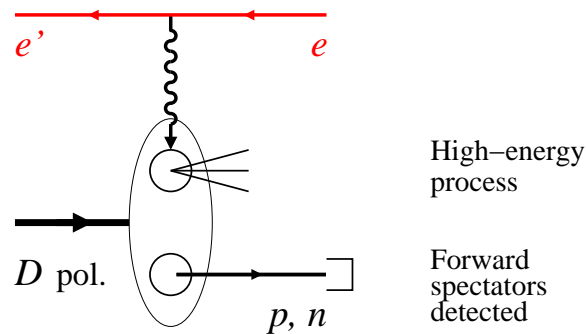


# Neutron structure with spectator tagging at MEIC

C. Weiss (JLab), Users Group Workshop 2014, JLab, 03–Jun–14

Jefferson Lab



Kinematic reach in  $x$ ,  $Q^2$

Ion polarization  $L$ ,  $T$ , tensor

Forward detection of  $p$ ,  $n$ ,  $D$

**Precision measurements using  $eD$  with forward tagging**

- Light ion physics with EIC

Physics objectives

Polarized deuterium

Spectator nucleon tagging

- Forward  $p/n$  tagging with deuterium

Free neutron through on-shell extrapolation

Bound nucleon structure

Polarization

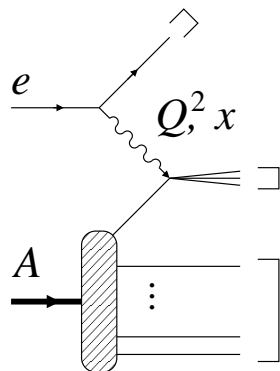
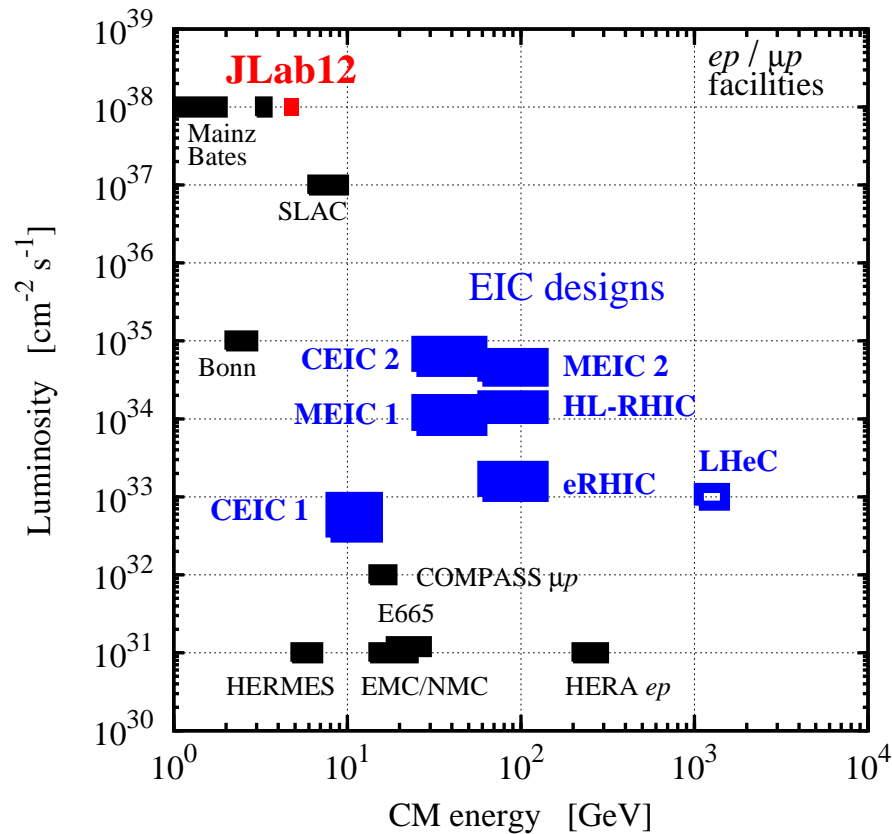
Shadowing and coherence at  $x \ll 0.1$

- R&D status and prospects

Forward detection with JLab MEIC

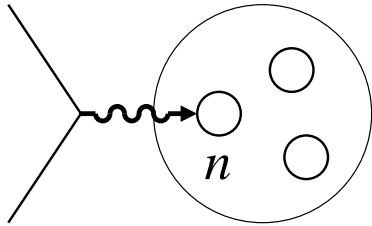
JLab 2014 LDRD project

# Light ions: Energy, luminosity, polarization



- CM energy 10-40 GeV/nucleon  
MEIC 1. Higher energy upgrade  
 $Q^2 \sim \text{few } 10 \text{ GeV}^2$  for DIS  
 $x \sim 10^{-1} - 10^{-3}$  for sea quarks, gluons
- Luminosity  $\sim 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$   
Exceptional configurations in target  
Multi-variable final states  
Polarization effects
- Polarized light ions  
eRHIC: unpol  $D$ , pol  $^3\text{He}$   
MEIC: polarized  $D$  and  $^3\text{He}$   
Figure-8 design
- $ep$  physics program  
→ 2012 White Paper, reviews. Talk A. Deshpande

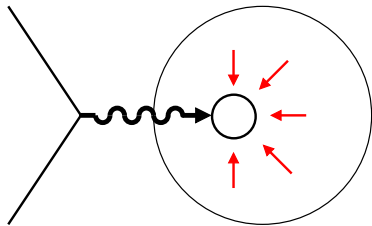
# Light ions: Physics objectives



- Neutron structure

Flavor decomposition of quark spin, sea quarks  $\Delta\bar{u}$ ,  $\Delta\bar{d}$ , gluon polarization  $\Delta g$

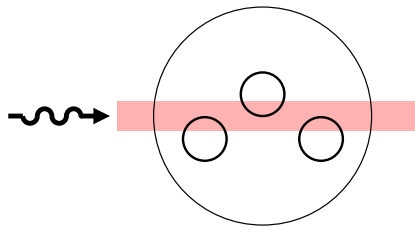
How to account for binding, polarization, final-state interactions?



- Bound nucleon in QCD

Modification of basic quark/gluon structure by nuclear medium, QCD origin of nuclear forces

How to control nuclear environment?



- Coherence and saturation

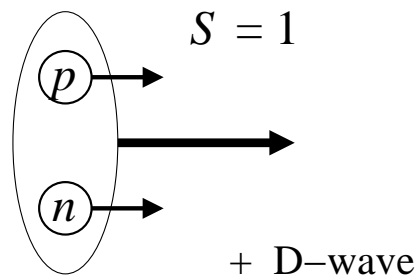
Interaction of high-energy probe with coherent quark/gluon fields

How to quantify onset of coherence?  
Signatures of saturation?

[Nucleus rest frame view]

- Challenges to be addressed by theory and new experimental techniques! ←

# Light ions: Deuterium and spectator tagging



- Polarized deuterium

Wave function simple, known  
incl. Light-cone wave function for high-energy processes

Neutron spin-polarized

Limited possibilities for nuclear  
final-state interaction

Coherent effects at  $N = 2$   
Complementary to saturation in large nuclei

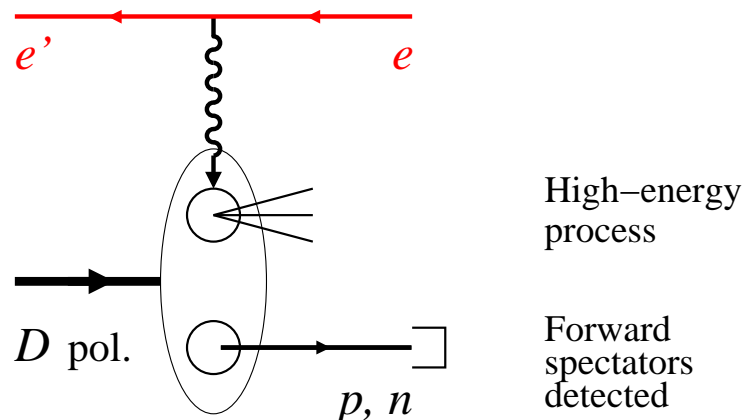
- Spectator nucleon tagging

Detection of forward proton or neutron

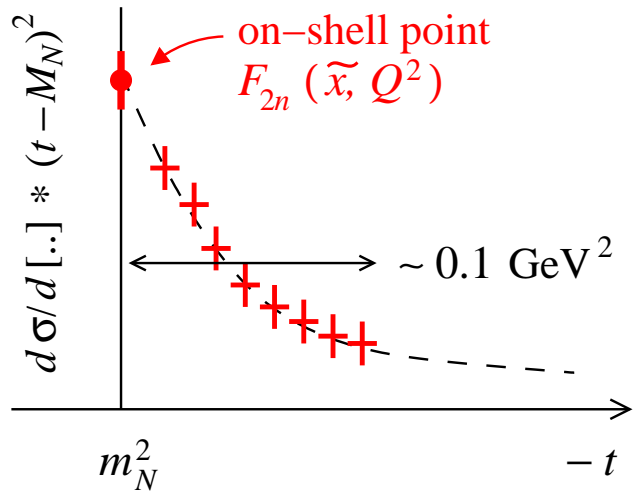
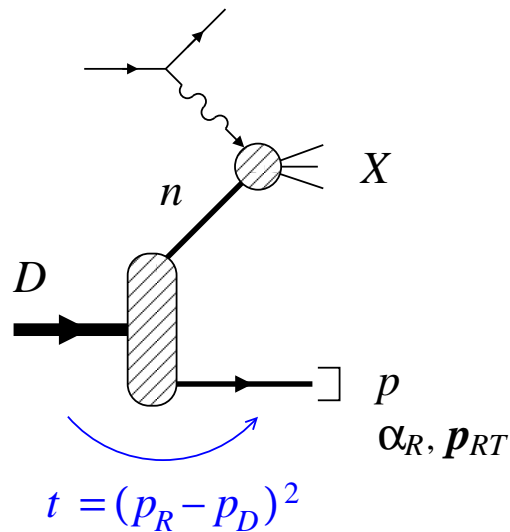
Identifies active nucleon,  
controls quantum state

Unique for collider: No target material,  
forward detection of charged/neutral p's,  
polarized ion beams

Tagging with fixed target: CLAS BONUS,  
limited to recoil momenta  $p_R > 100$  MeV



# Spectator tagging: Extracting neutron structure



$$t = \text{function}(\alpha_R, \mathbf{p}_{RT})$$

- Light-cone momentum of recoil proton

$$\frac{\alpha_R}{2} = \frac{E_R + p_R^z}{E_D + p_D^z} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{p}_{RT}$$

- Cross section in impulse approximation  
*Frankfurt, Strikman 81*

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dx dQ^2 (d\alpha_R/\alpha_R) d^2p_{RT}} = \text{flux factor}$$

$$\times S_D(\alpha_R, \mathbf{p}_{RT}) F_{2n}\left(\frac{x}{2 - \alpha_R}, Q^2\right) + \dots$$

Deuteron LF spectral fn

Neutron structure fn

- On-shell extrapolation  $t \rightarrow M_N^2$   
*Cf. Chew-Low extrapolation in  $\pi N, NN$  scattering*

Free neutron structure at pole

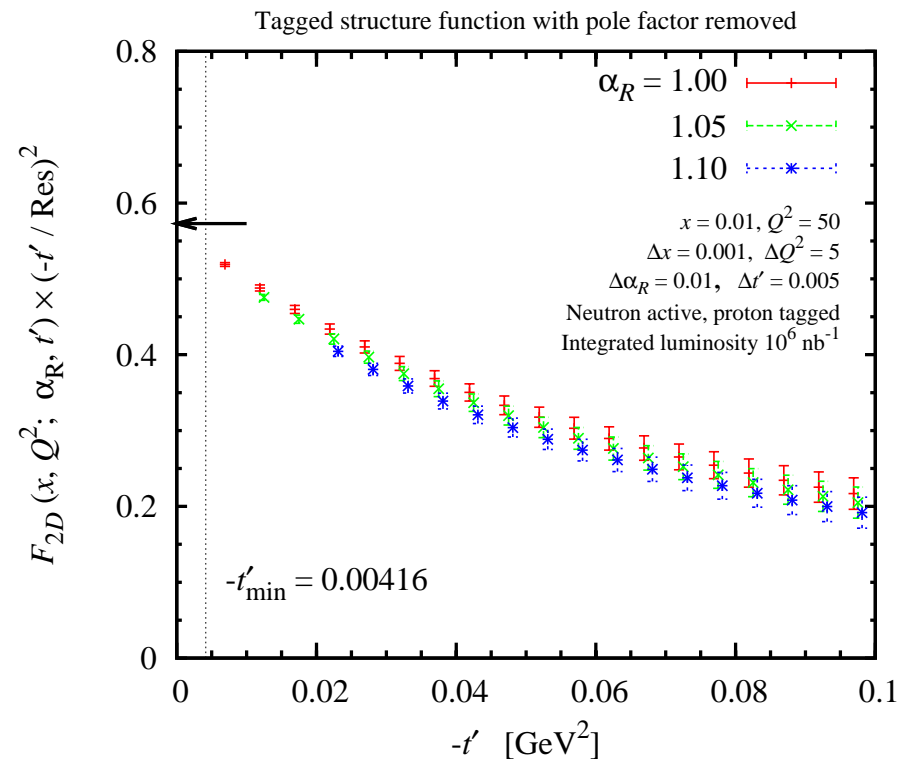
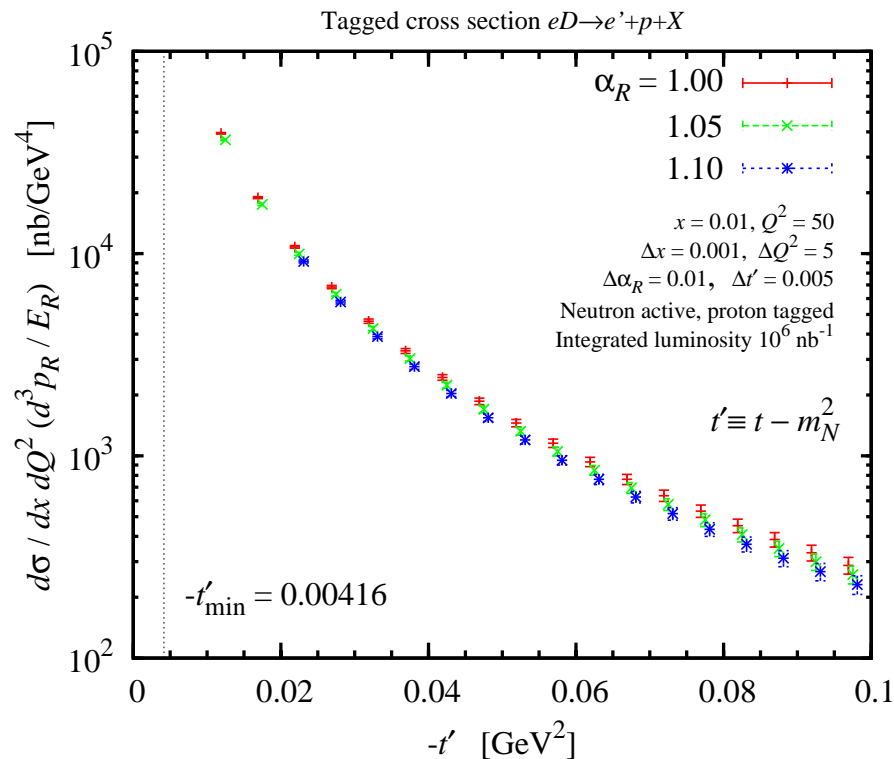
Pole value not affected by FSI

*Sargsian, Strikman 05: "No-loop theorem"*

Model-independent method!

# Spectator tagging: EIC projections

JLab LDRD project



- Stat errors based on integrated lumi  $10^6 \text{ nb}^{-1}$  2 weeks at  $10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$   
Overall error systematics-dominated, full MC simulation in progress
- On-shell extrapolation appears feasible
  - Extrapolation smooth after taking out nucleon pole factor
  - Test universality:  $t'$  dependence at different  $\alpha_R$
  - Excellent rates for spin/ flavor asymmetries

# Spectator tagging: Applications

- Unpolarized neutron structure  $F_2^n, F_L^n$

Isovector  $p - n$  at  $x < 10^{-1}$  constrains sea quark flavor asymmetry  $\bar{d} - \bar{u}$

- Bound proton through neutron spectator tagging

Compare tagged SF at  $t = m_N^2$  with free proton measurement to validate method

Quantify nuclear binding effect on quark/gluon distributions through  $t$ -dependence:  
Connection with short-range  $NN$  correlations?

- Neutron spin structure functions  $g_1^n, g_2^n$  **in progress**

Isoscalar  $p + n$  for  $\Delta G$ , especially at large  $x$

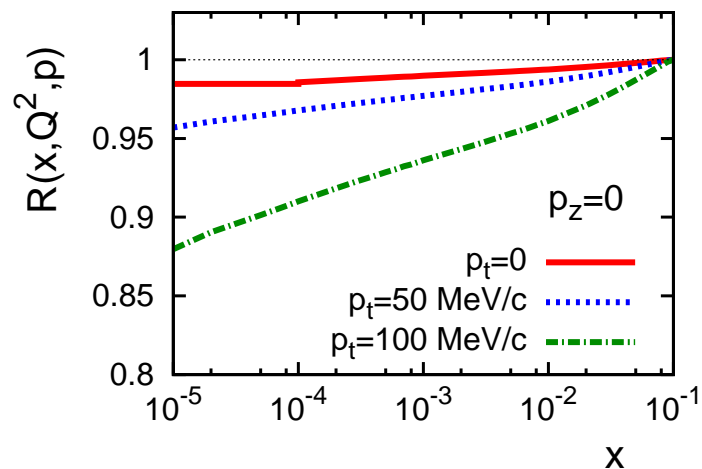
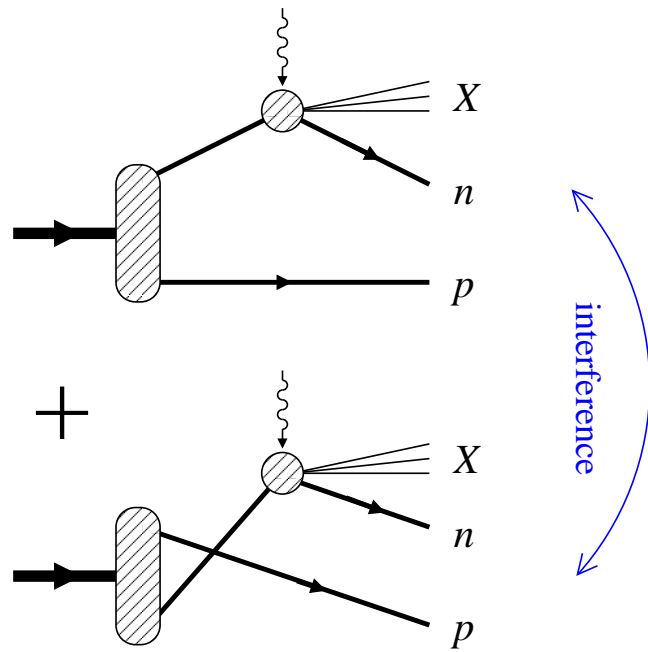
Isovector  $p - n$  for  $\Delta u - \Delta d$

Bjorken sum rule: Fundamental quantity, tests high-order pQCD calculations

**Cleanest possible extraction of neutron spin structure!**

- Other DIS final states: Semi-inclusive, exclusive, DVCS

# Spectator tagging: Coherent effects



Frankfurt, Guzey, Strikman 11. Guzey LDRD 2014

- Shadowing in inclusive DIS  $x \ll 10^{-1}$

Diffractive scattering on single nucleon  
Leading-twist effect! Seen at HERA

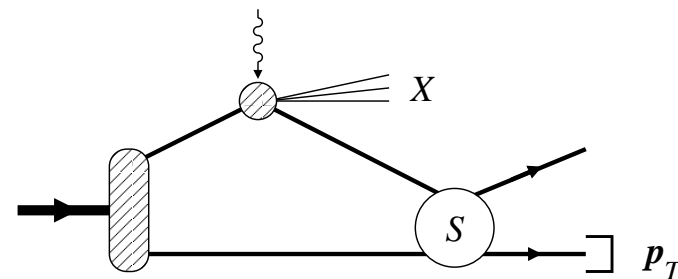
Interference between scattering on  $p$  and  $n$   
Calculable: Gribov 70's. Frankfurt, Guzey, Strikman 02+

- Shadowing in tagged DIS

Clean coherent effect with  $N = 2$

Essential for systematics in  $p - n$   
Also polarized. Needs to be controlled!

Strong low-energy FSI between  $p$  and  $n$   
distorts  $p_T$  spectrum, spin/isospin dep.  
Guzey, Strikman, CW; in progress

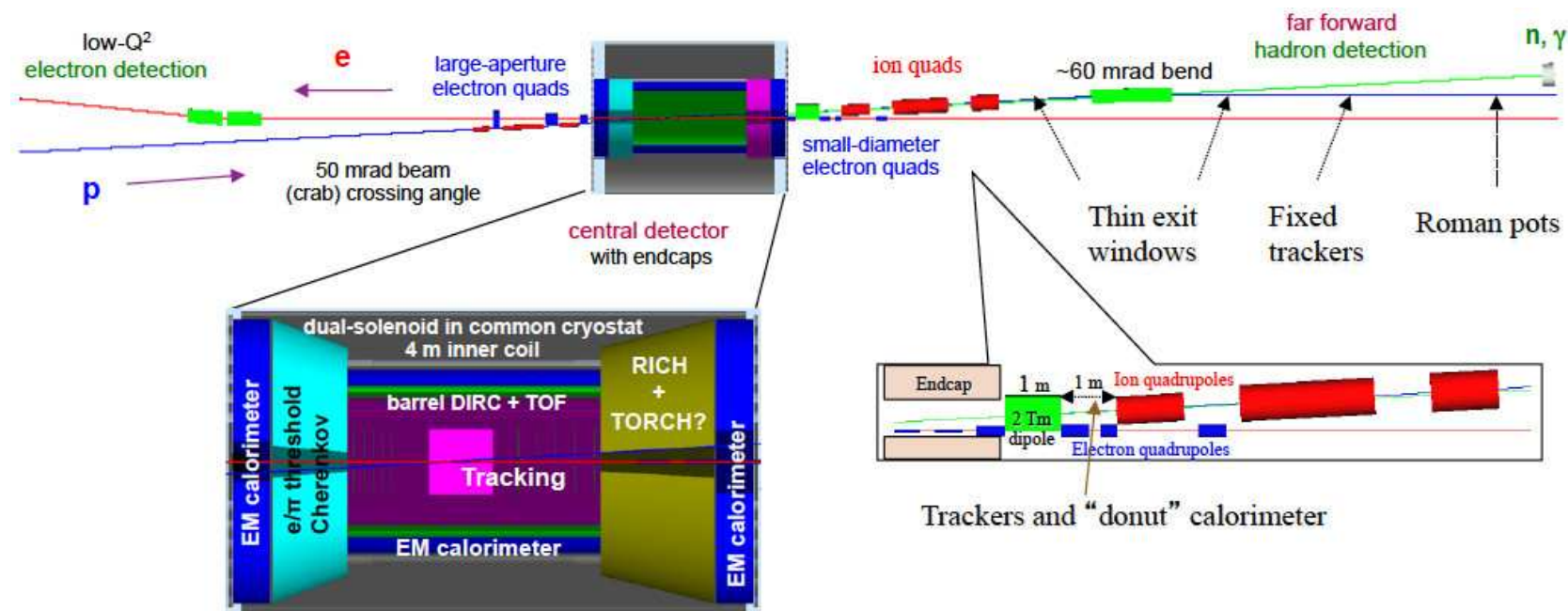
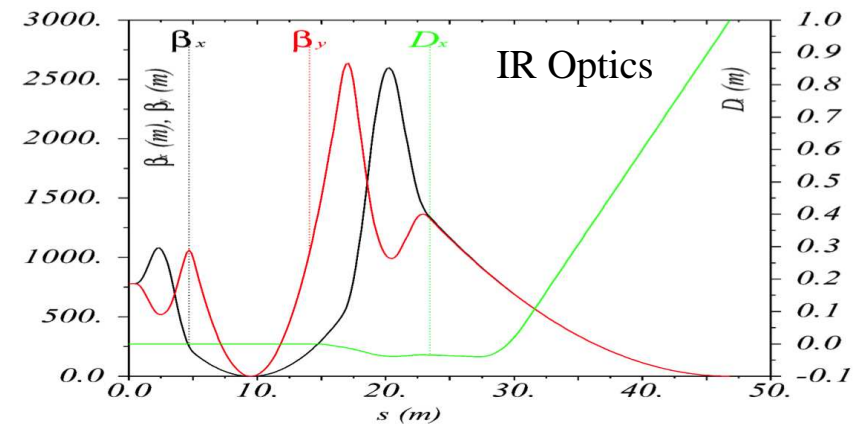




# MEIC: Full-acceptance detector [Slide P. Nadel-Turonski]

## Design goals

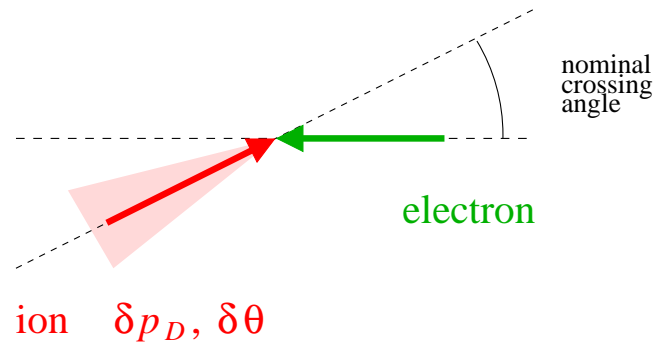
- Detection/identification of complete final state
- Acceptance and resolution for forward protons, fragments, neutrons
- Low- $Q^2$  electron tagger for photoproduction



# MEIC: Far-forward detection [Slide P. Nadel-Turonski]

- Good acceptance for all ion fragments – rigidity different from beam ←
  - Large magnet apertures (small gradients at a fixed maximum peak field)
  - Roman pots not needed for spectators and high- $p_T$  fragments
- Good acceptance for low- $p_T$  recoils – rigidity similar to beam
  - Small beam size at detection point (downstream focus, efficient cooling)
  - Large dispersion (generated after the IP,  $D = D' = 0$  at the IP)
  - With  $10\sigma$  beam size cut, the low- $p_T$  recoil proton acceptance is
    - Energy up to 99.5% of the beam for all angles
    - Angular down to 2 mrad for all energies
- Good momentum and angular resolution
  - Should be limited only by initial state (beam)
  - Longitudinal  $dp/p$ :  $4 \times 10^{-4}$  ←
  - Angular in  $\theta$ , for all  $\phi$ : 0.2 mrad
  - $p_{RT} \sim 15 \text{ MeV}/c$  resolution for tagged 50 GeV/A deuterium beam ←
  - Long, instrumented drift space (no apertures, magnets, etc.)
- Sufficient beam line separation ( $\sim 1 \text{ m}$ )

# MEIC: Momentum spread in beam

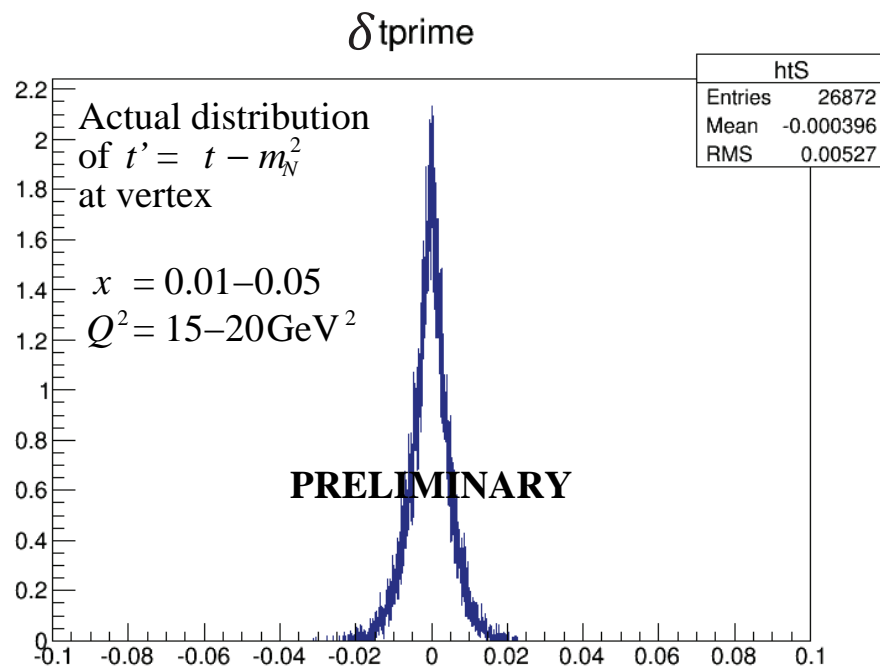


- Intrinsic momentum spread in ion beam “smears” recoil momentum

$$p_R (\text{measured}) \neq p_R (\text{vertex})$$

Dominant uncertainty for MEIC  
Larger than detector resolution. Different for eRHIC!

At nominal MEIC emittance  
 $\delta p_D / p_D = 3 \times 10^{-4}$   
 $\delta \theta = 2 \times 10^{-4}$



- Effect on  $t' = t - M_N^2$   
 Dominant effect from ion  $\delta \theta$   
 Smearing width  $\lesssim$  bin size
- On-shell extrapolation appears feasible!

# LDRD: Polarized light ions with EIC@JLab

## JLab FY14 LDRD Project

D. Higinbotham, W. Melnitchouk, P. Nadel–Turonski, K. Park, C. Weiss (JLab),  
Ch. Hyde (ODU), M. Sargsian (FIU), V. Guzey (PNPI),  
with collaborators W. Cosyn (Ghent), S. Kuhn (ODU), M. Strikman (PSU), Zh. Zhao (JLab)

## Objectives

Develop physics models for DIS processes on polarized light ions (D,  $^3\text{He}$ ) with spectator tagging  
Develop event generators for MC simulations of inclusive, diffractive and exclusive final states  
Simulate processes with schematic modeling of EIC beam/detector/IR characteristics  
Analyze pseudodata and quantify physics output of spectator tagging

## Resources

50% FTE experimental physics postdoc, shared with ODU: Kijun Park  
Theory collaborators as long-term visitors in Summer 2014: Sargsian, Guzey, Cosyn  
10% FTE of JLab Staff: Weiss, Higinbotham

## Collaboration

Open for collaboration with Users!  
Physics models and generators to be made available  
Extension to other processes of interest possible

## More information on Wiki

[https://eic.jlab.org/forward\\_tagging/](https://eic.jlab.org/forward_tagging/)

# LDRD: Status and next steps

## Physics models

Unpolarized  $eD \rightarrow e' + N + X$  with nuclear binding, final-state interactions  
theory+codes ready, testing/documentation in progress

Unpolarized  $eD \rightarrow e' + pn + X$  with diffraction/shadowing  
theory+code ready, low-energy final-state interaction in progress

Polarized  $eD \rightarrow e' + N + X$  theory+code developing,  
Polarized  $e^3\text{He} \rightarrow N + X$  scheduled (summer 14)

## MC generators

FSGEN-based generator (nucleus rest frame) adapted from fixed-target code

New generator developed for collider kinematics (detector frame),  
including intrinsic momentum spread of beam particles

Codes available on github, testing/documentation in progress

Polarized beams, diffractive final state  $eD \rightarrow e' + pn + X$  scheduled (summer 14)

## Process simulations

On-shell extrapolation in  $eD \rightarrow e' + N + X$

Effect of intrinsic momentum spread

Hookup to GEMC detector MC to study tracking, acceptance

Physics extraction from pseudodata, extension to polarized  $eD$  (summer 14)

# Summary

- Next-generation nuclear DIS measurements enabled by
  - Polarized deuterium beam
  - Forward  $p, n$  detection
  - EIC kinematic reach } Unique combination!
- R&D to establish forward tagging at MEIC as standard method
  - Theory: Polarization, final-state interactions, . . .
  - Simulations: Acceptance, tracking, systematic errors, . . .
- Users welcome!
  - Natural continuation of JLab 6/12 GeV nuclear program: BONUS, SRCs, EMC effect, DVCS, exclusive processes
  - Tools made available: Physics models, event generators
  - Increasing interest