

# Long overdue explanation why my radiative width jumped $\sim 4\%$ higher

Work done while w/ PrimEx and Umass Amherst

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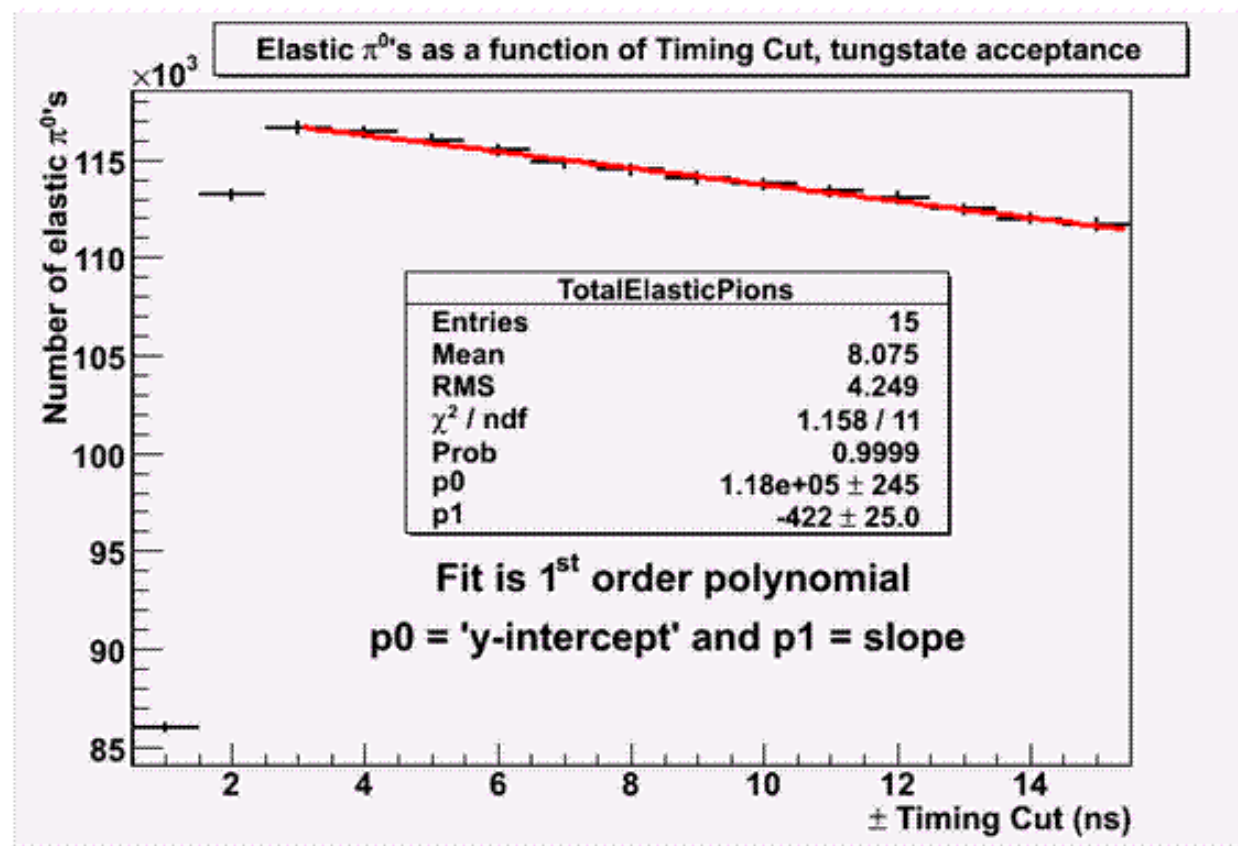
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# Reason number 1--Timing accidental correction

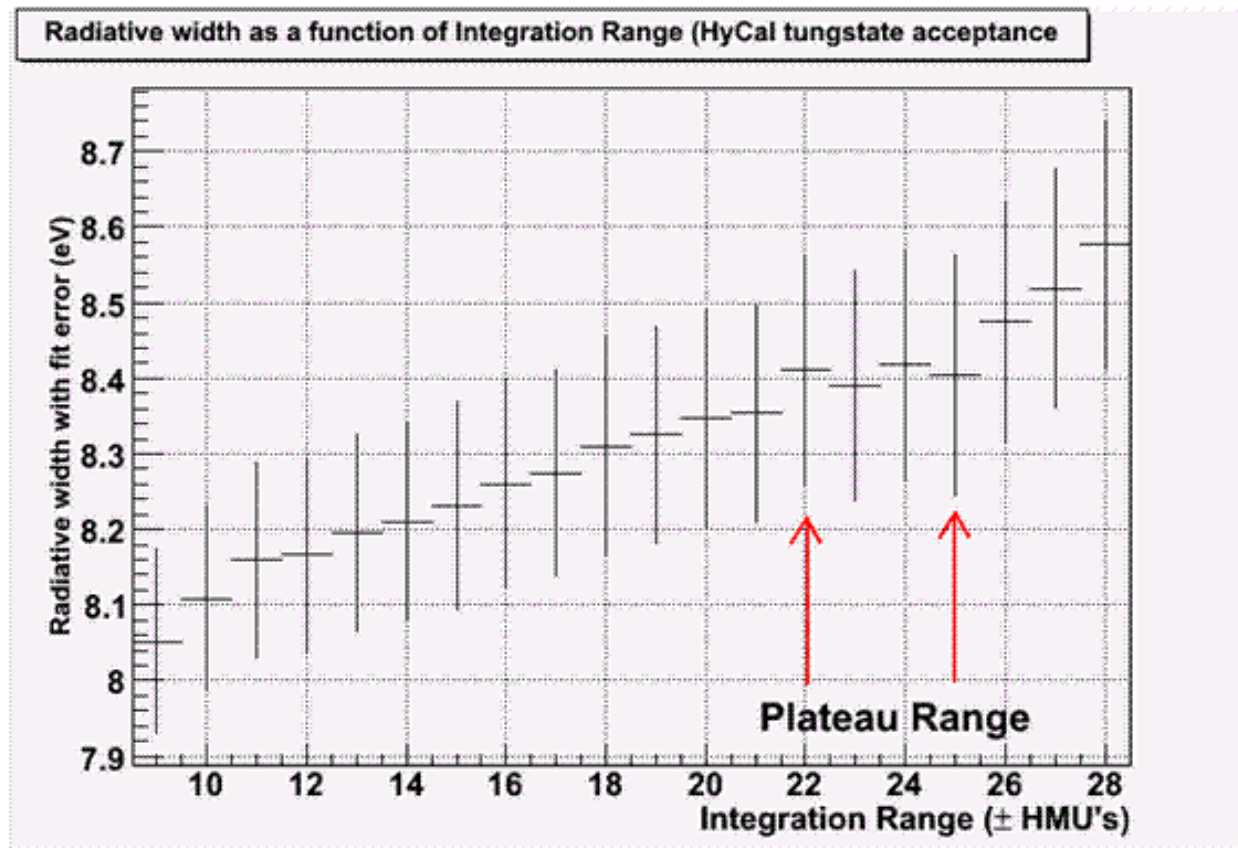
I noticed a significant slope vice a plateau. Solution, fit the slope and extrapolate a correction factor.

This is Figure 5.13 from my PhD.



Reason 2—The (weak) plateau in the radiative width was not at 15 HMU's, but farther away.

Figure 5.17 in my PhD



# Discussion

- These two effects were about 2% apiece, accounting for the +4% shift.
  - These are the only significant differences in my pion yield and rad. width extraction between my July 19, 2007 collaboration meeting presentation and my PhD.
- Caveat: Elastic pion yields were extracted using Least squares method for fitting.
  - Minimizing Log Likelihood is the proper method
  - Least square under estimates the total area with low statistics – see <http://root.cern.ch/root/roottalk/roottalk02/1393.html>
    - Result: overestimation of elastic pion yield after background subtraction
  - Radiative width should go down with likelihood fitting method
  - For those interested, the submitted version of my PhD is at
    - [http://www.jlab.org/~eclinton/random\\_analysis/PhDworking/Clinton\\_PhD.pdf](http://www.jlab.org/~eclinton/random_analysis/PhDworking/Clinton_PhD.pdf)