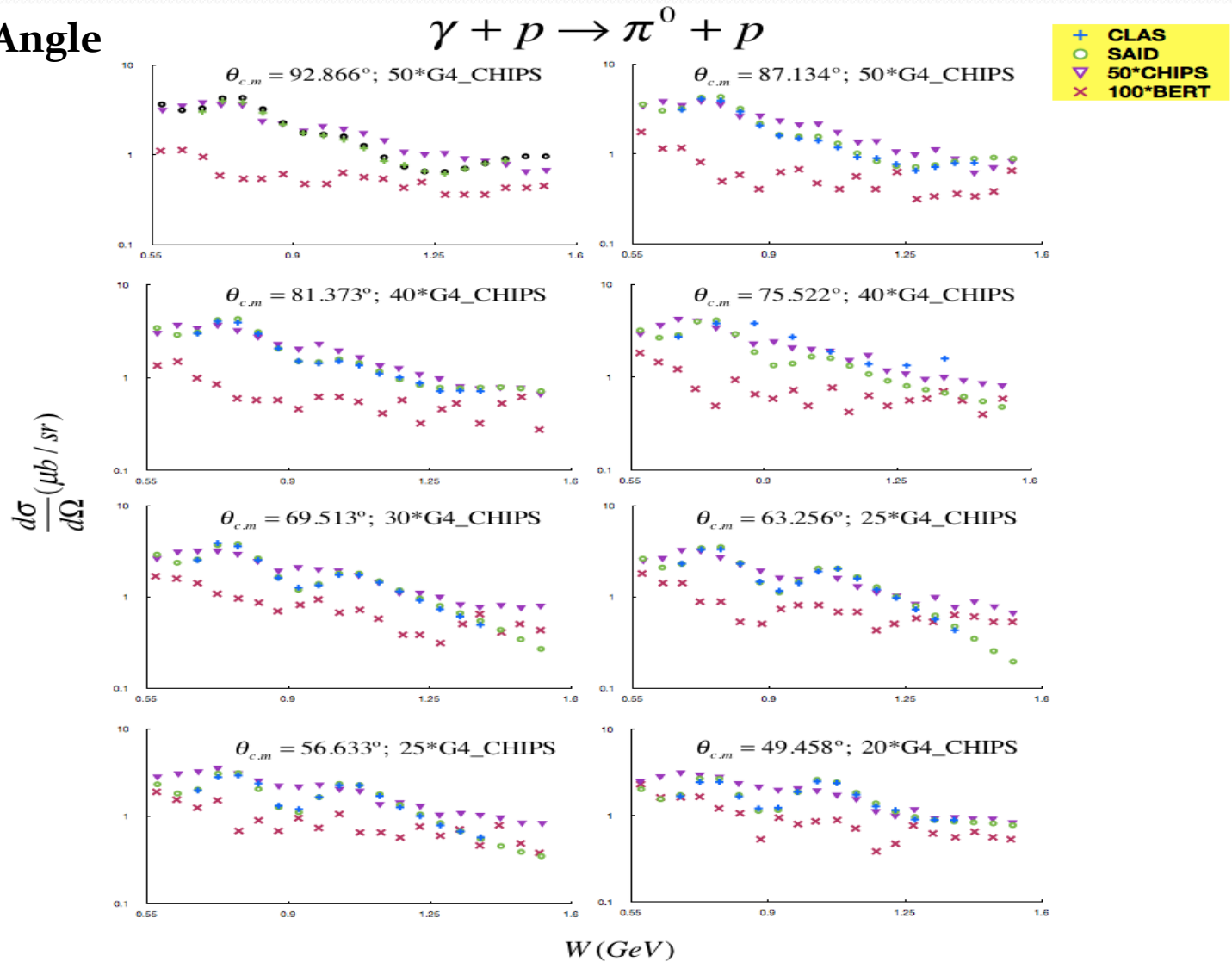
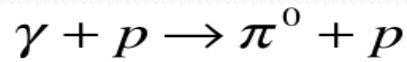


Preliminary

Results

Energetic Distributions (2/2)

Forward Angle



Preliminary

Conclusion & Perspectives

- **Conclusion**

- Study of pion photo-production off hydrogen in Geant4 using JLab/SAID data
- Comprehensive comparison of differential and total cross sections
- Qualitative analysis: seems OK – Quantitative: with chi-square (next step)
- CHIPS model: reasonable in the intermediate energy range
- BERT model: necessary to perform more comparison/improvement

- **Perspectives**

- Finish the simulation for the proton target (in progress)
- Same exercises for the neutron target (very near future)
- Applications to heavier targets (if time allows it)
- Provide recommendation for the users of Geant4 models in mesons photo-production within the intermediate energy regime