

Experimental Evidence for the $S=+1$ Pentaquark

• • • K.Imai (Kyoto)

- n Discovery of Penta-quark Θ^+ at SPring-8
- n € • • • Evidences
- n Questions to be solved
- n Summary

Discovery of Pentaquark • Q^+

$M = 1540 \pm 10 \text{ MeV}$

$G < 25 \text{ MeV}$

Gaussian significance 4.6 σ

SPRING-8 LEPS

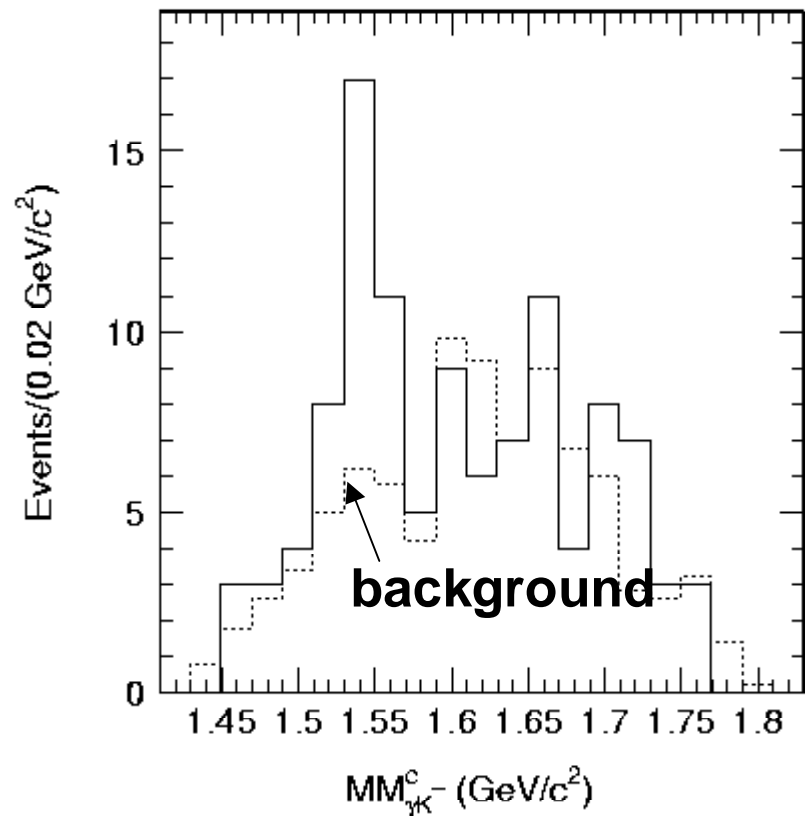
• $g + n \rightarrow K^- + K^+ + n,$
 $Q^+ \rightarrow K^+ n$

Q^+ : $uudd \bar{s}$

T. Nakano et al.,

Phys.Rev.Lett. 91 (2003) 012002

hep-ex/0301020



The LEPS collaboration

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T. Matsuda, Y. Toi

Super Photon ring-8 GeV SPring-

8

n Third-generation synchrotron radiation facility

n Circumference: 1436 m

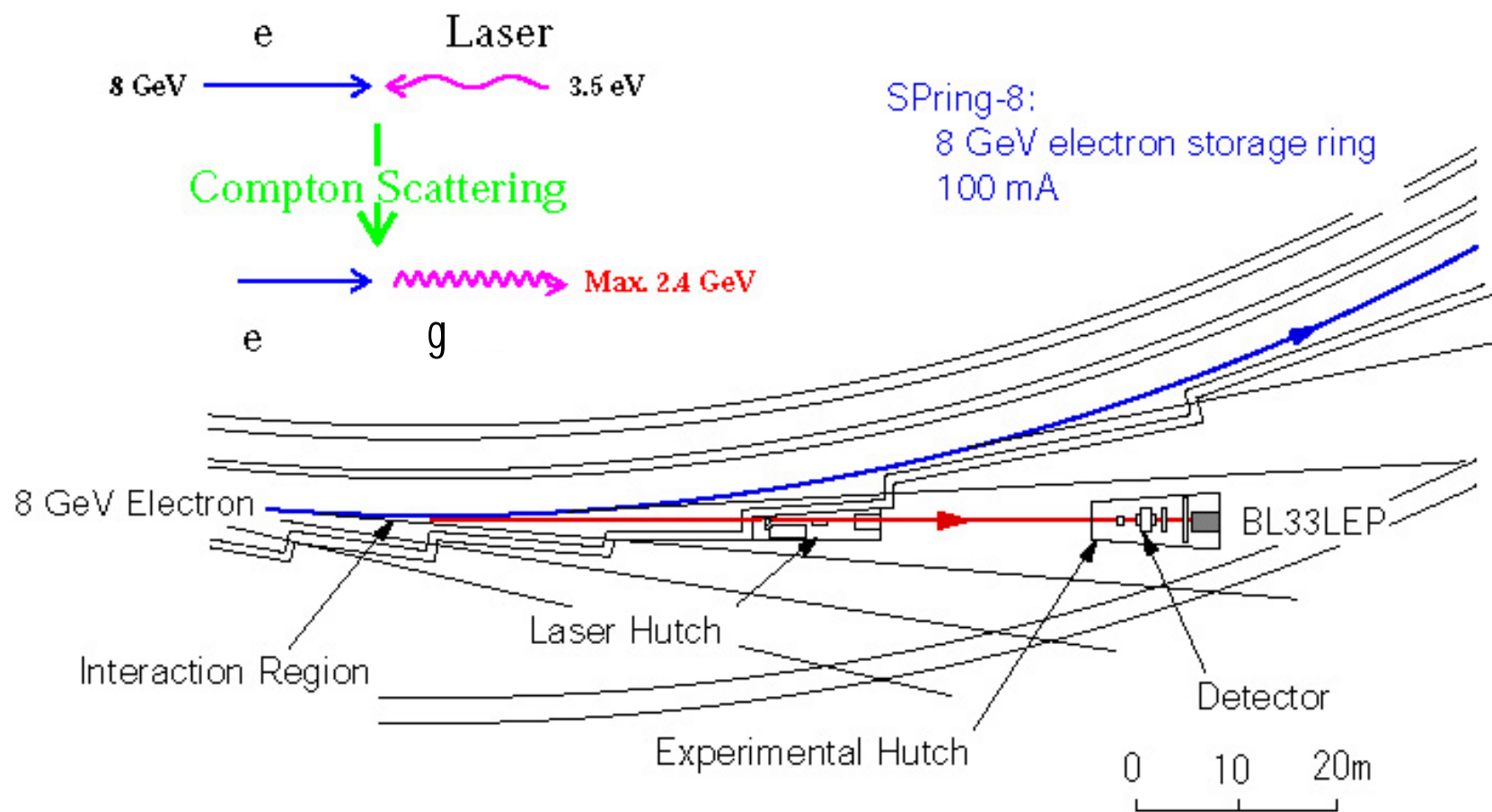
n 8 GeV

n 100 mA

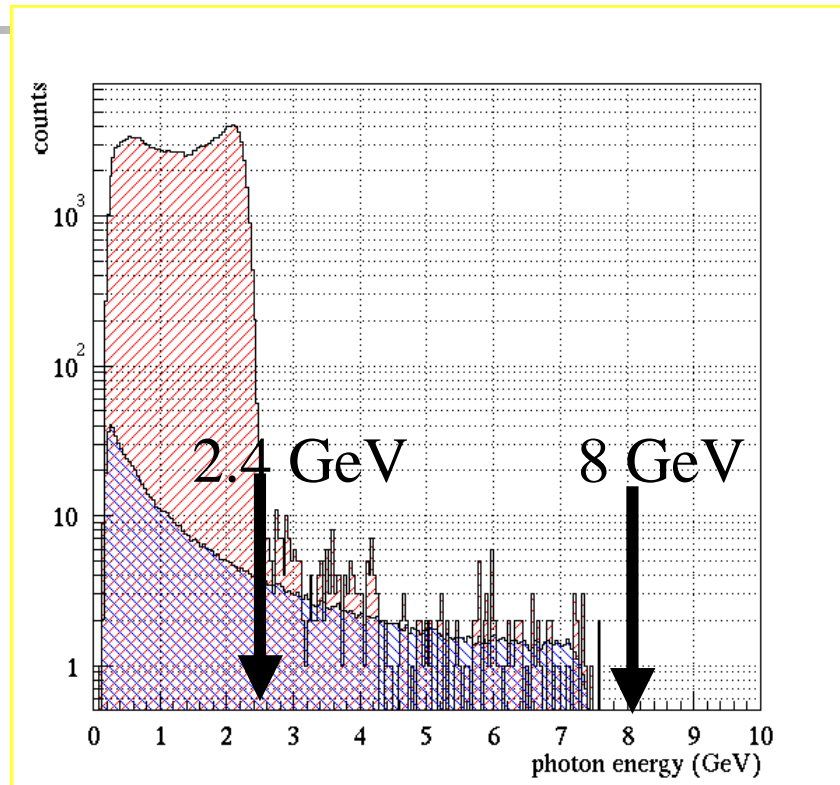
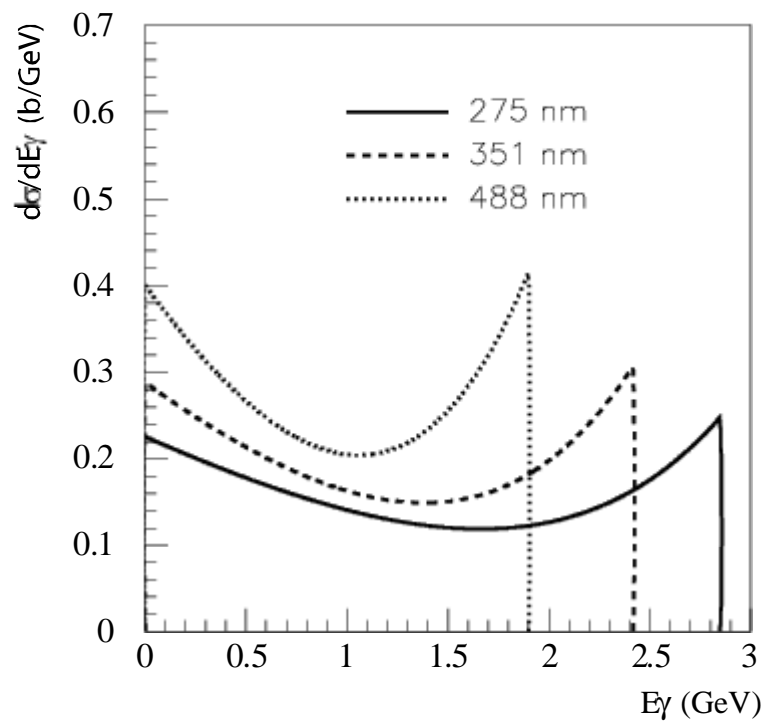
n 62 beamlines



Laser Electron Photon at Spring-8 (LEPS)



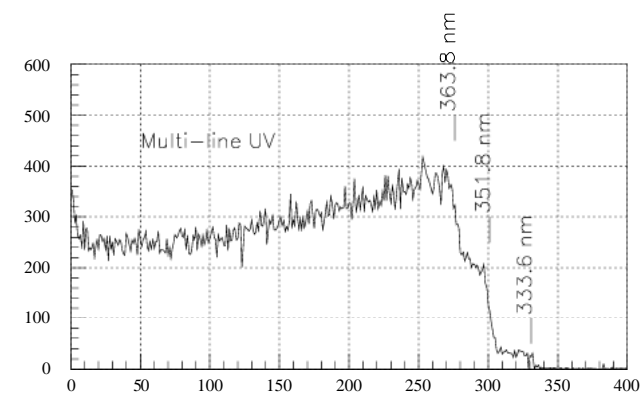
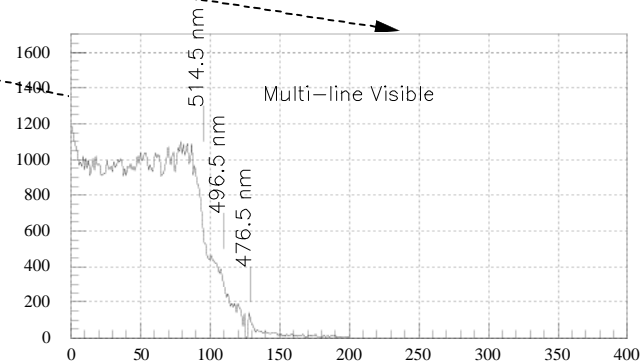
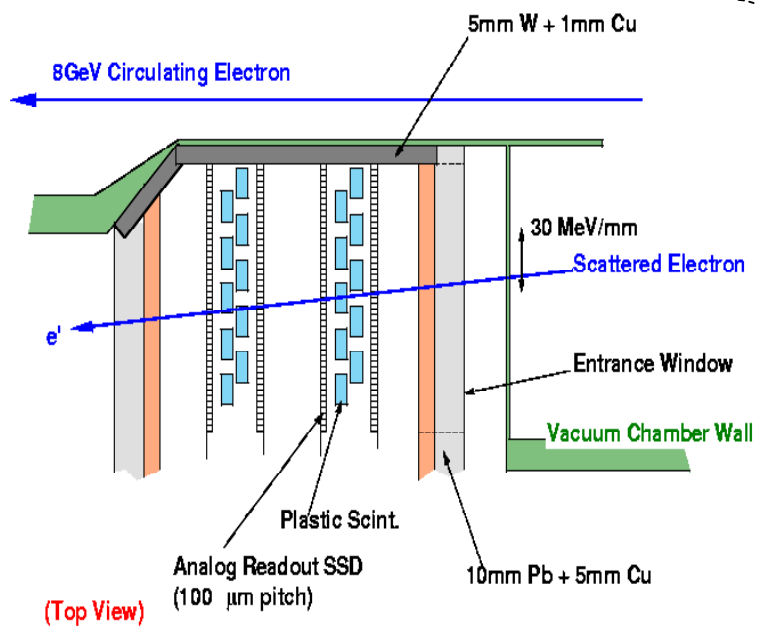
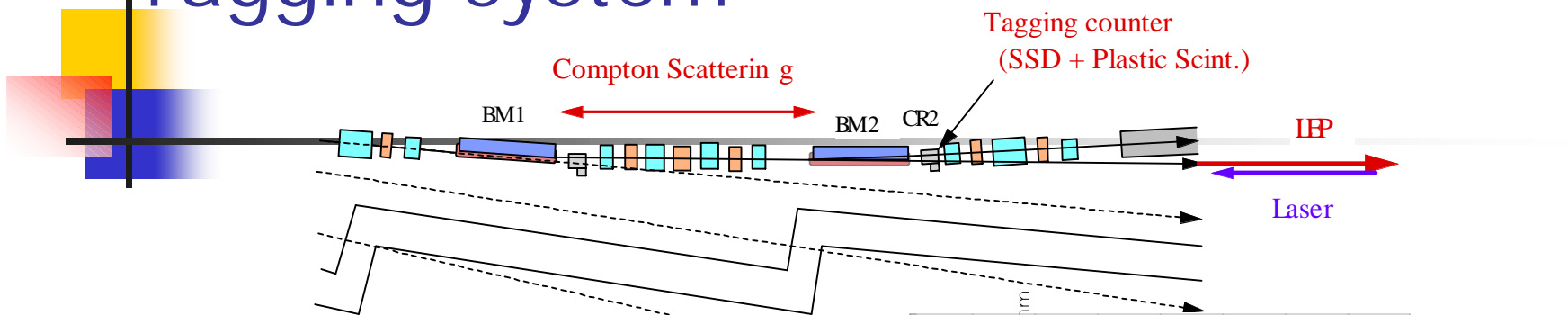
Energy Spectrum



Intensity (Typ.) : $2.5 * 10^6$ cps

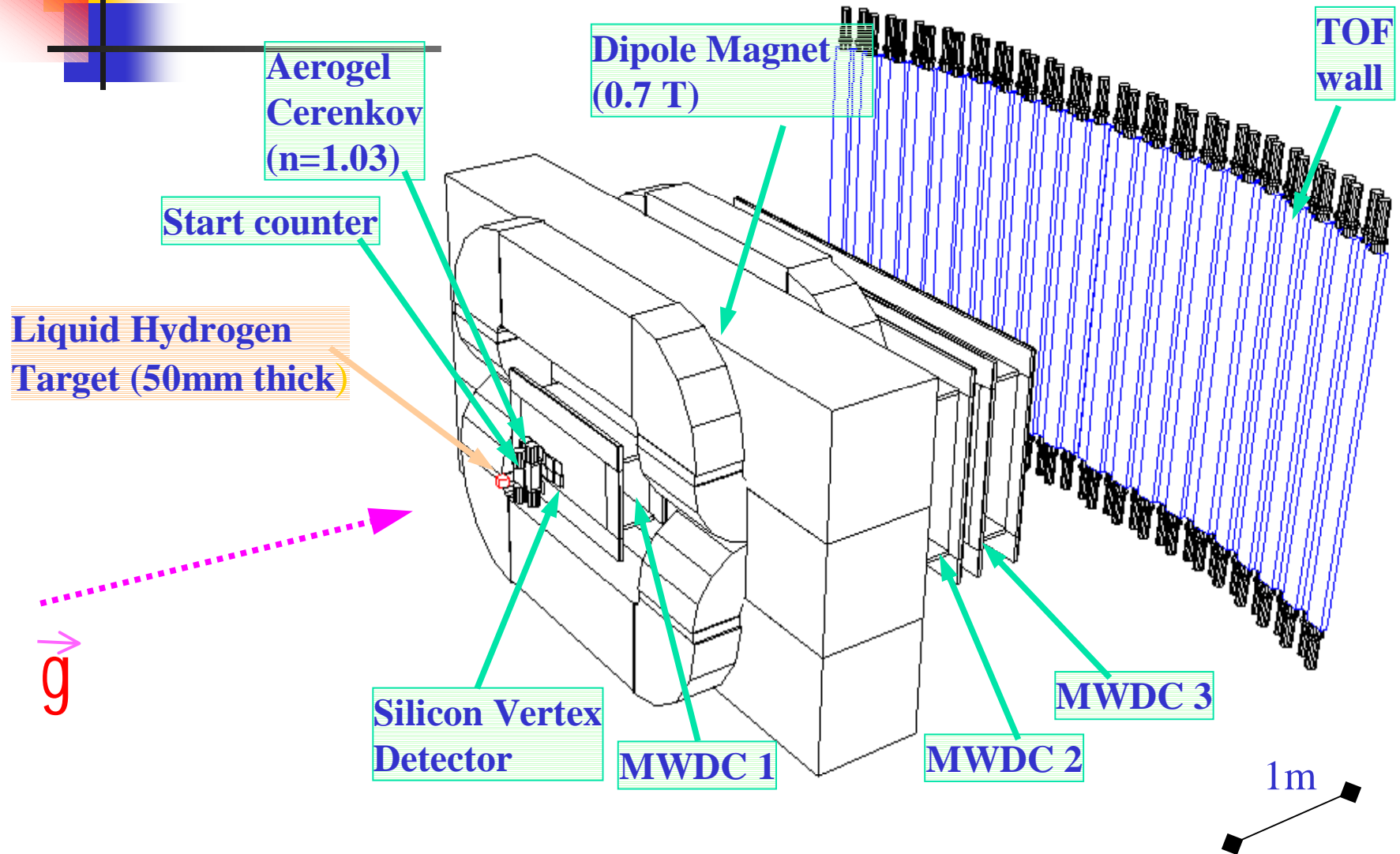
Linear Polarization : 95 % at 2.4 GeV

Tagging system

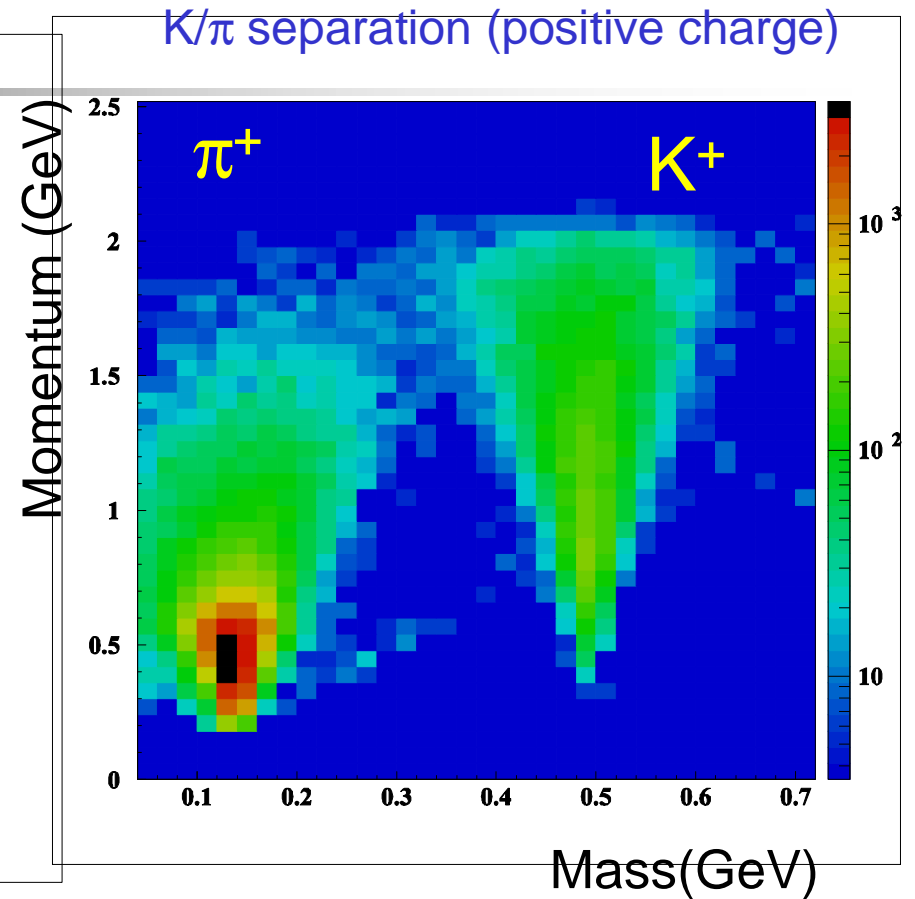
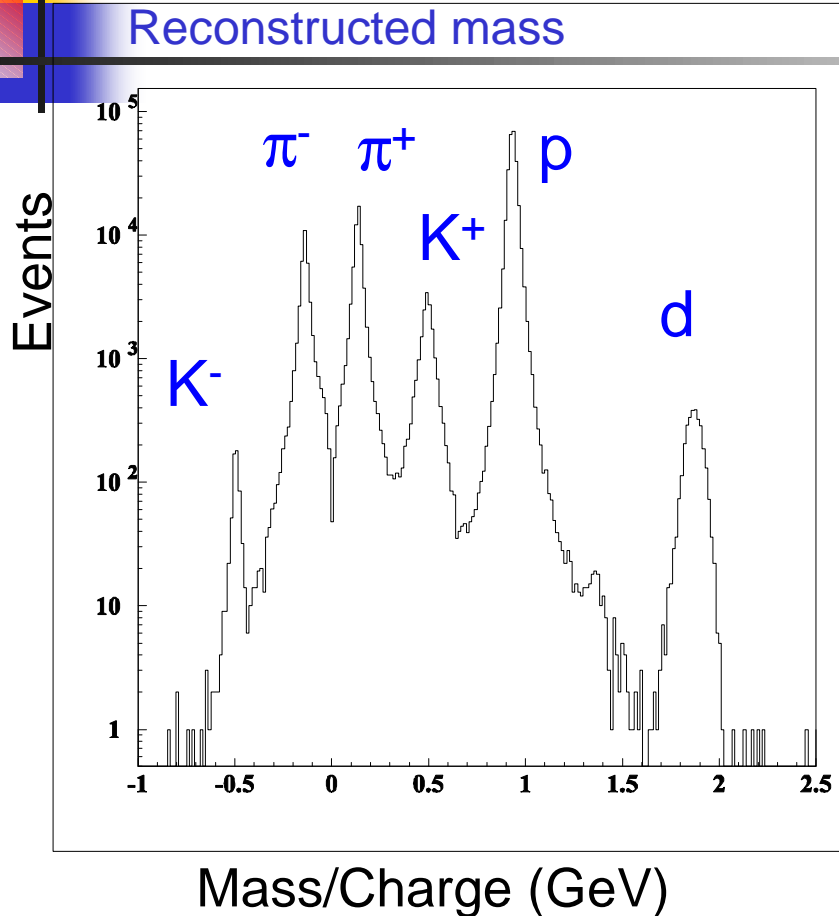


• Tagging Region : $1.5 \text{ GeV} < E_\gamma < 2.4 \text{ GeV}$

LEPS • etector



- • • Charged particle identification



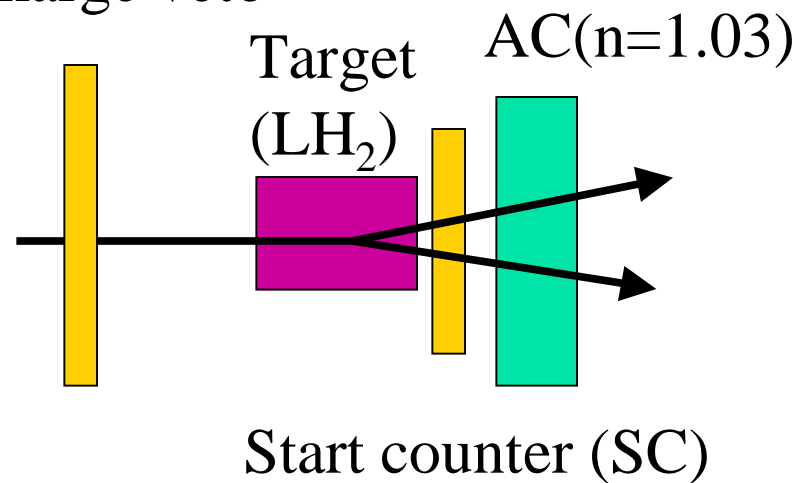
$\sigma(\text{mass}) = 30 \text{ MeV}(\text{typ.})$ for 1 GeV/c Kaon



Target Region

30 Hz for 800 kHz@tagger

Charge veto



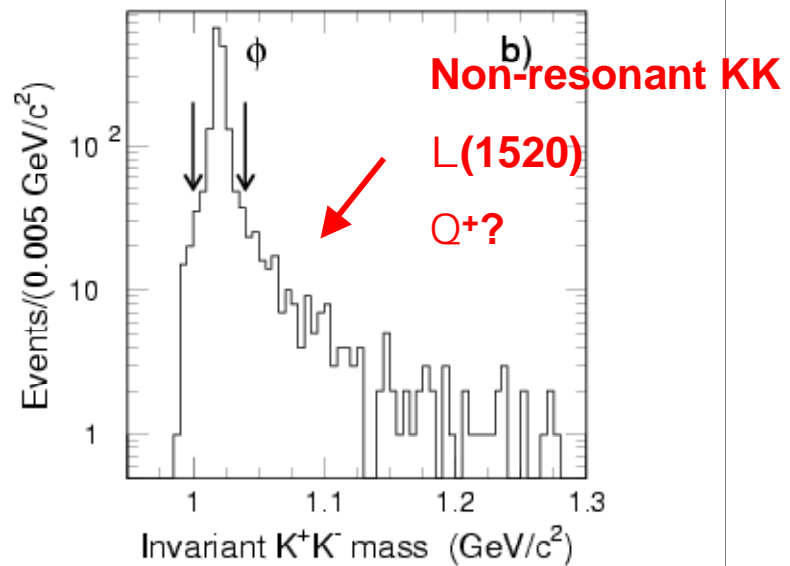
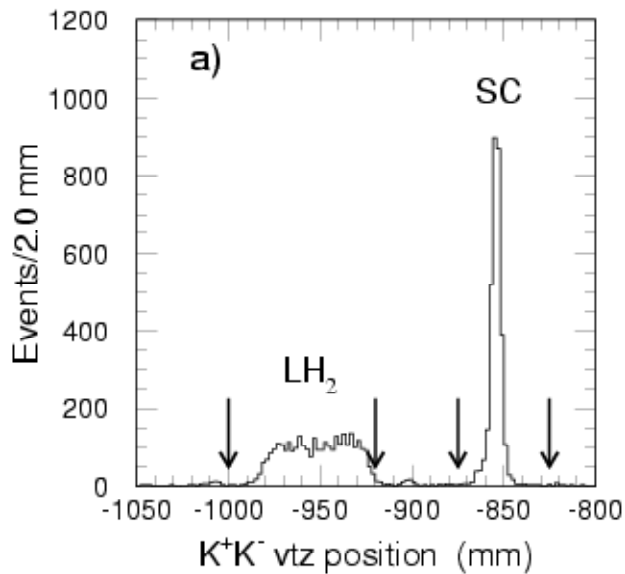
- Identification of Q^+

$$g n \in K^- Q^+ \in \underline{K^- K^+ n}$$

- K^- missing mass gives Q^+ mass
- K^+K^- missing mass gives n

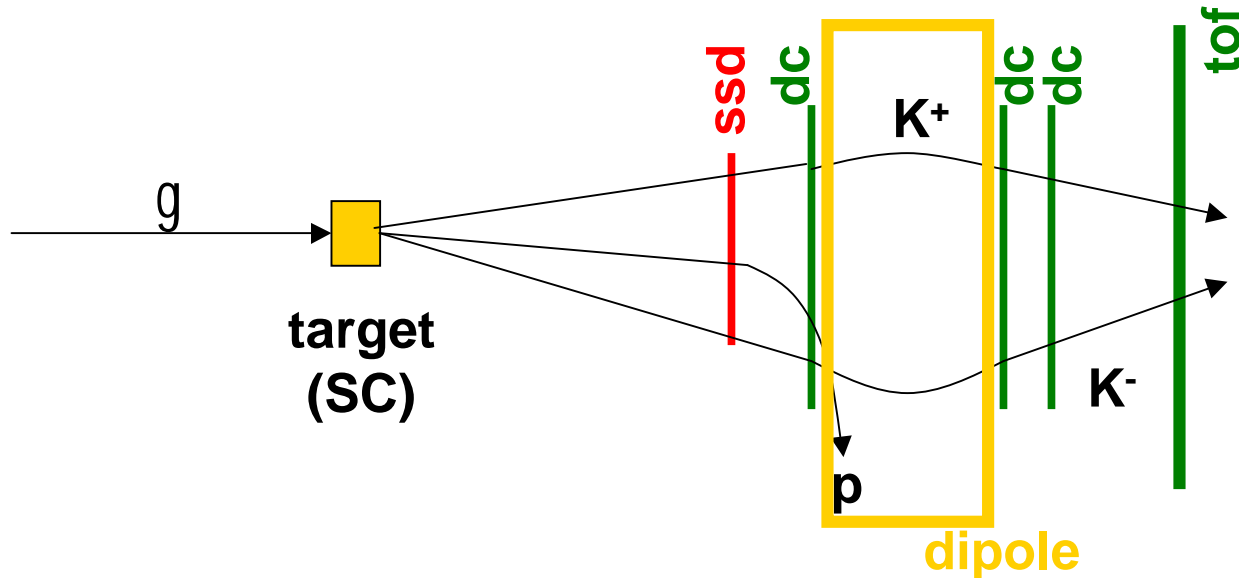
Problems:

- no neutron target
 - CH start counter (n is part of C!)
- “background”
 - $f^{\circ} K^+K^-$ (produced from n & p)



Proton-recoil cut

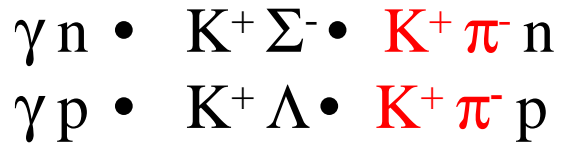
- § gn @ K⁺K⁻n no recoil proton • (proton is a spectator)
- § gp @ K⁺K⁻p slow recoil proton is present
- § proton is too slow to be seen in full detector, but might be seen in SSD vertex detector.



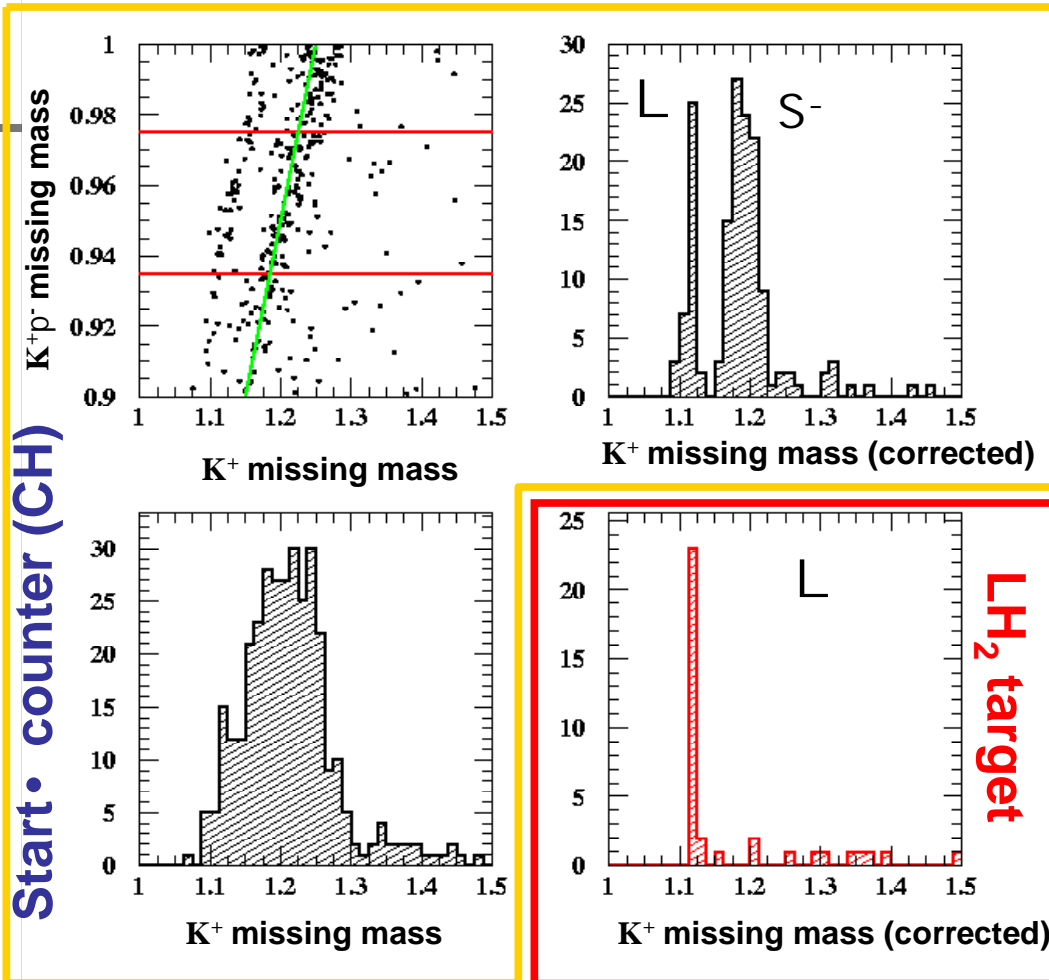
Remove all events for which proton is detected in SSD

Fermi motion correction € (T.Nakano)

Test-case:

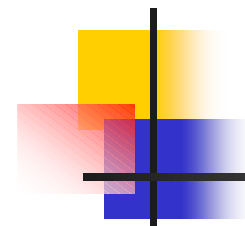


Correction works better when Q-value is small.



$$\text{Correction: } MM_{gK^+}(\text{corrected}) = MM_{gK^+} - MM_{gK^+p^-} + M_n$$

Q^+ identification



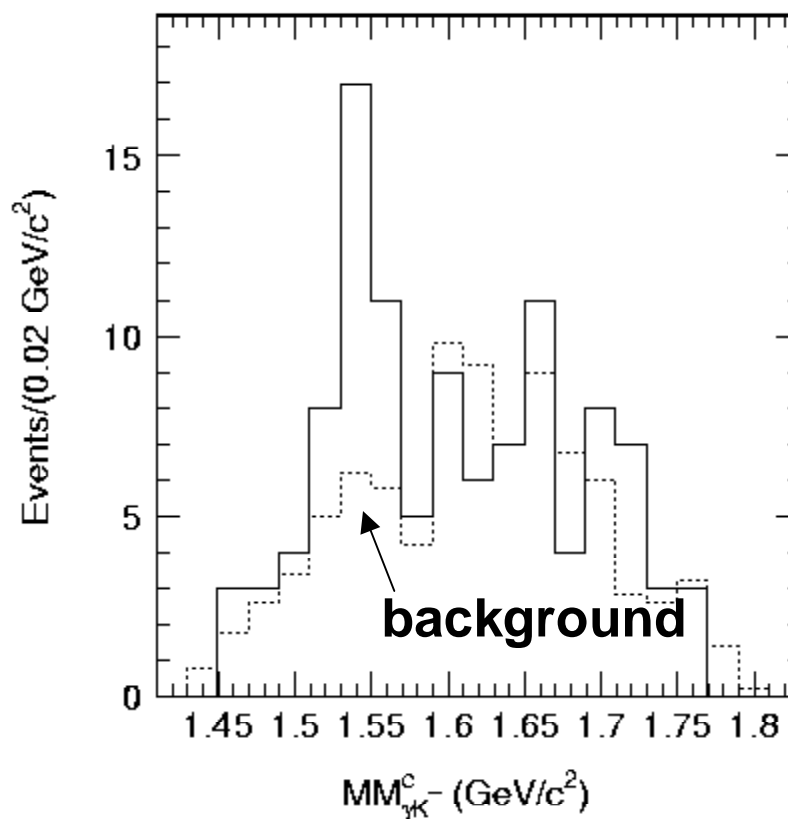
- $g \cdot n) \rightarrow K^- K^+ n$
- Background is from non-resonant K^+K^- production off the neutron(nuclei) similar to non-resonant production off the proton.
- • • shape was estimated from events from LH_2 using the same cuts except for:
 - Proton-recoil cut is removed
 - $L(1520)$ events are removed (only from p)

$g+d \rightarrow K^-K^+n+p$ under analysis

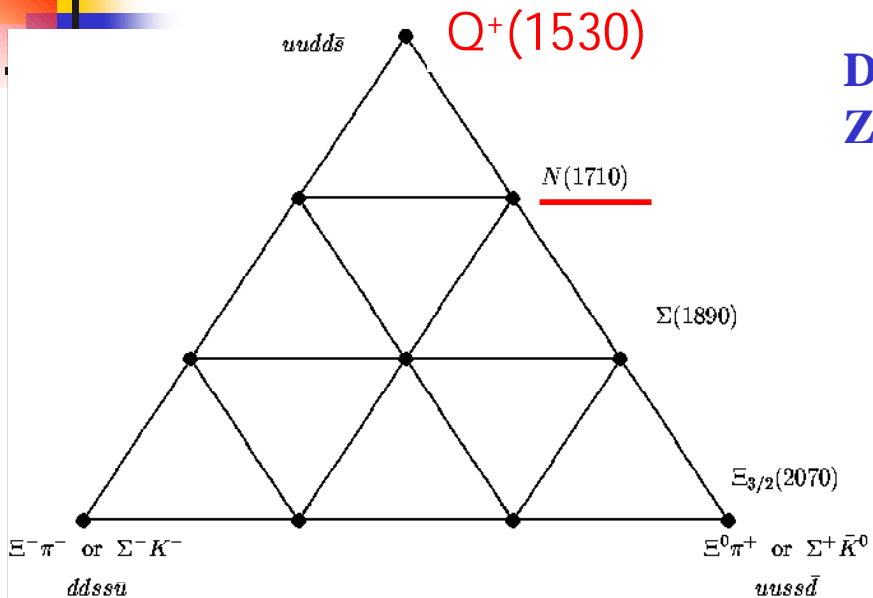
$M = 1540 \pm 10$ MeV

$G < 25$ MeV

Gaussian significance 4.6σ



€ € Θ⁺(Z⁺) prediction of anti-decuplet



D. Diakonov, V. Petrov, and M. Polyakov,
Z. Phys. A 359 (1997) 305.

- n Exotic: $S = +1$
- n Low mass: 1530 MeV
- n Narrow width: < 15 MeV
- n $J^P = 1/2^+$

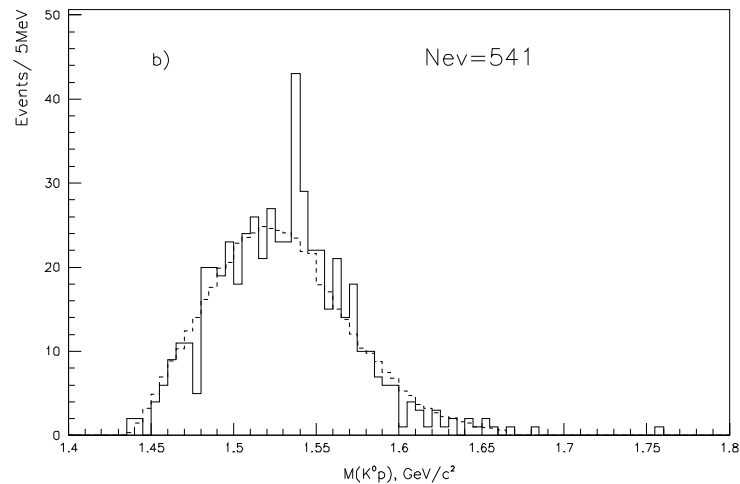
Figure 1: The suggested anti-decuplet of baryons. The corners of this (T_3, Y) diagram are exotic. We show their quark content together with their (octet baryon+octet meson) content, as well as the predicted masses.

$$M = [1890 - 180 * Y] \text{ MeV}$$

Confirmation from US and Russia

DIANA/ITEP

$\mathbf{K^+ Xe \in K^0 p X}$
 $(\mathbf{K^+ n \in K^0 p})$



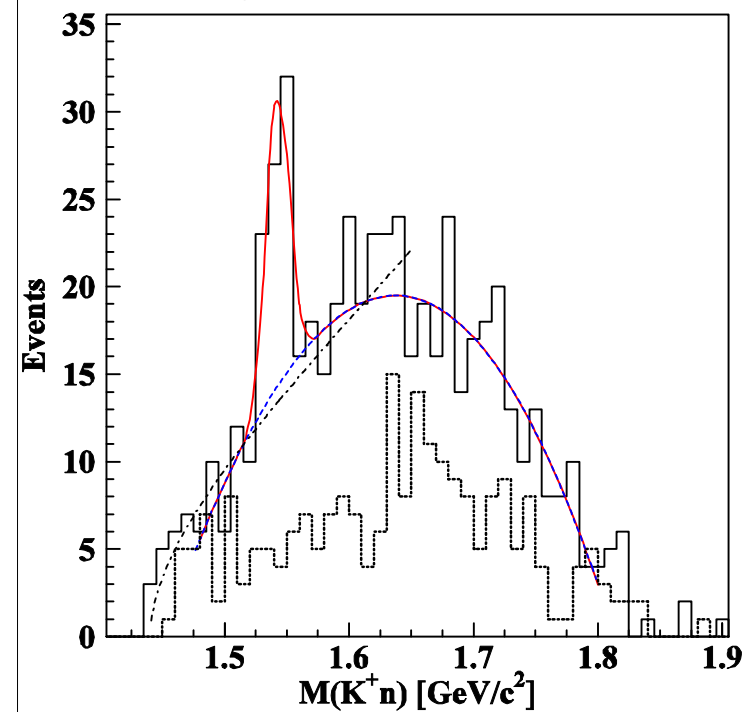
$M = 1539 \pm 2 \text{ MeV}$

$G < 9 \text{ MeV}$

hep-ex/0304040

CLAS/JLAB

$\mathbf{g d \in p K^+ K^- n}$

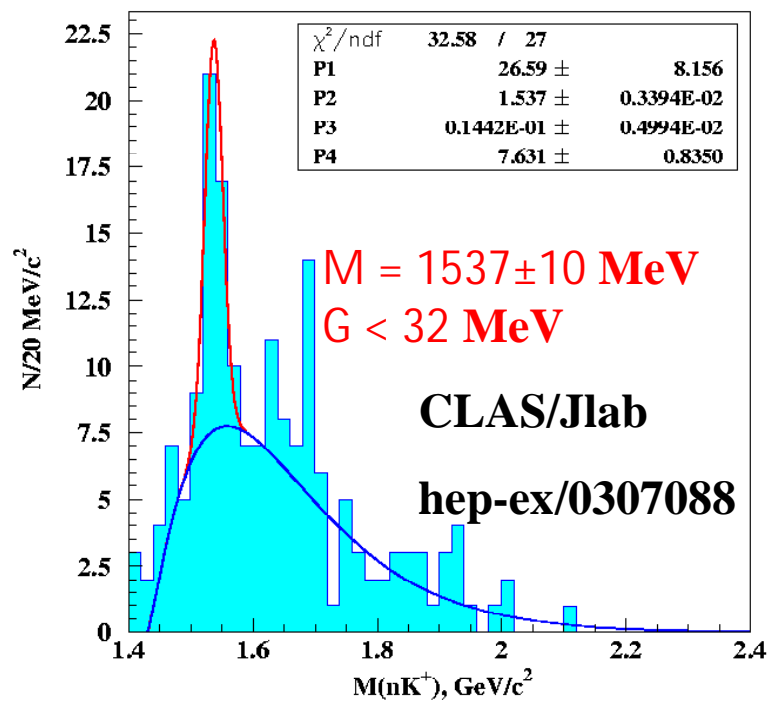
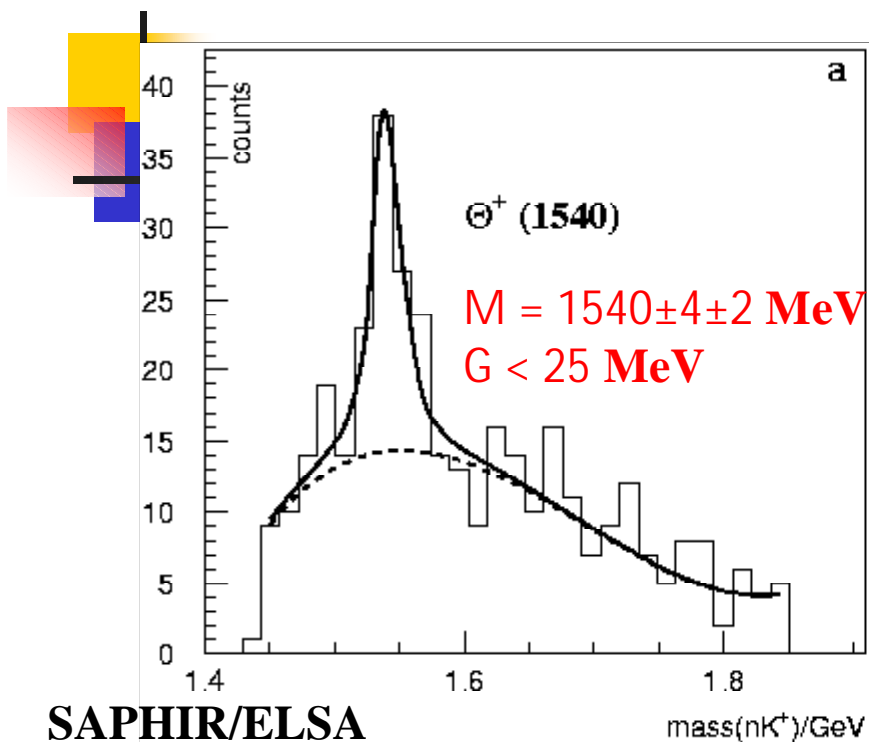


$M = 1542 \pm 5 \text{ MeV}$

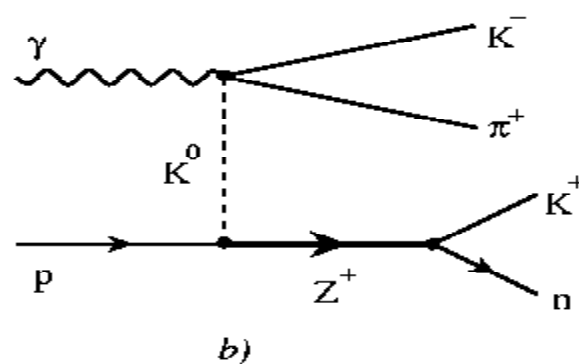
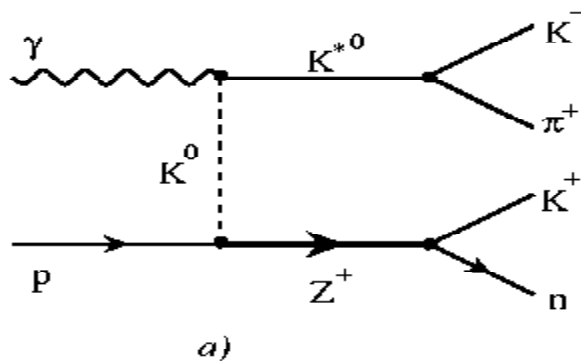
$G < 21 \text{ MeV}$

hep-ex/0307018

Further confirmation with proton target



hep-ex/0307083



Neutrino scattering

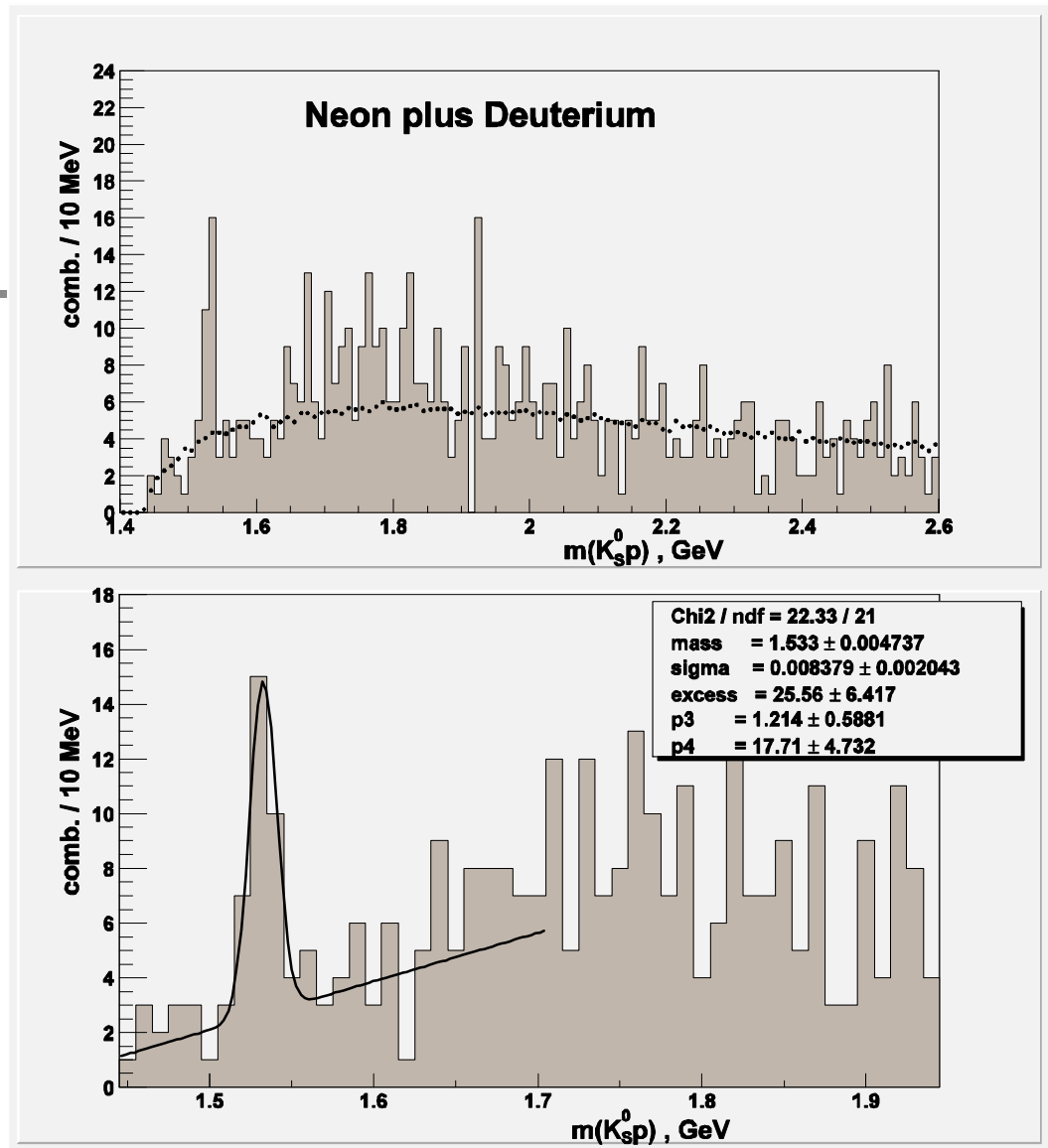
Reanalysis of
bubble chamber
experiments from
WA21, WA25, WA59,
E180, E632

A.Asratyan,A.Dolgolenko,
M.Kubantsev
hep-ex/0309042

$$M = 1533 \pm 5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$G < 20 \text{ MeV}$$

$M(K_s p)$ spectrum



1533 ± 5 MeV
G < 20 MeV



E522 (KEK-PS)

- n Search for H-dibaryon resonance via $^{12}\text{C}(\text{K}^-, \text{K}^+ \Lambda \Lambda)$ and study of ΞN interactions

data taking 2002. 10-12

by-product ?

Q^+ search by $\text{p}(\text{p}^-, \text{K}^-) \text{Q}^+$ at $\text{p}(\text{p}^-) = 1.9 \text{ GeV}/c$
(under analysis)

No peak was observed in old BC data (poor statistics)



First Manifestly Exotic Hadron in 40 Years

- n The discovery of the $\Theta^+(1540)$ this year marks the beginning of a new and rich spectroscopy in QCD....

R.Jaffe

Renaissance of Hadron Spectroscopy !
(Birth of Exotic Hadron Spectroscopy)



Questions about Θ^+

Spin-parity: $J^P = 1/2^+$ or $1/2^-$ or $3/2$

-> selection of models

s-wave or p-wave ?

$K+n \rightarrow K+n$ phase shift analysis (pol. d target)

pol. γ $N \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+$ decay distribution of Θ^+
(and spin of n or p)

angular dependence

-> Spring-8 TPC project

Parallel 5 E.Oset



Questions: width

n upper limit from direct measurement: 9 (20) MeV

n

n S.Nussunov (hep-ph/0307357) based on K^+d scattering data $\Gamma(\Theta^+) < 6 \text{ MeV}$

n Arndt, Strakovski & Workman (nucl-th/0308012) based on existing $K+N$ elastic scattering data $\Gamma(\Theta^+)$ as small as 1 MeV

parallel 5 R.Workman

Invariant mass spectroscopy: $K^0+p \rightarrow$ few MeV?

$K+p \rightarrow \pi^+ \Theta^+$ KEK-SKS spectrometer ϵ ($\Delta E \sim 1.5 \text{ MeV}$)



Questions: Structure (size)

5 compact quarks or KN molecule?

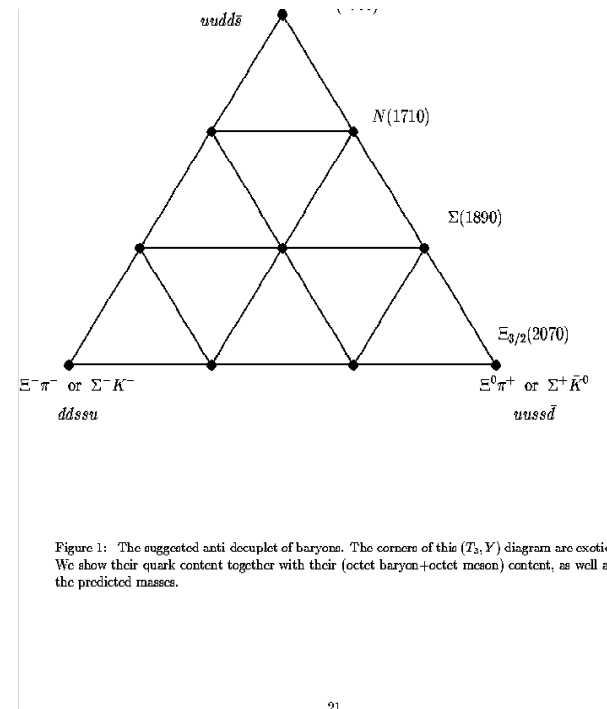
KN potential range of 0.05 fm to reproduce
10 MeV width (Jaffe and Wilczek)

A-dependence of photo-production of Θ^+
-> size of Θ^+

To establish anti-decuplet

- n Ξ^{--}
 $n K^- \rightarrow K^+ \Xi^{--}, p K^- \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Xi^{--}$
- n Ξ^+
 $p K^- \rightarrow K^0 \pi^- \Xi^+$

	$S = -2$	$S = 0$
Diakonov	2070	1710 MeV
Jaffe, Wilczek	1750	1440 MeV



- n If $M(\Xi^{--}) \sim 1750$ MeV (Jaffe & Wilczek, hep-ph/0307341)
>2GeV/c K- beam (BNL or KEK or (J-PARC)) !

S=-2 Penta-quark Ξ^{--}

M=1862 MeV $\Gamma < 18$ MeV

NA49 collaboration

hep-ex/0310014

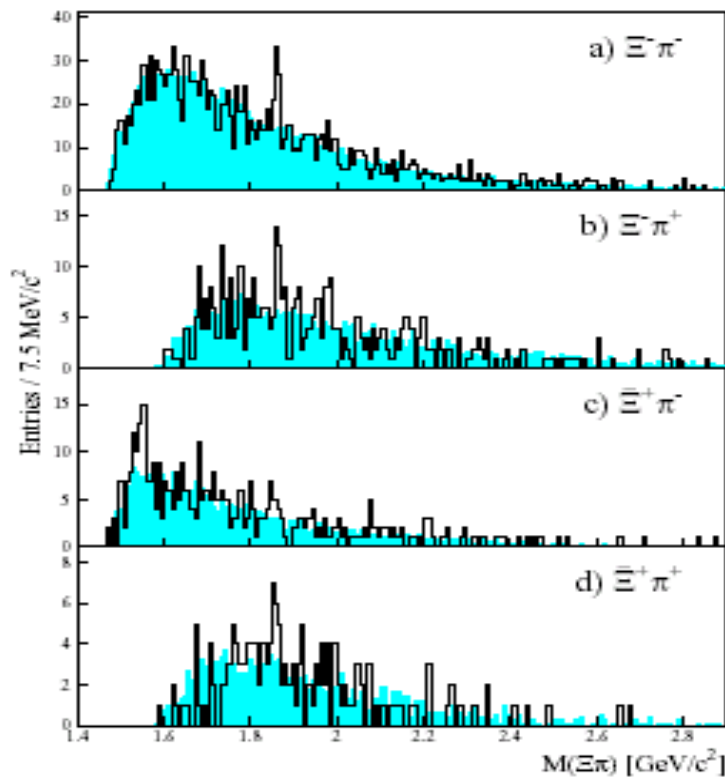


FIG. 2: (Color online) Invariant mass spectra after selection cuts for $\Xi^- \pi^-$ (a), $\Xi^- \pi^+$ (b), $\Xi^+ \pi^-$ (note that the $\Xi(1530)^0$ state is also visible) (c), and $\Xi^+ \pi^+$ (d). The shaded histograms are the normalised mixed-event backgrounds.

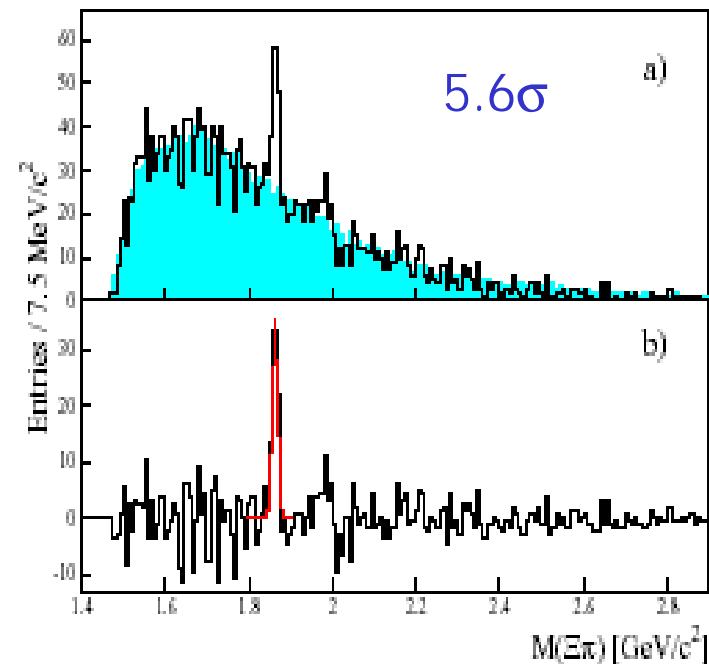


FIG. 3: (Color online) (a) The sum of the $\Xi^- \pi^-$, $\Xi^- \pi^+$, $\Xi^+ \pi^-$ and $\Xi^+ \pi^+$ invariant mass spectra. The shaded histogram shows the normalised mixed-event background. (b) Background subtracted spectrum with the Gaussian fit to the peak.



Recent theoretical works

- n Exotic baryon states in topological soliton models
[Walliser, H ; Kopeliovich, V B](#), hep-ph/0304058
- n Interpretation of the Θ^+ as an isotensor resonance with weakly decaying partners
[Capstick, Page, Roberts](#), hep-ph/0307019
- n Stable uudds-bar pentaquarks in the constituent quark model
[Stancu, FI ; Riska, D O](#), hep-ph/0307010
- n The Constituent Quark Model Revisited - Quark Masses, New Predictions for Hadron Masses and KN Pentaquark
[Karlner, Marek; Lipkin, Harry J](#), hep-ph/0307243



Recent theoretical works

- n Pentaquark states in a chiral potential
[Hosaka, Atsushi](#) hep-ph/0307232
- n Group theory and the Pentaquark
[Wybourne, B G](#), hep-ph/0307170
- n Diquarks and Exotic Spectroscopy
[Jaffe, R L](#) ; [Wilczek, F](#), hep-ph/0307341
- n Understanding Pentaquark States in QCD
[Zhu, Shi-Lin](#), hep-ph/0307345

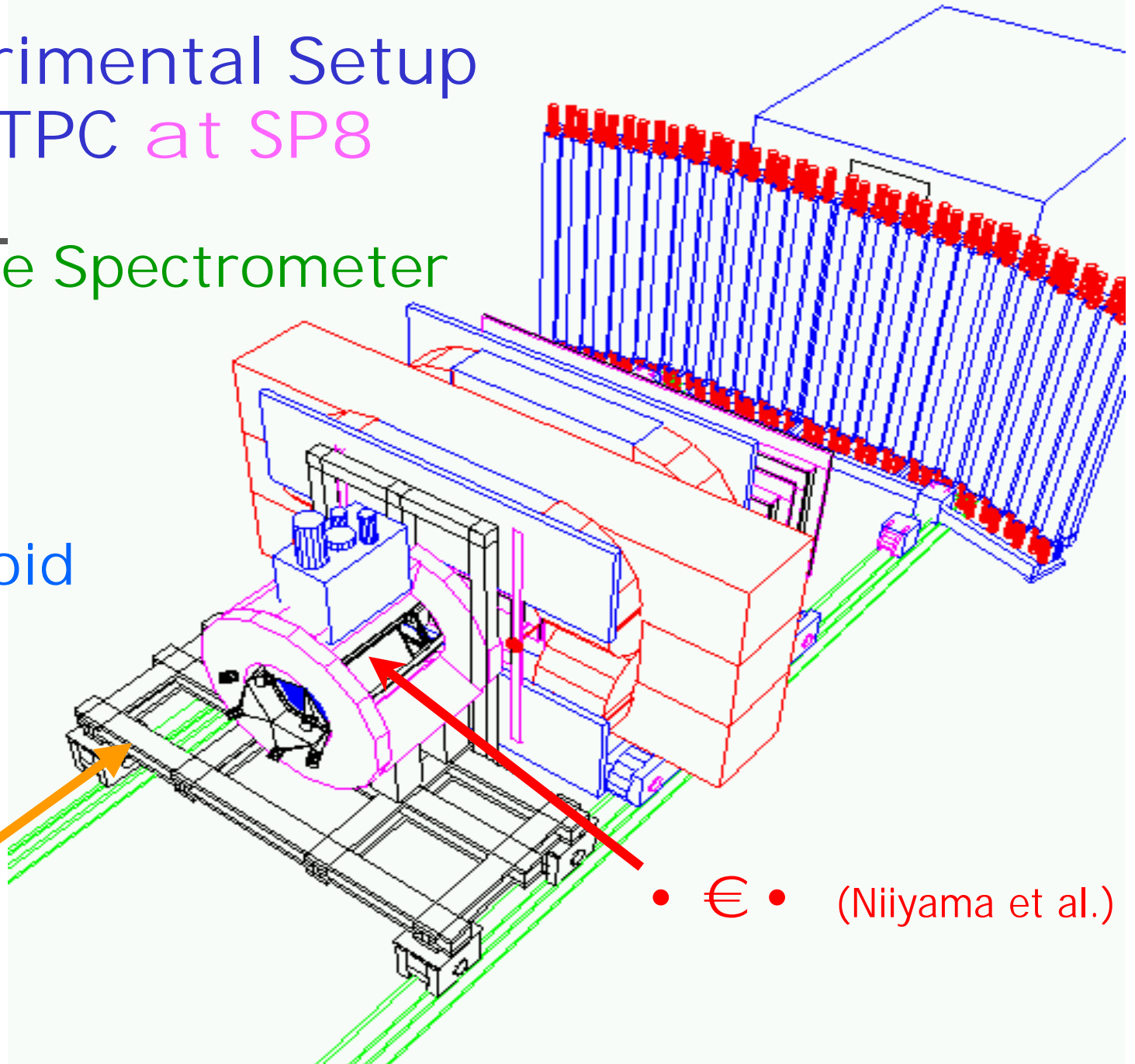
Experimental Setup with TPC at SP8

Dipole Spectrometer

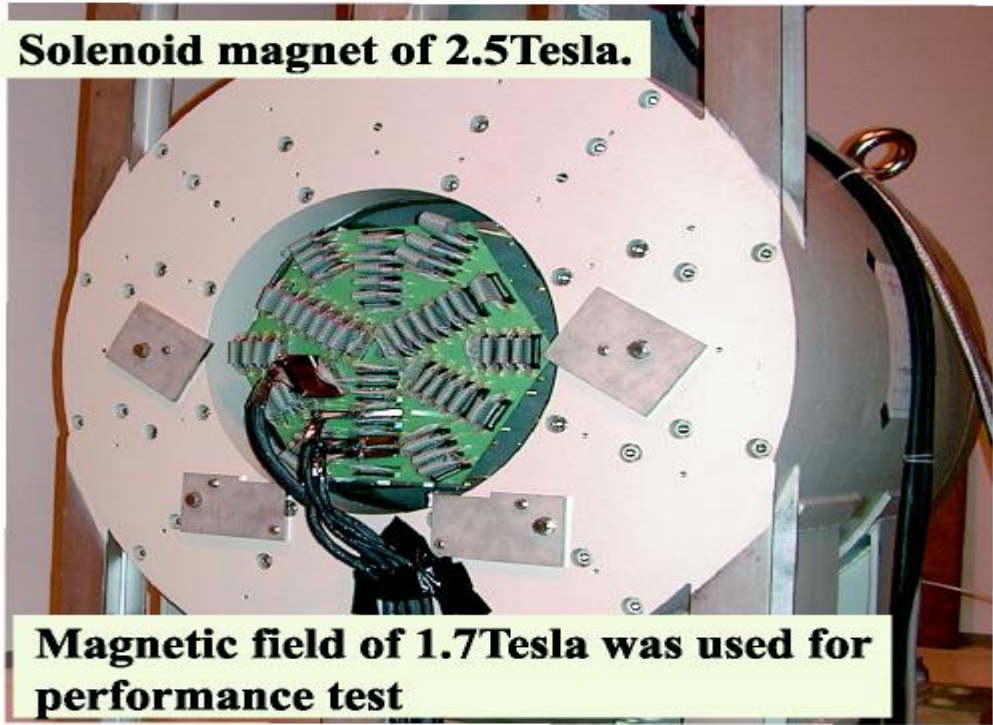
Solenoid

g

• € • (Niiyama et al.)



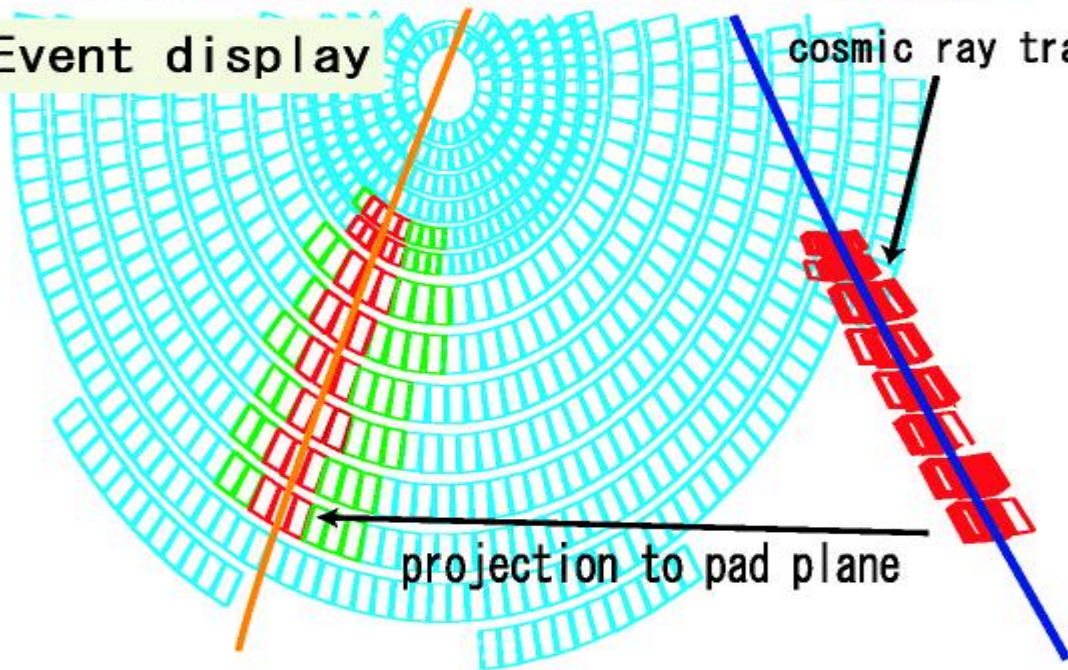
Solenoid magnet of 2.5Tesla.



Magnetic field of 1.7Tesla was used for performance test

Event display

cosmic ray track



projection to pad plane



$\Lambda(1405)$

n 3-quark or KN bound state ?

old question but current topics

(K-nuclei, Pentaquark)

n Photo-production from H and A-target (SP8)

$\Lambda(1405) \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$, $\Sigma \rightarrow \pi N$

measurement of Σ with \sim cm flight length

-> Time Projection Chamber (TPC)



Summary

Penta-quark (Q^+) discovered at SPring-8 has been confirmed by several experiments.

$M \sim 1540$, $\Gamma < 9$ (20) MeV

- n Further studies of Q^+ are needed.

Spin-Parity and width

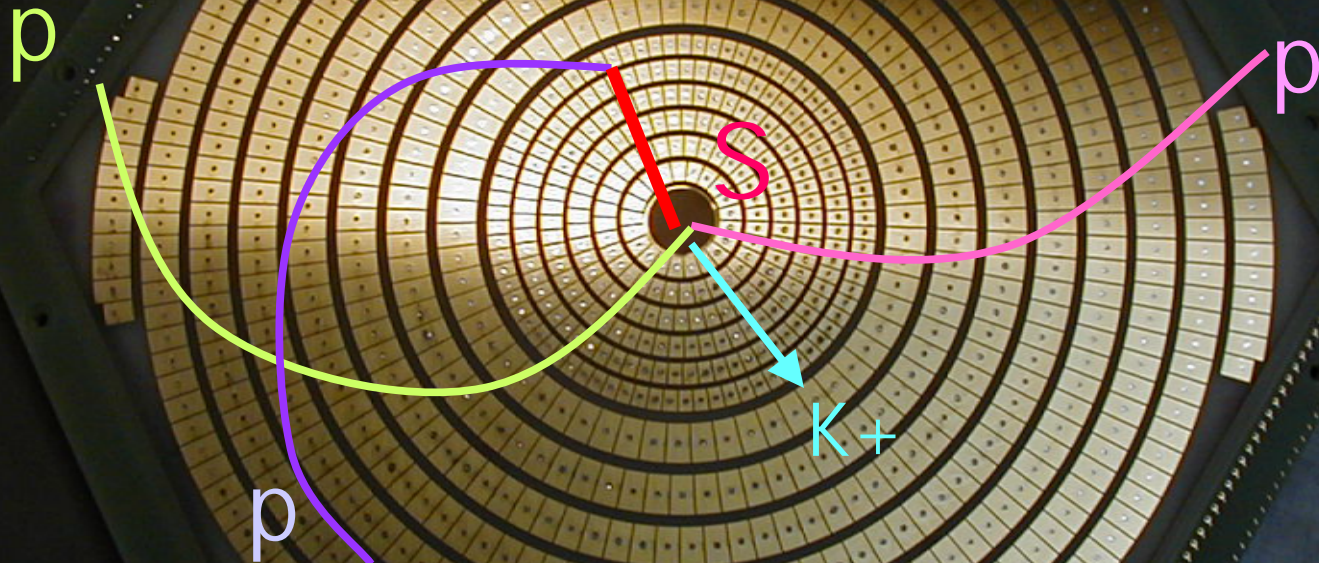
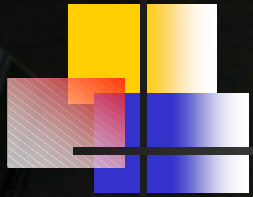
SP-8 TPC, KEK-SKS,

To establish anti-decuplet, Ξ^{--} , Ξ^+ , , , should be searched for (KEK, BNL, Jlab or J-PARC?)

confirm NA49 result (1862 MeV Ξ^{--}) !

- n Beginning of exotic hadron spectroscopy and new QCD physics. -> J-PARC, GSI, JLab(upgrade)

TPC Readout Chamber



n ~1000 pads and ~100 wires for readout

n S_{xy} ~350mm and S_z ~ 500mm

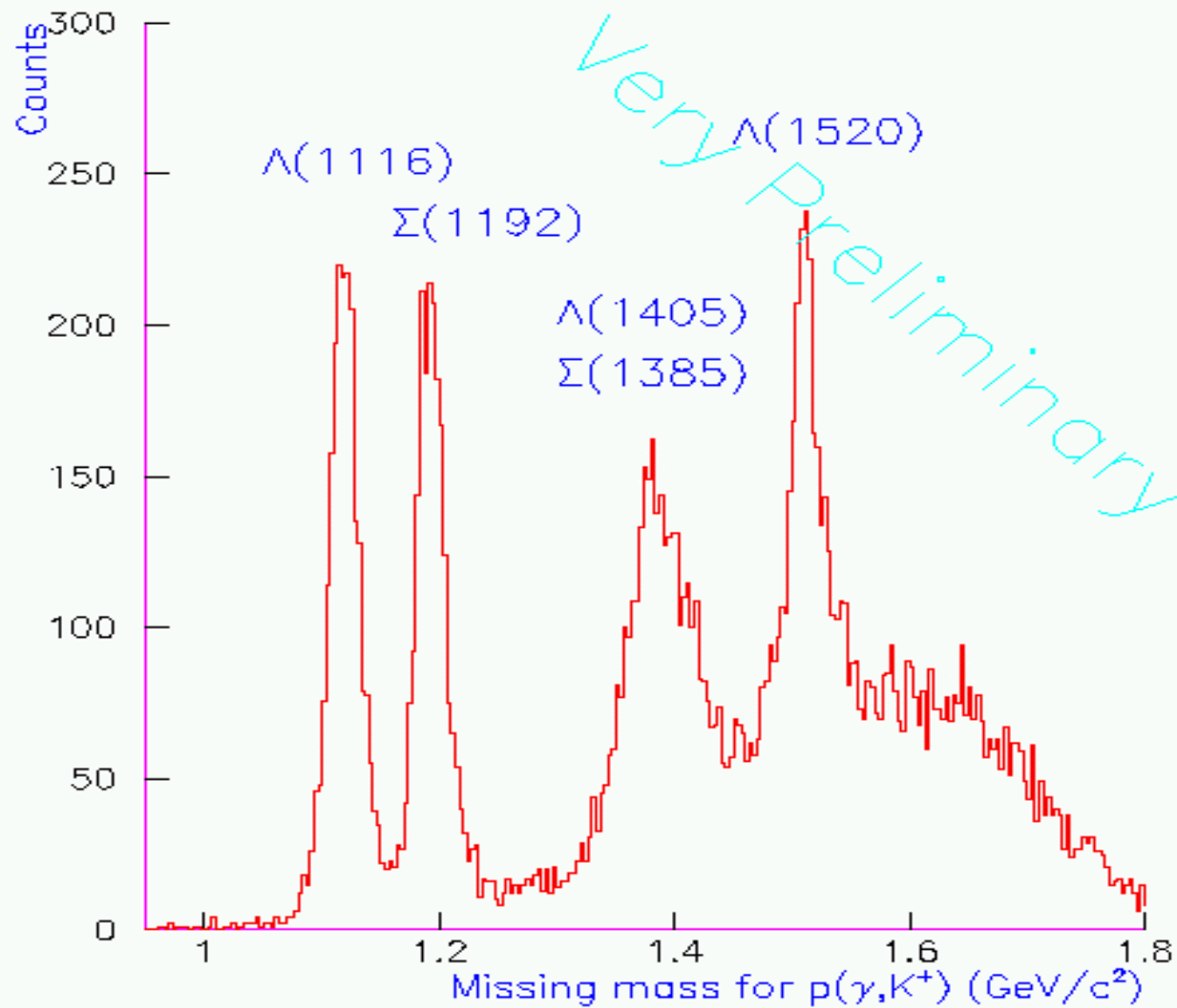
n DM/M ~ 0.5% for L(1405) mass

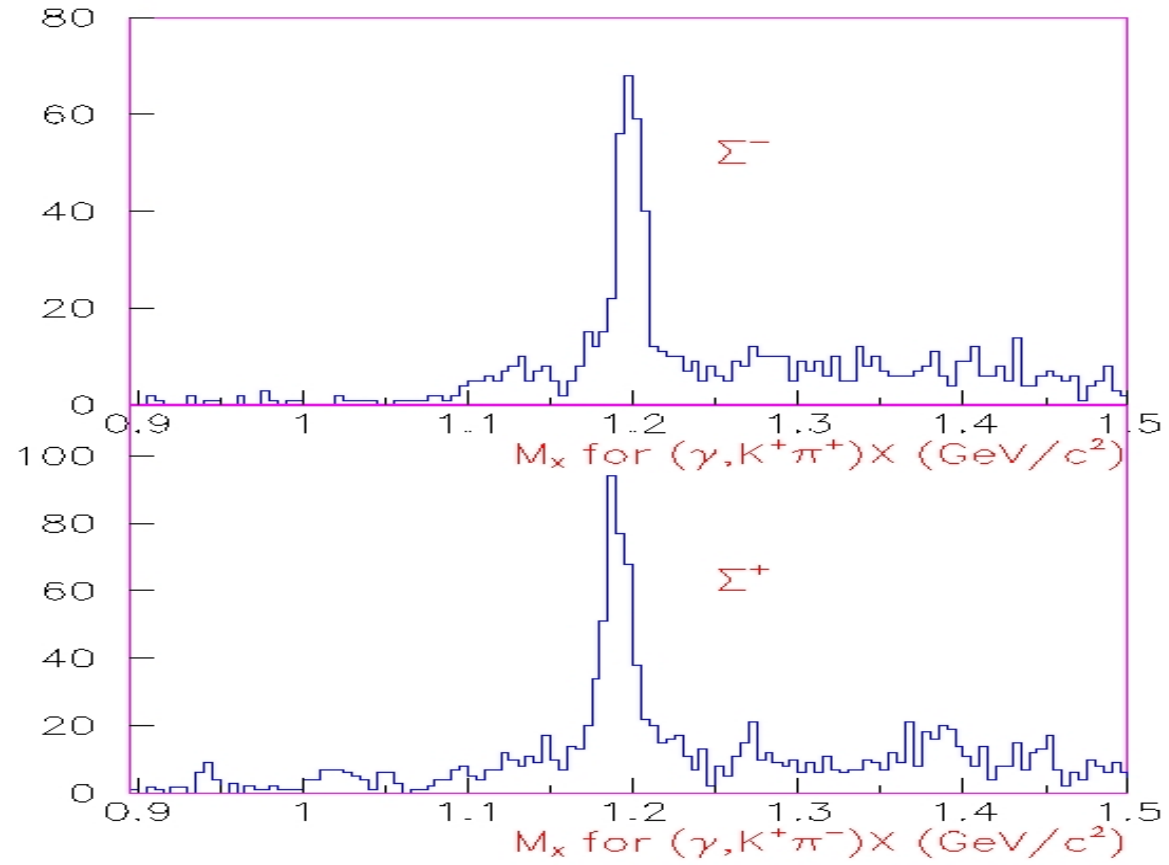
n $B = 1.5 \sim 2.5T$

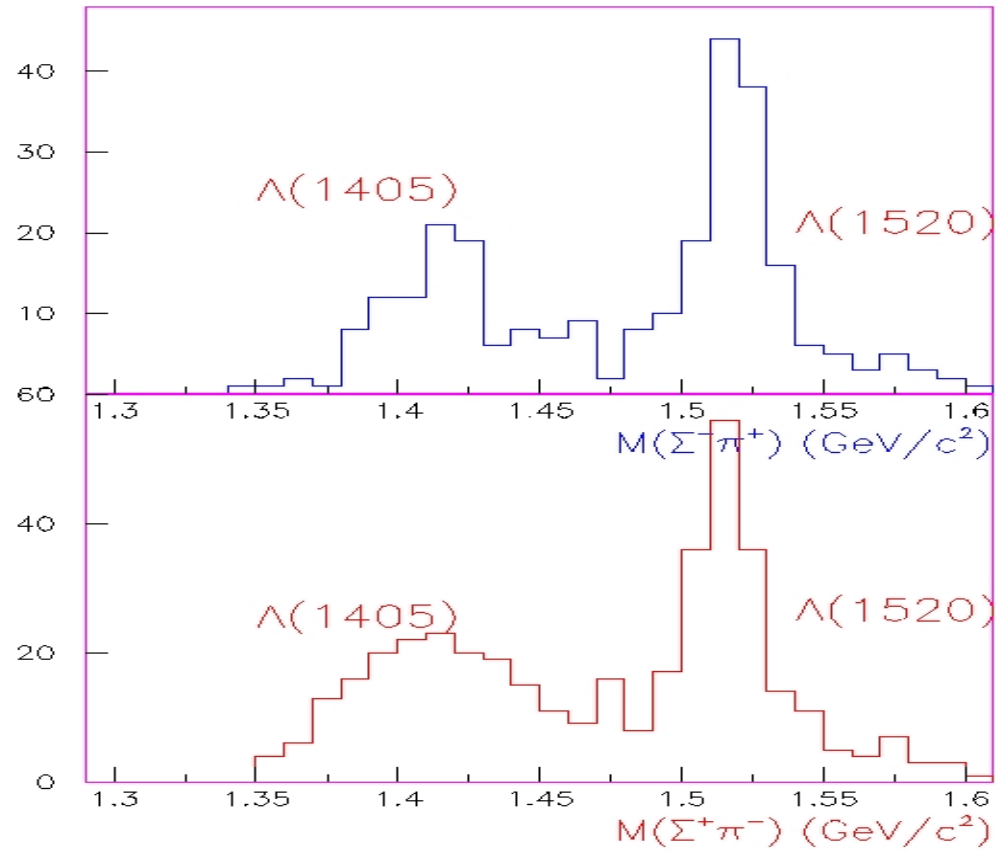


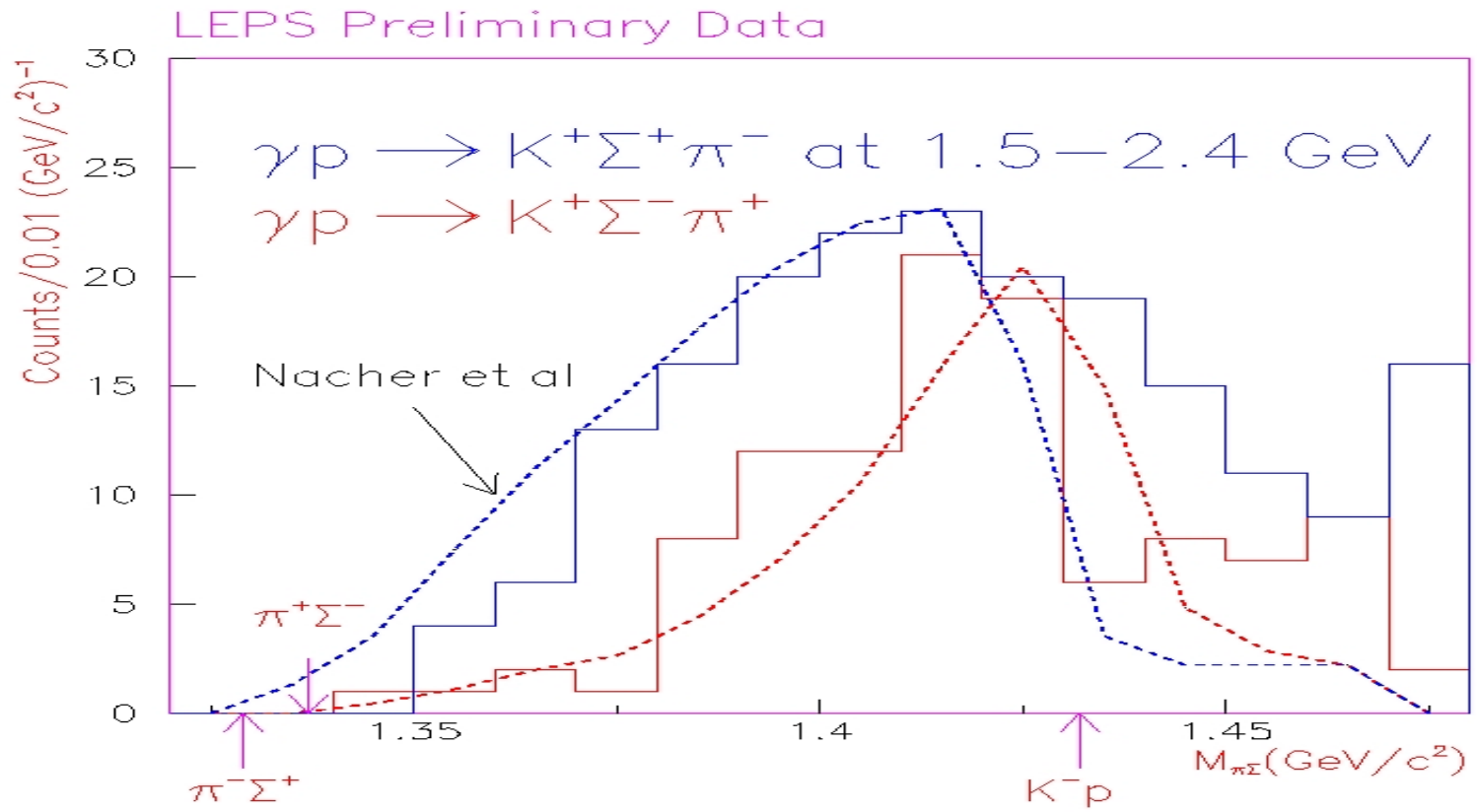
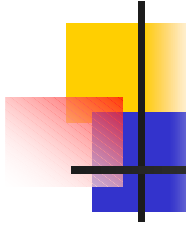
$p(\gamma, K^+(p^{\pm}))$ at SP8

by J.K.Ahn

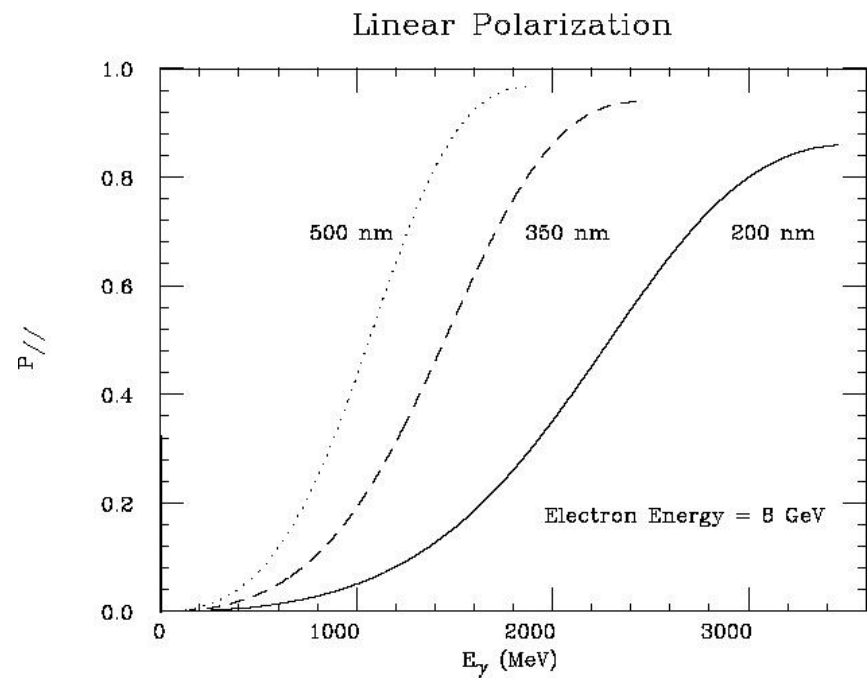
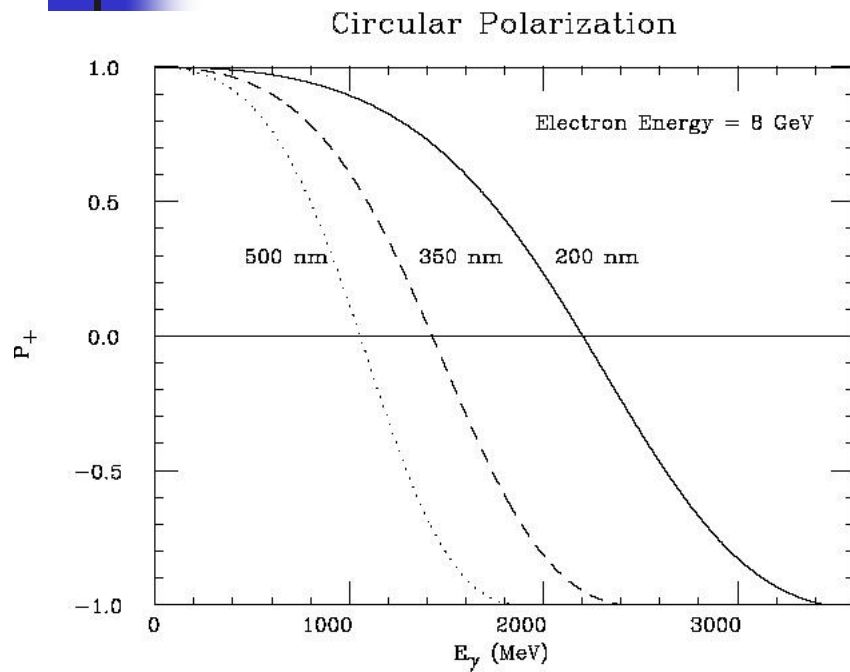








Polarization of LEPS Beam



Linear Polarization : 95 % at 2.4 GeV