Gluonic Excitations and String Theory

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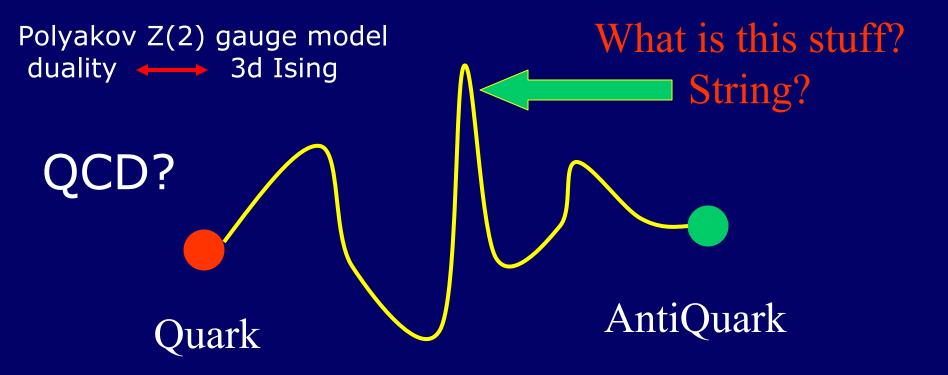
Workshop on Gluonic Excitations May 14, 2003, Jefferson Laboratory

Collaborators:Jimmy JugeBernColin MorningstarCarnegie Mellon

Contribution from: Mike Peardon Dublin

String Counselor: Ken Intriligator UCSD

Confining Force



String theorists are interested in the problem

Quenched, relevant in large N limit

Early work: P

Polyakov Luscher Polchinski, Strominger Michael Teper Gliozzi et al. Hasenbusch, Pinn JKM (old) Baker et al. Munster

. . .

This talk: tutorial on the paper

New work:

Juge, JK, Morningstar ---- spectrum with fine structure HEP-LAT 0207004 PRL 90 (2003) 161601

Luscher, Weisz ----- ground state Casimir energy HEP-LAT 0207003 JHEP 0207 (2002) 049

created "Casimir energy paradox"

Space-time dimension

$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n = -\frac{\pi}{24} (d-2)$ smart enough for string theory?

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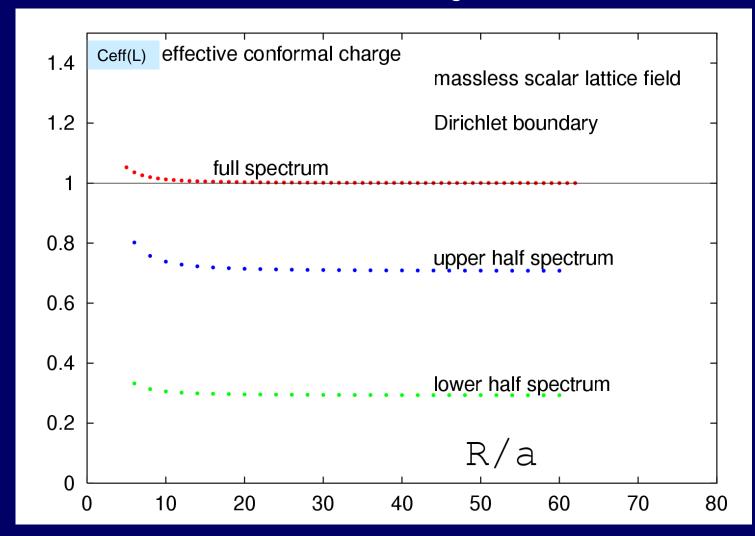
This is NOT a paradox

We turn to the lattice for learning how to do the sum:

$$E_{reg}(L,a) = \frac{2L}{\pi a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} - \frac{\pi}{24L} + O(a^2)$$

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$$C_{eff}(L) = -12L^3 E_{reg}''(L,a)/\pi$$



LW makes math even harder:

 $\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{5} n = -\frac{\pi}{24}(d-2)$

This IS a paradox!

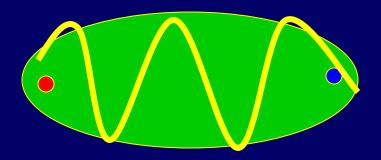
OUTLINE

- 1. QCD String Spectrum
 - spectrum
 - Casimir energy
 - the paradox
- 2. Z(2) string
 - phase diagram and surface criticality
 - spectrum
 - systematic loop expansion
 - Casimir energy
- 3. Conclusions

For applications to hybrids -> Morningstar's talk

TwentyTHIRD anniversary of the first paper on heavy QQgluon states:

> P. Hasenfratz, R. Horgan, JK, J.Richard Phys. Lett. B95, 299, 1980



TE and TM gluon

Hybrid π_{μ} potential was calculated

Born-Oppenheimer picture was developed for exotic and non-exotic states

Predictions hold today

Opposite fixed color source (antiquark)

angular momentum
 projected along
 quark-antiquark axis

Fixed color source (quark)

S states (
$$\Lambda = 0$$
) Σ_{g}^{+-}
P states ($\Lambda = 1$) Π^{+-}
D states ($\Lambda = 2$) Δ^{+-}
.

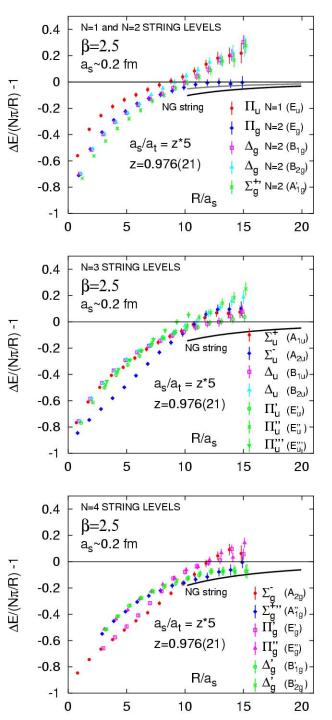
Three exact quantum numbers characterize gluon excitations:

 Angular momentum with chirality

CP

Chirality, or reflection symmetry for $\Lambda = 0$

)	g (gerade)	CP even
	u (ungerade)	CP odd



D=4 SU(3)

All results are quenched

19 states in 0.2 fm - 3 fm range

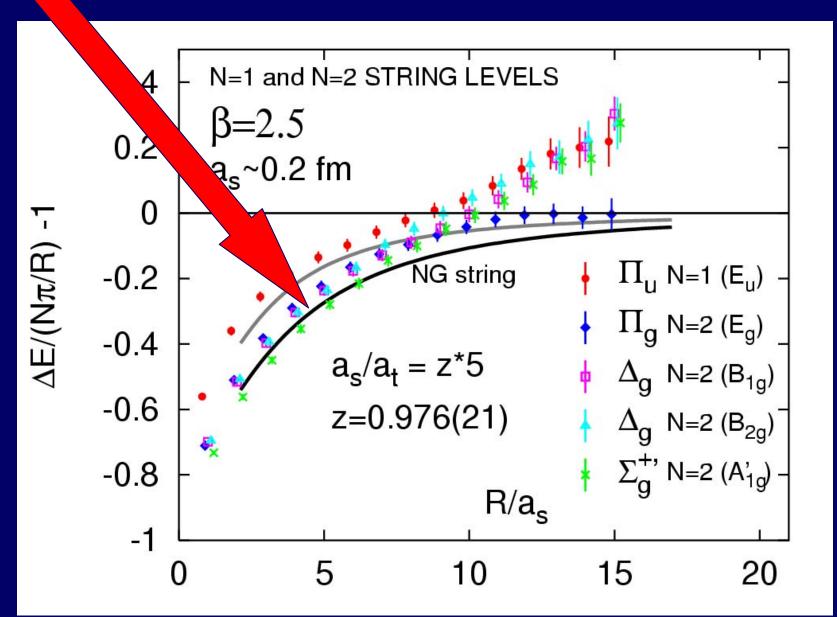
Very complex spectrum

Searching for string limit?

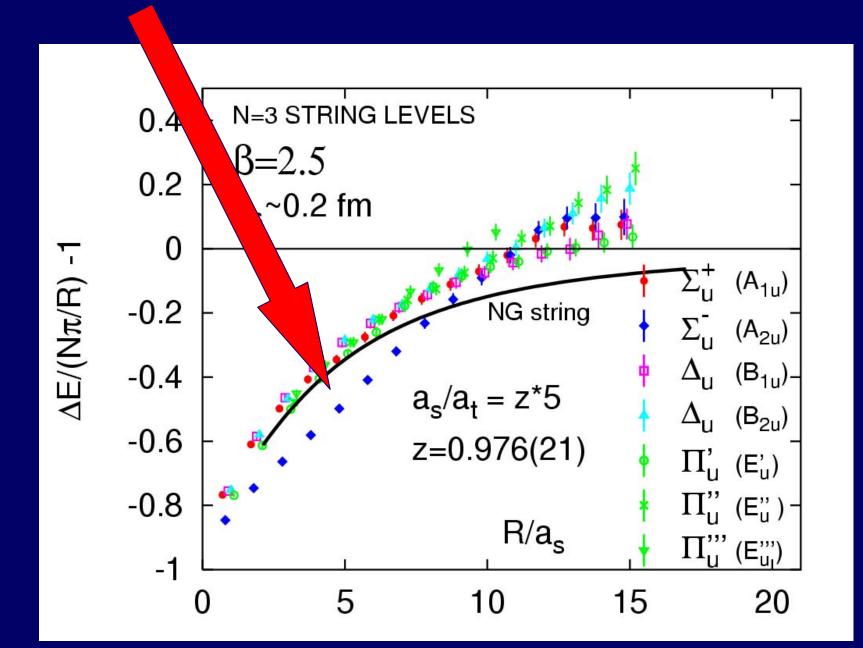
for reference:

Nambu-Goto Bosonic string: tachion problem $E_{N} = \sigma R \left[1 - \frac{D - 2}{12\sigma R^{2}} \pi + \frac{2\pi N}{\sigma R^{2}} \right]^{2}$

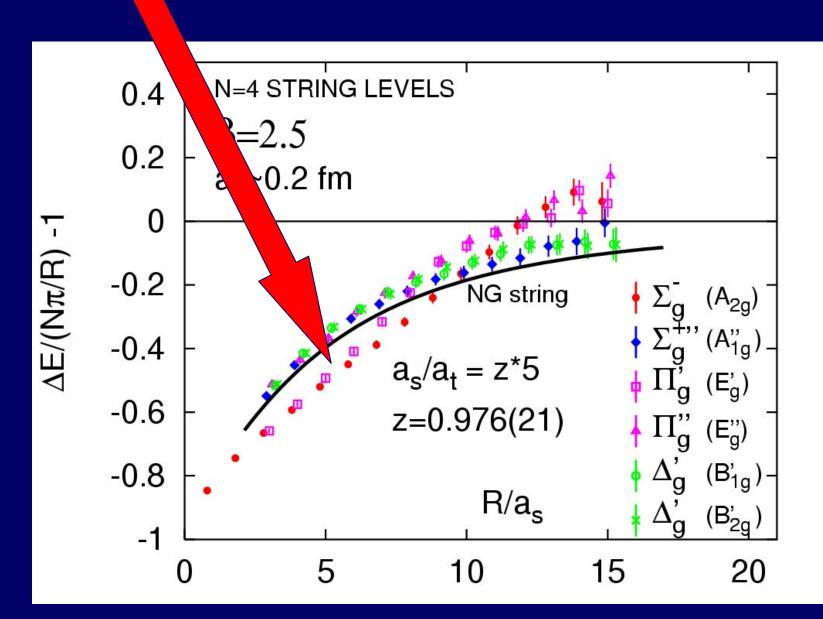
NG string fails in fine structure (and it should!)

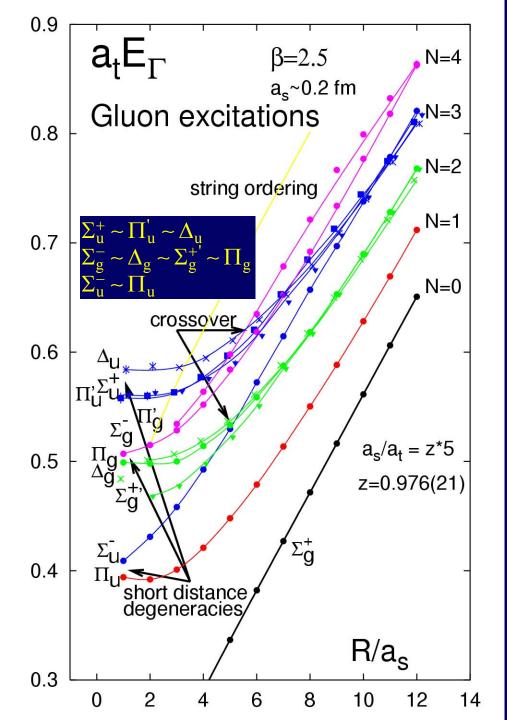


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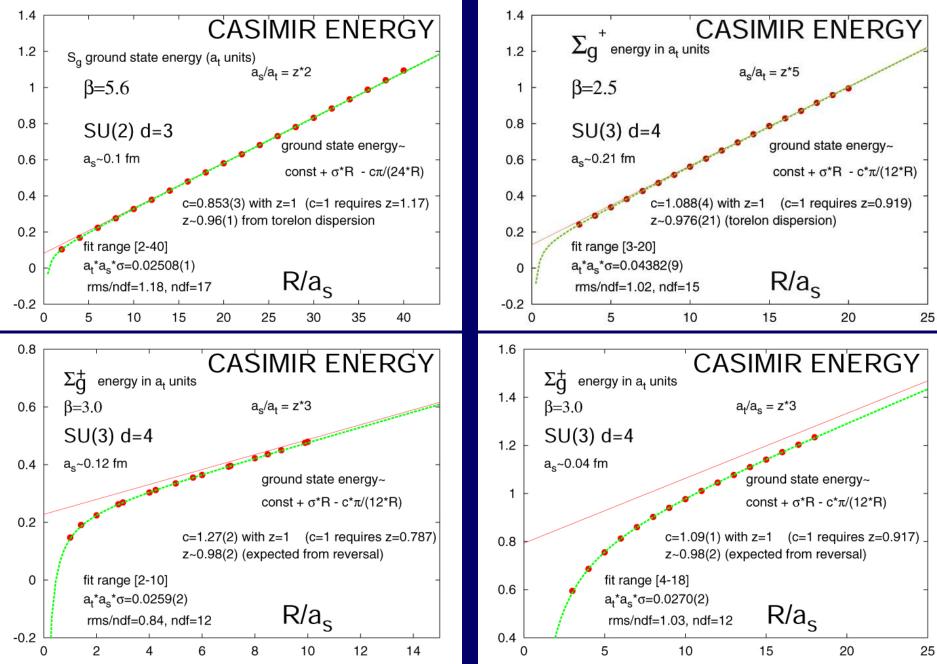
Three length scales in energy spectrum:

R < 0.5 fm approximate spherical symmetry Bag-like "anti-string" picture Short distance QCD Bag picture OPE Soto et al.

R ~ 0.5 fm – 1.5 fm Crossover (model sensitive)

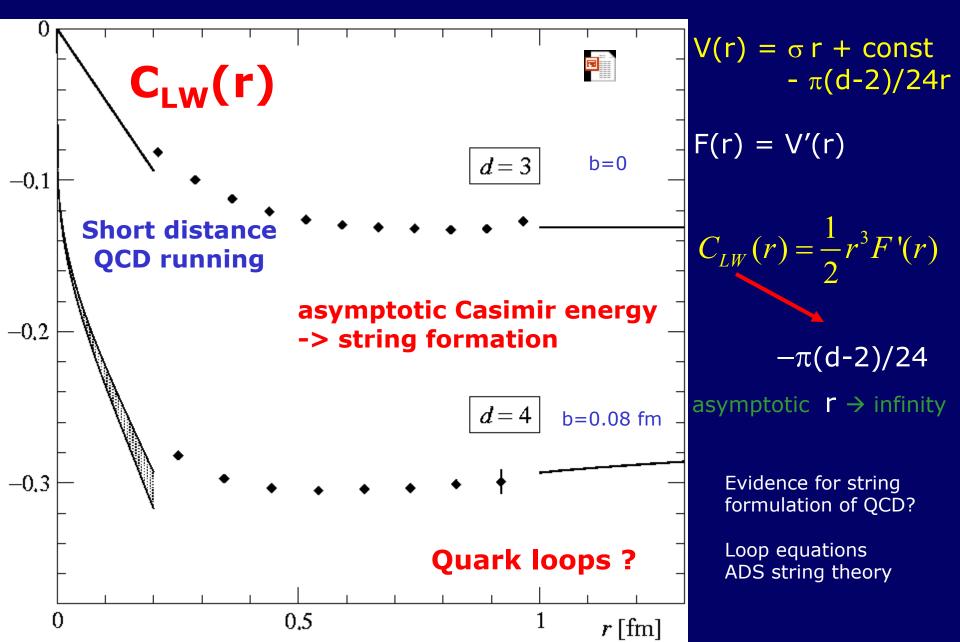
R ~ 2 fm - 3 fm Onset of string ordering

3d SU(2) and 4d SU(3) Conformal Charges



Luscher-Weisz Casimir Energy

SU(3)



$$S_{eff} = \frac{1}{2\pi\alpha'} \int_{0}^{T} d\tau \int_{0}^{R} d\sigma \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \partial_{a} \xi \partial_{a} \xi + \cdots \right\}$$

Masless Goldstone field \Leftrightarrow collective string coordinate

Small wavelengths unstable!! => glueball emission

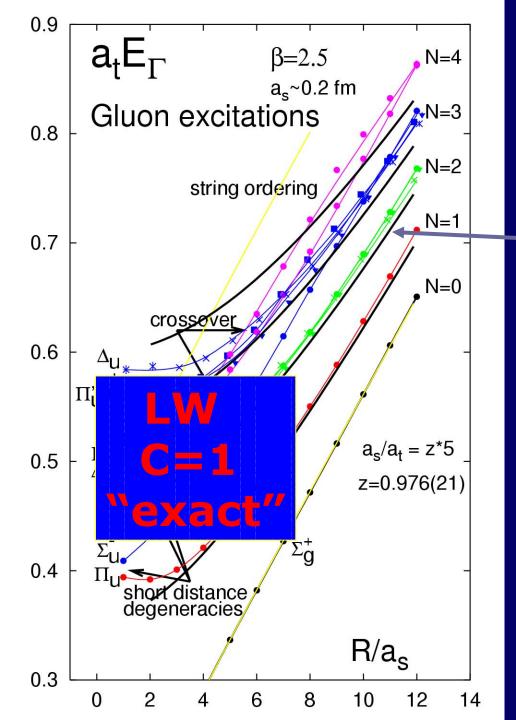
$$S_{1} = \frac{1}{4} b \int_{0}^{t} d\tau \left\{ (\partial_{1} \xi \partial_{1} \xi)_{\sigma=0} + (\partial_{1} \xi \partial_{1} \xi)_{\sigma=R} \right\}$$
Boundary operators
$$V(R) = \sigma R + \mu - \frac{\pi}{24R} (d-2)(1+1) + \mu - \frac{$$

$$\Delta E = \frac{\pi}{R} (1 + \frac{b}{R})$$

$$S_2 = \frac{1}{4} c_2 \int_0^T d\tau \int_0^R d\sigma \left\{ \frac{1}{2} (\partial_a \xi \partial_a \xi) (\partial_b \xi \partial_b \xi) \right\}$$

Higher dimensional ops

O(1/R³⁾



Fine structure in string formation

Nambu-Goto levels in black

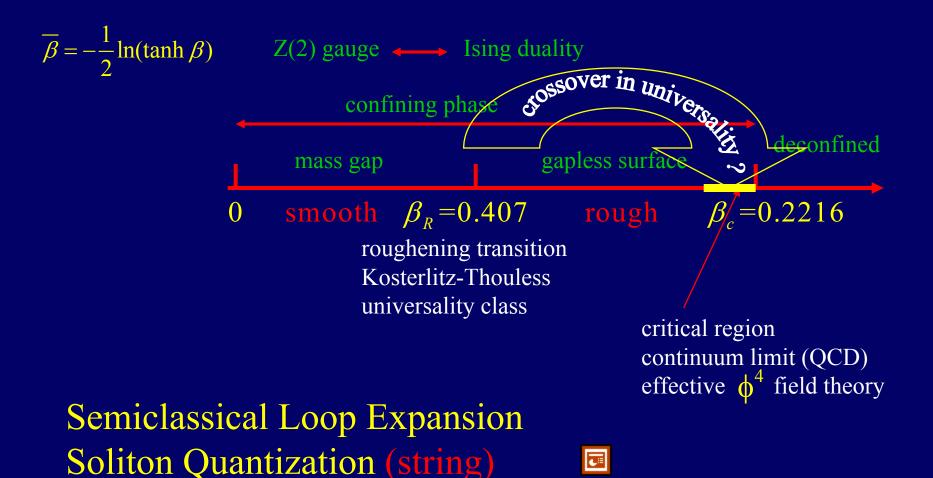
Fine structure R~2-4 fm

Casimir energy puzzle:

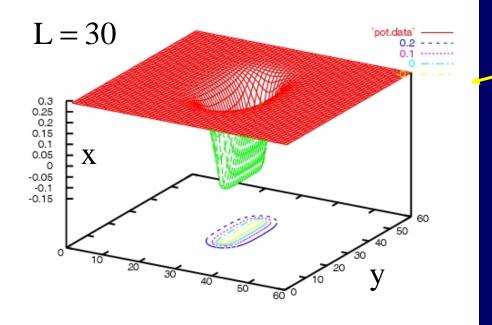
around R \sim 0.5 fm

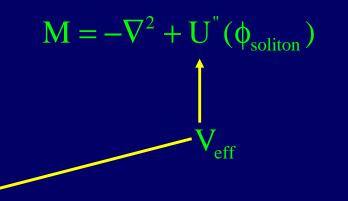
- 1. Very few stable modes
- 2. Non string-like distortions

Wilson Surface of 3d Z(2) Gauge Model Similar picture expected in QCD



Effective Schrodinger equation based on fluctuation matrix of string soliton





- in long flux limit spectrum is expected to factorize

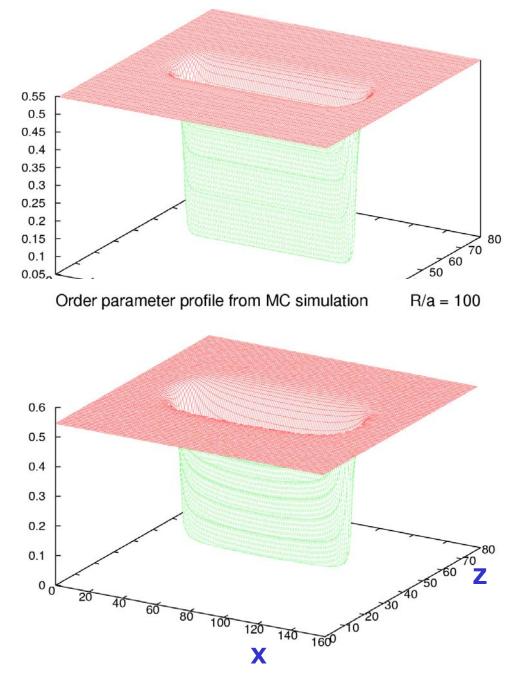
- translational zero mode of soliton - Goldstone spectrum

 $\phi(\mathbf{x}) \cdot \exp(iq\mathbf{y})$

zero energy bound state

 $ightarrow q = \frac{\pi}{1}n, n = 1, 2, 3...$ quantized momenta of Goldstone modes in box of length L

shape and end effects distort!



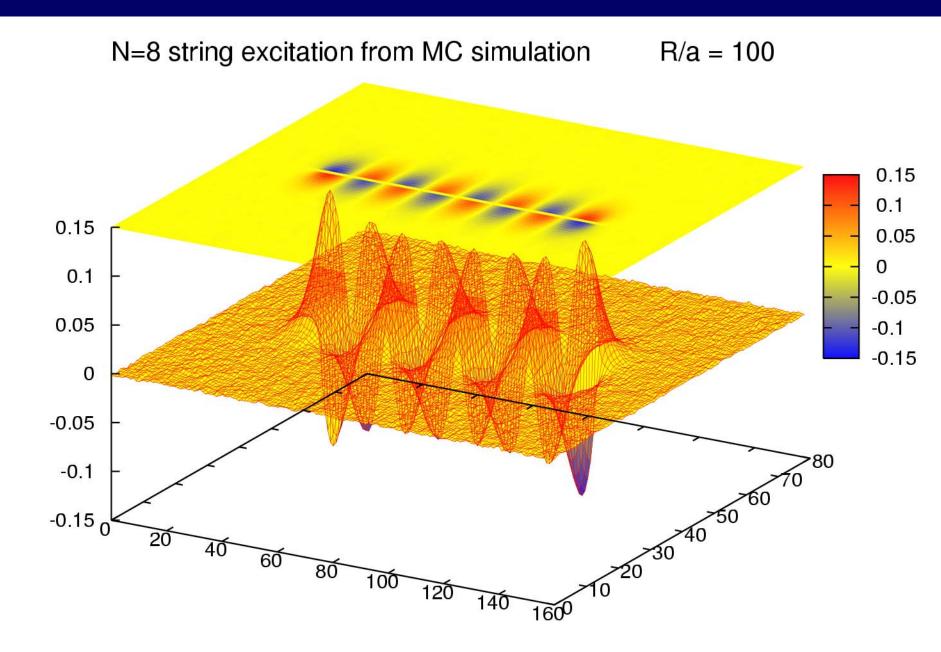
good analytic/numerical handle on the Z(2) model

in addition to MC

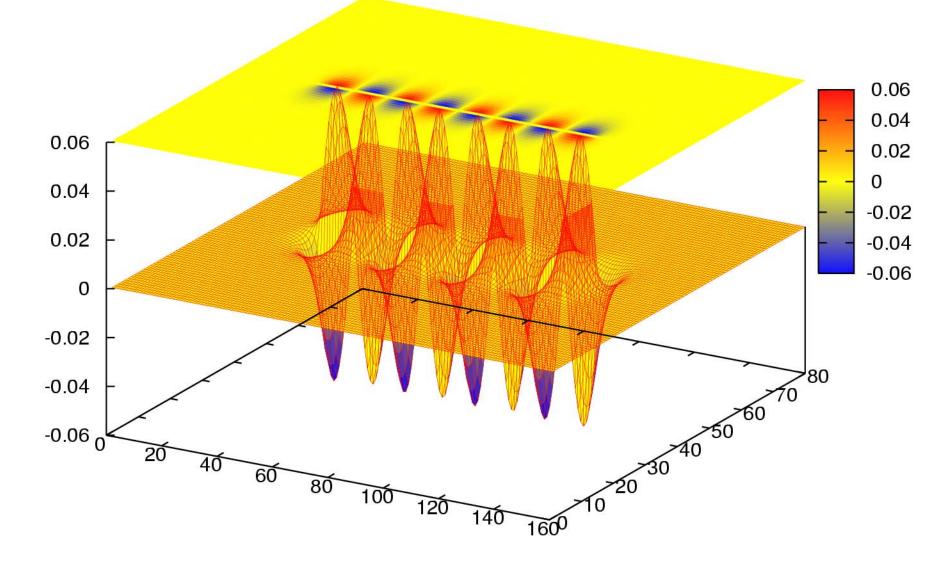
Effective Schrodinger potential

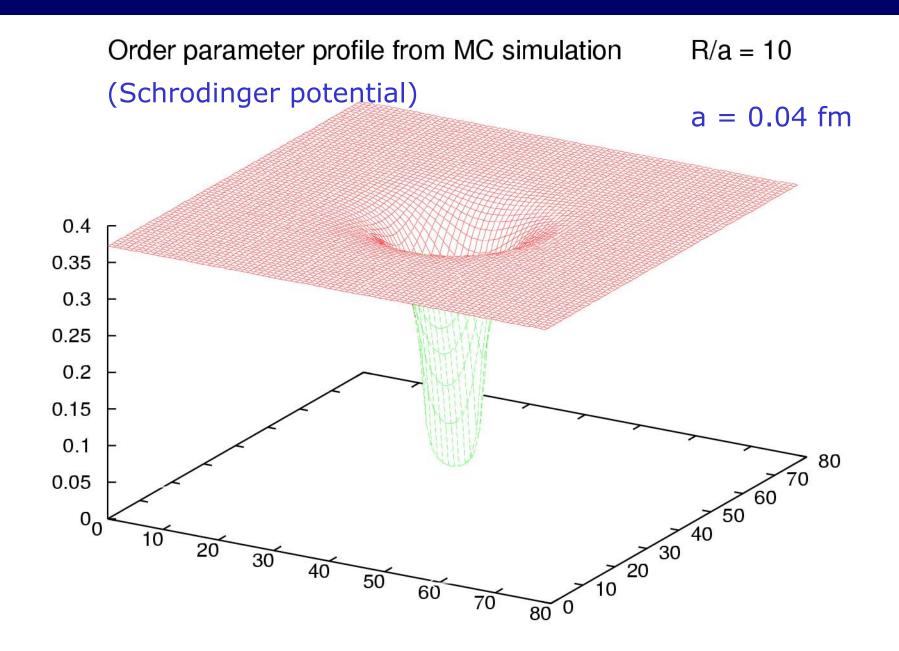
 $P_x = +-1$ and $P_z = +-1$

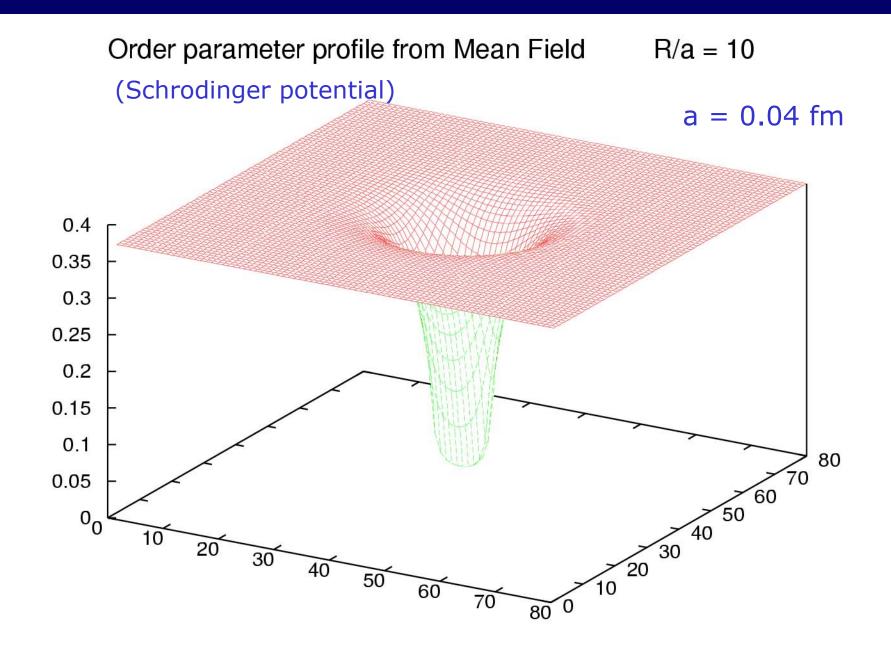
two symmetry quantum numbers

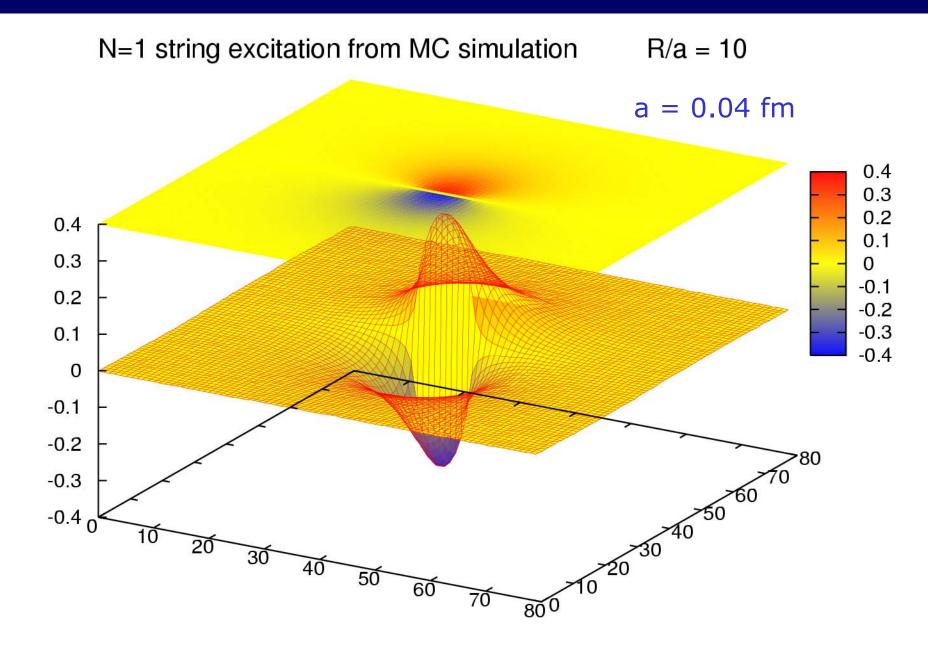


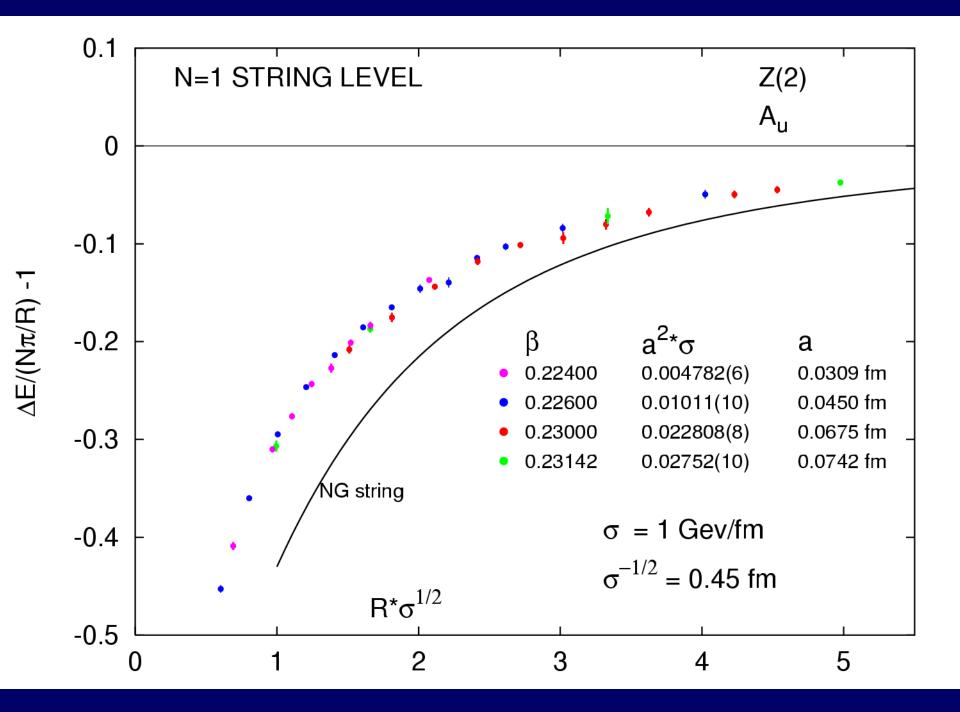
Analytic (from soliton quantization)

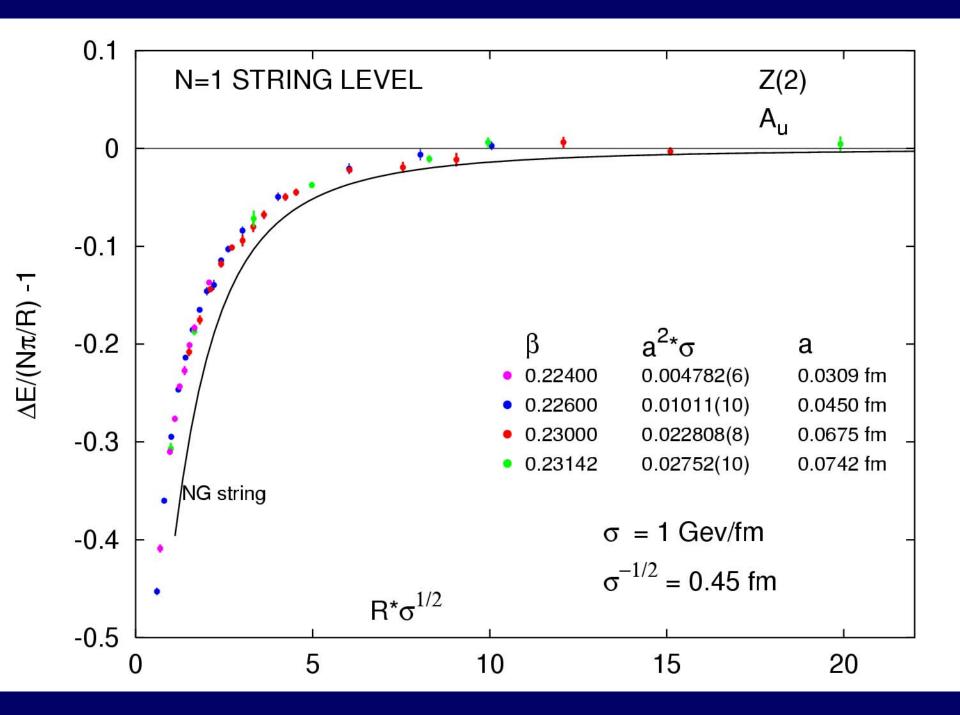


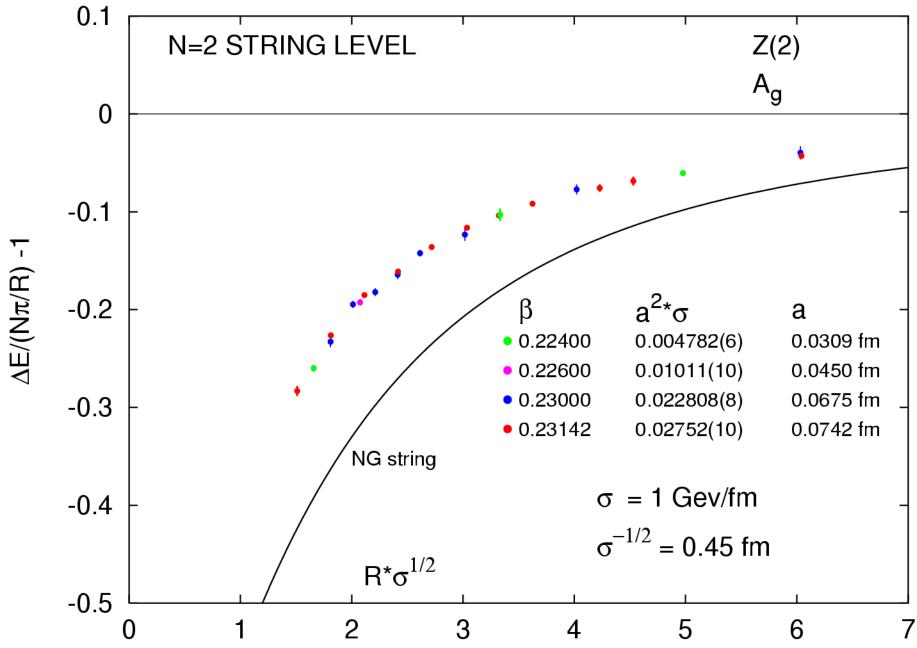


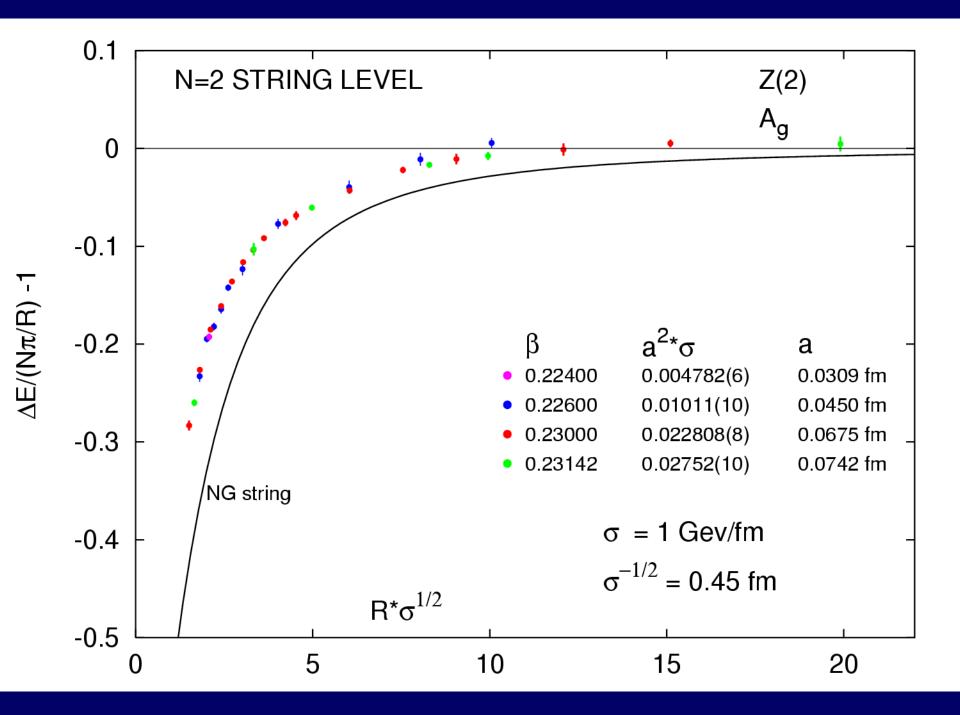


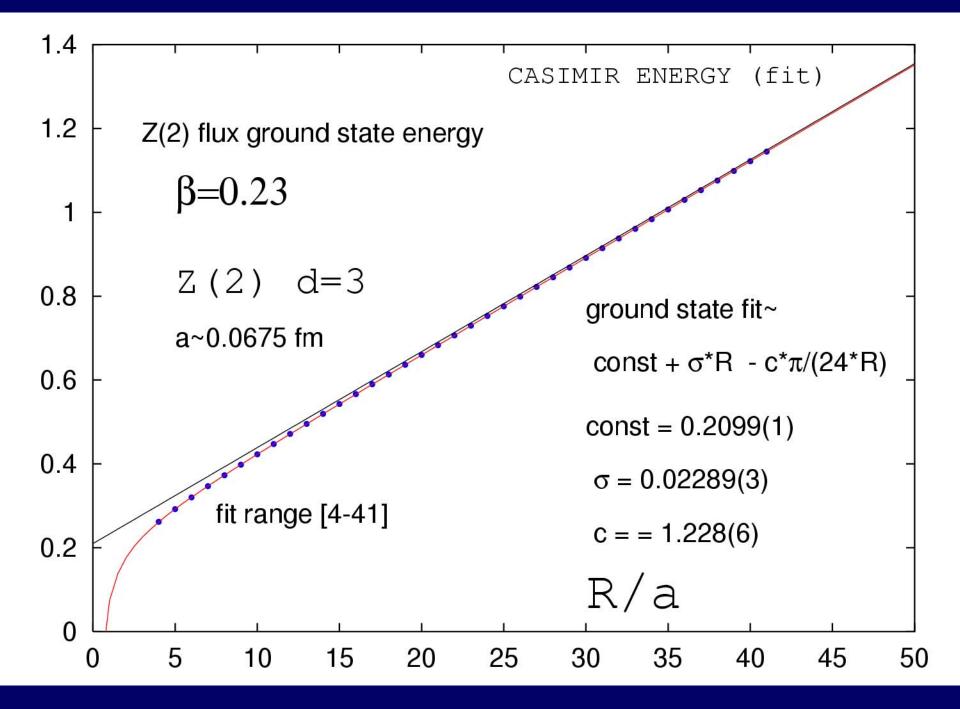




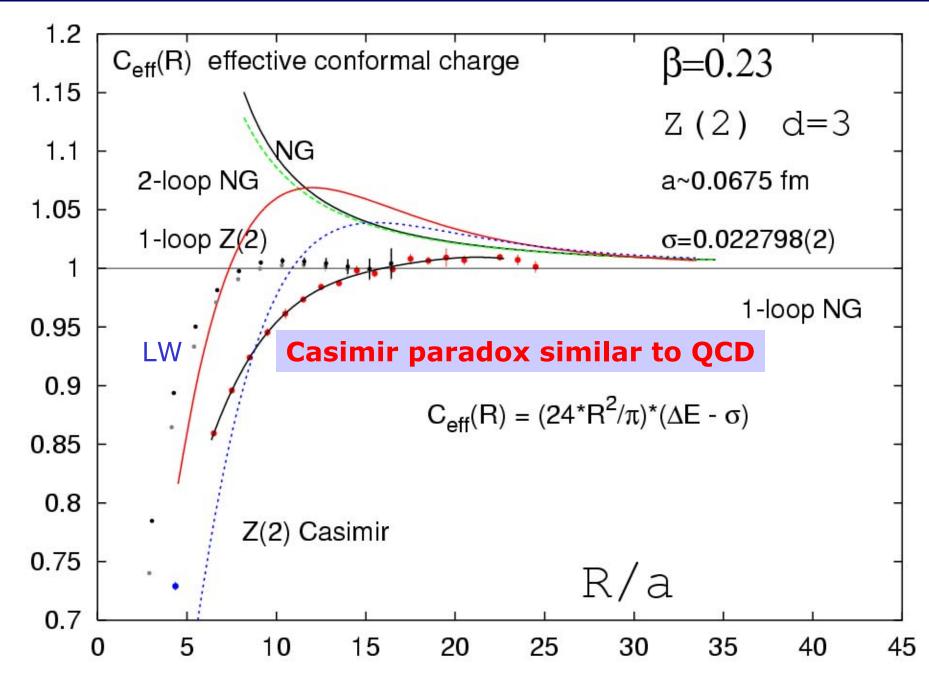




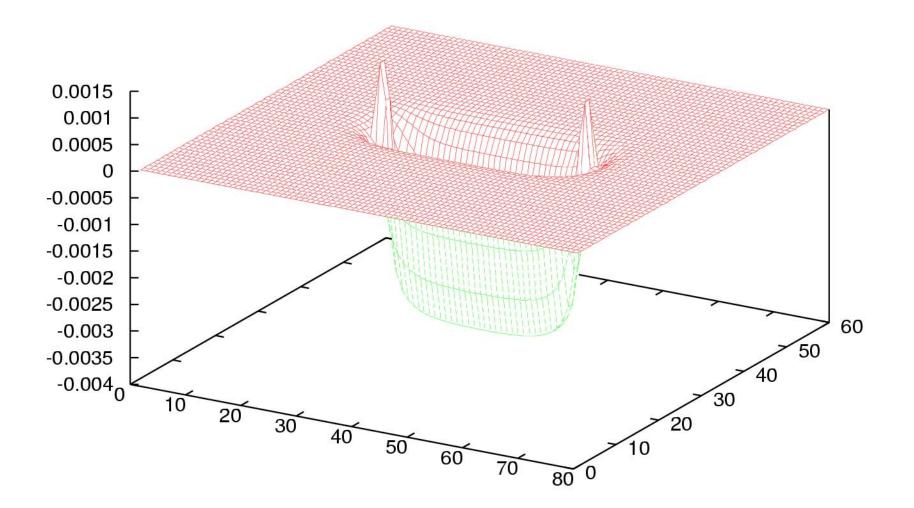


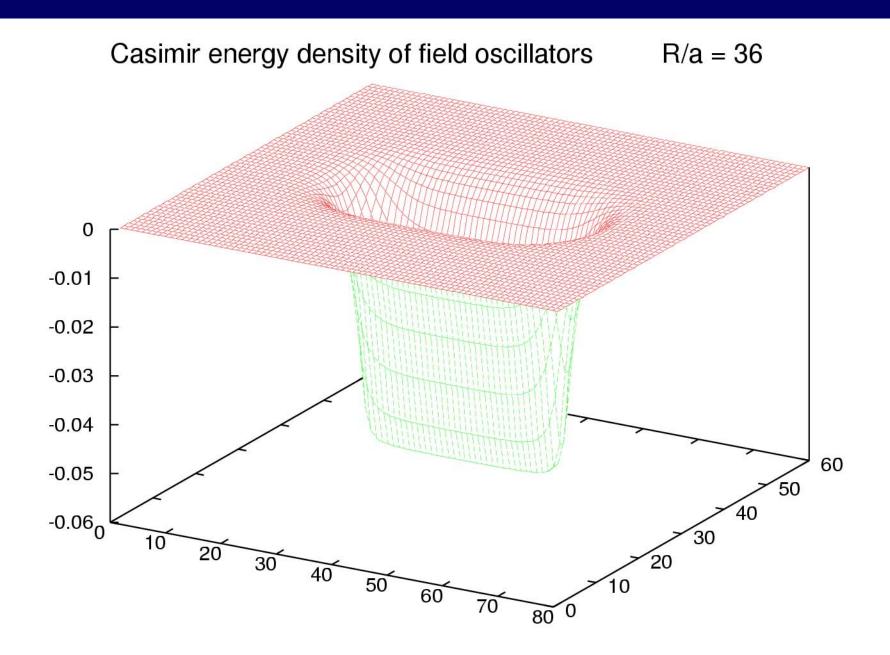


Z(2) Casimir story

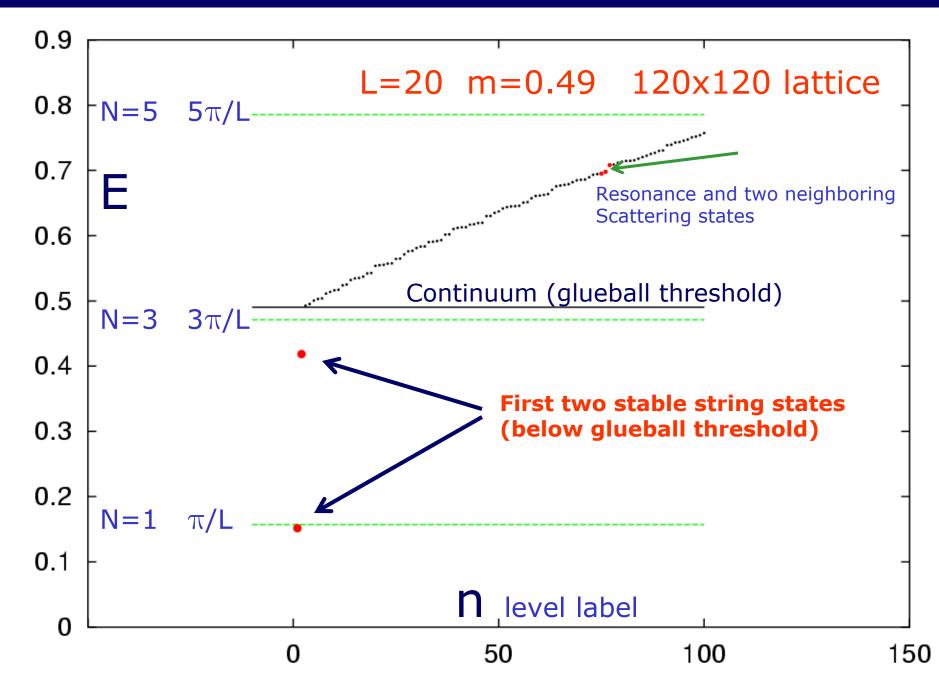




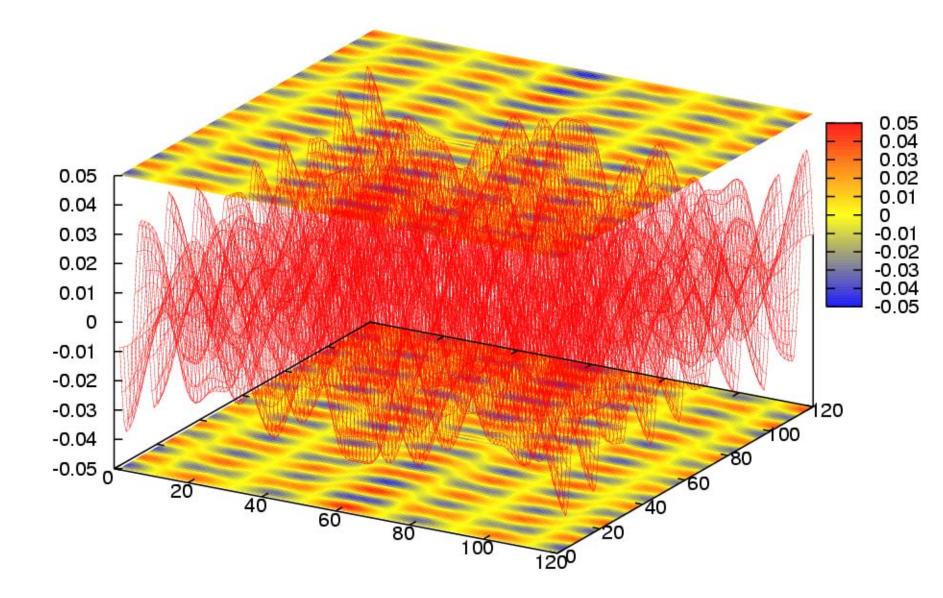




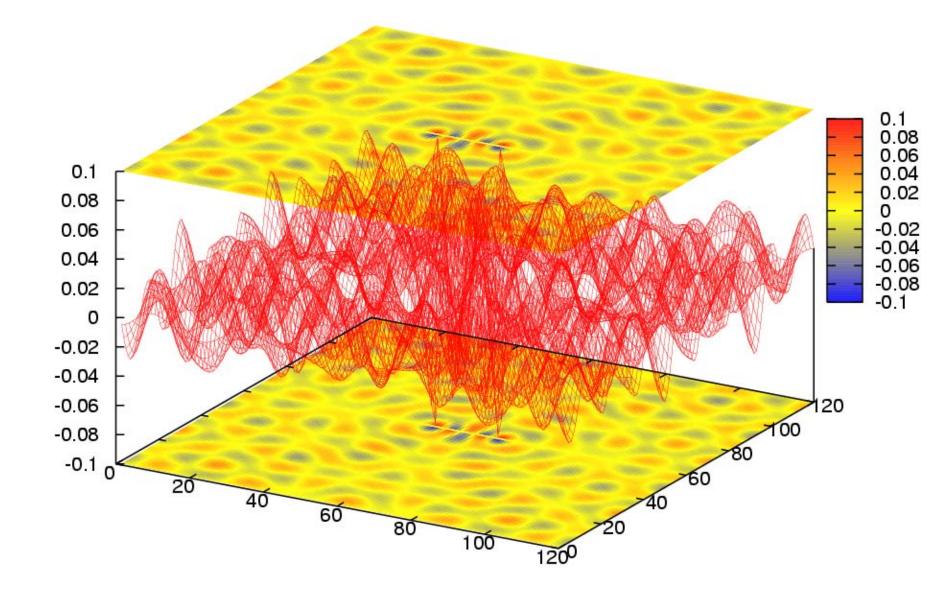
First 100 energy levels in $(P_x=+1 P_z=-1)$ sector



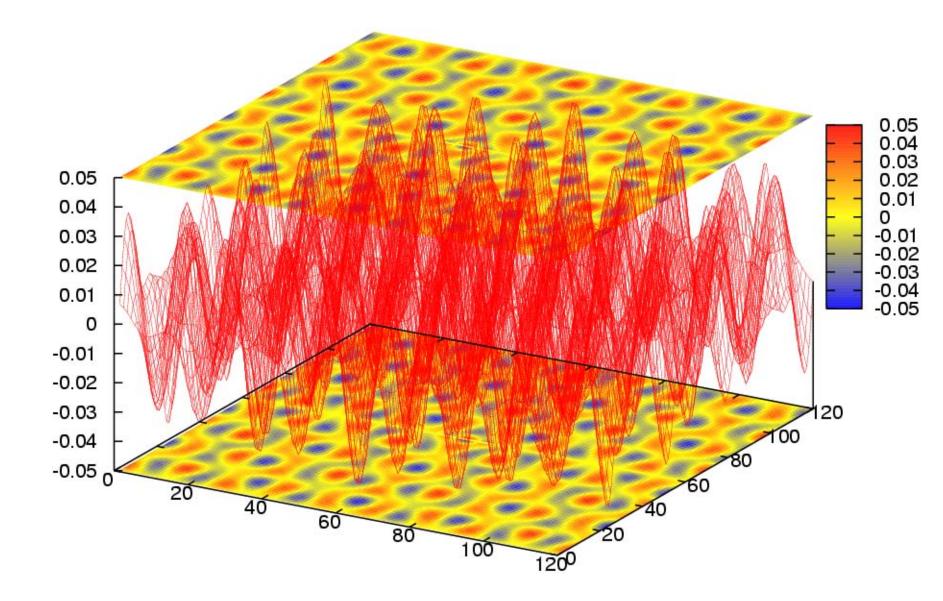
n=75 ordinary scattering state

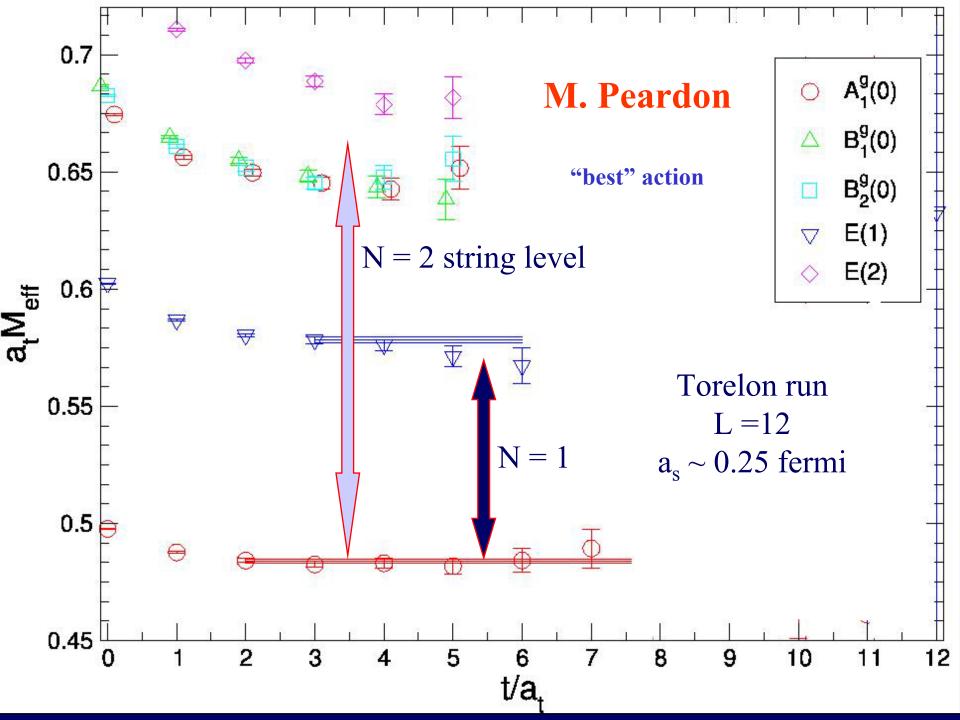


N=5 resonant string state n=76 energy level



n=77 ordinary scattering state





Conclusions on QCD String Spectrum:

- 1. Formation of some bosonic QCD string
- 2. Fine structure in the string spectrum
- 3. Precocious onset of Casimir energy
- 4. Is the resonance spectrum the clue?
- 5. Progress on torelon spectrum Peardon
- 6. Effective low-energy string theory? Universality class of QCD string ?

neither was seen before