Hard QCD Processes: Connecting ep at JLAB and pp at LHC

Ch. Weiss (JLAB), PN12 Workshop, 11/2/04

Exclusive processes in ep scattering at large Q^2

JLAB at 12 GeV HERMES, COMPASS distribution of partons in nucleon "GPD's"

 \longleftrightarrow

Transverse spatial

 $\begin{array}{ll} \longleftrightarrow & \mbox{Hard processes in} \\ & \mbox{high-energy } pp \mbox{ collisions} \\ & \mbox{(dijets, Higgs production)} \end{array}$

LHC Tevatron RHIC

HERA, EIC

• Exclusive processes in *ep*: Factorization





. . . Similarly:

light meson electroproduction



heavy quarkonium photoproduction

• Transverse spatial distribution of partons [Burkardt 02]



 $H(x,t) = \int d^2 \rho \ e^{-i\vec{\Delta}_{\perp}\cdot\vec{\rho}} \ q(x,\rho)$

form factor of quarks with longitudinal momentum xP

transverse spatial distribution



$$\int d^2 \rho \; q(x,
ho) \;=\; q(x) \qquad {
m total} \ {
m quark} \ {
m density}$$

$$\langle \rho^2 \rangle_x = 4 \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \frac{H(x,t)}{H(x,t=0)}$$

transv. size of nucleon, x-dependent!





• Application: Hard processes in high-energy $pp \ (\bar{p}p)$ collisions



Overlap of transverse spatial distns of partons determines impact parameter (b) dependence of cross section

$$P_2(b) = \int d^2 \rho \int d^2 \rho' \, \delta(\boldsymbol{b} - \boldsymbol{\rho} + \boldsymbol{\rho'}) \\ \times \frac{g(x,\rho)}{g(x)} \, \frac{g(x',\rho')}{g(x')}$$

[Frankfurt, Strikman, CW 03/04]



• Events with hard dijets vs. generic inelastic events



• Comparison of impact parameter distributions



 $\langle b^2
angle ~ [{
m fm}^2]$ average impact parameter

	$W/{\sf TeV}$	dijet	double	generic
			dijet	
LHC	14	0.67	0.26	2.7
Tevatron	1.8	0.63	0.24	1.8
RHIC	0.5	0.59	0.23	1.43

Hard dijet production: "Filter" for central pp collisions (Trigger)

... Numerous applications!

• Strong gluon fields in central pp collisions at LHC



Interaction of "spectator" parton with other proton

- \rightarrow Unitarity ("black body") limit: $P(\text{inelastic}) \rightarrow 1$
- → Spectator parton acquires large transverse momentum: $p_{\perp,\text{BBL}}^2 \sim 10 \,\text{GeV}^2 \gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2$
- → Resolved by collision with parton in other proton $(x_R \sim 10^{-1})$: Hadron production at backward/forward rapidities modified by large p_{\perp} and absorption effects

[Frankfurt, Strikman, CW 03]

• Diffractive Higgs production at LHC [Frankfurt, Strikman, CW 04]



 $P_4(b) \times P[\text{no inelastic}](b)$

→ Suppression factor $S^2 = 0.03 - 0.06$ cf. double Pomeron model [Khoze et al. 00] • Correlations in transverse position of partons



... Can be probed in double dijet production!

CDF (Fermilab) data compatible with "constituent quarks" of size $\rho \sim 0.3$ fm cf. Instanton liquid picture of QCD vacuum [Diakonov, Petrov 84]

[Frankfurt, Strikman, CW 04]

Summary

- Hard QCD processes provide a "handle" on effective impact parameters in high-energy pp collisions
 - ... Trigger on central collisions
- Need more information about the spatial distribution of partons from exclusive ep scattering
 - Valence vs. sea quarks, gluons
 - x-dependence of transverse size

JLAB at 12 GeV will help make the nucleon fit for 14 TeV!