



Industrialization of E-XFEL string and module assembly at CEA-Saclay





CEA contribution



- CEA contributes to the E-XFEL Cold Linac construction through String Assembly (WP9), Module Assembly (WP3) and BPM (WP17)
- Accelerator Module Assembly (WP3-WP9): assembly of 103 accelerator modules with 1 per week throughput! operated by an industrial contractor on the Saclay site.



Phases of the project



☐ Phase 1: 2007-2008 TTC 2009

Preliminary study subcontracted

☐ Phase 2: 2009-2010 TTC 2011

Preparation of Infrastructure and Tooling

- ☐ Phase 3: 2010 2012 TTC2012
 - Pre-industrial study
 - Prototyping: Training and Commissioning at Saclay with XFEL Prototype Modules (PXFEL2 and PXFEL3)
 - ⇒ leading to Restricted Call for Tender signed in July 2012
- \square Phase 4: July 2012 \rightarrow Q1-2015 TTC 20xy
 - XFEL module assembly by industry operator

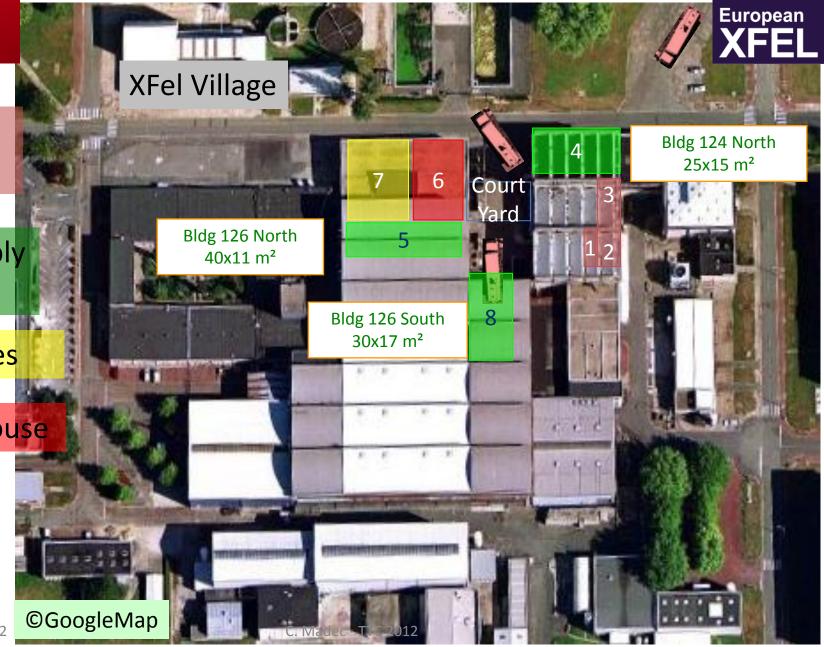
Phase 1: Overview of the Assembly Buildings

Clean rooms

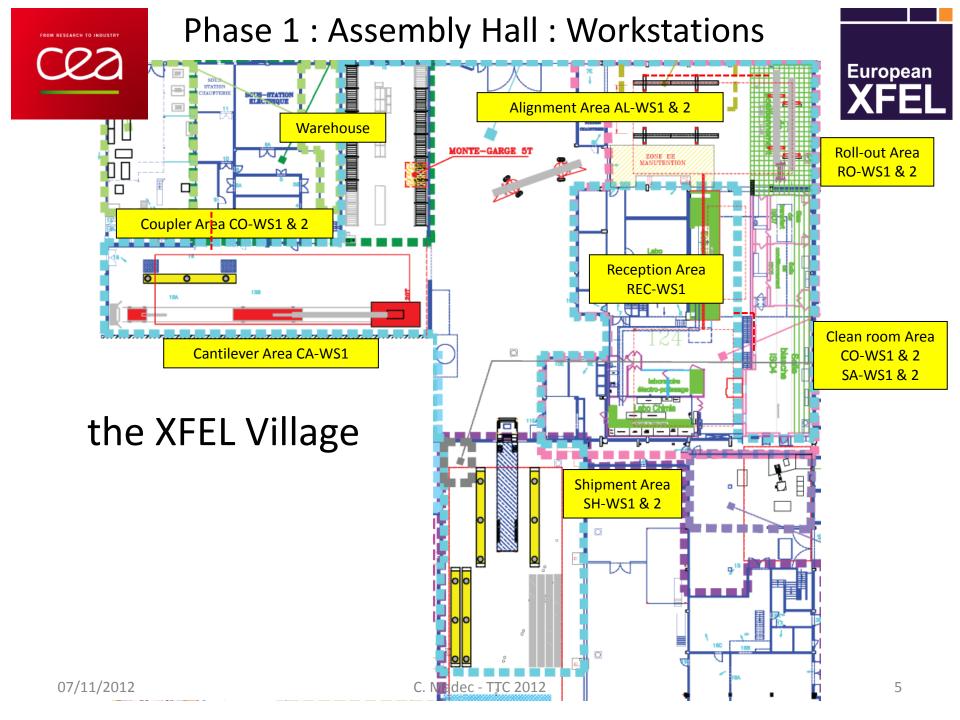
Assembly halls

Offices

Warehouse



07/11/2012

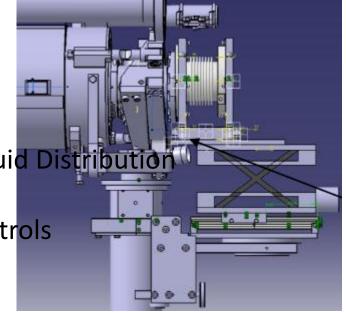




Phase 3: **Pre-industrial study** and Prototyping



- Ajilon was subcontracted to perform the pre-industrial study
 - Tools Definition
 - Assembly Procedures with the non mechanical operations
 - Schedule
 - PBS EBOM
 - Risk Analysis
 - Interruption Scenarios
 - Inventory Management
 - List and implantation of Services and Fluid Distribution
 - Listing of Parts and Its Packaging
 - Description of Reception Process & Controls
 - Using experience gained at DESY





Phase 3: Pre-industrial study and **Prototyping**

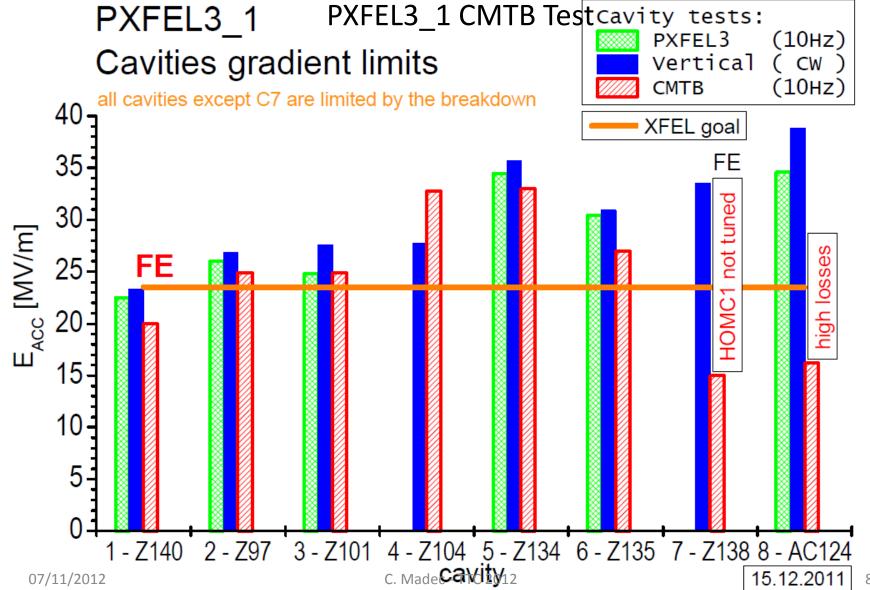


- Get the « Factory » ready:
 - Implement the pre-industrial study
 - Check the infrastructures
 - Check the tools
 - Check the procedures
 - Train the CEA-IRFU team
 - Prepare all the documentation templates
 - Set-up the QA/QC and MBOM
 - Feedback from the assemblies
- Assembly of 3 cryomodules over 2 years (T0=august 2010): PXFEL3_1, PXFEL2_1, PXFEL2_2



Phase 3: Lessons from Assembly Prototyping







Phase 3: Lessons from Assembly prototyping



- PXFEL3_1: cavity 1 (FE) and cavity 8 (HL) do not reproduce their
 VT performances. The causes are not identified:
 - coupler contamination through common conditionning waveguide box ?
 - particulate contamination during string assembly ?
 - shocks during transport CEA-DESY: (4g on frame,1g on cryomodule) + (2g on frame,2g on CM) events?
- ⇒ Still an open question
- PXFEL3_1 : cavity 7 HOM2 badly tuned :
- ⇒ a successful RF measurement and HOM tuning campaign took place on PXFEL2_2 cavity string during Week 18, with the help of DESY and AMTF colleagues.



Phase 3: Lessons from Assembly prototyping



- PXFEL2_2:
 - Leak on cavity 6 helium vessel (isolating vac and He circuit)
 - No exchange at CEA because of time constrain for XM-3
 - Not full penetration welding between the cones and the cavity.

For serie production, full penetration welding

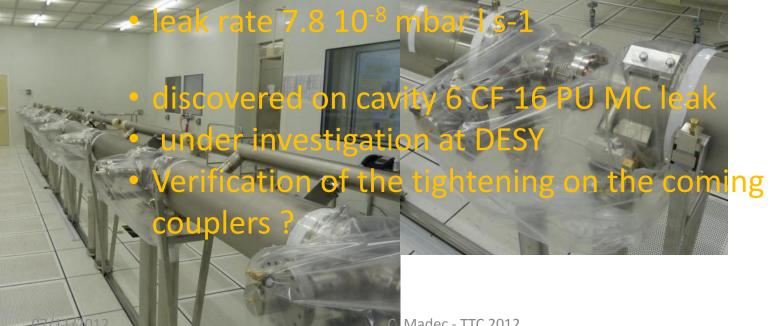




Phase 3: Lessons from Assembly prototyping



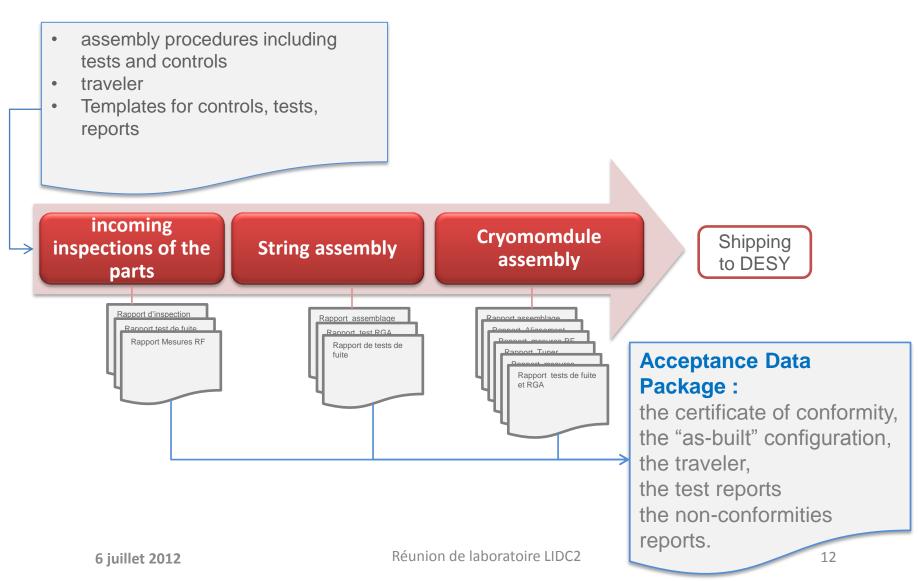
- PXFEL2 2:
 - In situ leak appeared at the leak test of the cavity string before shipping (acceptance criteria):
 - leak detection before roll-out 10⁻¹⁰ mbar.l.s-1





Phase 3 : Acceptance Data Package







QA: Non Conformance Reports

European

Six NCR recorded for PXFEL2_2 string assembly / 14

PROJET XFEL

ETAT DES NON CONFORMITES - NON CONFORMANCE STATUS

NCR number Model		Sub-assembly	Serial number	WS	MAJ /min	Date	Object	Corrective Action		Final Decision	Rédactor
IVCK HUITIDEI	Model	Sub-assembly	Serial Hulliber	ws	IVIAG / IIIIII	Date	Object	Status	Date		Neudetoi
CEA-XFEL-RNC-11-011	PXFEL 2_2	Cavity	AC 147	Reception		08/12/2011	Orientation of the angle valve + pin of the HOM2 connector +			quarantine	
							vacuum above 10-5 mbar @ reception				
CEA-XFEL-RNC-12-012	PXFEL 2_2	Cavities	AC150 & AC149	ISO 4 CC		10/02/2012	Water behind the flange of the elbow valve			use as is	
CEA-XFEL-RNC-12-013	PXFEL 2_2	Coupler	AC3C2	ISO 4 CC		20/02/2012	Coupler Antenna tilted			quarantine	
CEA-XFEL-RNC-12-014	PXFEL 2_2	Cavity	AC 150	ISO 4 CC		20/02/2012	Problem on cavity venting with UP34			use as is	C.Madec
CEA-XFEL-RNC-12-015	PXFEL 2_2	Couplers	CP3C45 & CP3C46	ISO 4 CC		22/02/2012	Remise à la PA rapide			use as is	S.Berry
CEA-XFEL-RNC-12-016	PXFEL 2_2	Coupler / cavity	CP3C57 / Z 162	ISO 4 CC		22/02/2012	Outillage monté à l'envers / pour pouvoir démonter l'outillage				B.Visentin
							nécessité d'enlever le coupleur.				

Réunion de lal

A 1-	_	NON CONFORMANCE REPORT / CHANGE REQUEST			Reference	CEA-XFEL-KNC-12-013		
	European				Page	1		
	XFEL				Date	20/02/12		
EQUIPMENT:	coupler	SERIAL NUMBER:	AC3C2	FILLED OUT BY:	C. MADEC			
Occurrence phase :				Integration level :		Workstation :		
Control:		Reception :		Part		CO		
Manufacturing :		Acceptance :		Subassembly				
Design/validation :		Destockage :		Equipment				
Integration :	x	Others :		Others				
TITLE :	Coupler antenna tilted							
DESCRIPTION:								

The coupler antenna is tilted in the horizontal plane, the coupler being in

Example:

the support frame ready for connection to the cavity. The bellow holders were in position and tighten. The tilt of antenna axis was estimated at the half of the slot flange (for the leak test) i.e. 2.5 mm at the top of tilted coupler anter the attendant the tilt was about approximately 4 mm (cf. On Friday 17th, we dismounted the coupler AC3C2 from the cavity Z141 and checked the antenna (pictures page 2, during MAJOR: disassembly). The coupler is now mounted back on a TWG.

Α			NON CONFORMANCE I	Reference	CEA-XFEL-RNC-12-013	
9	Irfu	XFEL	CHANGE REQUE	Page	2	
		XFEL	CONTINUATION SH	IEET	Date	20/02/12
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Phase 3: MBOM



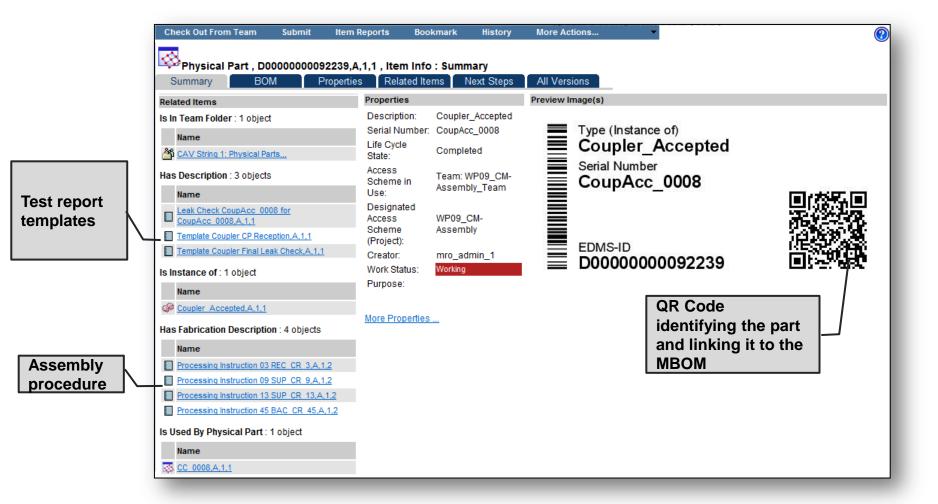
Component assembly		Component Reference								
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	EDMS-ID	Rev.	Reference dwg	Position	Qua ntity	q0SubType	F/N	temporary, modifiable, alternate		
Cavity String					1	assembly	1			
Cavity with Cold Coupler					8	assembly	1			
Cavity Full Equipped / Measured	D*905747, F	F	03L		1	assembly	1			
Cavity Beamtube Blank Flar Cavity Beamtube Adapter Fl HOM Antenna Pick-Up Antenna High Q Fixed Antenna		F F F	03L 03L 03L 03L 03L	3 10 12 15		component assembly assembly assembly assembly	3	temporary temporary temporary		
Bellow Clamp Coupler Cold Part Assembly Test Wave Guide Blind Flange for TWG Aluminium Seal NW40 Coupler Cold Part Assembly Set Threaded Rods M6x40 Washer d=6.4 CuNiSi Nut M6 Q-pole unit assembly after transport Quad-BPM-Vat main body 2Ph Pipe Flange Assembly (C) Dichtdeckel Verschaltungsbox (E) Beam Pipe Flange Assembly (A)	It is collecting, recording, and archiving the complete mandatory fabrication information. It is focused on the parts that are needed to assemble a CM at CEA. The MBOM also includes information about how the parts relate to each other, the inspection to be performed, the tests to be recorded, the assembly procedures, the documentation etc Example of information: reference of the drawing, WP leader in charge of the supply serial number (54 columns, 500 lines) The configuration recording of each cryomodule Arborescence documentaire de l'ADP sous EDMS (base documentaire géré									

par DESY)



MBOM on EDMS







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TTC 20xy

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Phase 4: industrial phase



Contract for 103 CM integration awarded to ALSYOM in July 2012.

- The first phase (from Sept 17th, until Dec 2012), consists of :
 - the observation by ALSYOM of the assembly by CEA of the first pre-series cryomodule (XM-3)
 - the deployment of their industrial method based on the outputs of the prototyping
 - the set-up of the storage area,
 - the ERP (entreprise resource planning) parameterization
- The second phase (june 2013):
 - training of the company team attended by the CEA and DESY team on the assembly of the second and third pre-series modules XM-2 and XM-1.
- The third phase: From XM1 on (2013),
 - ALSYOM in charge of the series module assembly.
 - six months ramp-up period to reach the production rate of 1 CM per week.



Cost reductions



- Preindustrial studies
- Team training
- Cavity magnetic shields: proposed some closing improvements and new Cryophy™ material which was qualified on the CM prototypes.
- Precut and assembled multilayer blankets for the 2K and 70K superinsulation have been ordered: they facilitate the assembly and reduce its duration. Cryogenic loss measurements on the prototype modules qualified them for the series.
- Vacuum pumping system in the clean room : reduces time from 3/4h to 1/4h
- Hardware for the clean room assembly: savings in prep time
- Alignement software : savings in time, limit errors
- Rf bench: savings in time, limit errors
- Welding:
 - Welding leak tightness: duration reduced by using the CERN technology (only the detection of the welded area): reduces pump and purge to lower He backgound
 - « Paint » test crack in the welds TUV vs Xrays of the weldings.





Conclusions



Factory ready



- Cost reductions
- Alsyom gets started observation of XM-3



Thanks to



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 Our colleagues from DESY (K.Jensch, S.Barbanotti, W.Maschmann ...), INFN and other institutes for our collaborative work